



## e-Yantra Robotics Competition

**Team Id : eYRC#1004-CS**

Team leader name	Vaibhav Pahwa
College	Jamia Millia Islamia
Email	Vaibhavpahwa1@g
Theme assigned	Cargo Sorting
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### Scope

(5)

State the scope of the theme assigned to you.

**Ans :**

Cargo sorting as the name suggests refers to arranging cargo according to the requirement. For eg. Criteria for sorting at an airport could be the destination to which the cargo is bound to, according to which a cargo unit would move to a terminal where a flight bound to that particular destination is standing.



Cargo sorting is a necessary for variety services such as cargo sorting at airports, postal services etc. Such a cargo sorting robot can be used to sort cargo which is palletized. The purpose of such a robot would be to automate the cargo sorting process. As the figure illustrates, using a robot for cargo sorting would automate and reduce cost for cargo sorting

### **Building Modules**

**(5)**

**Identify the major components in your robotic system provided required for designing a solution to the theme assigned.**

**Ans :**

Mechanical Systems:

- Wheels and castor wheel: Required for basic movement of the robot.
- Gripper : For picking up cargo boxes

Electrical Systems:

- Motor : For the motion of the wheels.

Electronic Systems:

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### **Actuators**

**(10)**

**List all the actuators present on Firebird V robot. Besides the existing actuators, please mention the additional actuators that may be required for designing the robotic system in your theme if any.**

**Ans :**

**Explain the mechanism for controlling the actuators on your robot.**

**Ans :**

### **Environment sensing**

**(10)**

**Explain the functioning of environment sensing technique used by Firebird V robot in your theme.**

**Ans :**

### **Power Management**

**(5)**

**Explain the power management system required for a robot in general and for Firebird V robot in particular.**

**Ans :**

## Navigation Scheme

(10)

Explain in brief the basic navigation technique for path traversal in the arena. Explain the concept and list the components required for basic navigation.

Ans :

The

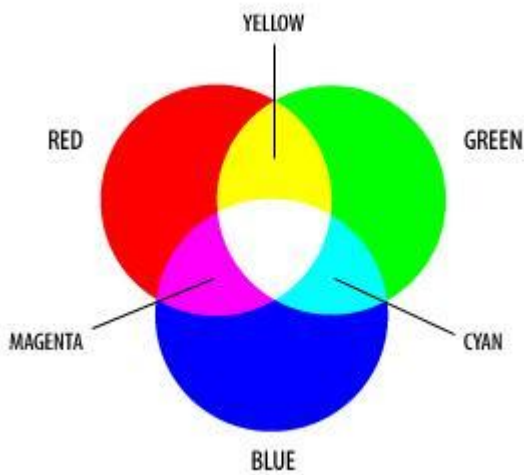
## Testing your knowledge (Based on color sensor datasheet and tutorial)

(10)

What is the principle of operation of the color sensor?

Ans :

Working principle



As we know, according to the RGB color model, a broad array colors is produced by red green and blue light added together in various ways. In other word, if we know the RGB data which constitutes different kind of color, we can get the certain color we test. With a certain color filter is selected(e.g red filter), TSC230 color sensor allows red light to get through alone and prevent other color green and blue light, so we can get the intensity of the red color. Blue and green light of intensity can be got in the same way.

S2	S3	PHOTODIODE TYPE
L	L	Red
L	H	Blue
H	L	Clear (no filter)
H	H	Green

TCS230 includes 8X8 array of photodiodes, 16 photodiodes have blue filters, 16 photodiodes have green filters, 16 photodiodes have green filters and 16 photodiodes are clear with no filters. With the different combination of S2 and S3, we can choose different type of color filter. The full-scale output frequency can be scaled via two control input S0 and S1, by which we can output the different frequency coefficient (100%, 20%, 2%).

S0	S1	OUTPUT FREQUENCY SCALING ( $f_o$ )
L	L	Power down
L	H	2%
H	L	20%
H	H	100%

**What are the functions of pins 1-8 of the color sensor?**

**Ans :**

- Pin 1 : Output frequency scaling selection input (S0)
  - Pin 2 : Output frequency scaling selection input (S1)
- S0 and S1 are used to scale down the frequency of the output generated by the color sensor. This is done for measurement purpose.
- Pin 3 : Enable pin for output frequency  $f_0$ . It is an active low signal ( $\overline{OE}$ ). It puts the output at pin 6 at high impedance state for multiple-unit sharing of the microcontroller input line.
  - Pin 4 : Power supply ground
  - Pin 5 : Supply Voltage ( $V_{dd} = 5V$ )
  - Pin 6 : Output frequency  $f_0$
- 
- Pin 7 : Photodiode Type selection input (S2)
  - Pin 8 : Photodiode Type selection input (S3)
- Pins 7 and 8 (S2 and S3) are used to select one type of photodiode out of a possible three.(red, green and blue)**

**What is frequency scaling and why is it necessary?**

**Ans :**

**Did you study the color sensor tutorial?**

**Ans : Yes**

**Did you burn the demo code on Firebird V and test the color sensor?**

**Ans : Yes**

Was your color sensor working fine?

**Ans : Yes**

If no, please explain.

Not Applicable

## **Challenges**

**(5)**

**What are the major challenges that you can anticipate in addressing this theme?**

**Ans:**