Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani, K. K. BIRLA Goa campus Operating Systems First Semester 2013-2014 Tutorial 6 Basics of Multi-Threaded Programming

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Q) Matrix Multiplication using Pthreads -

Write a program to multiply two matrices A_{m^*k} and B_{k^*n} and store the result in a matrix C_{m^*n}

Steps:

- 1. Define m,n and k as constants using the *#define* macro. Declare the arrays A,B and C as global.
- 2. Initialize A and B in the program itself. (Do not read array values from a file or the command line)
- 3. Create a total of **m*n threads**, one each for computing a single element of the matrix *C*.
- 4. Store the thread ids in a single dimensional array of size m*n.
- 5. The row of A and column of B to be multiplied is passed as an argument to the thread. (Hint: Use a structure variable as the argument)
- 6. The runner function multiplies the i^{th} row of A and j^{th} column of B and stores the result at C(i,j).
- 7. The main thread should wait for all the threads created to complete before terminating. (Use the functions *pthread_join()* and *pthread_exit()* appropriately)
- 8. Print the resulting matrix C on the screen.