

Document Title	Specification of FlexRay ISO	
	Transport Layer	
Document Owner	AUTOSAR	
Document Responsibility	AUTOSAR	
Document Identification No	589	
Document Classification	Standard	
Document Status	Final	
Part of AUTOSAR Release	4.2.2	

	Document Change History		
Release	Changed by	Change Description	
4.2.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Updated the SWS requirements for DET renaming. Updated the SWS requirement SWS_FrTp_01047 and added a note for the Tx Pdu processing. 	
4.2.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Added FRTP_TIME_CS in table 2, FRTP_TIMEOUT_BR and FRTP_TIMEOUT_CS in table3. Updated for "Use cases for NULL_PTR in CopyRxData and CopyTxData should be allowed". Updated SWS_FrTp_01132, SWS_FrTp_01140, SWS_FrTp_01146, SWS_FrTp_01148, SWS_FrTp_01150 for FRTP_E_PARAM_POINTER. Added FRTP_E_INIT_FAILED in the SWS_FrTp_01132 (table). 	
4.1.3	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Modified ECUC_FrTp_00024, SWS_FrTp_00150, SWS_FrTp_00152, SWS_FrTp_00153, SWS_FrTp_01092, SWS_FrTp_01141, SWS_FrTp_01147, SWS_FrTp_01148, SWS_FrTp_01149. Added description in the section 7.5.4 Buffer Handling. Modified chapter 8.6.2.1 name to Development Error Tracer. Editorial changes. 	



	Document Change History		
		Change Description	
4.1.2	AUTOSAR	Removed requirement SWS_FrTp_01166	
	Release	 Removed chapter 8.2.1, 8.2.1.1 	
	Management	 Removed chapter 7.5.4.2 	
		 Modified SWS_FrTp_01149 	
		Added new requirement describing the layout of BC parameter.	
		BC parameter	
		Editorial changes	
	44470040	Removed chapter(s) on change documentation	
4.1.1	AUTOSAR	Corrected Retry Handling Mechanism	
	Administration	Clarified usage of BUFREQ_E_BUSY	
		Removed references to Ohere a Barrage to Confirm a time	
		ChangeParameterConfirmation	
		Removed private values in NotifResultType Changes to support Hormonization of ECLL	
		 Changes to support Harmonization of ECU Parameters concept 	
		 Updated scope value of configuration 	
		parameters	
4.0.3	AUTOSAR	Renaming (ISO) and new UID (029=>589)	
	Administration	API Names modified	
3.1.5	AUTOSAR	Time_CS removed from table 2	
	Administration	Add FrTp051 and Figure 24, Table 4 and Table	
		5 modified, renamed FrTpMaxBufReq to	
		FrTpMaxFcWait, COUNTER_RX_BUFREQ and	
		COUNTER_TX_BUFREQ removed	
		 Transport Protocol supports data transfers of up 	
		to 2^16-1 Bytes payload	
		Remove Chapter 7.5.4.3 with FrTp-1086 and	
		FrTp-1087, remove COUNTER_BS,	
3.1.4	AUTOSAR	COUNTER_CR, Counter_TX_RN	
3.1.4	Administration	FrTp according to ISO 10681-2New PduR API	
	Administration		
3.1.1	AUTOSAR	Legal disclaimer revisedLegal disclaimer revised	
0.1.1	Administration	Legal disclaimer revised	
3.0.2	AUTOSAR	Tables generated from UML-models, UML-	
0.0.2	Administration	diagrams linked to UML-model, general	
		improvements of requirements in preparation of	
		CT-development. No changes in the technical	
		contents of the specification.	
3.0.1	AUTOSAR	 Clarified the role and purpose of the functions 	
	Administration	PduR_FrTpChangeParameterConfirmation()	
		and PduR_FrTpCancelTransmitConfirmation()	
		with respect to the PDU Router.	
		Document meta information extended	
		Small layout adaptations made	



Document Change History			
Release	Release Changed by Change Description		
2.0	AUTOSAR Administration	Document structure adapted to common Release 2.0 SWS Template.	
1.0	AUTOSAR • Initial Release Administration		



Disclaimer

This specification and the material contained in it, as released by AUTOSAR, is for the purpose of information only. AUTOSAR and the companies that have contributed to it shall not be liable for any use of the specification.

The material contained in this specification is protected by copyright and other types of Intellectual Property Rights. The commercial exploitation of the material contained in this specification requires a license to such Intellectual Property Rights.

This specification may be utilized or reproduced without any modification, in any form or by any means, for informational purposes only. For any other purpose, no part of the specification may be utilized or reproduced, in any form or by any means, without permission in writing from the publisher.

The AUTOSAR specifications have been developed for automotive applications only. They have neither been developed, nor tested for non-automotive applications.

The word AUTOSAR and the AUTOSAR logo are registered trademarks.

Advice for users

AUTOSAR specifications may contain exemplary items (exemplary reference models, "use cases", and/or references to exemplary technical solutions, devices, processes or software).

Any such exemplary items are contained in the specifications for illustration purposes only, and they themselves are not part of the AUTOSAR Standard. Neither their presence in such specifications, nor any later documentation of AUTOSAR conformance of products actually implementing such exemplary items, imply that intellectual property rights covering such exemplary items are licensed under the same rules as applicable to the AUTOSAR Standard.

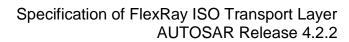


Table of Contents

1	Introduction and functional overview8		
2	Acronyms	and abbreviations	11
3	Related d	ocumentation	13
	3.1 3.2 3.3	Input documents Related standards and norms Related specification	14
4	Constrain	ts and assumptions	15
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Limitations Applicability to car domains Restriction to ISO 10681-2	15
5	Depender	ncies to other modules	16
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.6.1 5.6.2 5.6.3 5.6.4	FlexRay Transport Layer interactions PDU Router FlexRay Interface ECU State Manager Default Error Tracing File structure Code file structure Header file structure Module Files Consistency Design rules	17 18 18 19 19 19 20
6	Requirem	ents traceability	22
7	Functiona	Il specification	30
	7.1 7.2 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.3 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 7.4 7.5 7.5.1 7.5.2 7.5.3 7.5.4 7.5.5 7.5.6	FrTp usage scenarios FrTp behavior according to ISO10681-2 Protocol Data Unit (PDU) Frame Sequence charts Limitation to ISO10681-2 Internal Module behavior specification Overview Configuration data Runtime data Initialization and shutdown Data Transfer Processing Flags Transmit Data Receive Data Buffer Handling Dynamic Bandwidth Assignment Transmit Cancellation	31 31 36 37 38 40 45 47 49 59 63
	7.5.6 7.5.7	Change FrTp Parameter	



	7.5.8	Timing parameter and timeout behaviour	. 70
	7.6	Counters	
	7.7	Error Handling	. 77
	7.7.1	Error Detection	. 77
	7.7.2	Error Notification	. 77
	7.7.3	Error Classification	. 77
8	API speci	fication	. 80
	8.1	Imported types	. 80
	8.2	Type definitions	
	8.2.1	FrTp_ConfigType	
	8.3	Function definitions	
	8.3.1	Standard functions	
	8.3.2	Initialization and Shutdown	
	8.3.3	Normal Operation	
	8.4	Call-back notifications	
	8.4.1	FrTp_TriggerTransmit	
	8.4.2	FrTp_RxIndication	
	8.4.3	FrTp_TxConfirmation	
	8.5	Scheduled functions	
	8.5.1	FrTp_MainFunction	
	8.6	Expected Interfaces	
	8.6.1	Mandatory Interfaces	
	8.6.2	Optional Interfaces	
	8.6.3	Configurable interfaces	
_			
9	•	e diagrams	
	9.1	Sending of N-Pdus	
	9.2	Receiving of N-Pdus	. 93
10	Configura	ation specification	. 94
10	Configura	ation specification How to read this chapter	
10	Ū	·	. 94
10	10.1	How to read this chapter	. 94 . 95
10	10.1 10.2	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters	. 94 . 95 . 95
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1	How to read this chapter	. 94 . 95 . 95
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2	How to read this chapter	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 95
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3	How to read this chapter	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 95 . 96
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 95 . 96 101
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 . 96 101 104
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 . 96 101 104 105
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 106
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 106
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpRxPduPool	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 106 111
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpRxPduPool FrTpTxPdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 106 111 112
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11 10.2.12	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpRxPduPool FrTpRxPduPool FrTpRxPdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 111 113 113
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11 10.2.12 10.3	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu Published Information	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 111 113 113
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11 10.2.12 10.3 10.4	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu Configuration dependencies and recommendation	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 113 113 115 115
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11 10.2.12 10.3 10.4 10.4.1	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrtpRxPdu FrtptxPdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 113 113 115 115
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11 10.2.12 10.3 10.4 10.4.1 10.4.2	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpRxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpAxPdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 113 113 115 115
10	10.1 10.2 10.2.1 10.2.2 10.2.3 10.2.4 10.2.5 10.2.6 10.2.7 10.2.8 10.2.9 10.2.10 10.2.11 10.2.12 10.3 10.4 10.4.1	How to read this chapter Containers and configuration parameters Variants FrTp FrTpGeneral FrTpMultipleConfig FrTpConnection FrTpTxSdu FrTpRxSdu FrTpConnectionControl FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPduPool FrTpTxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrTpRxPdu FrtpRxPdu FrtptxPdu	. 94 . 95 . 95 . 96 101 104 105 113 113 115 115 116





	10.4.5	Configuration Requirements on the FlexRay Interface	120
11	Not applic	cable requirements	121



1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality, API, and the configuration of the AUTOSAR basic software module FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp).

According to the AUTOSAR layered software architecture [2] (see Figure 1), the FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp) is placed between the PDU Router module and the FlexRay Interface module. The main purpose of the FlexRay Transport Protocol is segmentation and reassembly of messages (I-PDUs) that do not fit in one of the assigned FlexRay L-PDUs.

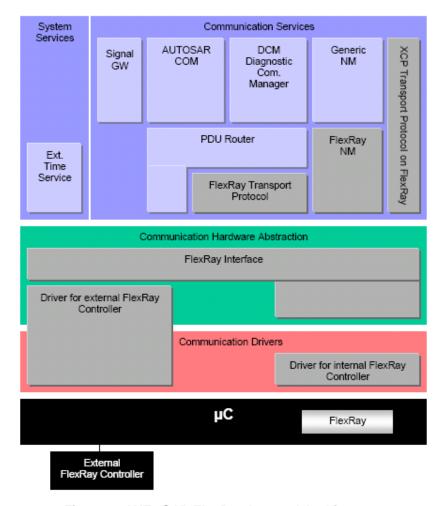


Figure 1: AUTOSAR FlexRay Layered Architecture

Figure 2 depicts the different PDU names in AUTOSAR nomenclature and the signal dependencies between the different AUTOSAR modules.

The PDU Router deploys upper Layers (e.g. COM, DCM etc) I-PDUs onto different communication protocols. The routing through a network system type (e.g. FlexRay, CAN, LIN etc.) depends on the I-PDU identifier. The PDU Router also determines (by configuration) if a transport protocol shall be used or not. Finally, this module carries out gateway functionality, when there is no rate conversion.



FlexRay Interface (FrIf) provides standardized mechanisms to access a FlexRay bus channel via a FlexRay Communication Controller regardless of its location (μC internal/external). Depending on the PDU ID, the FlexRay Interface has to forward an N-PDU to FrTp or an I-PDU to PduR. The FrTp handles only transport protocol N-PDUs (i.e. SF, CF, LF and FC PDUs).

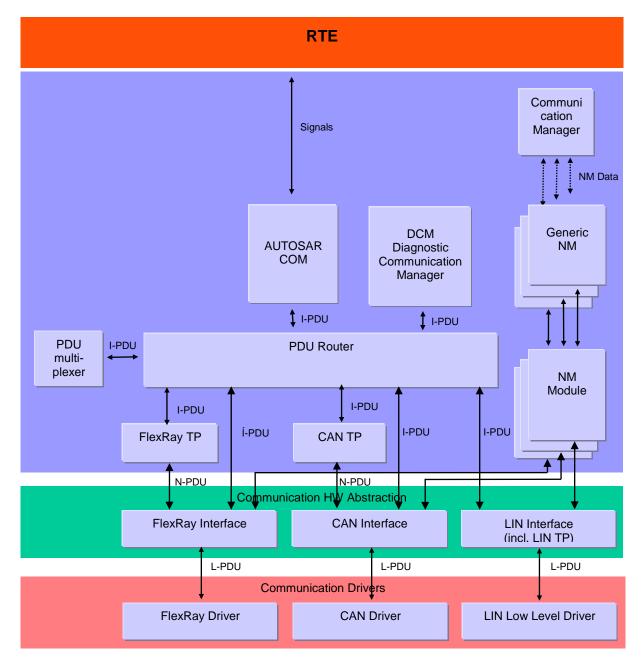
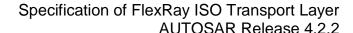


Figure 2: AUTOSAR Signal Nomenclature

The main purpose of FlexRay Transport Protocol is to perform a transfer of a message (I-PDU) that e.g. might or might not fit in a single FlexRay L-PDU. I-PDUs that do not fit into a single FlexRay L-PDU are segmented into multiple parts, where each can be transmitted in a FlexRay L-PDU. According to AUTOSAR basic software architecture, the FlexRay Transport Protocol provides methods for

Segmentation of data in transmit direction





- Reassembling of data in receive direction
- Control of data flow
- Error detection in segmentation sessions
- Transmit cancellation

It is an AUTOSAR decision to base basic software module specifications on existing standards, thus this AUTOSAR FlexRay Transport Layer specification is based on the international standard ISO 10681-2 [16]. This standard provides

- Transmission of a message with known message length
- Transmission of a message with unknown but finite message length
- Acknowledgement of transmission with retry mechanism

The FlexRay Transport Protocol supports 1:1 and 1:n connections.

The FlexRay Transport Protocol supports data transfers of up to 2¹⁶-1 Bytes payload.

FlexRay Transport Protocol is mainly used for vehicle diagnostic systems. Nevertheless, it was developed to deal with requirements from other FlexRay based systems requiring a Transport Protocol Layer protocol (e.g. Diagnostic communication, Inter-ECU communication, XCP communication etc.).



2 Acronyms and abbreviations

The prefix notation used in this document, is as follows:

Prefix:	Description:	
 -	Relative to upper AUTOSAR Layer (e.g. COM, DCM etc.)	
L-	Relative to the FlexRay Interface module.	
N-	Relative to the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer.	

All acronyms and abbreviations, which are specific to the FlexRay Transport Layer and are therefore not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary are described in the following:

Tollowing.	
Acronym:	Description:
Fr L-SDU	This is the SDU of the FlexRay Interface module. It is similar to Fr N-PDU but from the FlexRay Interface module point of view.
Fr L-Sduld	This is the unique identifier of a Fr-L-SDU within the FlexRay Interface. It is used for
	referencing L-SDU's routing properties.
Fr N-PDU	This is the PDU of the FlexRay Transport Layer. It contains address information,
	protocol control information and data (the whole Fr N-SDU or a part of it).
Fr N-SDU	This is the SDU of the FlexRay Transport Layer. In the AUTOSAR architecture, it is a
	set of data coming from the PDU Router.
Fr N-Sduld	Unique N-SDU identifier within the FlexRay Transport Layer. It is used to reference N-
	SDU's routing properties.
I-PDU	This is the PDU of the upper AUTOSAR Layers modules (e.g. COM, DCM etc.). If data transfer via FlexRay Transport Protocol is configured, I-PDU is similar to an FrTp N-SDU.
PDU	In layered systems, it refers to a data unit that is specified in the protocol of a given
	layer. This contains user data of that layer (SDU) plus possible protocol control
	information.
	Furthermore, the PDU of layer X is the SDU of its lower layer X-1 (i.e. (X)-PDU = (X-
	1)-SDU).
PduInfoType	This type refers to a structure used to store basic information to process the
	transmission\reception of a PDU (or a SDU), namely a pointer to its payload in RAM
	and the corresponding length (in bytes).
Channel	A channel is a resource of the FrTp module to handle communication links to other communication nodes from FrTp's point of view (transferring Fr N-PDUs).
Connection	A connection specifies a communication link between different communication nodes
from FrTp's point of view. A connection defines the sender / receiver relation of	
	communication nodes
PCI	Protocol Control Information
e.g.	lat. 'exempli gratia' – engl. for example
i.e.	lat. 'id est' – engl. that is
CanTp	CAN Transport Protocol
LinTp	LIN Transport Protocol
CF	Consecutive Frame Fr N-PDU
COM	AUTOSAR Communications module
DCM	Diagnostic Communication Manager module
DET	Default Error Tracer
FC	Flow Control Fr N-PDU
Fr	FlexRay Driver module
Frlf	FlexRay Interface module
FrTp	FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer
PduR	PDU Router
SF LF	Start Frame Fr N-PDU
LF	Last Frame Fr N-PDU
TP	Transport Protocol Layer





Acronym:	Description:	
SDU	In layered systems, this refers to a set of data that is sent by a user of the services of	
	a given layer, and is transmitted to a peer service user, whilst remaining semantically	
	unchanged.	
AUTOSAR	Automotive Open System Architecture	
SWS	Software Specification	
MISRA	Motor Industry Software Reliability Association	
ISO	International Standard Organisation	
ID	Identifier	
HIS	Hersteller Initiative Software	
OS	Operating System	
MCAL	Microcontroller Abstraction Layer	
CPU	Central Processing Unit	
ROM	Read Only Memory	
RAM	Random Access Memory	
STF	Start Frame (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
AF	Acknowledge Frame (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
SN	Sequence Number (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_As	Timer Parameter for a sender. Time for transmission of the FlexRay frame (any	
	N_PDU) on the sender side. (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Ar	Timer Parameter for a receiver. Time for transmission of the FlexRay frame (any	
	N_PDU) on the receiver side (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_BS	Timer Parameter for a sender. Time until reception of the next FlowControl N_PDU.	
	(please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Br	Timer Parameter for a receiver. Time until transmission of the next FlowControl	
	N_PDU. (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Cs	Timer Parameter for a sender. Time until transmission of the next ConsecutiveFrame	
	N_PDU/LastFrame N_PDU. (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	
FrTp_Cr	Timer Parameter for a receiver. Time until reception of the next ConsecutiveFrame	
	N_PDU (please refer to ISO 10681-2)	



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture
 AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf.pdf
- [3] General Requirements of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Requirements on FlexRay
 AUTOSAR_SRS_FlexRay.pdf
- [5] Specification of FlexRay Interface
 AUTOSAR_SWS_FlexRayInterface.pdf
- [6] Specification of PDU Router
 AUTOSAR_SWS_PDURouter.pdf
- [7] Specification of Communication Stack Types
 AUTOSAR_SWS_CommunicationStackTypes.pdf
- [8] Specification of Standard Types
 AUTOSAR SWS StandardTypes.pdf
- [9] Specification of Platform Types AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes.pdf
- [10] Basic Software Module Description Template, AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [11] Specification of ECU Configuration, AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration.pdf
- [12] Specification of Diagnostic Event Manager, AUTOSAR_SWS_DiagnosticEventManager.pdf
- [13] Specification of Default Error Tracer, AUTOSAR_SWS_DefaultErrorTracer.pdf
- [14] General Specification of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWGeneral.pdf



3.2 Related standards and norms

- [15] FlexRay Communications System Protocol Specification Version 2.1
- [16] ISO10681-2, Road vehicles Communication on FlexRay Part 2: Communication Layer services
- [17] HIS MISRA SubSet V2.0 www.automotive-his.de/download/HIS_SubSet_MISRA_C_2.0.pdf

3.3 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [14] (SWS BSW General), which is also valid for FlexRay ISO Trnasport Layer.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for FlexRay ISO Trnasport Layer.



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

The AUTOSAR architecture defines communication system specific transport protocol layers (FrTp, CanTp, LinTp etc.). Thus, the FlexRay Transport Protocol layer (FrTp) only covers FlexRay transport protocol specifics.

The FlexRay Transport Protocol has an interface to a single underlying FlexRay Interface Layer and a single upper PDU Router module.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

The FlexRay module can always be used for applications if the FlexRay protocol was used.

4.3 Restriction to ISO 10681-2

The AUTOSAR FrTp module does not support ISO 10681-2 functionalities as listed below:

Functionality	Description
Status monitoring	ISO 10681-2 provides the functionality to monitor the
	status of an active data transfer. Thus, the ISO-10681-
	2 API provides the service primitives
	C_GetStatus.request and C_GetStatus.confirm.
Read Communication	ISO 10681-2 provides the functionality to read out
Parameter values	current communication parameter values. Thus, the
	ISO-10681-2 API provides the service primitives
	C_GetParameters.request and
	C_GetParameters.confirm.

Table 1: Limitation of AUTOSAR FrTp vs. ISO 10681-2



5 Dependencies to other modules

This section sets out relations between the FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp) and other AUTOSAR basic software modules. It contains brief descriptions of the services, which are required by the FrTp from other modules or which are required by other modules from the FrTp.

5.1 FlexRay Transport Layer interactions

The FrTp's upper interface offers the PduR module global access, to transmit and receive data (Fr N-SDU). FlexRay N-SDU identifiers (Fr N-SDU-ID) achieve this access. FlexRay N- SDU-ID refers to a constant data structure that consists of attributes describing FlexRay N-SDU. The figure below shows the interactions between FrTp, PduR and FrIf modules.

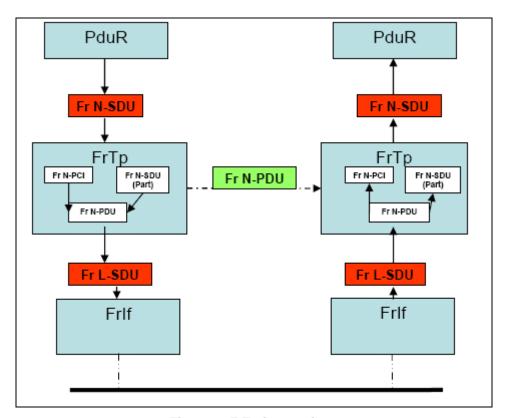


Figure 3: FrTp interactions



5.2 PDU Router

The FrTp module requests different services primitives provided by the PDU Router module. The requested services primitives of the PDU-Router module are listed below. For further details please refer to chapter 8.6 and specification [6]:

PduR_FrTpStartOfReception

By this API service primitive, the FrTp indicates the start of reception of a FrTp-I-PDU.

• PduR_FrTpCopyRxData

By this API service primitive, the FrTp initiates the copy process of the received FrTp N-PDU payload data to a provided <Upper Layer> Rx buffer

• PduR_FrTpRxIndication

By this API service primitive, the FrTp indicates the completed (un)successful reception of an FrTp-I-PDU.

PduR_FrTpCopyTxData

By this API service primitive, the FrTp initiates the copy process of the FrTp N-PDU payload data from the provided <Upper Layer> Tx buffer

• PduR FrTpTxConfirmation

By this API service primitive, the FrTp module confirms the (un)successful sending of the complete Fr N-SDU to the corresponding sender module (e.g. COM, DCM etc).

The following services primitives of the FrTp module are called by the PDU-Router:

• FrTp_Transmit

By this API service primitive, a upper layer initiates a I-PDU data transfer via PDU-Router

FrTp_CancelTransmit

By this API service primitive, sending of an Fr N-SDU is cancelled on sender site.

• FrTp ChangeParameter

By this API service primitive, some communication parameters of the FrTp module could be changed.

• FrTp CancelReceive

By this API service primitive, an ongoing reception could be canceled.



5.3 FlexRay Interface

The following services primitives of the FlexRay Interface (Frlf) module are called by the FrTp:

• Frlf Transmit

By this API service primitive, the transfer of an Fr N-PDU is initiated.

The following services primitives of the FrTp module are called by the FlexRay Interface module:

• FrTp_RxIndication

By this API service primitive, the FlexRay Interface module indicates the reception of an FrTp frame (Fr N-PDU, not to be confused with a FlexRay frame) to the FrTp. The FrTp then processes this frame.

• FrTp_TxConfirmation

By this API service primitive, the FlexRay Interface module confirms the sending of the frame containing the Fr N-PDU over the FlexRay network.

• FrTp_TriggerTransmit

By this API service primitive, the FlexRay Interface get access to the Fr N-PDU data.1

5.4 ECU State Manager

The following services primitives of the FrTp module are called by the ECU State Manager module (SWS_EcuM_02859):

FrTp_Init

By this API service primitive, the FrTp module is initialized.

• FrTp_Shutdown

By this API service primitive, all active communication links are closed, resources are freed and the module is stopped.

5.5 Default Error Tracing

The following services primitives of the Default Error Tracing module are called by the FrTp module:

• Det ReportError

By this API service primitive, the FrTp module reports development errors.

¹ Depending on the configured buffer access mode.



5.6 File structure

5.6.1 Code file structure

For details refer to the chapter 5.1.6 "Code file structure" in SWS BSWGeneral.

5.6.2 Header file structure

[SWS_FrTp_01157] [FrTp.h shall contain all data exported from the FrTp – API declarations (except callbacks), extern types and global data.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01004] [The header file structure of the FrTp module shall include the following files:

Frlf.h – header file of Frlf,

FrTp_MemMap.h – header file for Memory Mapping,

Det.h
 header file of Det,

- SchM FrTp.h - header file of SchM declarations,

PduR_FrTp.h – header file of PduR,

Std_Types.h – header file for standard types
 ComStack_Types.h – header file for ComStack types

FrTp_Types.h – header file for FrTp specific types

- FrTp_Cfg.h - header file for configuration parameters

1 ()



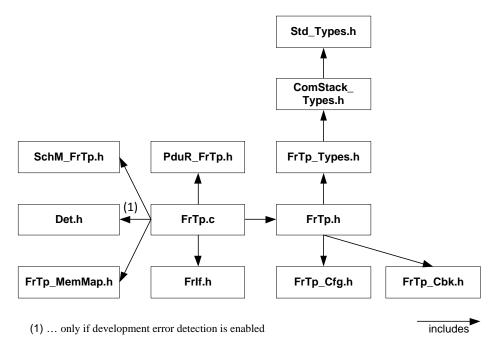


Diagram 1: File Structure

The structure as depict in Diagram 1 allows the separation between platform, compiler and implementation specific definitions and declarations from general definitions as well as the separation of source code and configuration.

5.6.3 Module Files Consistency

[SWS_FrTp_00200] [Each code (*.c) file of the FrTp module shall provide data of version identification as defined in chapter 10.3.] (SRS_BSW_00004)

[SWS_FrTp_01158] [Each header (*.h) file of the FrTp module shall provide data of version identification as defined in chapter 10.3.] ()

5.6.4 Design rules

[SWS_FrTp_00209] [The source code of the FrTp module shall be neither compiler (tool) nor platform (processor) dependent.²] ()

² No compiler specific keywords shall be used.







6 Requirements traceability

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00088
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00136
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00137
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00141
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00148
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00149
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00150
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00151
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00152
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00153
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00154
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00162
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00180
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00202
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00203
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00209
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00228
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00242
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00384
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00385
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00415
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00416
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00418
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00421
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00428
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00429
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00430
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00498
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00569
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00580
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00598
-	-	SWS_FrTp_00599
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01004
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01007
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01008
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01009



		_
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01010
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01011
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01012
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01013
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01014
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01015
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01017
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01019
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01020
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01021
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01022
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01025
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01026
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01028
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01029
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01030
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01032
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01033
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01036
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01038
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01039
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01040
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01041
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01042
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01043
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01044
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01045
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01046
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01047
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01048
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01049
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01050
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01051
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01052
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01053
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01054
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01055
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01056
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01057



-	-	SWS_FrTp_01058
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01059
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01060
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01061
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01062
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01063
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01064
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01065
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01066
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01067
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01068
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01069
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01070
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01071
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01072
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01074
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01075
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01076
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01077
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01078
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01079
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01080
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01081
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01083
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01084
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01088
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01089
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01090
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01091
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01092
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01093
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01094
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01095
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01096
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01097
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01099
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01100
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01101
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01102
————	-	•



-	-	SWS_FrTp_01105
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01106
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01108
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01109
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01111
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01113
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01114
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01115
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01116
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01117
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01118
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01123
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01124
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01131
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01132
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01134
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01137
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01138
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01139
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01140
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01141
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01143
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01144
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01145
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01146
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01147
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01148
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01149
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01150
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01152
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01153
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01154
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01155
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01156
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01157
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01158
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01164
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01165
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01167
————	-	



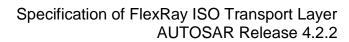
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01168
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01169
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01170
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01172
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01173
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01174
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01175
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01176
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01177
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01178
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01180
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01181
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01182
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01183
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01184
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01185
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01186
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01187
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01193
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01194
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01195
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01196
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01197
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01198
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01199
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01200
-	-	SWS_FrTp_01201
BSW00431	-	SWS_FrTp_09999
BSW00434	-	SWS_FrTp_09999
BSW05082	-	SWS_FrTp_09999
BSW05083	-	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
BSW05084	-	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_BSW_00004	All Basic SW Modules shall perform a pre-processor check of the versions of all imported include files	SWS_FrTp_00200
SRS_BSW_00005	Modules of the µC Abstraction Layer (MCAL) may not have hard coded horizontal interfaces	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00006	The source code of software modules above the µC Abstraction Layer (MCAL) shall not be processor and compiler dependent.	SWS_FrTp_09999
	' '	



All Basic SW Modules shall be documented according to a common standard.	SWS_FrTp_09999
The memory consumption of all Basic SW Modules shall be documented for a defined configuration for all supported platforms.	SWS_FrTp_09999
The Basic Software Module shall be able to initialize variables and hardware in a separate initialization function	SWS_FrTp_00147
All modules of the AUTOSAR Basic Software shall support a tool based configuration	SWS_FrTp_09999
Configuration files of AUTOSAR Basic SW module shall be readable for human beings	SWS_FrTp_09999
The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a microcontroller abstraction layer which provides a standardized interface to higher software layers	SWS_FrTp_09999
The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a hardware abstraction layer	SWS_FrTp_09999
The Implementation of interrupt service routines shall be done by the Operating System, complex drivers or modules	SWS_FrTp_09999
All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall provide configuration rules and constraints to enable plausibility checks	SWS_FrTp_09999
SW components shall be tested by a function defined in a common API in the Basis-SW	SWS_FrTp_09999
The scheduling strategy that is built inside the Basic Software Modules shall be compatible with the strategy used in the system	SWS_FrTp_09999
Data types naming convention	SWS_FrTp_01133
AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent	SWS_FrTp_09999
Shared code shall be reentrant	SWS_FrTp_09999
All internal driver modules shall separate the interrupt frame definition from the service routine	SWS_FrTp_09999
All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity	SWS_FrTp_09999
The runtime of interrupt service routines and functions that are running in interrupt context shall be kept short	SWS_FrTp_09999
-	SWS_FrTp_09999
All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall avoid the duplication of code	SWS_FrTp_09999
-	SWS_FrTp_09999
It shall be allowed to use macros instead of functions where source code is used and runtime is critical	SWS_FrTp_09999
All Basic Software Modules shall strictly separate error and status information	SWS_FrTp_09999
For each callback function it shall be specified if it is called from interrupt context or not	SWS_FrTp_09999
	to a common standard. The memory consumption of all Basic SW Modules shall be documented for a defined configuration for all supported platforms. The Basic Software Module shall be able to initialize variables and hardware in a separate initialization function All modules of the AUTOSAR Basic Software shall support a tool based configuration Configuration files of AUTOSAR Basic SW module shall be readable for human beings The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a microcontroller abstraction layer which provides a standardized interface to higher software layers The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a hardware abstraction layer The Implementation of interrupt service routines shall be done by the Operating System, complex drivers or modules All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall provide configuration rules and constraints to enable plausibility checks SW components shall be tested by a function defined in a common API in the Basis-SW The scheduling strategy that is built inside the Basic Software Modules shall be compatible with the strategy used in the system Data types naming convention AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent Shared code shall be reentrant All internal driver modules shall separate the interrupt frame definition from the service routine All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity The runtime of interrupt service routines and functions that are running in interrupt context shall be kept short



222 22		I
	Status values naming convention	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00341	Module documentation shall contains all needed informations	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00343	The unit of time for specification and configuration of Basic SW modules shall be preferably in physical time unit	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00345	BSW Modules shall support pre-compile configuration	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00347	A Naming seperation of different instances of BSW drivers shall be in place	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00350	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall apply a specific naming rule for enabling/disabling the detection and reporting of development errors	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00358	The return type of init() functions implemented by AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be void	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00370	-	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00371	The passing of function pointers as API parameter is forbidden for all AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00373	The main processing function of each AUTOSAR Basic Software Module shall be named according the defined convention	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00375	Basic Software Modules shall report wake-up reasons	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00376	-	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00377	A Basic Software Module can return a module specific types	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00386	The BSW shall specify the configuration for detecting an error	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00387	-	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00401	Documentation of multiple instances of configuration parameters shall be available	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00405	BSW Modules shall support multiple configuration sets	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00407	Each BSW module shall provide a function to read out the version information of a dedicated module implementation	SWS_FrTp_00215
SRS_BSW_00409	All production code error ID symbols are defined by the Dem module and shall be retrieved by the other BSW modules from Dem configuration	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00410	Compiler switches shall have defined values	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00413	An index-based accessing of the instances of BSW modules shall be done	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00414	Init functions shall have a pointer to a configuration structure as single parameter	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00415	Interfaces which are provided exclusively for one module shall be separated into a dedicated header file	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00417	Software which is not part of the SW-C shall report error events only after the DEM is fully operational.	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00423	BSW modules with AUTOSAR interfaces shall be describable with the means of the SW-C Template	SWS_FrTp_09999





SRS_BSW_00424	BSW module main processing functions shall not be allowed to enter a wait state	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00425	The BSW module description template shall provide means to model the defined trigger conditions of schedulable objects	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00426	BSW Modules shall ensure data consistency of data which is shared between BSW modules	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00427	ISR functions shall be defined and documented in the BSW module description template	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00428	A BSW module shall state if its main processing function(s) has to be executed in a specific order or sequence	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00429	BSW modules shall be only allowed to use OS objects and/or related OS services	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00432	Modules should have separate main processing functions for read/receive and write/transmit data path	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_BSW_00433	Main processing functions are only allowed to be called from task bodies provided by the BSW Scheduler	SWS_FrTp_09999
SRS_Fr_05073	The FlexRay Transport Layer shall be configured to be compliant with the ISO 10681-2 specification	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_Fr_05077	Each N-SDU shall have a unique identifier	SWS_FrTp_01018
SRS_Fr_05088	FlexRay Transport Layer's variables shall be initialized	SWS_FrTp_01034, SWS_FrTp_01035
SRS_Fr_05089	The FlexRay Transport Layer services shall not be operational before initializing the module.	SWS_FrTp_01037
SRS_Fr_05093	A cancellation service of transmission shal be provided at any time	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_Fr_05095	The FlexRay Transport Layer shall support the dynamic bandwidth control mechanism	SWS_FrTp_01005, SWS_FrTp_01006
SRS_Fr_05123	The Configuration shall be modifiable by a Flashing Process	SWS_FrTp_01129



7 Functional specification

This section provides a description of the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer functionality. It explains the services provided to the upper and lower layers and the internal behavior of the FrTp Layer module.

The main purpose of the FlexRay Transport Protocol (FrTp) Layer is transferring messages (I-PDUs) that may or may not fit in a single FlexRay frame (L-PDU). The FrTp Layer module provides services for segmentation and reassembly of upper-layer messages (Fr N-SDUs). Hence FrTp module offers services for segmentation, transmission with flow control, and reassembly of messages.

While reading this document, it is necessary to bear in mind, that the Transport Protocol functionality (e.g. frame assembly, frame handling, error handling etc.) is according to ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services [16].

[SWS_FrTp_01005] [If no explicit recommendation or requirement is defined, the FrTp module shall follow the specification ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services [16].] (SRS_Fr_05073, BSW05083, BSW05084, SRS_Fr_05093, SRS_Fr_05095)

Transport protocol facilities will be used to transport AUTOSAR I-PDUs from different source modules (e.g. COM, DCM etc.). Therefore, the FrTp module is able to deal with multiple connections simultaneously (i.e. multiple segmentation sessions in parallel).

The maximum number of simultaneous active connections is statically configured. This configuration has an important impact on complexity and resource consumption (CPU, ROM and RAM) of the code generated, because resources (e.g. Rx and Tx state machines, variables used to work on N-PCI data and so on) have to be reserved for each simultaneous access.

7.1 FrTp usage scenarios

As depict in Figure 4, the FrTp module is usable within single Electronic Control Units (ECUs) as well as in Gateways. In both cases FrTp modules are responsible to handle communication via FlexRay but for gateway purpose some additional requirements have to be taken into account.

Note: Each time a special usage scenario has to be taken into account, a foot node is given within the document.



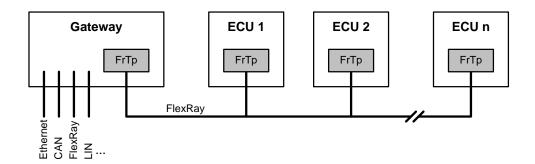


Figure 4: FrTp usage scenarios

7.2 FrTp behavior according to ISO10681-2

This chapter gives a small overview about the Transport Protocol behaviour and data transmission szenarios according to ISO 10681-2. This chapter is only for a better understanding of the software solution to fullfill ISO 10681-2 and specifies no additional requirement.

7.2.1 Protocol Data Unit (PDU)

[SWS_FrTp_01006] [The FrTp module shall support the Fr N-PDU formats as defined in [16] ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services] (SRS_Fr_05073, BSW05083, BSW05084, SRS_Fr_05093, SRS_Fr_05095)

7.2.2 Frame Sequence charts

This chapter describes the data transfer modes based on Transport Protocol Layer frame (N-PDU) sequences according to ISO10681-2. This is only for a better understanding of the FrTp internal work and shall not be an additional specification. For a final implementation only the figures in [16] ISO10681-2, Road vehicles – Communication on FlexRay – Part 2: Communication Layer services are relevant.

7.2.2.1 Unsegmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length



[SWS_FrTp_01007] [According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support an unsegmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 5.

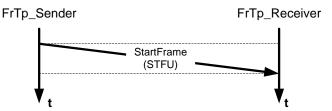


Figure 5: Frame sequence of an unsegmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length ()

7.2.2.2 Unsegmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length

[SWS_FrTp_01008] [According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module supports an unsegmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 6.

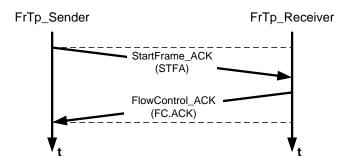


Figure 6: Frame sequence of an unsegmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length | ()

7.2.2.3 Segmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length

[SWS_FrTp_01009] [According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 7.



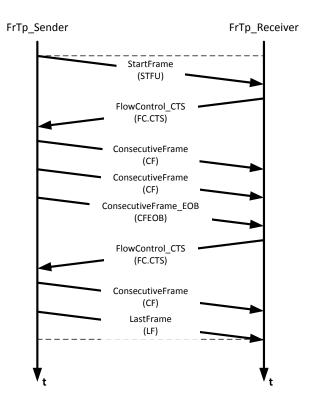


Figure 7: Frame sequence a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with known message length ()

7.2.2.4 Segmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length

[SWS_FrTp_01010] [According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support a segmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length as depict in Figure 8.



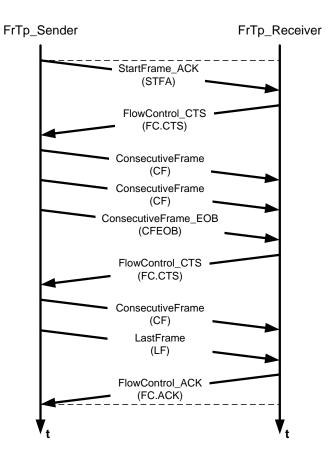


Figure 8: Frame sequence of a segmented acknowledged data transfer with known message length| ()

7.2.2.5 Segmented unacknowledged data transfer with unknown message length

[SWS_FrTp_01011] [According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with unknown message length as depict in Figure 9.



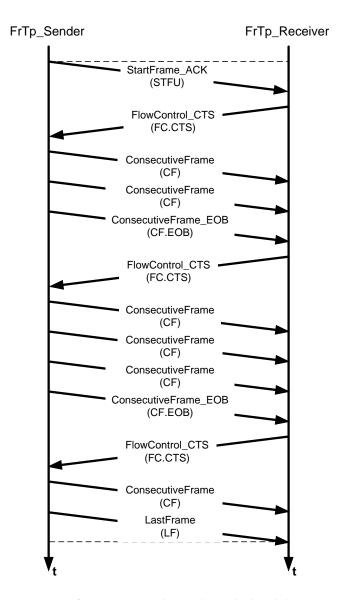


Figure 9: Frame sequence of a segmented unacknowledged data transfer with unknown message length ()

7.2.2.6 Segmented acknowledged data transfer with unknown message length

[SWS_FrTp_01012] [According to ISO 10681-2 [16] the FrTp module shall support a segmented acknowledged data transfer with unknown message length as depict in Figure 10.



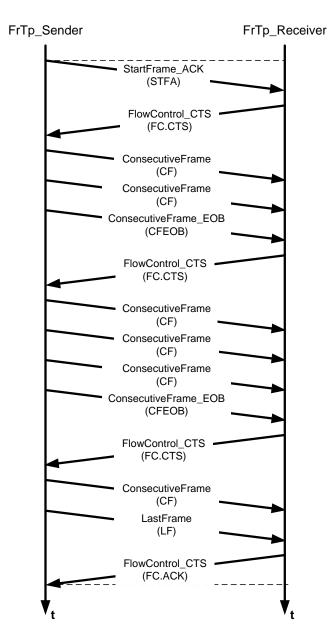


Figure 10: Frame sequence of a segmented acknowledged data transfer with unknown message length] ()

7.2.3 Limitation to ISO10681-2

The limitations to ISO 10681-2 are described in chapter 4.3 - Table 1.



7.3 Internal Module behavior specification

This chapter specifies the internal behaviour of the FlexRay Transport Layer module to fullfill the protocol behaviour according to ISO 10681-2 [14].

7.3.1 Overview

Figure 11 depicts an abstract overview of the FrTp layer module architecture.

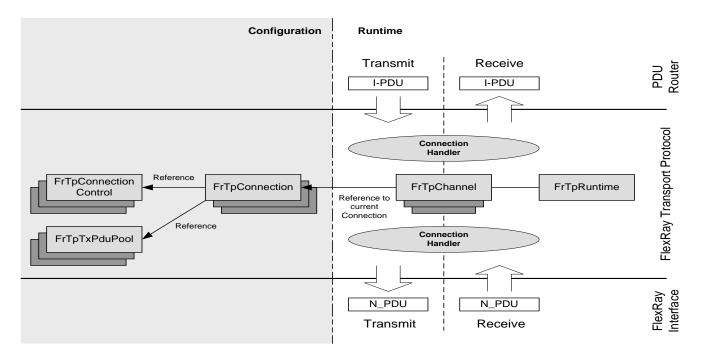


Figure 11: FlexRay Transport Module overview

Figure 11 depicts a division between configuration parts and runtime parts. After the module is initialized it is able to transmit I-PDUs from an upper layer (PDUR) or receive N-PDUs from a lower layer (FrIf). Below there is a short describes of the different parts being involved in FrTp layer handling procedure.

Term	Description
FrTpConnection	A connection is a configuration parameter set which includes all parameters to identify a connection link between different communication nodes uniquely. A connection has a fixed assignment between a sender node (representing by a source address), one or more receiver node(s) (representing by a target address), the upper Layer I-PDU source (representing by an I-PDU-ID). Additionally a connection has a reference to a set of N-PDUs (PDU-Pool) which are defined for sending data via FrTp. A reference to connection specific parameters (e.g.



	timings and timeouts etc.) is defined too.
FrTpConnection	A connection configuration is a parameter set which
Control	includes configuration specific parameter (e.g. timings,
	timeouts, default parameters etc.). It is referenced by a
	connection.
FrTpTxPduPool	A Tx-N-PduPool is a set of N-PDUs which are defined for
	FrTp sending purpose.
FrTpChannel	A channel is a runtime resource of the FrTp module which implements all communication control mechanisms (e.g. state machine etc.) to handle a communication link via FlexRay. A channel could be allocated by the connection handler to process a required connection. Therefore a channel has a reference to the connection which is currently handled by this channel. If a data transfer has been finished the assignment between the channel and the connection is cleared and the channel could be reallocated by another connection.
FrTpRuntime	FrTpRuntime is a set of runtime parameters which is necessary to control active connections. (please refer to chapter 7.3.3.1)
Connection Handler	The connection handler is an abstract part of the FrTp module and is responsible for the (re-)allocation of channels and the (re-)assignment of channels and connections.

If an upper layer module (e.g. COM, DCM etc) wants to transmit data (I-PDU) the PduR module executes the corresponding FrTp layer module API call. The connection handler evaluates the I-PDU-ID (equal to N-SDU-ID from FrTp's point of view) for the corresponding connection. The connection handler allocates a free channel and set channel's connection reference to the selected connection. The channel could now initialize with the connection control parameter set which is access able via the references. The channel process the communication until all data have been transmitted. After the last N-PDU was send the connection handler will free the channel and also the reference to the connection is reset.

If an N-PDU is received via FlexRay the Frlf executes the corresponding FrTp API call. The connection handler evaluates the target address and the source address of the N-PDU which is part of the Protocol Control Information (PCI). The connection handler search for the corresponding connection, allocates a channel, set the reference to the selected connection and initialize them. Until the last N-PDU was received the connection handler reallocates the channel, skips the reference to the selected connection and delivers the I-PDU to the addressed upper layer by calling the corresponding PDUR-module API.

7.3.2 Configuration data



7.3.2.1 FrTpConnection

A connection identifies the sender and the receiver(s) of this particular communication link.

An FrTp connection link is defined by

- a) a target address of the receiver node(s) and
- b) a source address of the sender node.

For the internal handling of different PDUs across the FlexRay communication stack the I-PDU-ID (N-SDU-ID) identifies the data link to upper layer's sender or receiver modules (see Figure 2).

Additionally a connection has a reference to a set of N-PDUs (FrTpTxPduPool) which are defined for sending data via this particular connection. A reference to connection specific parameters, e.g. timings and timeouts etc is defined too (FrTpConnectionConfig).

- [SWS_FrTp_01013] [An FrTpConnection container shall implement all parameters as defined in chapter 10.2.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01014] [For each connection link the FrTp module shall handle, a new instance of FrTpConnection container shall be created.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01015] [The FrTp module shall support a post build time configurable number of connections³.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01018] [Each FrTpConnection shall have a module wide unique FRTP_SDUID (N-SDU ID) (see section 10.2).] (SRS_Fr_05077)

7.3.2.2 FrTpTxPduPool

The FrTpTxPduPool contains a list of N-PDUs configured for sending FrTp N-PDUs. An FrTpTxPduPool could be referenced by different FrTpConnections but each FrTpConnection has exactly one reference to one FrTpTxPduPool. (see also Figure 17). The FrTpTxPduPools are necessary to support dynamic bandwidth assignment for connections.

³ Post-build time configurable number of connections is required e.g. for gateways. If new connections are defined during vehicle lifecycle only the connection's parameter set has to be updated.

⁴ The AUTOSAR local address and remote address is mapped to the ISO 10681-2 source address and target address.



Chapter 7.5.5 describes the dynamic bandwidth assignment in detail. At this position in specification only the term FrTpTxPduPool shall be introduced and some basic requirements to FrTpTxPduPools are specified.

[SWS FrTp 01019] [An FrTpTxPduPool container shall implement all parameters as defined in chapter 10.2.9| ()

[SWS FrTp 01020] [A single FrTpTxPduPool can be referenced by different FrTpConnections.| ()

Configuration of PDU Pools to limit bandwidth to an ECU is described Note:

in chapter 10.4.4.

7.3.2.3 FrTpConnectionControl

An FrTpConnectionControl container contains all static (not runtime) parameters, which are necessary to control a connection e.g. initial timer values, timeout control values etc. Each FrTpConnection has an exclusive link to an FrTpConnectionControl container. FrTpConnections with equal control parameters can reference the same FrTpConnectionControl⁵.

[SWS FrTp 01021] [An FrTpConnectionControl Container shall implement all parameters as defined in chapter 10.2. ()

[SWS FrTp 01022] [An FrTpConnectionControl container can be referenced by different FrTpConnections.| ()

7.3.3 Runtime data

As depict in Figure 11 also some runtime information are required. All runtime information are encapsulated in containers. This chapter defines all the runtime containers with the corresponding variables in that scope as it necessary to understand FrTp's work.

It's recommended to place all runtime data required for implementation into the global FrTpRuntime container too.

7.3.3.1 FrTpRuntime

Module Name	FrTp	Runtime						
Module Description	This container contains the runtime parameters / variables which							
	are	necessary	to	handle	FlexRay	Transport	Protocol	

⁵ Use case: Reducing configuration control container instances

40 of 121



communication according	to ISO 10681-2.

Included Containers						
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency				
FrTp_Channel	1*	FrTp Channel:				
		This container contains the runtime parameters				
		/ variables for an FrTpChannel.				
FrTp_ConCtrlRuntime	1*	FrTp Connection Control Runtime:				
		This container contains the runtime parameters				
		/ variables to handle an FrTpConnection.				
FrTp_PduPoolRuntime	1*	FrTp Pdu Pool Runtime:				
		This container contains the runtime parameters				
		/ variables to handle an FrTpPduPool.				

7.3.3.2 FrTpChannel

As described above a channel is a runtime resource of the FrTp. A channel could be allocated to handle a connection. This chapter describes the relevant information of a channel without implementation specific information (e.g. types etc).

Name	FrTpChannel				
Description	This container contains the parameters and variables of a				
	FlexRay channel				
Container parameters and variables					

Information	Description						
FrTpChannelNumber	Number of that channel						
FrTpTxChannelState	Current state of the Tx channel (idle = 0 or						
	busy = 1)						
FrTpTxConState	FrTp Tx Connection State:						
	This parameter implements the current state of						
	the Tx connection (Tx communication state						
	machine according to ISO 10681-2 protocol						
	handling).						
FrTpTxConRef	FrTp Tx Connection Reference:						
	This is the reference (pointer to connection) to						
	the current Tx FrTpConnection, the channel						
	is currently processing.						
FrTpTxConTxPduPendingCounter	· ·						
	This counter counts the number of currently						
	transmitted but not confirmed Fr N-PDUs of the						
	active TxConnection (e.g. SF, CF, LF)						
	This counter shall be incremented each time an						
	FrTp Tx N-PDU is send by the FrTp.						
	This counter shall be decremented each time						
	an transmitted FrTp Tx N-PDU is confirmed by the FrIf.						
FrTpTxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef	FrTp TxConnection Tx PDU Pool Runtime						
TTPTXCOTTXFUUFOOIKUIIIIIIEKEI	Reference:						
	This is the reference (pointer to						
	This is the reference (pointer to						



	FrTp_TxPduPoolRuntime) to the runtime
	container of the corresponding PDU-Pool.
	Note: The runtime container of the PDU Pool
	controls the TxConfirmation signals.
FrTpTxConConfigRuntimeRef	FrTp Tx Connection Configuration Runtime
	Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to
	FrTp_ConConfigRuntime) to the runtime
	container of the corresponding Tx connection
	configuration. Note: The runtime container of the Tx
	connection configuration controls the
	connection parameters, which are changeable
	during runtime.
FrTpRxChannelState	Current state of the Rx channel (idle or busy)
FrTpRxConState	FrTp Rx Connection State:
·	This parameter implements the current state of
	the Rx connection (Rx communication state
	machine according to ISO 10681-2 protocol
	handling).
FrTpRxConRef	FrTp Rx Connection Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to connection) to
	the current Rx FrTpConnection, the channel
FrTpRxConTxPduPendingCounter	is currently processing. FrTp Rx Connection Tx Pdu Pending Counter:
TripitxContral dar endingCounter	This counter counts the number of currently
	transmitted but not confirmed Fr N-PDUs of the
	active RxConnection (FlowControl).
	This counter shall be incremented each time an
	FrTp Tx N-PDU is send by the FrTp.
	This counter shall be decremented each time a
	transmitted FrTp Tx N-PDU is confirmed by the
	Frlf. Therefore that FrTp Rx Connection Tx Pdu
	Pending Counter toggles only between 0 and 1.
FrTpRxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef	FrTp Rx Connection Tx PDU Pool Runtime
Tripitacontal dui contantinenei	Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to
	FrTpTxPduPoolRuntime) to the runtime
	container of the corresponding PDU-Pool.
	Note: The runtime container of the PDU Pool
	controls the TxConfirmation signals. This
	reference is required for the transmission
	control of FlowControl N-PDU during an
	ongoing reception on that channel.
	Note: For a full duplex channel configuration
	(see chapter 7.3.3.2.1) the
	FrTpTxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef and the
	FrTpRxConTxPduPoolRuntimeRef are equal.



FrTpRxConConfigRuntimeRef	FrTp Rx Connection Configuration Runtime Reference:
	This is the reference (pointer to FrTpConConfigRuntime) to the runtime container of the corresponding Rx connection
	configuration. Note: The runtime container of the Rx
	connection configuration controls the connection parameters, which are changeable during runtime.
No included containers	<u> </u>

- [SWS_FrTp_00228] [The FrTp module shall support concurrently work of multiple FrTpChannels⁶.| ()
- [SWS FrTp 00088] [The exact number of provided channels shall be configurable by the parameter FrTpChanNum (see section 10.2)| ()
- [SWS FrTp 01025] [The runtime variable FrTpRxChannelState shall be switched from "idle" state to "busy" state if the channel is allocated for an Rx connection. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01026] [The runtime variable FrTpRxChannelState shall be switched from "busy" state to "idle" state if the channel is free after an Rx connection is closed. ()
- [SWS FrTp 01117] [The runtime variable FrTpTxChannelState shall be switched from "idle" state to "busy" state if the channel is allocated for an Tx connection. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01118] [The runtime variable FrTpTxChannelState shall be switched from "busy" state to "idle" state if the channel is free after an Tx connection is closed. ()
- Note: The error handling for the case if no FrTpChannel resource is available (FrTpTxChannelState ≠ idle) for data transmission is specified in [SWS_FrTp_01041.

⁶ The number of channels represents the number of connections, which could be handled concurrently for the same direction. Therefore it is an indication of the performance of the FrTp. On the other hand a Gateway requires more channels than normal ECUs because a gateway handles more concurrent connections. Hence the number of supported channels shall be configurable.



7.3.3.2.1 Full Duplex and Half Duplex

Normally a Full Duplex channel supports concurrent transmission and reception of Fr N-PDUs at the same time for the same⁷ connection. Figure 12 depicts a Full Duplex implementation.

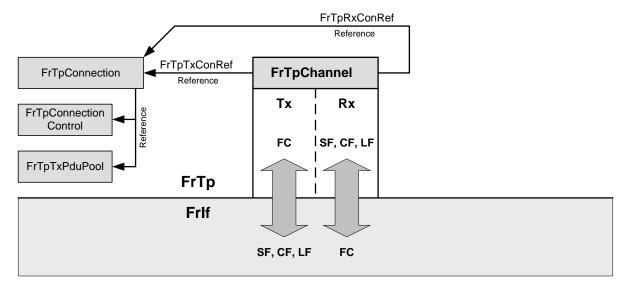


Figure 12: Full Duplex Overview

On the other hand a Half Duplex channel supports only a data transfer for one direction. The fact that an Rx transmission has also to send a FlowControl or a Tx transmission has to receive a FlowControl is not similar to a full duplex connection. Figure 13 depicts a half duplex FrTp_Channel, where either a Tx or a Rx Connection is processed.

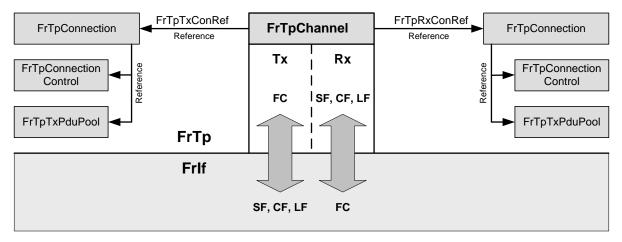


Figure 13: Half Duplex Overview

The final functionality of FrTpChannels depends on implementation and therefore it is not specified in this document.

_

⁷ Theoretically it is possible that two ECUs transferring data to each other at the same time. That means that each ECU is sender and receiver concurrently. If both ECUs have only one Remote Address and one Local Address the FrTp shall evaluate the PCI to distinguish whether a PDU for Rx-Direction (CF or LF) or a PDU for Tx-direction (FC) was received. This is a full duplex mechanism.



7.3.3.3 FrTpConnectionControlRuntime

This chapter describes the relevant information of Connection Control without implementation specific information (e.g. types etc).

Name	FrTpConCtrlRuntime				
Description	FrTp Connection Control Runtime:				
	This container contains the ConnectionControl runtime data				
Container parameters and variables					

Information	Description
FrTpSCexpRuntime	FRTP_SEPARATION_CYCLE_EXPONEN
	Т
	Runtime value of FrTpSCexp parameter.
	This parameter could be changed via API-
	Call "FrTp_ChangeParameter" and differs
	than from the configured default value.
FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycleRuntime	FRTP_MAX_NUMBER_OF_NPDU_PER_C
	YCLE
	Runtime value of
	FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycle parameter.
	This parameter could be changed via API-
	Call "FrTp_ChangeParameter" and differs
	than from the configured default value.
No included containers	

7.4 Initialization and shutdown

[SWS_FrTp_01028]	ſ	The	FrTp	module	shall	have	two	internal	states,
FRTP_	OFF and	FRTP	_ON.]	()					

[The FrTp module shall implement a static status [SWS_FrTp_01029] variable FrTpState to denote whether the FrTp module is initialized or not⁸.| ()

[SWS_FrTp_01030] [The FrTp module shall be in the FRTP OFF state after power up.| ()

[SWS FrTp 01032] [The FrTp module shall change to the internal state FRTP ON when the FrTp has been successfully initialized by the service primitive FrTp Init().] ()

⁸ This variable is used for development error detection.



- [SWS_FrTp_01034] [The service primitive FrTp_Init shall initialize all global variables of the module and sets all transport protocol connections in a sub-state of FRTP_ON, in which neither transmissions nor receptions are in progress.] (SRS_Fr_05088)
- [SWS_FrTp_01035] [If the FrTp module is in the global state FRTP_ON, a call of the service primitive FrTp_Init shall return the module to an uncritical idle state (idle state = FRTP_ON, but neither transmission nor reception are in progress) and the module shall loose all current connections.] (SRS_Fr_05088)
- [SWS_FrTp_01036] [The FrTp module shall change to the internal state FRTP_OFF when the service primitive FrTp_Shutdown() has been executed successfully.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01037] [The FrTp module shall raise an development error FRTP E UNINIT when
 - a) development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled and
 - b) any function (except FrTp_GetVersionInfo) is called before the function FrTp Init has been called. | (SRS_Fr_05089)

-

⁹ This requires that FrTp_Init() is called before the normal FrTp functionality is used by the COM-Stack.



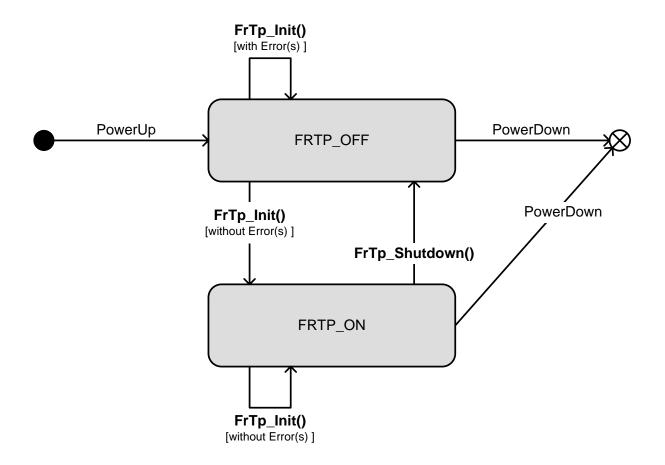


Diagram 2: FrTp Initialization and shutdown state diagram

7.5 Data Transfer Processing

This chapter covers all topics of FrTp module data transfer processing if transmission of data (Fr N-SDU) is requested by an upper layer (e.g. COM, DCM etc.) via PduR module or if data (Fr N-PDUs) have been received via Frlf module. For a better understanding the different topics are encapsulated in several sub-clauses starting with the basic definition of data transfer and reception. Buffer handling is described within an additional chapter.

The FlexRay protocol stack supports two different buffer access modes for data transmission:

- a) Immediate Buffer Access Mode
- b) Decoupled Buffer Access Mode

Due to this fact there are two different sequences for data transfer processing.

7.5.1 Flags



The FrTp module uses several flags to signal internal states. (see also sequence diagrams in Chapter 9). This chapter describes the flags required for inter-module state handling.

7.5.1.1 TX_SDU_AVAILABLE

The TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag is set by the service primitive FrTp_Transmit to indicate the N-SDU transmit request.

- [SWS_FrTp_00415] [The TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag shall exist for every channel.| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_00416] [The TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag shall indicate an Fr N-SDU transmit request for a configured connection on an allocated channel.] ()
- **Note:** For detailed information about set and reset conditions and behaviour please refer to chapter 7.5.2 and **[SWS_FrTp_01057**.

7.5.1.2 TX SDU UNKNOWN MSG LENGTH

The <code>TX_SDU_UNKNOWN_MSG_LENGTH</code> flag is set by the service primitive $FrTp_Transmit$ to indicate the N-SDU transmit request with an unknown message length. Depending on the status of that flag the FrTp module will recall the service primitive PduR FrTpCopyTxData several times until all data are transmitted.

- [SWS_FrTp_01101] [The TX_SDU_UNKNOWN_MSG_LENGTH flag shall indicate an Fr N-SDU transmit request with unknown message length.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01102] [The TX_SDU_UNKNOWN_MSG_LENGTH flag shall exist for every channel.] ()
- **Note:** For detailed information about set and reset conditions and behaviour please refer to chapter 7.5.2 and **[SWS_FrTp_01124**.

7.5.1.3 RX_PDU_AVAILABLE

The RX_PDU_AVAILABLE flag is set by the service primitive *FrTp_RxIndication* to indicate the reception of an N-PDU.

- [SWS_FrTp_00418] [The RX_PDU_AVAILABLE flag shall exist for every Fr N-PDU, which is configured to be received by the FrTp module.] ()
- **Note:** For detailed information about set and reset conditions and behaviour please refer to chapter 7.5.3 and **[SWS_FrTp_01074**.



7.5.1.4 RX_ERROR

The RX_ERROR¹⁰ flag is required in case transmission with acknowledgement and retry is configured. During a segmented data reception an error could occur but sending FlowControl is currently not possible. In that case the information about an error has to be stored until sending a FlowControl is allowed.

[SWS_FrTp_00428] [The RX_ERROR flag shall exist for every FrTpChannel.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_00429] [The RX_ERROR flag shall indicate that an error occurred during a segmented reception.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_00430] [The RX_ERROR flag shall be cleared after the reaction (Retry, Negative Acknowledgement, abortion).| ()

7.5.2 Transmit Data

7.5.2.1 Transmit Data via 'Immediate Buffer Access' Mode

This chapter defines a data transfer requested by an upper layer (e.g. COM, DCM etc.) via 'Immediate Buffer Access' Mode.

-

¹⁰ See ISO 10681-2 - chapter 6.5.7.2.3.



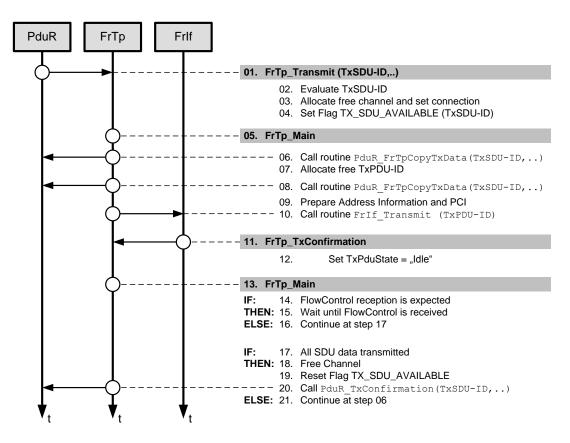


Figure 14: Transmit data overview in 'Immediate Buffer Access' mode

Figure 14 depicts the internal processing for data transmission in principle ¹¹ if "Immediate Buffer Access" mode is configured ¹². Below there is a description of the different steps which are necessary to transmit data via FrTp.

Step 1 - 4

[SWS_FrTp_00136] [Sending Fr N-SDU data shall always be initiated by the service primitive call of FrTp_Transmit (see chapter 8.3.3.1).] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01043] [The FrTp module shall evaluate the value of PduInfoType.SduLength:

SduLength = 0: Transmission with unknown message length is

requested

SduLength ≠ **0**: Transmission with known message length is

requested.| ()

[SWS_FrTp_01044] [If support unknown message length is configured the FrTp module shall set the flag TX_SDU_UNKNOWN_MSG_LENGTH according to the result of [SWS_FrTp_01043 (see also chapter 7.5.1.2).] ()

50 of 121

¹¹ Figure 14 depicts only the overview of data transmission for a single channel without further functionality (e.g. transmit cancellation) or internal behaviour (e.g. internal control data handling, return values etc.). Also a schedule for data transfer in concurrent channels is not described here.

¹² Buffer access mode is configured for each N-PDU and is referenced via the PDU-Pool.



- [SWS_FrTp_01134] [The FRTP module shall raise an development error FRTP E UMSG LENGTH ERROR when
 - 1. a transmission with unknown message length is detected and
 - 2. support of unknown message legth is not configured and
 - 3. development error detection is enabled for the FrTp module.]

The service primitive parameter <code>FrTpTxSduId</code> shall be used to select the correct connection. This shall be done by searching for the correct entry within the <code>FrTpConnection</code> container (<code>FrTpConnection.FrTpTxSduId</code>). If a valid parameter <code>FrTpTxSduId</code> is given, the <code>FrTp</code> module shall search for a free channel resource (<code>FrTpTxChannelState = Idle</code>) and allocate them to control the requested <code>Tx</code> data transfer.

- [SWS_FrTp_01038] [An ongoing data transfer shall be signalled by the flag TX_SDU_AVAILABLE (see also chapter 7.5.1.1).] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01039] [The service primitive shall set the flag TX SDU AVAILABLE only, if
 - a) the requested FrTpTxSduId is valid
 - b) a free channel resource is available (FrTpTxChannelState = Idle)] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01040] [If the current parameter FrTpTxSduId is not supported the service primitive FrTp Transmit
 - a) shall be terminated and the return value shall be set to E_NOT_OK (see also chapter 8.2.1) and
 - b) the FrTp module shall raise an development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID when development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled.| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01041] [If no free channel is available (FrTpTxChannelState # Idle) the service primitive FrTp_Transmit shall be terminated and the return value shall be set to E_NOT_OK (see also chapter 8.2.1)¹³.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01200] [If the request for a message transmission has not been accepted due to another transmission for the specified address information is active; then FrTp_Transmit shall return E_NOT_OK.]
 ()

_

This scenario could occur on gateways, if communication via more connections is requested than channels resources are configured.



Step 5 - 10

If the TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag is set, the FrTp module has to evaluate the length of the currently available FrTp N-SDU data by calling the service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData() ¹⁴ a first time. With knowledge of the available data size FrTp module scans the FrTpTxPduPool and allocates the first free FrTpPdu for that data transfer. Depending on the available FrTp-N-SDU length and the FrTpTxPduPool's free FrTpPdu length the FrTp module decides whether segmentation is necessary or not for that N-SDU transfer. By calling the service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData() the data shall be copied to the corresponding buffer. In a next step the corresponding Address Information and PCI are prepared and the service primitive FrIf_Transmit is called with the corresponding FrTp_TxPduId.

- [SWS_FrTp_01042] [If the TX_SDU_AVAILABLE flag is set, the FrTp module shall call the service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData() to get the currently available FrTp N-SDU Length information.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01045] [The FrTp module shall always allocate the <u>first free</u> FrTpTxPdu while scanning the corresponding FrTpTxPduPool (see also chapter 7.3.2.2).] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01046] [If a free FrTpTxPdu is identified, the FrTp module shall use this FrTpTxPdu to continue current transmission process.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01047] [If no free FrTpTxPdu is identified, the FrTp module shall postpone processing for the corresponding connection till the next main function call.] ()

Note: FrTp module shall postpone the processing for the corresponding connection until either free FrTpTxPdu is identified according to SWS_FrTp_01046 or a timeout occurs (see section 7.5.8).

[SWS_FrTp_01048] [The FrTp module shall decide whether segmentation for the requested N-SDU transfer is required or not depending on the length information of the <u>first</u> allocated FrTpTxPdu from an FrTpTxPduPool for the currently processed FrTpConnection (see also Diagram 3).] ()

The available data length evaluation depends on different scenarios the FrTp is used in.

⁻ In case of a normal ECU which transfers data with unknown message lengths it is necessary to evaluate the length of the currently stored FrTp-N-SDU.

⁻ In case an ECU transmits data with known message length the Tx data length is given by the parameter of the FrTp_Transmit service primitive. An additional evaluation by calling PduR_FrTpCopyTxData(..) is possible to have equal evaluation sequences for known and unknown message length transfers but could be skipped by runtime optimisation (implementation dependency).

⁻ In case of a Gateway which routes N-SDUs of different bus systems it is necessary to get the currently available (received) data length in the gateway buffer.



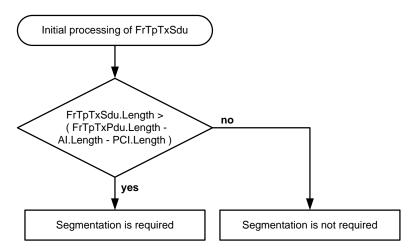


Diagram 3: Segmentation decision

Note: The decision whether segmentation is possible or not depends also on the connection mode (1:1 or 1:n). Please refer to chapter 7.5.2.4.

- [SWS_FrTp_01123] [The FrTp module shall call the service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData() to copy the currently available FrTp N-SDU data with a length of FrTpTxPdu length to the corresponding transmit buffer.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01049] [The FrTp module shall prepare the Address Information and PCI according to the result of [SWS_FrTp_01048 as defined in specification ISO 10681-2 [16].] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01050] [The FrTp module shall initiate an N-PDU data transfer by calling the service primitive FrIf_Transmit() with the FrTpTxPduId FrTpTxPduId of the recently allocated FrTpTxPdu.| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01051] [The FrTp shall set the corresponding data length referenced by the service primitive FrIf_Transmit's parameter PduInfoType to the exact data length of the buffer 15.] ()

Step 11 - 12

If the N-PDU was successfully transmitted by the FrIf module, the FrIf module shall call the service primitive ${\tt FrTp_TxConfirmation}$. Within this service primitive the FrTp module shall reset the state of the corresponding ${\tt FrTpTxPdu}$.

¹⁵ FrTp transmits always the real amount of data stored in the corresponding buffer. FrTp is not responsible for fill bytes. Fill up N-SDUs to a configured frame size is done within lower layers (e.g. FrIf or FlexRay Driver). The FrTp only decides whether segmentation is necessary or not and to segment N-PDU Consecutive Frames to the maximum length of the corresponding PDU of the PduPool.



AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2
[SWS_FrTp_01052] [The service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation shall be called by the underlying layer module after a successful transmission of the corresponding N-PDU.] ()
[SWS_FrTp_01053] The service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation shall be called by the underlying layer module with the corresponding FrTpTxConfirmationPduId of the successful transmitted PDU.] ()
[SWS_FrTp_01054] [The service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation shall reset the state of the corresponding FrTpTxPdu (N-PDU) to "idle".] ()
Step 13 - 16
Depending on ISO-10681-2 protocol handling in some cases a response N-PDL (Flow Control) from the receiver is expected by the sender. Hence the sender has to wait until the response N-PDU (Flow Control) is received and continue processing after reception. [SWS_FrTp_01055]
Step 17 - 21
If all N-SDU data are transmitted the FrTp module shall free all allocated resources and reset all flags which signals an ongoing data transfer for this connection. If the data transmission is pending, the FrTp module shall continue the data transfer at step 6.
[SWS_FrTp_01056]
ISWS FrTp 01057] [The FrTp module shall reset the flac

[SWS_FrTp_01124] [The FrTp module shall reset the flag TX_SDU_UNKNOWN_MSG_LENGTH, if:

c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured.

a) all N-SDU data are transmitted and

a) all N-SDU data are transmitted andb) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given and

TX SDU AVAILABLE, if:

] ()

b) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given and



- c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured or
- d) if transmission was aborted and FrTp_TxConfirmation was given.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01058] [The FrTp module shall always call the service primitive PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation for the corresponding FrTpTxSduId after the transmission request was accepted. The result shall be E_OK if
 - a) all N-SDU data are transmitted and
 - b) FrTp_TxConfirmation was given
 - c) the final acknowledge is received in case acknowledge is configured. | ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01198] [If an FC frame is received with an invalid FS or with FS set to OVFLW or ABT, the FrTp module shall abort the transmission of this message and notify the upper layer by calling the callback function PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the result E_NOT_OK.] ()

7.5.2.2 Transmit Data via 'Decoupled Buffer Access' Mode

Figure 15 depicts the internal processing for data transmission in principle ¹⁶ if "Decoupled Buffer Access" mode is configured ¹⁷. Below there is a description of the different steps which are necessary to transmit data via FrTp.

Buffer access mode is configured for each N-PDU (refer to FrIf) and is referenced via the PDU-Pool.

-

Figure 15 depicts only the overview of data transmission for a single channel without further functionality (e.g. transmit cancellation) or internal behaviour (e.g. internal control data handling, return values etc.). Also a schedule for data transfer in concurrent channels is not described here.



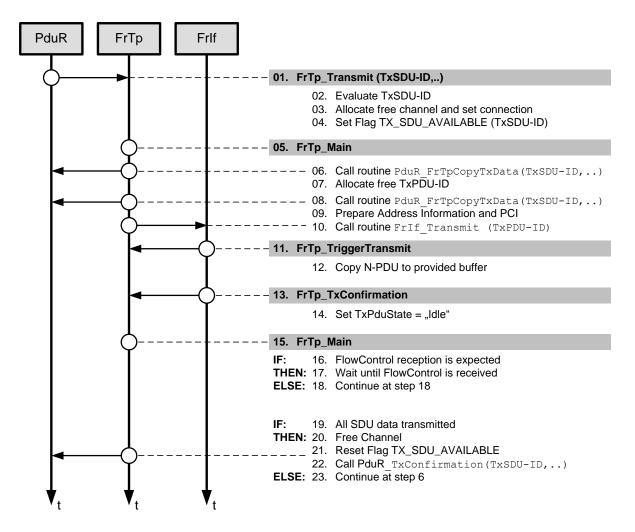


Figure 15: Transmit data overview in 'Decoupled Buffer Access' mode

Step 01 - 10

Step 01 - 10 in 'decoupled access mode' are equal to step 01 - 10 in 'immediate access mode'. Please refer chapter 7.5.2.1.

For step 09 it is recommended to set the address information and PCI to a local buffer because the service primitive $FrTp_TriggerTransmit$ is called in interrupt mode and therefore the processing time to copy the complete N-PDU (Address Information, PCI and (part of) SDU data) shall be as short as possible.

Step 11 - 12

[SWS_FrTp_01059] [The service primitive FrTp_TriggerTransmit shall be called by the FrIf module to propagate FrTp N-PDUs to the lower layers (e.g. FlexRay Driver).| ()

[SWS_FrTp_01060] [The service primitive FrTp_TriggerTransmit shall copy the Address Information, PCI and N-SDU data to the



corresponding buffer, which is referenced by the service primitive parameter PduInfoType.| ()

[SWS_FrTp_01061] [The service primitive FrTp_TriggerTransmit shall set the corresponding data length referenced by the service primitive parameter PduInfoType to the exact data length of the buffer.] ()

Step 13 - 23

Steps 13 - 23 in 'decoupled access mode' are equal to step 10 - 20 in 'immediate access mode'. Please refer chapter 7.5.2.1.

7.5.2.3 Data Transfer with unknown message length

ISO10681-2 supports the possibility to transmit data with an unknown message length.

- [SWS_FrTp_01062] [The functionality to support data transmission with unknown message length shall be configurable by compiler switch.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01063] [If a 1:n connection is configured (parameter FRTP_MULTIPLE_RECEIVER_CON is set), a Data transfer with unknown message length shall not be processed 18 and the service primitive call FrTp_Transmit shall be rejected with the return value E_NOT_OK.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01187] [The FrTp module shall raise an development error FRTP_E_SEG_ERROR when
 - a) development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled and
 - b) a 1:n connection is requested as described in SWS_FrTp_01061.j ()

-

Unknown message length data transfer requires segmentation because at least a StartFrame and a LastFrame have to be transmitted. Segmentation of 1:n connections is not allowed (see also chapter 7.5.2.4)



- [SWS_FrTp_01066] [An ongoing upper layer's data transmission with unknown message length shall be finished, if the parameter length within the service primitive is set to 0 ('zero').| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01067] [The FrTp module shall add all PduInfoType.PduLength values to calculate the total message length which is transmitted by the LastFrame (LF).] ()

7.5.2.4 Segmentation condition for data transfer

FrTp module provides 1:1 connections as well as 1:n connections. According to ISO10681-2, the FrTp module shall refuse segmented 1:n connections. Due to the possibility of different PDU lengths within an FrTpTxPduPool the scenario of segmented 1:n connections could occur and shall be solved by the requirement(s) specified within this chapter.

[SWS_FrTp_01068] [If the FrTpConnectionControl parameter FRTP_MULTIPLE_RECEIVER_CON (see section 10.2) for the corresponding FrTpConnection is set, the communication handler shall not process a segmentation of an N-SDU and shall skip processing the corresponding FrTpConnection within the current task.] ()



7.5.3 Receive Data

This chapter defines a data reception on FrTp module requested by the lower layer FlexRay Interface (Frlf).

Note: The service routine PduR_FrTpStartOfReception() shall be called in either FrTp_MainFunction() or FrTp_RxIndication().

Figure 16 depicts the internal processing for data reception in principle 19. Below there is a description of the different steps which are necessary to receive data via FrTp.

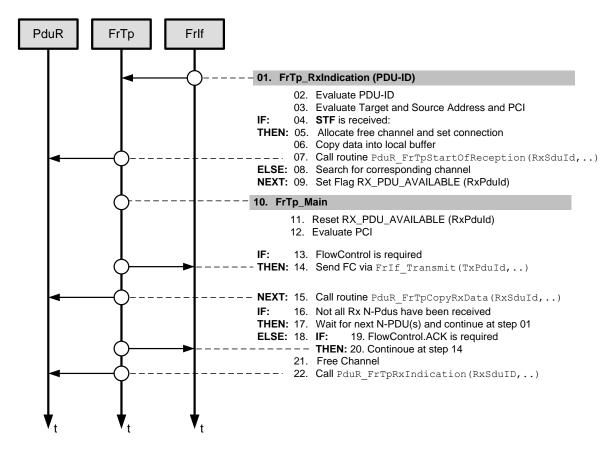


Figure 16: Receive data overview (FrTp_RxIndication() shall call PduR_FrTpStartOfReception() routine)

Step 1 - 9

[Receiving shall be initiated by the service primitive call [SWS_FrTp_00137] FrTp RxIndication. / ()

¹⁹ Figure 16 depicts only an overview of data reception for a single channel without further functionality (e.g. transmit cancellation) or internal behaviour (e.g. internal control data handling, return values etc.). Also a schedule for data transfer in concurrent channels is also not described here. 59 of 121



The FrTp module shall validate the FrTpRxPduId. If an invalid FrTpRxPduId is received, the service primitive FrTp_RxIndication is terminated. For a valid FrTpRxPduId the FrTp module evaluates the target and source address and selects the corresponding FrTpConnection. If a Startframe (STF) is received a free FrTpChannel resource (FrTpRxChannelState = Idle) has to be allocated for that connection. A call of the service primitive PduR_FrTpStartOfReception signals a new data reception to the upper layer.

If a consecutive frame (CF) or a last frame (LF) has been received, the corresponding channel has to be evaluated and the Rx_PDU_AVAILABLE flag shall be set.

- [SWS_FrTp_01069] [The FrTp module shall process a received FrTp N-PDU only if
 - a) a valid FrTpRxPduId is received and
 - b) the FrTp N-PDU's address information matches to the configured FrTpConnection address information.| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01070] [If an invalid (undefined) FrTpRxPduId is received the FrTp module shall
 - a) ignore the FrTp N-PDU and
 - b) shall raise an development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID when development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled.| ()
- - c) the received FrTp N-PDU's "Target Address" (see ISO 10681-2) is equal to the configured FrTpConnection's Local Address (FrTpLa, see section 10.2) and
 - d) the received FrTp N-PDU's "Source Address" (see ISO 10681-2) is equal to the configured FrTpConnection's Remote Address (FrTpRa, see section 10.2).| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01072] [If the address check doesn't match to any configured FrTpConnection the received FrTp N-PDU shall be ignored.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01074] [The service primitive shall set the flag RX_PDU_AVAILABLE only, if
 - a) the requested FrTpRxPduId is valid and
 - b) the address check matches to a configured FrTpConnection and
 - c) a free channel resource is available (FrTpRxChannelState =
 Idle)| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01075] [If the current parameter FrTpRxPduId is not supported the service primitive FrTp_RxIndication shall be terminated without any further action.²⁰] ()

60 of 121

²⁰ If DET is active a corresponding error shall be set.



- [SWS_FrTp_01076] [If no free channel is available (FrTpRxChannelState # Idle) the service primitive FrTp_RxIndication shall be terminated without any further action.²¹| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01186] [The FrTp module shall raise an development error FRTP_E_NO_CHANNEL when development error detection for the FrTp module is enabled] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01077] [Within the service primitive FrTp_RxIndication the FrTp module shall copy the received StartFrame PDU into a local buffer²².] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01078] [If a new connection is established, the FrTp module shall call the service primitive <code>PduR_FrTpStartOfReception</code> with the corresponding <code>FrTpRxSduId</code> and the expected data length to indicate start of data reception for an upper layer.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01193] [With the call of PduR_FrTpStartOfReception, the FrTp shall provide the data and size of STF to the upper layer via info parameter of PduR FrTpStartOfReception.] ()

Step 10 - 14

According to ISO 10681-2 protocol (evaluate PCI) it is possible that a received N-PDU requires an N-PDU response (e.g. FlowControl). In that case the FrTp module shall allocate the first free N-PDU from the referenced PDU pool, prepare the response and initiate the transmission process by a service primitive call $FrIf_Transmit$ with the corresponding FrTpTxPduId. After transmission the FrTp module shall wait for reception of consecutive N-PDUs. If no N-PDU response is required by protocol the FrTp module shall continue reception handling.

[SWS_FrTp_01080] [If transmission of an N-PDU response is required by ISO10681-2 protocol handling, the FrTp module shall send the corresponding N-PDU (e.g. FlowControl) to the initial sender node.] ()

Step 15

[SWS_FrTp_01079] [The FrTp module shall extract the N-SDU data from the received N-PDU data according to ISO 10681-2] ()

²¹ It is not possible to signal that temporary resource lack to the upper layer because "PduR_FrTpStartOfReception" provide no parameter fort hat case.

²² Only the received StartFrame PDU shall be stored temporarry in a local buffer. This is necessray in case of a gateway has temporarry no free resources to process that frame. The correct protocol and timing behavour is ensured if FrTp sends a FlowControl PDU after a free channel was allocated.

61 of 121

Document ID 589: AUTOSAR_SWS_FlexRayISOTransportLayer



- [The FrTp module shall initiate the copy process of the [SWS_FrTp_01138] N-SDU (fragment) by calling the received service PduR_FrTpCopyRxData²³.| ()
- [SWS FrTp 00421] [The RX PDU AVAILABLE flag shall be cleared when finished processing the Fr N-PDU. ()

Step 16 - 17

The FrTp module could calculate whether all N-PDUs of an N-SDU are received. If the communication is still ongoing the FrTp module shall continue data reception at step 01.

Step 18 - 22

If all FrTp Rx-PDUs of a complete N-SDU transmission have been received the FrTp module shall send an Acknowledgement if required and free the allocated channel ressource. In a next step the FrTp module shall call the service primitive PduR FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSduId to signal upper layers that an N-SDU has been received.

- [SWS_FrTp_01081] [The FrTp module shall free the allocated channel (FrTpRxChannelState = Idle) if
 - a) all N-SDU data are received and
 - b) all required response N-PDUs (FlowControl) are transmitted and TxConfirmation was given. ()
- [The FrTp module shall always call the service primitive [SWS FrTp 01083] PduR FrTpRxIndication after PduR FrTpStartOfReception succeeded. The result shall be ${\tt E} \ \, {\tt OK}$ if
 - a) all N-SDU data are received and
 - b) all required response N-PDUs (FlowControl) are transmitted and TxConfirmation was given. ()

7.5.3.1 Receive with unknown message length

The FrTp according to ISO 10681-2 provides a method to receive data with unknown message length.

[SWS_FrTp_01184] [If a data reception with unknown message length shall be established, the FrTp shall call the API PduR_FrTpStartOfReception () with an expected data length of zero ("0"). | ()

²³ The procedure is also used for the "Routing-On-The-Fly" behaviour for gateways.



Note: If the API PduR_FrTpStartOfReception () is called with a data length of

zero ("0") the upper modul shall provide the maximum buffer size that is

currently available.

ECU szenario: Upper layer, e.g. DCM, shall provide the currently available maximum

buffer size.

Gateway szenario:

PduR module shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size.

7.5.4 Buffer Handling

The FrTp module handles received/transmitted data one frame at a time.

During reception it forwards data received from the Frlf directly to the upper layer, no buffering is involved.

During transmission in case of immediate buffer access mode it must provide a temporary buffer to the upper layer which is then directly forwarded to Frlf.

In case of decoupled buffer access mode a static buffer per connection has to be provided to the upper layer and be kept until TriggerTransmit occurs.

The service primitives used to request the upper layer to copy the data from/to the buffers provided by FrTp are: PduR FrTpCopyTxData and PduR FrTpCopyRxData.

[SWS_FrTp_01196] [If the call for a TxBuffer (service primitive PduR_FrTpCopyTxData) does not provide a valid buffer and if service primitive notification result type value is BUFREQ_E_BUSY, then FrTp module shall try up to FrTpTimeCs times to get a valid buffer.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01197] [lf the call for а TxBuffer (service primitive PduR FrTpCopyTxData) does not provide a valid buffer (when FrTpTimeCs and service primitive notification result value expired) if type BUFREQ E NOT OK, then the transfer shall be aborted by calling PduR FrTpTxConfirmation with E NOT OK. | ()

7.5.4.1 Buffer Access Mode

- a) "Immediate Buffer Access" mode and
- b) "Decoupled Buffer Access" mode. ()



7.5.5 Dynamic Bandwidth Assignment

From FrTp's point of view physical FlexRay bandwidth is represented by N-PDUs. As depict in Figure 17 there is a direct mapping between N-PDUs and L-PDUs (done within FrIf module's frame construction plan).

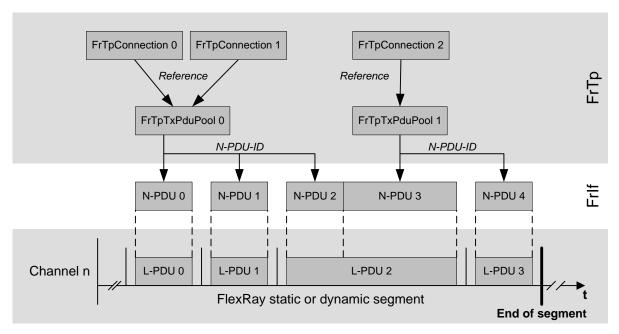


Figure 17: Mapping of N-PDUs to N-PDU-Pools

An FrTpTxPduPool could be referenced by different FrTpConnections (see also chapter 7.3.2.2). Depending on the number of currently active FrTpConnections the bandwidth (N-PDUs) is shared between them ²⁴. By supporting dynamic bandwidth assignment, a support of different communication scenarios is possible. Figure 18 depicts two different scenarios which could be supported with only one FrTp configuration. From gateway's point of view different communication scenarios are possible:

- a) single connection communication
 Complete bandwidth (slots) is assigned to one communication link (e.g. to ECU 2)
- b) multiple connection communication Bandwidth (slots) is shared between different communication links to different ECUs (e.g. ECU 1-3).

Scenario: e.g. gateway communication: For diagnostic communication it is necessary to define a connection to each ECU. In some cases it is required to have a maximum communication in parallel on the other hand it is required to have maximum bandwidth to exactly on ECU (e.g. reprogramming purpose). If dynamic bandwidth assignment is possible, both scenarios are educible with a minimum amount of FlexRay resources ("slots").



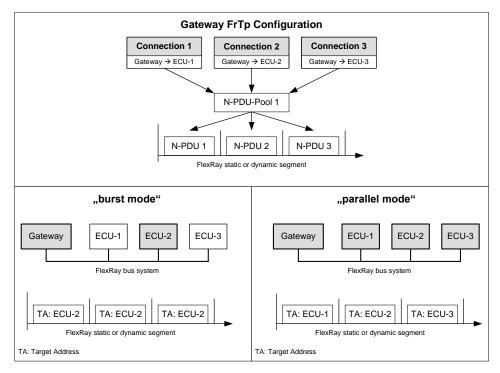


Figure 18: PDU-Pool sharing by different connections

The connection handler controls the partitioning of bandwidth (see Figure 19).

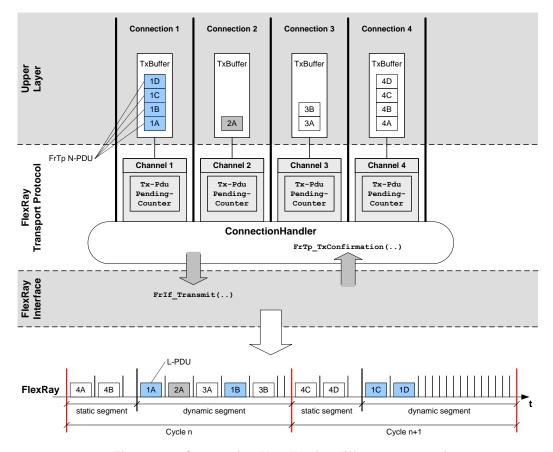


Figure 19: Connection Handler for different connections



The bandwidth assignment can change each communication cycle depending on the active communication links. Especially a gateway could have multiple active communication links in parallel. Hence there are some additional requirements for the FrTp module to handle concurrent connections. Especially for a segmented data transfer it is necessary to ensure that the connection handler could not swap the order of consecutive frames.²⁵

[SWS_FrTp_01088] [All FrTp Tx N-PDUs within an FrTpTxPduPool shall be listed in ascending order depending on their position within the global N-PDU network plan²⁶.] ()

Note: See also chapter 7.3.2.2

[SWS_FrTp_01089] [Each FrTp Tx N-PDU within an FrTpTxPduPool could have an individual length.²⁷] ()

If more than one FrTp Tx N-PDU is used for data transmission within one connection the number of currently used FrTp Tx N-PDUs has to be controlled. Hence a counter is defined to track all initiated but currently not confirmed FrTp Tx N-PDU transmissions.

- [SWS_FrTp_01090] [Each FrTpChannel shall implement a runtime variable TxPduPendingCounter (see chapter 7.3.3.2).] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01091] [The TxPduPendingCounter shall be incremented each time the service primitive FrIf_Transmit was terminated with the return value E_OK for the corresponding FrTp Tx N-PDU (FrTpTxPduId).| ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01092] [The TxPduPendingCounter shall be decremented each time the service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation was called with the corresponding parameter FrTpTxConfirmationPduId.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01093] [A TxConfirmation shall be given for each transmitted N-PDU by the underlying layer module by calling the corresponding service primitive FrTp_TxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxConfirmationPduId.] ()

²⁵ This could occure within the dynamic segment if the transfer of the last L-PDU (including a consecutive frame) is skipped for the current communication cycle and within the next communication cycle other consecutive frames are sent in front of the skiped one.

²⁶ ECU specific N-PDU plan means that each N-PDU (uniquely identified by its N-PDU-ID) is mapped to an L-PDU. Each L-PDU is uniquely identified by its parameter set "slot-ID", "cycle counter" and "cycle offset". Hence all N-PDUs have an implicit order too.

²⁷ As depict in Figure 17, at the end of a segment it could occure that only an L-PDU with less payload could be placed in the schedule. Hence the mapped FrTp N-PDU should have the corresponding length to prevent waste of bandwidth.



The communication handler task shall process an active <code>FrTpConnection</code> (referenced by an FrTpChannel) only if the corresponding <code>TxPduPendingCounter</code> is zero at begin of the task. If the <code>TxPduPendingCounter</code> is unequal to zero an FrTp <code>Tx N-PDU</code> confirmation is pending and the processing for the corresponding <code>FrTpConnection</code> is skipped for the current communication handler task.

- [SWS_FrTp_01094] [An active FrTpConnection (referenced by FrTpCannel) shall only processed if the TxPduPendingCouter of the corresponding FrTpChannel is zero ("0") at begin of a communication handler task.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01095] [If the TxPduPendingCouter is unequal to zero ("0") the processing for the corresponding FrTpConnection shall skipped for the current communication handler task.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01096] [A communication handler task shall process all active FrTpConnections alternately²⁸ as long as free FrTp Tx N-PDUs are available within the referenced FrTpTxPduPool.| ()

7.5.6 Transmit Cancellation

According to ISO 10681-2 the FrTp module supports "Transmit Cancellation" for an ongoing FrTp N-SDU transfer. This functionality could disable by a global compiler switch.)

- [SWS_FrTp_01097] [The "Transmit Cancellation" feature shall be (de)activated by static configuration of the FrTp parameter FrTpTransmitCancellation (see section 10.2).] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_00384] [A Transmit Cancellation request shall be done by the call of the service primitive FrTp_CancelTransmit() (see SWS_FrTp_00150).] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01116] [When a transmission is still in progress, FrTp_CancelTransmit shall stop the transmission and shall return E_OK. When a connection is not active, or when the last N-PDU of a transmission without acknowledgement has already been forwarded to the FrIf, FrTp_CancelTransmit shall return E_NOT_OK.| ()

-

²⁸ Alternate means that a schedule has to be implemented which process all active FrTpConnections. It is recommandet to use a simple round-robin method but other schedules are also possible.



7.5.6.1 Transmit Cancellation for unsegmented data transfer

A Transmit Cancellation request for an unsegmented data transfer could occur on two different positions within FrTp module's processing:

- a) Before sending the StartFrame (STF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is effective.
- After sending the StartFrame (STF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is not effective because of the StartFrame was sent.

Figure 20 depicts the transmit cancellation behavior of an unsegmented data transfer.

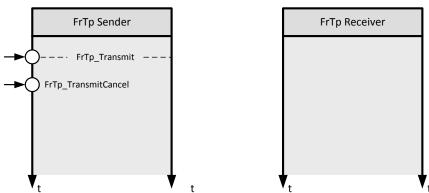


Figure 20: Transmit Cancellation at unsegmented data transfer

If a requested but currently not started data transfer shall be cancelled the service primitive $FrTp_CancelTransmit()$ is called. $FrTp_CancelTransmit()$ shall cancel the requested data transfer. On receiver side no data transfer is recognized.

7.5.6.2 Transmit Cancellation for segmented data transfer

A Transmit Cancellation request for a segmented data transfer could occur on three different positions within FrTp module's processing:

- a) Before sending the StartFrame (STF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is effective.
- b) Within an ongoing data transfer
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is effective.
- c) After sending the LastFrame (LF)
 The Transmit Cancellation Request is not effective because of because after having transmitted the LastFrame (LF) the transmission is finished

Figure 21 depicts the transmit cancellation behavior of a segmented data transfer. If a requested but currently not started data transfer shall be cancelled the service



primitive FrTp_CancelTransmit is called. On receiver side no data transfer is recognized.

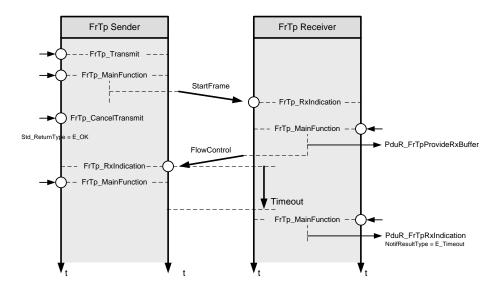


Figure 21: Transmit Cancellation at segmented data transfer

If an ongoing data transfer shall be cancelled, the service primitive $FrTp_CancelTransmit()$ is called. $FrTp_CancelTransmit()$ shall cancel the current data transfer process. On receiver side an initial data reception is recognized and processed (e.g. call of service primitive $PduR_FrTpStartOfReception$, send FlowControl N-PDU etc.). If the sender cancels data transfer a timeout occurs on receiver side.

<u>If no retry is configured</u>, this timeout is used to cancel the current reception by calling the service primitive *PduR_FrTpRxIndication* with the corresponding notification result error code.

<u>If retry is configured</u>, the receiver sends an additional FlowControl ²⁹. After a configured amount of retries the final timeout is used to cancel the current reception by calling the service primitive *PduR_FrTpRxIndication* with the corresponding notification result error code.

7.5.7 Change FrTp Parameter

- a) FrTpSCexp (please refer to ISO 10681-2)
- b) FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycle (please refer to ISO 10681-2)

_

²⁹ Note: On sender site the additional FlowControl is received as an unexpected N-PDU and is ignored.



during runtime if the corresponding API service primitive FrTp_ChangeParameter is called.] ()

- [SWS_FrTp_01115] [A change parameter request during an ongoing reception shall be terminated with return value of E_NOT_OK.] ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01156] [The FrTp module shall use the new BandwidthControl parameters for the corresponding connection if the change was successfully executed. | ()

Note: Bandwidth Control is part of the runtime parameter set. For details please refer to chapter 7.3.3.3.

7.5.8 Timing parameter and timeout behaviour

The FrTp module requires different timing parameters for communication handling. This chapter defines the timing and timeout behaviour.



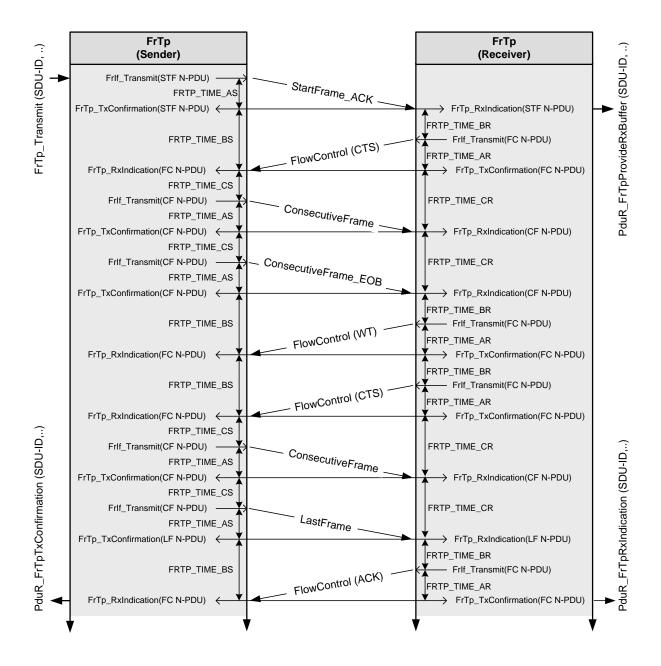


Figure 22: Timing parameter definition for one PDU transmission per Main-Function call

As described above it is possible to transmit more than one N-PDU per connection within on FlexRay Communication Cycle. Hence the communication handler shall be able to call FrIf_Transmit API several times (depending on available N-PDUs within the Tx-PDU-Pool) independent whether FrTp_TxConfirmation for the previously transmitted N-PDUs is given. Due to that, timing behavior (e.g. Start FRTP_Time_AS etc.) is different too. If more than one N-PDU shall be transmitted within one Main-Function call the timing behaviour is depict in Figure 23.



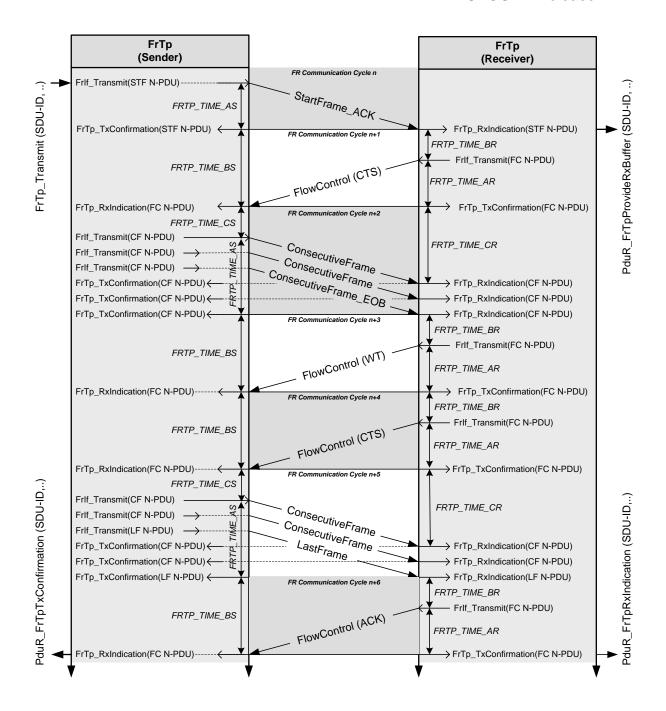


Figure 23: Timing parameter definition for multiple PDU transmission per Main-Function call

Note: Bandwidth Control restricts the number of N-PDUs per Flexray-Cycle. This has an impact to FrTp_Time_CS and. Hence that time depends on implementation (task schedule of FrTp_Main() and the corresponding FlowControl Parameters) For details please refer to chapter 7.3.3.3.



Timing Parameter	Description	Timer Start Condition	Timer Stop Condition
FRTP_TIME_AS	Time for transmission of any FrTp N-PDU on the sender side.	FrIf_Transmit()	FrTp_TxConfirmation()
	This is a performance requirement.		
	The time depends on implementation and the global FlexRay schedule.		
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS.		
FRTP_TIME_AR	Time for transmission of FlowControl FrTp N-PDU on the receiver side.	Frlf_Transmit()	FrTp_TxConfirmation
	This is a performance requirement.		
	The time depends on implementation and the global FlexRay schedule.		
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR.		
FRTP_TIME_BS	Time until reception of the next FlowControl N-PDU.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (STF), FrTp_RxIndication (FC),	FrTp_RxIndication (FC)
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (CF), FrTp_TxConfirmation (LF)	
FRTP_TIME_BR	Time until transmission of the next FlowControl N-PDU.	FrTp_RxIndication (STF), FrTp_TxConfirmation (FC), FrTp_RxIndication (CF), FrTp_RxIndication (LF)	Frlf_Transmit (FC)
FRTP_TIME_CR	Time until reception of the next ConsecutiveFrame N-PDU.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (FC), FrTp_RxIndication (CF)	FrTp_RxIndication (CF) FrTp_RxIndication (LF)
	The maximum time is controlled by the FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR.		
FRTP_TIME_CS	Time (in seconds) until transmission of the next ConsecutiveFrame N-PDU / LastFrame N-PDU.	FrTp_TxConfirmation (CF), FrTp_RxIndication (FC)	FrIf_Transmit (CF)
S/s sender			
R/r receiver			

Table 2: Timing parameter for the FrTp module

[SWS_FrTp_01100] [The FrTp module shall support the communication timeout behavior as defined in Table 3.] ()



Timeout Parameter	Cause	Action
FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS	Any FrTp N-PDU not transmitted in time	Abort message transmission.31
	on the sender side. ³⁰	a) Call FrIf_CancelTransmit() and free the FrTpTxPdu.
		b) issue PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxSduId and E_NOT_OK.
FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR	Any FrTp FC N-PDU not transmitted in time on the receiver side. 32	Abort message reception and issue PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSduld.
FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS	FlowControl N-PDU not received (lost, overwritten) on the sender side.	Abort message transmission and issue PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxSduId and E_NOT_OK.
FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR	ConsecutiveFrame or Last Frame N-PDU not received (lost, overwritten) on the receiver side. ³³	Abort message reception and issue PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSduld and E_NOT_OK.
FRTP_TIMEOUT_BR	Any FrTp FC N-PDU transmission is not initiated on the receiver side after receiving the next consecutive frame (STF or last CF of a block or LF) or after the transmit confirmation for the flow control (WT) frame.	Abort message reception and issue PduR_FrTpRxIndication with the corresponding FrTpRxSduld.
FRTP_TIMEOUT_CS	Any FrTp CF N-PDU transmission is not initiated on the sender side in time after receiving the flow control frame (CTS).	Abort message transmission and issue PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation with the corresponding FrTpTxSduld and E_NOT_OK.

Table 3: Timeout behaviour for FrTp module

 $^{^{\}rm 30}$ This could occur if an N-PDU was suspended several times within the dynamic segment.

³¹ NOTE: In FlexRay the transmission confirmation doesn't provide an End-To-End confirmation as on other bus protocols (e.g. CAN). This means that a transmission confirmation is provided as soon/only if the L-PDU was passed over to the network. Hence, if no confirmation occurs, the L-PDU is still stuck within the message buffer of the FlexRay controller, which is occupied and cannot be used in the meanwhile.

³² This could occur if an N-PDU is suspended several times within the dynamic segment.

³³ This could occur in case preceding FlowControl N-PDU not received (lost, overwritten) on overall sender side.



7.6 Counters

Several counters are used to handle the different retry attempts. This chapter defines these different counters and their increasing and decreasing behaviour. Each counter is limited by a specified value. The figure below shows the different interactions between timer, counter and function calls.

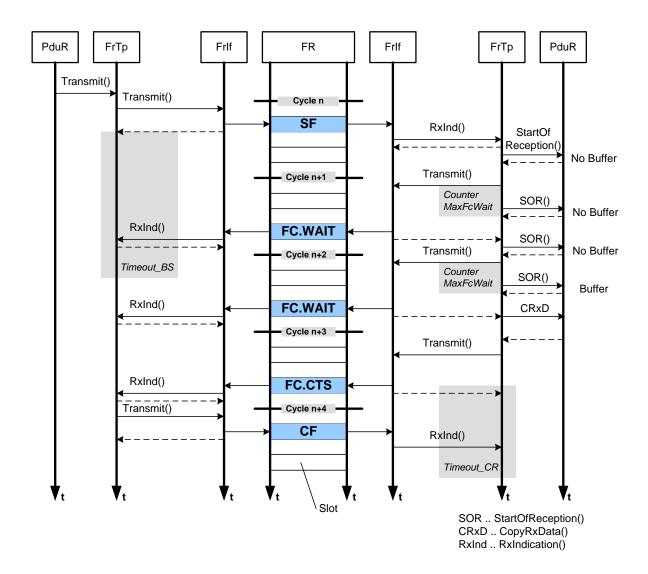


Figure 24: Counter, timer and function call interaction

[SWS_FrTp_01105] [The FrTp module shall support the counters and corresponding limits as defined in Table 4: FrTp Counter.] ()



Counter Name	Counter Description	Limit
COUNTER_FCWT	On receiver site: Counts the number of transmittes FlowControl.Wait frames ³⁴	FrTpMaxFCWait
COUNTER_FRIF	Counts the attempts to send an Fr N-PDU via the service primitive FrIf_Transmit() in case this call returns E NOT OK FrTpMaxFrIf FrTpMaxFrIf	
COUNTER_AR	Counts the attempts of the receiver to send an Fr N-PDU (FC, AF), in case a timeout AR occurs	FrTpMaxAr
COUNTER_AS	Counts the attempts to send an Fr N-PDU (SF, FF, LF) in case a timeout AS occurs	FrTpMaxAs
Counter_RX_RN	Counts the transmission retry requests on receiver site initiated due to a frame error, e.g. bad SN in a CF.	FrTpMaxRn

Table 4: FrTp Counter

[SWS_FrTp_01113] [If a counter of has been reached, the FrTp module shall react as defined in Table 5.] ()

Counter Name	Handling if counter has been reached	
COUNTER_FCWT	Abort transmission	
COUNTER_FRIF	Abort transmission	
COUNTER_AR	Abort Reception	
COUNTER_AS	Abort transmission	
COUNTER_RX_RN	Case a) Segmented – Acknowledged transmission 1) Abort reception by calling service primitive PduR_FrTpRxIndication with E_NOT_OK 2) Send FlowControl.ABT (if aFlowControl is possible)	

Table 5: FrTp module reaction if counters reached

-

³⁴ The limit of COUNTER_FCWT shall be in relation to the task to get an RxBuffer (service primitive call PduR_FrTpCopyRxData). The frequency of buffer request retries must be equal/higher than the FC.WAIT transmission frequency.



7.7 Error Handling

7.7.1 Error Detection

Note: If no production error is currently specified the requirement SWS FrTp 00218 could be disregarded.

[SWS_FrTp_01106] [The FrTpState shall be checked to detect whether FrTp module is initialized or not.] ()

7.7.2 Error Notification

Note: If no production error is currently specified the requirement SWS_FrTp_01110 could be disregarded.

[SWS_FrTp_01108] [The header file of the FrTp module, FrTp.h, shall provide a module Identifier FRTP MODULE ID.| ()

[SWS_FrTp_01109] [The module Identifier FRTP_MODULE_ID shall set to the value 0x24.| ()

7.7.3 Error Classification

This section describes how the FrTp module has to manage the several error classes that may occur during the life cycle of this basic software.

According to the general requirements on basic software modules [3] all basic software modules must distinguish (according to the product life cycle) two error types:

- Development errors:

These errors should be detected and fixed during development phase. In most cases, these errors are software errors. The detection of errors that should only occur during development can be switched off for production code (by static configuration, namely preprocessor switches).



- Production errors:

These errors are hardware errors and software exceptions that cannot be avoided and are expected to occur in the production (i.e. series) code.

7.7.3.1 Development Errors

This chapter shall list all Development Errors that can be detected within this software module. For each error, a value shall be defined.

[SWS_FrTp_01111] [The FrTp module shall support the error codes for development errors (Dev.) and production errors (Prod.) as defined in Table 6.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01132] [All errors which are listed within Table 6 and marked as "Dev." in the column Relevance are classified as development errors.]
()

[SWS_FrTp_01201][

Development Error Types

	Related error code	Value [hex]
Dev.	FRTP_E_UNINIT	0x01
Dev.	FRTP_E_PARAM_POINTER	0x02
Dev.	FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID	0x03
Dev.	FRTP_E_INVALID_PARAMETER	0x04
Dev.	FRTP_E_SEG_ERROR	0x05
Dev.	FRTP_E_UMSG_LENGTH_ERROR	0x06
Dev.	FRTP_E_NO_CHANNEL	0x07
Dev.	FRTP_E_INIT_FAILED	0x08
	Dev. Dev. Dev. Dev. Dev.	Dev. FRTP_E_PARAM_POINTER Dev. FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID Dev. FRTP_E_INVALID_PARAMETER Dev. FRTP_E_SEG_ERROR Dev. FRTP_E_UMSG_LENGTH_ERROR Dev. FRTP_E_NO_CHANNEL

Dev. .. Development Prod. .. Production

] ()

Table 6: Module error classification

7.7.3.2 Runtime Errors

There are no runtime errors.

³⁵ No free channel could occure for each ECU in principle, but especially for gateway configuration this error shall indicate architecture/configuration problems.



7.7.3.3 Transient Faults

There are no transient faults.

7.7.3.4 Production Errors

There are no production errors.

7.7.3.5 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.



8 API specification

8.1 Imported types

This chapter lists all included types for FlexRay Transport Layer and their corresponding header files.

[SWS_FrTp_00141] [Std_ReturnType shall be imported from Std Types.h./ () [SWS_FrTp_01164] [Std_VersionInfoType shall be imported from Std_Types.h.| () [BufReq ReturnType shall be imported from [SWS FrTp 01165] ComStack_Types.h.| () [SWS FrTp 01167] [PduldType shall imported be from ComStack_Types.h.J () [SWS FrTp 01168] [PduInfoType shall imported be from ComStack_Types.h.J () [SWS FrTp 01169] [PduLengthType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h. I()[SWS_FrTp_01170] [RetryInfoType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h.| () [SWS_FrTp_01178] [TPParameterType shall be imported from ComStack_Types.h.

Module	Imported Type
ComStack_Types	BufReq_ReturnType
	PduldType
	PduInfoType
	PduLengthType
	RetryInfoType
	TPParameterType
Std_Types	Std_ReturnType
	Std_VersionInfoType

8.2 Type definitions

1 ()



8.2.1 FrTp_ConfigType

The post-build-time configuration fulfills two functionalities:

- Post-build selctable, where more than one configuration is located in the ECU, and one is selected at init of the FrTp module
- Post-build loadable, where one configuration is located in the ECU. This configuration may be reprogrammed after compile-time

Basically there is no restriction to mix both selectable and loadable. Typically the post-build loadable is located in its own flash sector where it can be reprogrammed without affecting other modules/applications.

[SWS_FrTp_01194][

<u></u>	· al	
Name:	FrTp_ConfigType	
Туре:	Structure	
Range:	<pre>implementation specific</pre>	
Description:	This is the base type for the configuration of the FlexRay Transport Protocol A pointer to an instance of this structure will be used in the initialization of the FlexRay Transport Protocol.	
	The outline of the structure is defined in chapter 10 Configuration Specification	

] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01137] [The type FrTp_ConfigType is an external data structure containing post-build-time configuration data of the FrTp module which shall be implemented in FrTp_PBcfg.c (see chapter 5.6.1). | ()

8.3 Function definitions



8.3.1 Standard functions

8.3.1.1 FrTp_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_FrTp_00215] [

Service name:	FrTp_GetVersionInfo		
Syntax:	<pre>void FrTp_GetVersionInfo(Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x27		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module.		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Returns the version information.		

| (SRS_BSW_00407)

[SWS_FrTp_00202] [The function FrTp_GetVersionInfo shall return the version information of this module. The version information includes:

- Two bytes for the vendor ID
- One byte for the module ID
- Three bytes version number.

The numbering shall be vendor specific; it consists of:

- The major, the minor and the patch version number of the module.] ()

Note: The AUTOSAR specification version number is checked during compile

time and therefore not required in this API.

Note: Please refer also to document: AUTOSAR SWS StandardTypes.pdf.

FrTpVersionInfoApi/ ()



8.3.2 Initialization and Shutdown

8.3.2.1 FrTp_Init

[SWS_FrTp_00147] [

Service name:	FrTp_Init	
Syntax:	void FrTp_Init(const FrTp_ConfigType* configPtr	
Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	configPtr Pointer to FlexRay Transport Protocol configuration.	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
	This service initializes all global variables of a FlexRay Transport Layer instance and set it in the idle state. It has no return value because software errors in initialisation data shall be detected during configuration time (e.g. by configuration tool).	

J (SRS_BSW_00101)

8.3.2.2 FrTp_Shutdown

[SWS_FrTp_00148] [

Service name:	FrTp_Shutdown	
Syntax:	void FrTp_Shutdown(
	void	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x01	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This service closes all pending transport protocol connections by simply stopping operation, frees all resources and stops the FrTp Module	

] ()



8.3.3 Normal Operation

8.3.3.1 FrTp_Transmit

[SWS_FrTp_00149].[

SWS_Fr1p_00149] . [<u> </u>		
Service name:	FrTp_Transmit		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType FrTp_Transmit(PduIdType FrTpTxSduId, const PduInfoType* FrTpTxSduInfoPtr)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x02		
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	FrTpTxSduld	This parameter contains the FlexRay TP instance unique identifier of the FrTp N-SDU to be transmitted.	
Parameters (in):	FrTpTxSduInfoPtr	Tx N-SDU Information Structure which contains a) pointer to the FrTp Tx N-SDU b) the length of the FrTp Tx N-SDU	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: The request has not been accepted, e. g. parameter check has failed or no FrTpChannel resource is free.	
	This service is utilized to request the transfer of data. It sets a flag for indicating that a transmit request is present. This function has to be called with FrTp's SDU-Id, i.e. the upper layer has to translate its own PDU-Id into the FrTp's SDU-ID for the corresponding message. Within the provided FrTpSduInfoPtr only SduLength is valid (no data)! If this function returns E_OK then there will arise an call of PduR_FrTpCopyTxData in order to get data for sending.		

| ()

Note:

The service primitive FrTp_Transmit sets the flag TX_SDU_AVAILABLE if new data are available for transmission.

[SWS_FrTp_01140] [If development error detection for the FrTp_Transmit is enabled: the function FrTp_Transmit shall check the parameter FrTpTxSduInfoPtr for being valid. If the check for FrTpTxSduInfoPtr fails, the function FrTp_Transmit shall raise the development error FRTP_E_PARAM_POINTER and return E_NOT_OK.] ()



8.3.3.2 FrTp_CancelTransmit

[SWS_FrTp_00150] [

Service name:	FrTp_CancelTransmit	
Syntax:	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_CancelTransmit(PduIdType FrTpTxSduId)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x03	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	FrTpTxSduld	This parameter contains the FlexRay TP instance unique identifier of the Fr N-SDU which transfer has to be cancelled.
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Transmit cancellation request of the specified Fr N-SDU is accepted. E_NOT_OK: Transmit cancellation request of the specified Fr N-SDU is rejected
Descriptions	This comics mainsiti	for an unsegmented data transmission
Description:	This service primitive is used to cancel the transfer of pending Fr N-SDUs. The connection is identified by FrTpTxSduld. When the function returns, no transmission is in progress anymore with the given N-SDU identifier.	

] ()

8.3.3.3 FrTp_ChangeParameter

[SWS_FrTp_00151] [

Service name:	FrTp_Change	FrTp_ChangeParameter		
Syntax:	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_ChangeParameter(PduIdType id, TPParameterType parameter, uint16 value)</pre>			
Service ID[hex]:	0x04	0x04		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrar	Non Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	id	Identification of the I-PDU to which the parameter the request shall affect.		
	parameter	The selected parameter that the request shall change. Only the parameter TP_BC is accepted by FrTp.		
	value	The value that the request shall change to. Range: \$0000 - \$00FF		
Parameters	None			



(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType E_OK: request is accepted E_NOT_OK: request is not accepted	
Description:	Request to change transport protocol parameter BandwithControl.	

1 ()

- [SWS_FrTp_01143] Γ lf development detection for the error FrTp_ChangeParameter enabled: is the function FrTp ChangeParameter shall check the parameter Id for being valid. If the check for Id fails, the function FrTp_ChangeParameter shall raise the development error FRTP E INVALID PDU SDU ID E NOT OK. ()
- [SWS_FrTp_01144] lf development detection for the error FrTp ChangeParameter is enabled: the function FrTp ChangeParameter shall check the parameter for being valid. If the check for parameter fails, the function FrTp_ChangeParameter shall raise the development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PARAMETER and return E NOT OK.I ()

8.3.3.4 FrTp_CancelReceive

[SWS_FrTp_01172] [

Service name:	FrTp_CancelReceive		
Syntax:	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_CancelReceive(PduIdType FrTpRxSduId)</pre>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x08		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	FrTpRxSduId	SDU-Id of currently ongoing reception	
Parameters (inout):	None		
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Reception was terminated sucessfully E_NOT_OK: Reception was not terminated.	
Description:	By calling this API with the corresponding RxSduId, the currently ongoing data reception is terminated immediately. When function returns, no reception is in progress anymore with the given N-SDU identifier.		

] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01180] [If development error detection is enabled:

The function FrTp_CancelReceive shall check the parameter FrTpRxSduld for being valid. If the check for FrTpRxSduld fails, the function shall raise the development error FRTP E INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID and return E_NOT_OK.] ()



[SWS_FrTp_01181] [The FrTp shall abort the reception of the current N-SDU if the service FrTp_CancelReceive provides a valid FrTpRxSduld.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01182] [The FrTp shall reject the request for receive cancellation in case of an

- a) unsegmented reception or
- b) in case the FrTp is in the process of receiving the LastFrame of the N-SDU

and shall return E_NOT_OK.| ()

[SWS_FrTp_01183] [If the FrTp_CancelReceive service has been successfully Executed, FrTp_CancelReceive shall return with result E_OK.] ()

8.4 Call-back notifications

8.4.1 FrTp_TriggerTransmit

[SWS_FrTp_00154] [

Service name:	FrTp_TriggerTra	FrTp_TriggerTransmit		
Syntax:	<pre>Std_ReturnType FrTp_TriggerTransmit(PduIdType TxPduId,</pre>			
	PduInfoT	ype* PduInfoPtr		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x41			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for diff	ferent Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.		
Parameters (in):	TxPduld	ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted.		
	PduInfoPtr	Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU		
Parameters		data shall be copied, and the available buffer size in SduLengh.		
(inout):		On return, the service will indicate the length of the copied SDU		
,		data in SduLength.		
Parameters (out):	None	None		
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indicates the		
		number of copied bytes.		
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: No SDU data has been copied. PduInfoPtr must not		
		be used since it may contain a NULL pointer or point to invalid		
		data.		
Description:	Within this API, the upper layer module (called module) shall check whether the			
	available data fits into the buffer size reported by PduInfoPtr->SduLength.			
	If it fits, it shall copy its data into the buffer provided by PduInfoPtr->SduDataPtr			
	and update the length of the actual copied data in PduInfoPtr->SduLength.			
	If not, it returns E_NOT_OK without changing PduInfoPtr.			
	not, it rotation L_ivo i_ort without changing i duffior it.			

] ()



development error FRTP_E_INVALID_PDU_SDU_ID and return E_NOT_OK. | ()

8.4.2 FrTp_RxIndication

[SWS_FrTp_00152] [

Service name:	FrTp_RxIndication	
Syntax:	<pre>void FrTp_RxIndication(PduIdType RxPduId, const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr)</pre>	
Service ID[hex]:	0x42	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in):	RxPduId ID of the received I-PDU. PduInfoPtr Contains the length (SduLength) of the received I-PDU and a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing the I-PDU.	
Parameters (inout):	None	
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Indication of a received I-PDU from a lower layer communication interface module.	

1 ()



8.4.3 FrTp_TxConfirmation

[SWS_FrTp_00153] [

-		
Service name:	FrTp_TxConfirmation	
Syntax:	void FrTp TxConfirmation(
	PduIdType TxPduId	
Service ID[hex]:	0x40	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
Parameters (in):	TxPduld ID of the I-PDU that has been transmitted.	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The lower layer communication interface module confirms the transmission of an I-PDU.	

] ()

8.5 Scheduled functions

Basic Software Scheduler directly calls these functions.

8.5.1 FrTp_MainFunction

[SWS_FrTp_00203] [The $FrTp_MainFunction$ shall be used to schedule the FrTp module.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_00580] [The FrTp_MainFunction shall be the entry point for FrTp processing tasks.] ()

[SWS_FrTp_01152] [The FrTp_MainFunction shall be called at least one time per FlexRay cycle. 36] ()

³⁶ The number of MainFunction calls depends on the global Flexray communication cycle length, the available reveive buffers of the FlexRay driver and the implementation (which functionality of transmission and reception could be implemented in interrupt mode). At least one call is necessary to reconfigure the buffers for the corresponding cycle.



[SWS_FrTp_00162] [The FrTp_MainFunction shall follow the service primitive definition as described below:

Service name:	FrTp_MainFunction	
Syntax:	void FrTp_MainFunction(
	void	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x10	
Description:	Schedules the FlexRay TP. (Entry point for scheduling)	

] ()

8.6 Expected Interfaces

This chapter describes all expected APIs from other modules.

8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all mandatory interfaces (API service primitives), which are required in order to fulfill the core functionality of the FrTp module.

[SWS_FrTp_00577]

API function	Description
Frlf_Transmit	Requests the sending of a PDU.
PduR_FrTpCopyRxData	This function is called to provide the received data of an I-PDU segment (N-PDU) to the upper layer. Each call to this function provides the next part of the I-PDU data. The size of the remaining data is written to the position indicated by bufferSizePtr.
PduR_FrTpCopyTxData	This function is called to acquire the transmit data of an I-PDU segment (N-PDU). Each call to this function provides the next part of the I-PDU data unless retry->TpDataState is TP_DATARETRY. In this case the function restarts to copy the data beginning at the offset from the current position indicated by retry->TxTpDataCnt. The size of the remaining data is written to the position indicated by availableDataPtr.
PduR_FrTpRxIndication	Called after an I-PDU has been received via the TP API, the result indicates whether the transmission was successful or not.
PduR_FrTpStartOfReception	This function is called at the start of receiving an N-SDU. The N-SDU might be fragmented into multiple N-PDUs (FF with one or more following CFs) or might consist of a single N-PDU (SF).
PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation	This function is called after the I-PDU has been transmitted on its network, the result indicates whether the transmission was successful or not.

If more than one call is necessary it is recommended to call MainFunction at the start of the static segment and at the start of the dynamic segment within the communication cycle. If the length of that segments are asymetic the different segment lengths have to be considered.



Table 7: FrTp_MandatoryInterfaces

8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines the interfaces, which are required, in order to fulfill the optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_FrTp_00579]

<u>, </u>	
API function	Description
Det_ReportError	Service to report development errors.
Frlf_CancelTransmit	Wraps the FlexRay Driver API function Fr_CancelTxLPdu

Table 8: FrTp_OptionalInterfaces

8.6.3 Configurable interfaces

No interfaces are defined.



9 Sequence diagrams

Although the following sequence diagrams are quite detailed, they do not depict every detail. Thus they should be seen as an addendum to this specification.

9.1 Sending of N-Pdus

The flow chart below depicts the sending process' API calls and flag handling. The flow chart shows segmented/unsegmented transfer, Transfer with and without acknowledgement and immediate / decoubled buffer access.

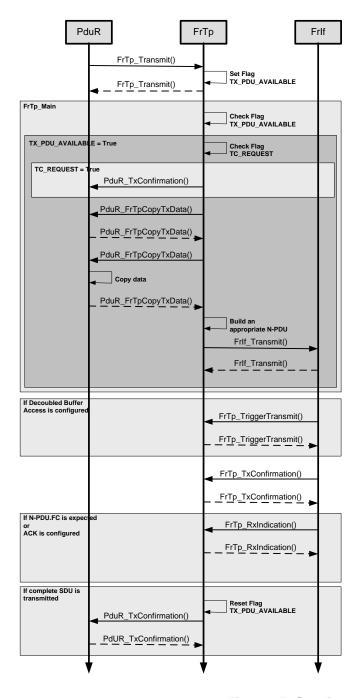


Figure 25: Sending of N-Pdus



9.2 Receiving of N-Pdus

The flow chart below depicts the receiving process' API calls and flag handling. The flow chart shows segmented/unsegmented transfer, Transfer with and without acknowledgement and immediate / decoubled buffer access.

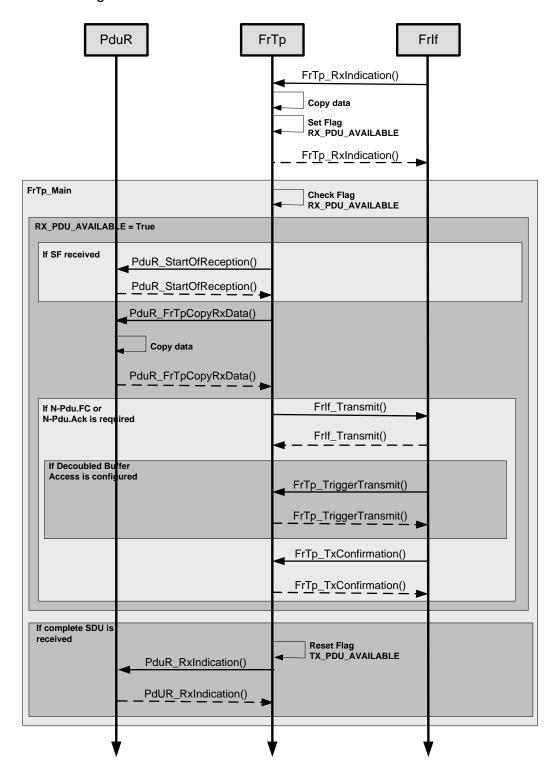


Figure 26: Receiving of N-Pdus (FrTp_MainFunction() shall call PduR_FrTpStartOfReception() routine)



10 Configuration specification

This chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification, Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the FlexRay Transport Layer module.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information for the module FlexRay Transport Layer module.

[SWS_FrTp_00569] [The configuration tool should extract all information to configure the FlexRay Transport Protocol.] ()

10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in SWS_BSWGeneral.



10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters for the FrTp module.

10.2.1 Variants

VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	Only parameters with "Pre-compile time" configuration are allowed in this variant.
VARIANT-POST-BUILD	Parameters with "Pre-compile time" and "Post-build time" are allowed in this
	variant.

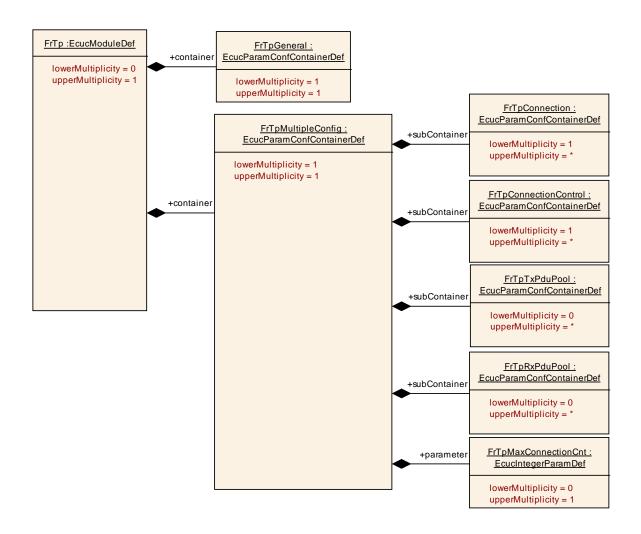
] ()

10.2.2 FrTp

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00001:
Module Name	FrTp
IVINALIIA LIASCRINTIAN	Configuration of the FlexRay Transport Protocol module according to ISO 10681-2.
Post-Build Variant Support	true

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTpGeneral		This container contains the general configuration parameters of the FlexRay Transport Protocol module.
FrTpMultipleConfig		This container contains the configuration parameters and sub containers of the AUTOSAR FrTp module.





10.2.3 FrTpGeneral

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00009:
Container Name	FrTpGeneral
II IASCRINTIAN	This container contains the general configuration parameters of the FlexRay Transport Protocol module.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00002:			
Name	FrTpAckRt	FrTpAckRt		
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling the Acknowledgement and retry mechanisms. True: Acknowledge and Retry is enabled False: Acknowledge and Retry is disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			





SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00004:			
Name	FrTpChanNum	FrTpChanNum		
Description	Preprocessor switch for defining the number of concurrent channels the module supports. Up to 32 channels shall be definable here.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	1 32	1 32		
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00052:		
Name	FrTpChangeParamApi		
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling the API to change FrTp communication parameters. True: ChangeParameter API is enabled False: ChangeParameter API is disabled.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00008:			
Name	FrTpDevErrorDetect			
Description	Switches the Default Error T OFF.	Switches the Default Error Tracer (Det) detection and notification ON or OFF.		
	true: enabled (ON).			
	false: disabled (OFF)	false: disabled (OFF).		
Multiplicity	1			
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00051:			
Name	FrTpFullDuplexEnable			
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling full duplex mechanisms for all channels. True: Full duplex is enabled False: Fullduplex is disabled (Half duplex is enabled)			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			



Specification of FlexRay ISO Transport Layer AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

	Post-build time	1	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		
	- -		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00011:			
Name	FrTpMainFuncCycle	FrTpMainFuncCycle		
Description	This parameter contains the calling period of the TPs Main Function. The parameter is specified in seconds.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	0 INF	0 INF		
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00036:			
Name	FrTpTransmitCancellation	FrTpTransmitCancellation		
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling Transmit Cancellation and Receive Cancellation. True: Transmit/Receive Cancellation is enabled False: Transmit/Receive Cancellation is disabled			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00044:				
Name	FrTpUnknownMsgLength	FrTpUnknownMsgLength			
Description	Preprocessor switch to support data transfer with unknown message length. True: Transmission with unknown message length is enabled False: Transmission with unknown message length is disabled				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	false				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants				
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00045:		
Name	FrTpVersionInfoApi		
Description	Preprocessor switch for enabling the Version info API. True: Version Info API is enabled False: Version Info API is disabled		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants

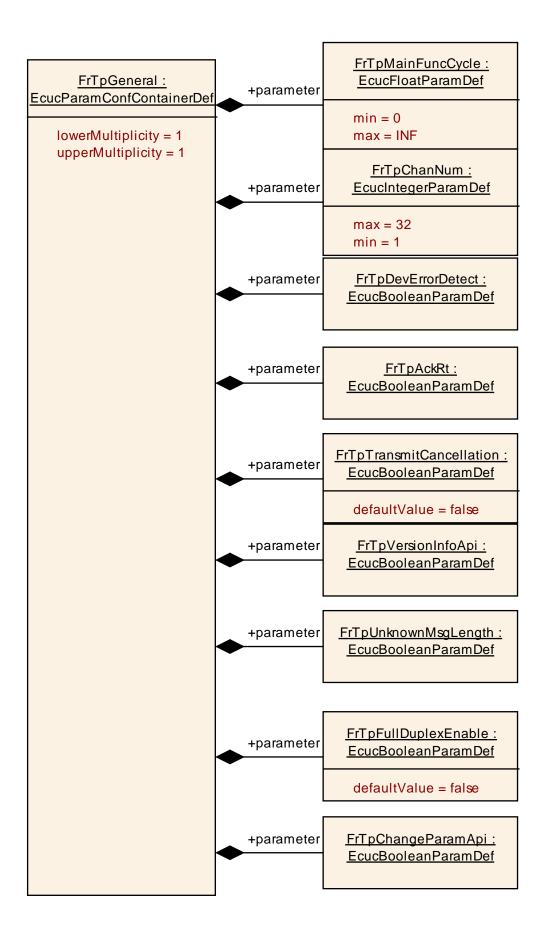


Specification of FlexRay ISO Transport Layer AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

	Link time	
	Post-build time	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	

No Included Containers		
No Included Containers		







10.2.4 FrTpMultipleConfig

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00018:
Container Name	FrTpMultipleConfig
	This container contains the configuration parameters and sub containers of the AUTOSAR FrTp module.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00054:		
Name	FrTpMaxConnectionCnt		
Description	Maximum number of TP connections. This parameter is needed only in case of post-build loadable implementation using static memory allocation.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 18446744073709551615		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time	1	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTpConnection		This container contains the connection specific parameters to transfer N-PDUs via FlexRay TP.
FrTpConnectionControl		This container contains the configuration parameters to control a FlexRay TP connection.
FrTpRxPduPool	I () "	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.
FrTpTxPduPool	I () "	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.

10.2.5 FrTpConnection

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00006:				
Container Name	FrTpConnection	FrTpConnection			
Description	This container contains the connection specific parameters to transfer N-PDUs via FlexRay TP.				
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true				
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
Class	Link time	1			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Configuration Parameters					





SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00050:			
Name	FrTpBandwidthLimitation			
Description	This parameter indicates whether the connection requires a bandwidth limitation or not. If FrTpBandwidthLimitation=True the sender shall send a StartFrame always on the first PDU of a PDU-Pool.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00010:			
Name	FrTpLa			
Description	This parameter defines the Local Address for the respective connection. When the local instance is the sender, this is the Source Address within the TP frame. When the local instance is the receiver, this is the Target Address within the TP frame.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00019:	ECUC_FrTp_00019:			
Name	FrTpMultipleReceiverCon				
Description	This parameter defines, whether this connection is an 1:1 ('false') or an 1:n ('true') connection. If data segmentation is required this parameter is used to check whether segmentation is possible or not. If the connection is 1:n segmentation is not possible and an error will occur.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
_	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00021:	
Name	FrTpRa	
	This parameter defines the Remote Address for the respective connection. When the local instance is the sender, this is the Target Address within the TP frame. When the local instance is the receiver, this is the Source Address within the TP frame.	
Multiplicity	1	
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef	
Range	0 65535	
Default value		
Post-Build Variant Value	true	





Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	I	
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00005:				
Name	FrTpConCtrlRef	FrTpConCtrlRef			
Description	FrTpConnectionControlReference: This parameter defines a reference to a connection control container.				
Multiplicity	1				
Type	Reference to [FrTpConnectionControl]				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

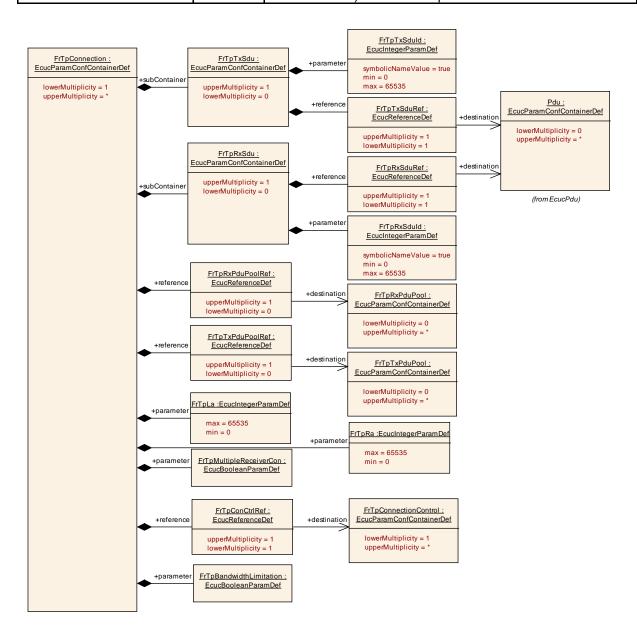
SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00025:		
Name	FrTpRxPduPoolRef		
Description	This parameter defines a ref	erenc	e to a RxPduPool.
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	Reference to [FrTpRxPduP	ool]	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00039:				
Name	FrTpTxPduPoolRef				
Description	This parameter defines a ref	This parameter defines a reference to a TxPduPool.			
Multiplicity	01				
Туре	Reference to [FrTpTxPduPc	ool]			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
Class	Link time	1			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	1			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTpRxSdu	01	This parameter defines the Rx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR.
FrTpTxSdu		This parameter defines the Tx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module



communication) between FrTp and PDUR.



10.2.6 FrTpTxSdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00041:
Container Name	FrTpTxSdu
Description	This parameter defines the Tx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00042:
Name	FrTpTxSduld
Description	This is a unique identifier for a to be transmitted message from the PduR to the FrTp. ImplementationType: PduIdType



Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 65535		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time	ŀ	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00043:		
Name	FrTpTxSduRef		
Description	Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	Reference to [Pdu]		
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency		•	

No Included Containers

10.2.7 FrTpRxSdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00027:
Container Name	FrTpRxSdu
Description	This parameter defines the Rx Service Data Unit Identifier (Sdu Id) which uniquely identifies a data transfer (inter-module communication) between FrTp and PDUR.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00053:			
Name	FrTpRxSduld			
Description	This unique identifier is used for change parameter request or receive cancellation from PduR to FrTp. ImplementationType: PduIdType			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00028:
Name	FrTpRxSduRef
Description	Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure.
Multiplicity	1
Туре	Reference to [Pdu]
Post-Build Variant Value	true



Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency			

lo Included Containers	

10.2.8 FrTpConnectionControl

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00007:			
Container Name	FrTpConnectionControl	FrTpConnectionControl		
Description	This container contains the configuration parameters to control a FlexRay TP connection.			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
Class	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Configuration Parameters				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00003:			
Name	FrTpAckType			
Description	This parameter defines the type of acknowledgement which is used for the specific channel.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	FRTP_ACK_WITH_RT	FRTP_ACK_WITH_RT Acknowledgement with retry		
	FRTP_NO	FRTP_NO No acknowledgement		
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Configuration	Link time			
Class	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00012:			
Name	FrTpMaxAr			
Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of trying to send a frame when a TIMEOUT AR occurs.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	1		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00013:
Name	FrTpMaxAs





Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of trying to send a frame when a TIMEOUT AS occurs.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00015:				
Name	FrTpMaxBufferSize	FrTpMaxBufferSize			
Description	Limits the maximal buffer size the FrTp can choose in order to limit the amount of Tx buffer that will be requested at the sender side in a segmented transfer.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	1 65535				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	1			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00014:		
Name	FrTpMaxFCWait		
Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of FlowControl N-PDUs with FlowState "WAIT"		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 255		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00016:			
Name	FrTpMaxFrlf			
Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of trying to send a frame when the FrIf returns an error.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	1		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	·		



Specification of FlexRay ISO Transport Layer AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

Name	FrTpMaxNbrOfNPduPerCycle			
Description	This parameter is part of the ISO 10681-2 protocol's FlowControl parameter "Bandwidth Control (BC)". It limits the number of N-Pdus the sender is allowed to transmit within a FlexRay cycle.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 31			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00017:			
Name	FrTpMaxRn			
Description	This parameter defines the maximum number of retries (if retry is configured).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00020:			
Name	FrTpSCexp			
Description	This parameter is part of the ISO 10681-2 protocol's FlowControl parameter "Bandwidth Control (BC)". It represents the exponent to calculate the minimum number of "Separation Cycles" the sender has to wait for the next transmission of an FrTp N-Pdu.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	07			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00047:		
Name	FrTpTimeBr		
	This parameter defines the time in seconds the FrTp requires to transmit a corresponding FlowControl Frame. According to ISO 10681-2 this parameter is a performance requirement.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 0.255		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time		



Specification of FlexRay ISO Transport Layer AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00056:		
Name	FrTpTimeCs		
Description	This parameter defines the time in seconds between the sending of two CFs or between the sending of a CF and LF or between the reception of a FC and sending of the next CF.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 65.535		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: FrTpTimeCs + (FrTpTimeoutAs * FrTpMaxAs) < FrTpTimeoutCr		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00031:		
Name	FrTpTimeFrlf		
Description	This parameter defines the time in seconds of waiting for the next try (if retry is activated) to send via FrIf_Transmit.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 0.255		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time	1	
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00032:		
Name	FrTpTimeoutAr		
Description	This parameter states the timeout in seconds between the PDU transmit request of the Transport Layer to the FlexRay Interface and the corresponding confirmation of the FlexRay Interface on the receiver side (for FC or AF).		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 65.535		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_BR + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR < FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered).		

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00033:
Name	FrTpTimeoutAs
Description	This parameter specifies the timeout in seconds the FrIf shall confirm a



	transmitted Pdu to the FrTp.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 65.535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_CS + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS < FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered).			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00058:	ECUC_FrTp_00058:		
Name	FrTpTimeoutBr			
Description	This parameter specifies the timeout in seconds between the PDU receive indication of the Transport Layer to the FlexRay Interface and the corresponding PDU transmission of the FlexRay Interface on the receiver side.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	0 65.535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00034:			
Name	FrTpTimeoutBs			
Description	This parameter defines the timeout in seconds for waiting for an FC or AF on the sender side in a 1:1 connection.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	0 65.535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	Link time		
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local dependency: It is obvious that FRTP_TIME_BR + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AR < FRTP_TIMEOUT_BS must hold (because the transmission duration on the bus has also to be considered).			

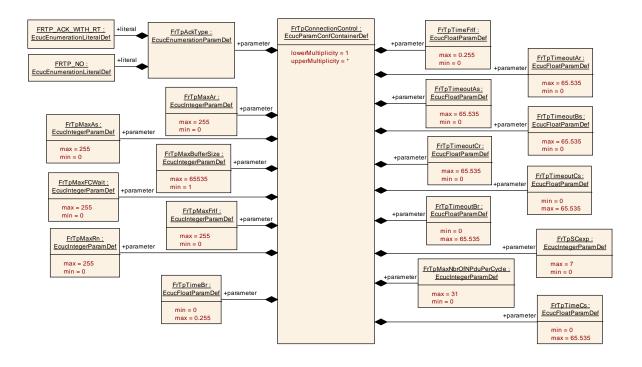
SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00035:	
Name	FrTpTimeoutCr	
Description	This parameter defines the timeout value in seconds a receiver is waiting for a CF or a LF.	
Multiplicity	1	
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef	
Range	0 65.535	
Default value		
Post-Build Variant Value	true	



Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
		nold (b	TP_TIME_CS + FRTP_TIMEOUT_AS < pecause the transmission duration on the

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00057:		
Name	FrTpTimeoutCs		
Description	This parameter specifies the timeout in seconds to transmit the next ConsecutiveFrame N-PDU or the last frame N-PDU after receiving the flow control frame (CTS) from the sender side.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 65.535		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

No Included Containers



10.2.9 FrTpTxPduPool

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00038:
Container Name	FrTpTxPduPool
Description	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true



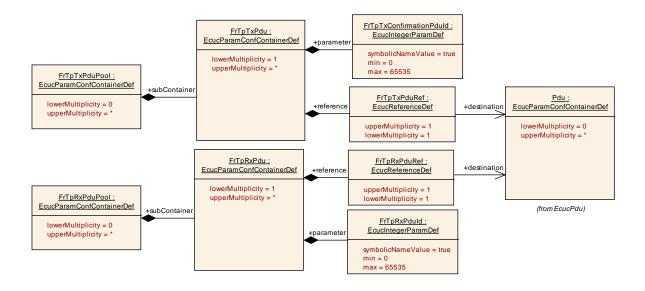
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			

Included Containers					
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency			
FrTpTxPdu	1 "	Container to hold the PDU parameters. ImplementationType: PduInfoType			

10.2.10 FrTpRxPduPool

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00024:		
Container Name	FrTpRxPduPool		
Description	This container contains all Pdus that are assigned to that Pdu Pool.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FrTpRxPdu	1 *	Container to hold the PDU parameters.
rripkxedd I	1	ImplementationType: PduInfoType





10.2.11 FrTpTxPdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00037:		
Container Name	FrTpTxPdu		
Description	Container to hold the PDU parameters. ImplementationType: PduInfoType		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00049:			
Name	FrTpTxConfirmationPduId			
Description	Handle Id to be used by the FrIf to confirm the transmission of the FrTpTxPdu to the FrIf module (FrTp_TxConfirmation) and for TriggerTransmit (FrTp_TriggerTransmit).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00040:			
Name	FrTpTxPduRef			
Description	Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Reference to [Pdu]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

No Included Containers

10.2.12 FrTpRxPdu

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00022:			
Container Name	FrTpRxPdu			
Description	Container to hold the PDU parameters. ImplementationType: PduInfoType			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
Class	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Configuration Parameters				



Specification of FlexRay ISO Transport Layer AUTOSAR Release 4.2.2

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00023:			
Name	FrTpRxPduld			
Description	This is a unique identifier for a received message which is forwarded from the FrIf to the FrTp. ImplementationType: PduIdType			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 65535			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_FrTp_00026:			
Name	FrTpRxPduRef			
Description	Reference to a PDU in the global PDU structure.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Reference to [Pdu]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers



10.3 Published Information

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 "Published Information" in SWS_BSWGeneral.

10.4 Configuration dependencies and recommendation

The FrTp module functionality is based on several configuration parameters. To guarantee a well working software module this chapter gives some recommendation to the configuration parameter set. These rules shall be part of consistency checks of configuration tools.

10.4.1 Retry behaviour

The term of retry is used several times within this document but always with different focus. As depict in Figure 27 the FrTp module has basically two different retry behaviours:

- a) Multiple API calls in case of an error or a busy system
- b) Retry of PDU transfer depending on transport protocol conditions.

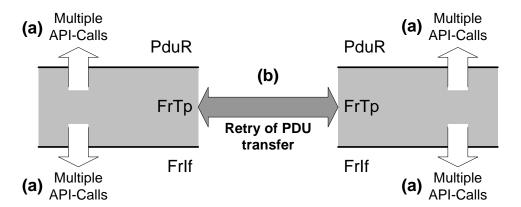


Figure 27: FrTp Retry Scenarios

Only for case (b) Retry of PDU transfer a global switch for enabling and disabling is defined (FRTP_HAVE_ACKRT). All other cases depend on the configuration of the different counters for the API calls: FRTP_MAX_FCWAIT, FRTP_MAX_AR.

10.4.2 TP-Acknowledgement and Retry



Acknowledgement and retry is only possible on 1:1 connections because the communication nodes have to deal with the FlowControl N-PDU parameters. FlowControl is not allowed for 1:n connections.

10.4.3 Timing and Timeout Parameters

Timing and timeout behaviour depends on the global FlexRay schedule. To guarantee a stable system some timing and timeout relations shall be taken into account. The timeout behaviour is defined in chapter 7.5.8.

→ Hinweise Configurationshinweis

```
For timeout As configuration it shall be considered that
[SWS FrTp 01154]
           FRTP TIMEOUT AS > FRTP TIME AS | ()
[SWS FrTp 01155]
                      [ For timeout Ar configuration it shall be considered that
           FRTP TIMEOUT AR > FRTP TIME AR | ()
                      [ For timeout Bs configuration it shall be considered that
[SWS FrTp 00599]
           FRTP TIMEOUT BS
                                 FRTP TIME BR
                              >
                                                  + FRTP TIME AR | ()
[SWS FrTp 01153]
                      For timeout Cr configuration it shall be considered that
           FRTP TIMEOUT CR > FRTP TIME CS
                                                  + FRTP TIME AS | ()
Note:
           FRTP TIME AR, FRTP TIME AS, FRTP TIME BR and
           FRTP TIME CS are performance timing values and depend on the
           global FlexRay schedule. To calculate that values please refer to the
           formulas at ISO 10681-2 [16]
[SWS FrTp 00180]
                                        configuration
                           The
                                 FrTp
                                                      shall
                                                                      that
```

2 SeparationCycleExponent -1 x t_{CycleTime} ≤ FRTP_TIMEOUT_CR . 37] ()

10.4.4 Bandwidth Control Configuration

It could occur that an ECU is not able to receive as much PDUs as defined within the PDU-Pool referenced by a connection³⁸. In that case the bandwidth has to be limited

³⁸ This is possible if a Flexray Communication Controller only supports less Rx buffers and buffer reconfiguration at the end of a cycle is not possible or desired.

³⁷ This is to prevent a timeouts. Please refer to ISO 10681-2.



by the receiver. There are three possibilities to limit the bandwidth for a connection link:

- a) Limit Bandwidth by Parameter FlowControl.BandwidthControl.MaxPduPerCycle in combination with Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms.³⁹
- b) Limit Bandwidth by Parameter FlowControl.BandwidthControl.MaxPduPerCycle to reduce the number of allowed PDUs of the currently selected PDU-Pool.
- c) Limit Bandwidth by using a dedicated PDU-Pool for the connection to the affected Ecu.

10.4.4.1 BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter in combination with Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms

If BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter in combination with Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms is used no additional configuration restictions occur. This szenario implements "pure" ISO 10681-2 behaviour with focus on FlexRay 3.0 Hardware FIFO buffer mechanisms. The figure below shows the dependencies.

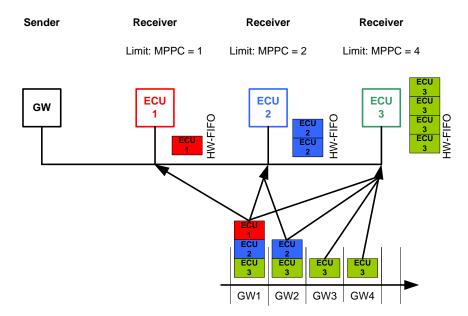


Figure 28: BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameters in combination with HW FIFO buffer

10.4.4.2 BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter

If BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameter is used some configuration restictions have to be taken into account. The figure below shows the dependencies.

_

³⁹ This is an esential mechanism of FlexRay 3.0 protocol.



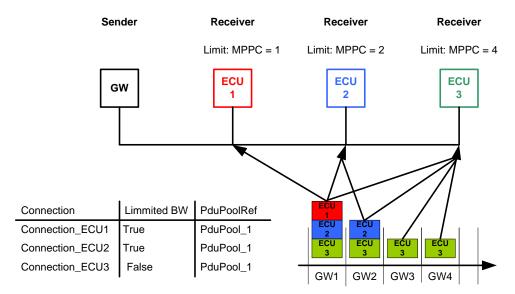


Figure 29: BandwidthControl by FlowControl Parameters

In a network four FlexRay nodes are connected. 4 PDUs are defined for the sender node. Two of the receivers have bandwidth limitations (ECU1 and ECU2). The configuration restrictions are:

- [SWS_FrTp_01173] [If bandwidth limitation in a connection to a certain ECU is realized by FlowControl parameter BC (without HW-FIFO mechanism), the attribute "FrTpBandwidthLimitation" within the corresponding connection shall be set to "TRUE".] ()

- [SWS_FrTp_01177] [If the attribute "FrTpBandwidthLimitation" is set to "TRUE", a Rx-connection shall use the first Pdu of the referenced Tx-Pdu-Pool for sending the required FlowControl frame to continue a communication link.] ()

10.4.4.3 BandwidthControl via different PDU Pools

If BandwidthControl is realized by different PDU Pools two different szenarios could occur.

10.4.4.3.1 BandwidthControl via non-overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools



In case an ECU is not capable of receiving all Tx-Pdus sent for TP-communication in the FlexRay-cluster then non-overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools can be configured as shown in the figure below:

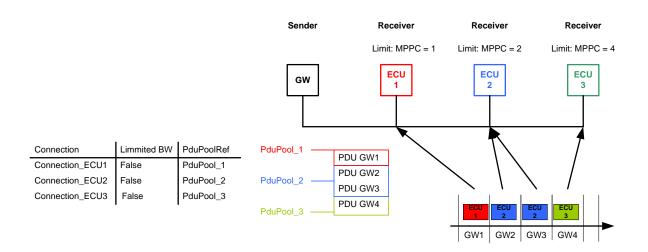


Figure 30: BandwidthControl by non-overlapping PDU Pools

10.4.4.3.2 BandwidthControl via overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools

In case an Ecu is not capable of receiving all Tx-Pdus sent for TP- communication in the FlexRay-cluster then dedicated overlapping Tx-Pdu-Pools can be configured as shown in the figure below:

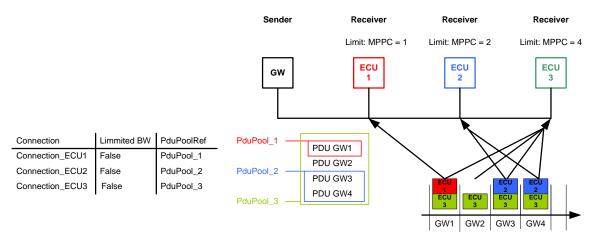


Figure 31: BandwidthControl by multiple PDU Pools

In the figure above ECU1 and ECU2 are not capable of receiving all Pdus GW1-GW4 shown above in their Rx-buffers ("Weak Ecu") and dedicated overlapping Pdu-Pools are configured and used. One Tx-Pdu can belong to more than one Tx-PDU-Pool at the same time⁴⁰.

_

⁴⁰ Reduced pools have to be taken into account for configuring the FlexRay-driver of "weak Ecus".



[SWS_FrTp_01176] [It shall be possible to have overlapping PDU-Pools] ()

10.4.5 Configuration Requirements on the FlexRay Interface

If more than one Fr N-PDU is used for one Fr N-SDU within a connection, the FrIf shall guarantee that the Fr N-PDUs (Fr L-SDUs) are scheduled (sent over the bus) in the same order the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer uses them, i.e. in ascending order regarding the Fr N-PDU IDs used in the FlexRay Transport Protocol Layer. Furthermore these PDUs shall be scheduled with the same frequency and within one Job (concerning the Joblist) in the FlexRay Interface module (since the reading of the PDU-Available Information for all PDUs of a connection has to be atomic.) This is necessary to avoid CFs coming out of order in a segmented transfer.

For every FrTp L-SDU the PDU-Update/Valid Information of the FrIf shall be activated.

For each transmitted N-Pdu a TransmitConfirmations shall be given by the Frlf module.

For every FrTp L-SDU no Frlf Trigger Transmit counter shall be utilized, i.e. the limit of the respective counter shall be 1. This is necessary in order to avoid multiple service primitive calls of *FrTp_TriggerTransmit* for the same Fr N-PDU in case e. g. a retry is necessary due to an timeout of the AS / AR timer.



11 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_FrTp_09999] [These requirements are not applicable to this specification. | (SRS BSW 00306, SRS BSW 00312, SRS BSW 00314, SRS BSW 00323, SRS BSW 00325, SRS BSW 00326, SRS BSW 00328, SRS BSW 00329, SRS_BSW_00330, SRS_BSW_00331, SRS_BSW_00333, SRS_BSW_00335, SRS BSW 00341, SRS BSW 00343, SRS BSW 00345, SRS BSW 00347, SRS_BSW_00350, SRS_BSW_00358, SRS_BSW_00370, SRS_BSW_00371, SRS BSW 00373, SRS BSW 00375, SRS BSW 00376, SRS BSW 00377, SRS_BSW_00386, SRS_BSW_00387, SRS_BSW_00401, SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_BSW_00409, SRS_BSW_00410, SRS_BSW_00413, SRS_BSW_00414, SRS BSW 00415, SRS BSW_00417, SRS_BSW_00423, SRS_BSW_00424, SRS_BSW_00425, SRS_BSW_00426, SRS_BSW_00427, SRS_BSW_00428, SRS BSW 00429, BSW00431, SRS BSW 00432, SRS BSW 00433, BSW00434, SRS BSW 00005, SRS BSW 00006, SRS BSW 00009, SRS BSW 00010. SRS BSW 00159, SRS BSW 00160, SRS BSW 00161, SRS BSW 00162, SRS BSW 00164, SRS BSW 00167, SRS BSW 00168, SRS BSW 00172, BSW05082)