1、安装虚拟环境virtualenv相关配置(创建了python3.5的环境)

```
# virtualenv config
export WORKON_HOME=$HOME/.virtualenvs
source /usr/local/bin/virtualenvwrapper.sh
```

2、http://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-installation-guide-linux/#axzz4VZnqTJ2A, 这个网址去 检查相关配置系统是否满足CUDA要求,之后去官网下载cuda\*.deb网络版本,这里面有驱动程 序,还有别的本地下载方式可以根据选择下载

```
如图:
   Click on the green buttons that describe your target platform. Only supported platforms will be shown.
      Operating System
      Architecture 1
                                 x86_64
                                             ppc64le
      Distribution
                                 Fedora
                                             OpenSUSE
                                                            RHEL
                                                                                  SLES
                                                                                            Ubuntu
                                            14.04
      Version
                                 16.04
      Installer Type 1
                                 runfile (local)
                                                   deb (local)
                                                                 deb (network)
                                                                                  cluster (local)
   Download Installer for Linux Ubuntu 16.04 x86_64
   The base installer is available for download below.
   > Base Installer
                                                                                      Download (2.6 KB) 🕹
     Installation Instructions:
      1. `sudo dpkg -i cuda-repo-ubuntu1604_8.0.61-1_amd64.deb`
      2. `sudo apt-get update`
      3. `sudo apt-get install cuda`
```

```
(im2txt) root@itcast:~/library# ls
cuda-repo-ubuntu1604_8.0.61-1_amd64.deb
(im2txt) root@itcast:~/library# sudo dpkg -i cuda-
repo-ubuntu1604_8.0.61-1_amd64.deb
Selecting previously unselected package cuda-repo-
ubuntu1604.
(Reading database ... 132028 files and directories
 currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack cuda-repo-ubuntu1604_8.0.61-1_
amd64.deb ...
Unpacking cuda-repo-ubuntu1604 (8.0.61-1) ...
Setting up cuda-repo-ubuntu1604 (8.0.61-1) ...
OK
(im2txt) root@itcast:~/library#
```

```
(im2txt) root@itcast:~/library# sudo apt-get update
Hit:1 https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu xenial InRelease
Hit:2 https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu xenial-security InRelease
Hit:3 https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu xenial-updates InRelease
Hit:4 https://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/ubuntu xenial-backports InRelease
Ign:5 http://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/ubuntu1604/x
86_64 InRelease
Get:6 http://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/ubuntu1604/x
86_64 Release [564 B]
Get:7 http://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/ubuntu1604/x
86_64 Release.gpg [801 B]
Get:8 http://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/ubuntu1604/>
86_64 Packages [66.0 kB]
Fetched 67.4 kB in 2s (24.7 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
(im2txt) root@itcast:~/library# ls
cuda-repo-ubuntu1604_8.0.61-1_amd64.deb
(im2txt) root@itcast:~/library# sudo apt-get install cuda
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer requ
ired:
  linux-headers-4.4.0-34
  linux-headers-4.4.0-34-generic
```

然后就可以等很久了,如果前期检查不通过的话,这一步会有问题

## 3、去.bashrc配置CUDA相关环境

```
cuda config
 if you choose runfile installation method, you should add LD_LIBRARY_PATH
export CUDA_HOME=/usr/local/cuda-8.0
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/cuda-8.0/lib64:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
export PATH=/usr/local/cuda-8.0/bin:$PATH
```

source .bashrc

## 4、检查是否安装成功

/usr/local/cuda-8.0/samples/5\_Simulations/nbody \$ cd \$ sudo make \$ ./nbody

If successful, a new window will popup running n-body simulation.

## 然后运行以下命令

5、下载cuDNN:cudnn-8.0-linux-x64-v5.1.tgz

\$ tar -xzvf cudnn-8.0-linux-x64-v5.1.tgz \$ sudo cp cuda/include/cudnn.h /usr/local/cuda/include

\$ sudo cp cuda/lib64/libcudnn\* /usr/local/cuda/lib64 \$ sudo chmod a+r /usr/local/cuda/include/cudnn.h /usr/local/cuda/lib64/libcudnn\*

6、在3.5版本的环境中安装TensorFlow(我们使用的是1.0.1版本)

pip install tensorflow-gpu==1.0.1 --trusted-host pypi.douban.com (im2txt) root@itcast:~/im2txt# pip list

```
CATION: The default format will switch to columns in the future. You can use Icolumns) in your pip.conf under the [list] section) to disable this warning
 decorator (4.1.2)
 ipython (6.2.0)
 ipython-genutils (0.2.0)
 jedi (0.10.2)
 nltk (3.2.4)
numpy (1.13.1)
pexpect (4.2.1)
pickleshare (0.7.4)
pip (9.0.1)
 pkg-resources (0.0.0)
prompt-toolkit (1.0.15)
protobuf (3.4.0)
ptyprocess (0.5.2)
 Pygments (2.2.0)
setuptools (20.7.0)
simplegeneric (0.8.1)
six (1.11.0)
tensorflow-gpu (1.0.1)
traitlets (4.3.2)
wcwidth (0.1.7)
wheel (0.29.0)
找到一个非常清楚地官方教程网址: <u>https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/data-center/gpu-</u>
```

accelerated-applications/tensorflow/

## 2、程序所需构建工具安装 使用Bazel自定义APT存储库(推荐)

```
1.安装JDK 8
  使用以下方式安装JDK 8:
   sudo apt-get install openjdk-8-jdk
  在Ubuntu 14.04 LTS上,您必须使用PPA:
   sudo add-apt-repository ppa:webupd8team/java
   sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install oracle-java8-installer
  2.添加Bazel分发URI作为包源(一次设置)
   echo "deb [arch=amd64] http://storage.googleapis.com/bazel-apt stable jdk1.8" | sudo tee /etc/apt/source
   curl https://bazel.build/bazel-release.pub.gpg | sudo apt-key add -
  如果你想安装巴泽尔的测试版本,替换 stable 用 testing 。
  3.安装并更新Bazel
   sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install bazel
  一旦安装, 您可以升级到更新版本的Bazel:
   sudo apt-get upgrade bazel
https://docs.bazel.build/versions/master/install-ubuntu.html
```