

AWS Security





Today's Topics

- General Cyber Security Concepts
- Cyber Security Tools & Technology
- AWS Security Tools & Technology





Outcomes

By the end of the class, you should be able to ...

- ► Explain defense-in-depth
- Describe various security tools and what purpose they serve
- ► Explain AWS security tooling and how it supports defense-in-depth



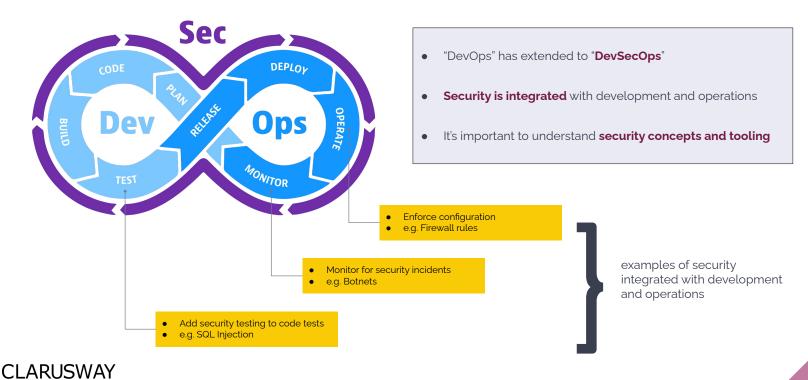


General Cyber Security Concepts

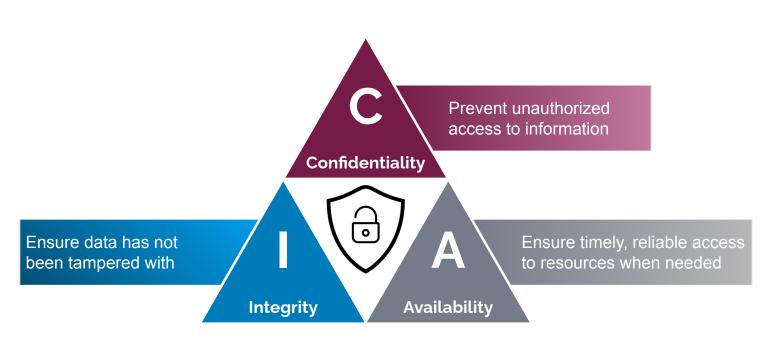


DevSecOps





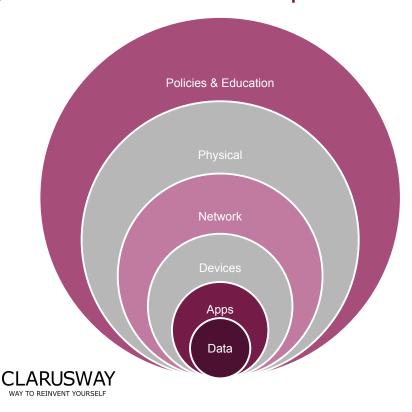
CIA Principles of Cyber Security





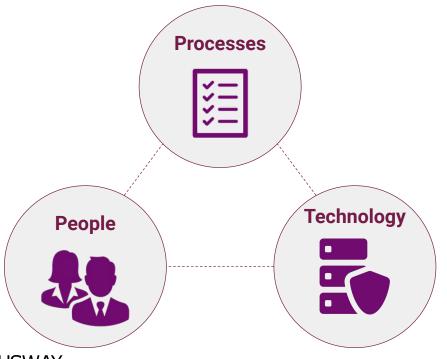
Defense-in-Depth





- Best practice for information security
- Layered approach
- No silver bullet at any layer

Cyber Security: More Than Technology



- Technology plays a part in cyber security
- Must be complemented with policies and procedures
- Educating people is also key



Preventative vs. Detective Controls

A security control is a **safeguard** for an information system designed to **protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability** of its information and to meet a set of defined **security requirements**



- Identifies threats, logs events and sends alerts
- Requires manual or automated remediation



- Automatically disallows actions
- Can lead to stopping legitimate behavior



Compliance Regulations













- Cyber security and data protection regulations are defined sets of policies, procedures and controls
- They can be industry specific or more generic
- Organizations must undergo audits to prove compliance



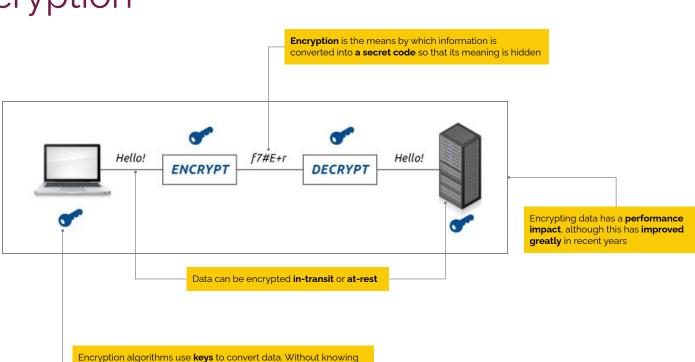
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Security Solutions

an algorithm's key, it is virtually impossible to decrypt the data



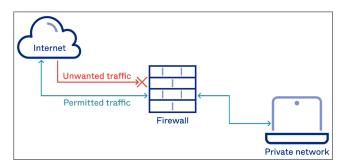
Encryption





Firewall (Network Firewall)



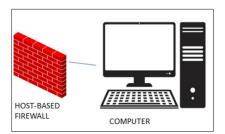


- Network device that controls inbound and outbound network traffic based on a set of security rules
- Typically control which traffic can ingress to or egress from an **internal network to an external network** (e.g. Internet)
- Can be an **appliance** (HW+SW) or just SW
- Today's firewalls are quite sophisticated and control traffic based on many factors:
 - o IP, port and protocol
 - Packet inspection
 - Anti-virus modules
 - Known bad IPs and domains





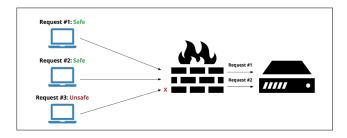




- A software-based firewall installed on a host to monitor and control incoming and outgoing network traffic
- Operates at layers 3 & 4 of the OSI model
 - o i.e. IP, port and protocol
- Examples:
 - Windows Defender
 - IPTables



Web Application Firewall (WAF)

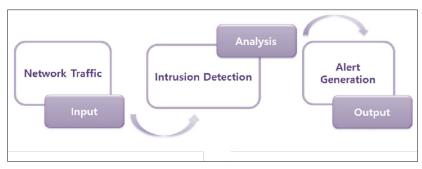


- Network device that operates specifically at protocol layer 7 and monitors HTTP traffic
- Typically protects web applications against specific attacks:
 - cross-site forgery
 - cross-site-scripting (XSS)
 - SQL injection
 - distributed-denial-of-service (DDOS)
- Operates via a set of rules (policies)



Intrusion Detection and Prevention

(Next Generation Firewall" (NGFW)

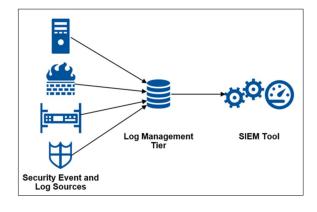


- Intrusion detection systems (IDS) monitor and analyze network traffic for for signs of imminent threats
- Intrusion prevention systems (IPS) go one step further and block traffic that pose such threats
- Together, IDS/IPS solutions are typically a module in a "Next Generation Firewall" (NGFW)
- Typically use 4 types of algorithms:
 - o signature-based detection
 - o anomaly-based detection
 - stateful protocol analysis
 - reputation analysis
- These are **dynamic rules** applied to network packets





Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)



- A SIEM is a device that ingests and aggregates logs, including network log information
- Can perform analysis by cross-referencing various log information to identify network-related threats
- Unlike IDS/IPS, this type of analysis is based on logs, rather than traffic packets





Vulnerability Scanners



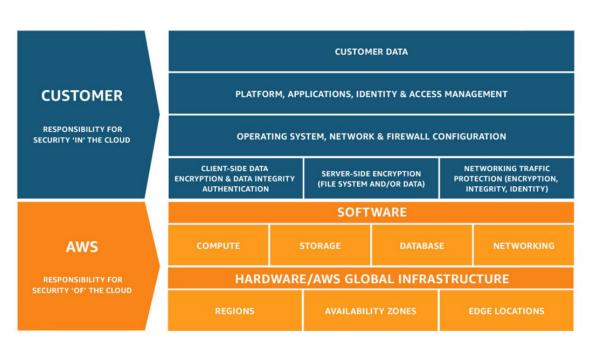
- After operating systems and software is released into the market, quite often security vulnerabilities are identified
- These vulnerabilities can be **exploited by hackers** in order to gain access to systems
- A publicly available CVE ("common vulnerabilities and exposures") database lists the vulnerabilities and remedies
- A vulnerability scanner identifies unremediated exposures in hosts within your environment



AWS Security Services



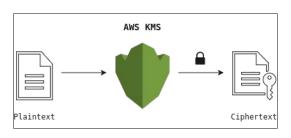
Shared responsibility model





AWS Key Management Service (KMS)

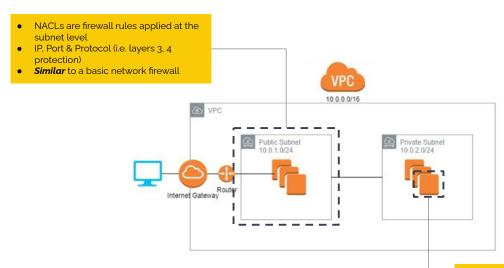




- Encrypts data at rest
 - EBS, S3, EFS, RDS, DynamoDB, more
- Centralized management
 - o create, delete, view, set policies
 - Automatic key rotation
- Performance impact is **negligible**
- Permissions governed by IAM and Key Policies
- Must be cautious about permissions and protecting keys from deletion



Security Groups and NACLs

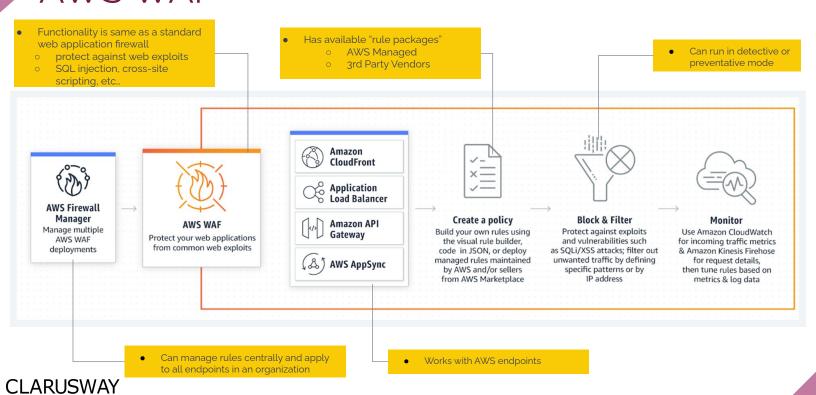


- Security Groups are firewall rules applied at the instance level
- IP, Port & Protocol (i.e. layers 3, 4 protection)
- Similar to a host-based firewall
- However, they do not belong to or run on the host

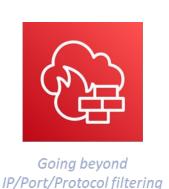




AWS WAF



AWS Network Firewall









Intrusion Prevention (IPS)

Preventative Signature based IPS, centralized threat intelligence

FQDN & IP Blacklisting

Preventative Guard against botnets, misuse

Stateful Packet Inspection

Preventative

Improved security through dynamic/deeper packet inspection

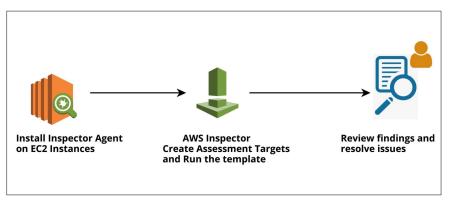






AWS Inspector

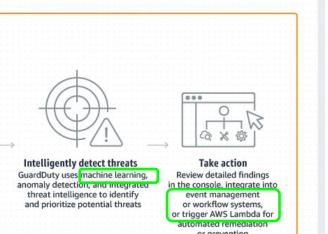


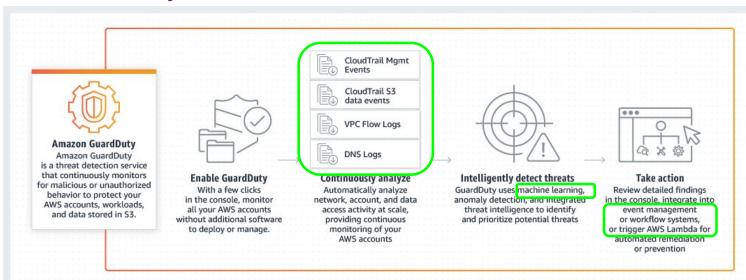


- **Vulnerability management** service that can continuously scans AWS workloads for vulnerabilities EC2 and ECR
- Creates **findings** AND provides remediation recommendations
- Customer responsibility to remediate any issues



Guard Duty









Security Hub

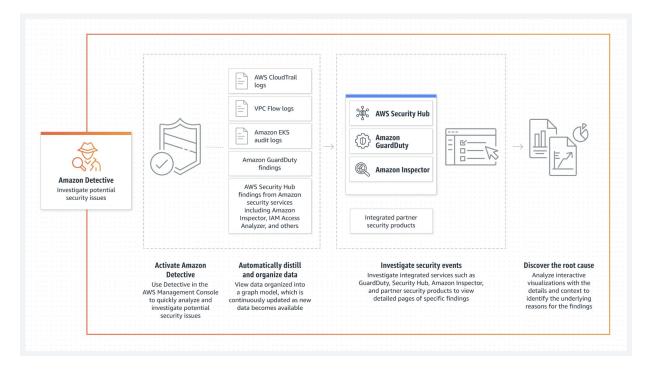




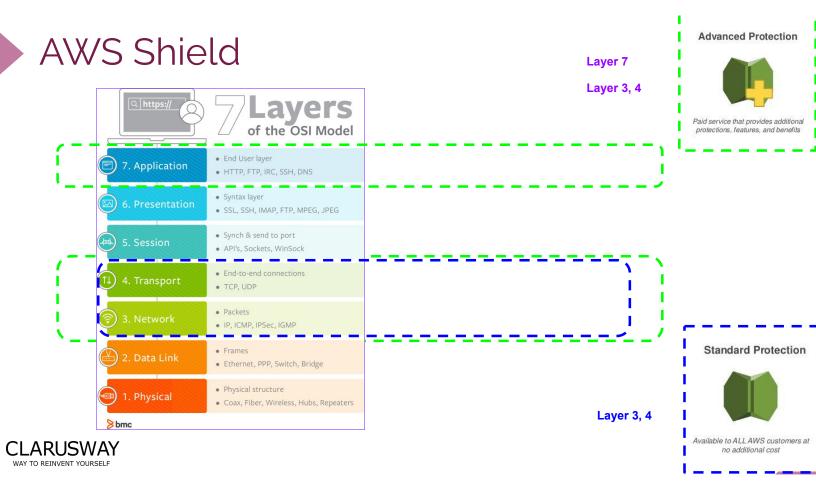
- Integrates with other AWS & 3rd party security services
 - Guard Duty
 - Inspector
 - Firewall manager
 - o and more ...
- Provides a comprehensive view of security state
 - o "single pane of glass"
- Also **creates alerts** based on security best practices



Amazon Detective

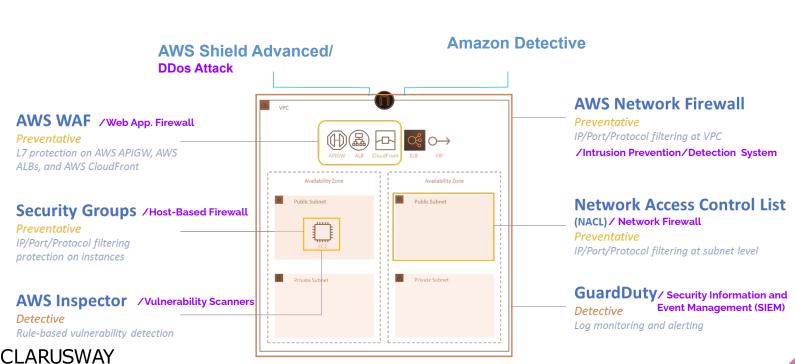






Summary of AWS Security Services

WAY TO REINVENT YOURSELF



Summary of AWS Security Services

AWS Security Service	Protects Against	Applies To	Similar To
Security Groups	Unauthorized access to VPC resources	İnstance @ Layer 3, 4 (IP, Port, Protocol)	Host-based Firewall
Network Access Control List (NACL)	Unauthorized access to VPC resources	Subnet @ Layer 3, 4 (IP, Port, Protocol)	Network Firewall
AWS WAF	Web attacks e.g. SQL Injection, cross-site scripting	Layer 7 (HTTP)	WAF
AWS Network Firewall	Malicious network intrusion	Layer 3, 4, 7	IPS / IDS
Guard Duty	Malicious network traffic	Log analysis	SIEM
AWS Inspector	Exploitable vulnerabilities	EC2, ECR	Vulnerability scanner
SecurityHub	Provides single pane of glass view	Network, accounts	SIEM
AWS Shield	DDos Attack	Layer 3, 4 (Shield Standard) Layer 7 (Shield Advanced)	WAF

CLARUSVVAI

THANKS! >

Any questions?









