

一、填空题:

1. 0 2. 线性无关 3. 2 4. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ 5. $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 1 \\ z = 0 \end{cases}$

二、选择题:

1. 选 (C) 2. 选 (B) 3. 选 (D) 4. 选 (A) 5. 选 (B)

三、解: 按第一列(行)展开, 可得 $D = 7^4 - 9^4$

四、解: $\because X = A^{-1}BA$,

$$(A \mid E) = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\text{所以, } X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

五、解: 类似试卷一第四题

六、解: 类似试卷一第五题,

$$\text{七、解: } \bar{v} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 2 & -1 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = -4i - 3j - k, \quad \text{所求直线为 } \frac{x+3}{4} = \frac{y-2}{3} = \frac{z-5}{1}.$$

$$\text{八、解: 二次型对应矩阵为 } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & a & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow 2+a=5 \Rightarrow a=3$$

$\because \lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = 1, \lambda_3 = 4$ 是 A 的三个特征值,

$$A - 0E = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \xi_3 = (-1, 0, 1)^T$$

$$A - E = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{同解方程组为 } \begin{cases} x_1 = -x_2 \\ x_3 = -x_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \xi_1 = (-1, 1, -1)^T$$

$$A - 4E = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \xi_2 = (1, 2, 1)^T$$

$$\xi_1, \xi_2, \xi_3 \text{ 属于不同特征值, 故已经正交, 单位化后, 令 } Q = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \text{ 为所求,}$$

$f = 4$ 表示椭圆柱面.

九、解： $\because B$ 非零， \Rightarrow 方程组有非零解 $\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & t \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow t = 1$

$$\text{又 } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow r(A) = 2 \Rightarrow n - r(A) = 1$$

故矩阵 B 至多有1列线性无关.