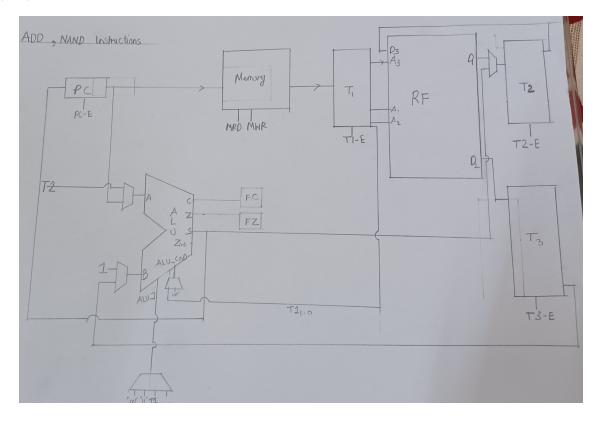
# EE 224 Course Project : CPU

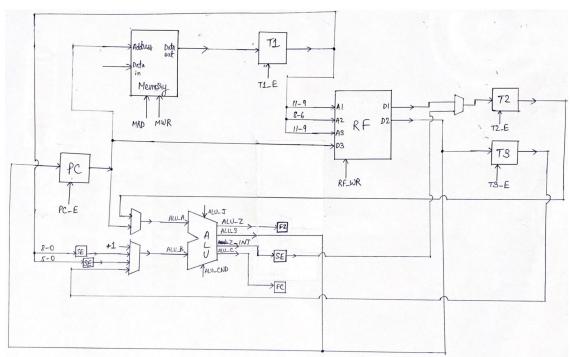
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# ALU:

## Data-flow





We have separated data-flow diagrams for ADD, NAND instructions from other instructions for simplicity.

#### **Inputs:**

ALU\_A: Takes 16-bit input ALU\_B: Takes 16-bit input

#### Registers storing the flags:

FC and FZ

These are connected to ALU\_C and ALU\_Z respectively.

#### **Control Signals:**

ALU\_J: Takes 2-bit input. This specifies whether to perform addition, subtraction or NAND.

ALU\_CND: Takes 2-bit input. This is used to find the new values to be updated to FZ and FC(may or may not be the same as the previous values in FZ and FC) based upon ALU\_J(see table).

#### **Outputs:**

ALU\_C: Outputs the carry flag to be put in the FZ register at the end of the clock cycle.

ALU\_Z: Outputs the zero flag to be put in the FZ register at the end of the clock cycle. This may or may not be the same as Z\_int.

ALU\_S: Outputs sum, NAND, or the difference based on the bits provided in ALU\_J.

Z\_int: Evaluates to 1 when ALU\_S is zero. Else, it evaluates to 0.

ALU_J	Function
00	Addition
01	NAND
11	Subtraction

ALU_J	ALU_CND	Output from ALU_C	Output from ALU_Z
00 (Add)	00	Modified value of carry flag.	Modified value of zero flag.
00 (Add)	10	Modified value of carry flag if input	Modified value of zero flag if input
		FC is 1. Same as the previous	FC is 1. Same as the previous
		value in FC if FC is 0.	value in FZ if FC is 0.
00 (Add)	01	Modified value of carry flag if input	Modified value of zero flag if input
		FZ is 1. Same as the previous	FZ is 1. Same as the previous
		value in FC if FZ is 0.	value in FZ if FZ is 0
00 (Add)	11 (Used for	Same as the previous value in FC.	Same as the previous value in FZ.
	updating PC)		
01 (NAND)	00	Same as the previous value in FC.	Modified value of zero flag.
01 (NAND)	10	Same as the previous value in FC.	Modified value of zero flag if input
			FC is 1. Same as the previous
			value in FZ if FC is 0.
01 (NAND)	01	Same as the previous value in FC.	Modified value of zero flag if input
			FZ is 1. Same as the previous
			value in FZ if FZ is 0.
11 (Subtract)	XX	Same as the previous value in FC.	Same as the previous value in FZ.

## **State Descriptions**

 $(PC \equiv R7)$ 

 $S_0$  (Fetching instruction from memory)

Data Transfer	Commands
$PC \rightarrow M_{-}add$	MDR
$M_{data} \rightarrow T1$	$T1\_E$

 $S_1$  (Updating PC)

Data Transfer	Commands
$PC \rightarrow ALU\_A$	PC_E
$+1 \rightarrow ALU\_B$	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$	
$ALU\_S \rightarrow PC$	

 $S_2$  (Reading operands)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A1$	$T2$ _E
$T1_{8-6} \rightarrow RF\_A2$	$T3_{-}E$
$RF_D1 \rightarrow T2$	
$RF_D2 \rightarrow T3$	

 $S_3$  (Execution)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T2 \rightarrow ALU\_A$	$T2_{-}E$
$T3 \rightarrow ALU\_B$	$ALU_{-J} \leftarrow T1_{14-13}$
$T1_{1-0} \rightarrow \text{ALU\_CND}$	
$ALU\_S \rightarrow T2$	
$ALU\_C \rightarrow FC$	
$\mathrm{ALU}_{-\!}\mathrm{Z}  o \mathrm{FZ}$	

 $S_4$  (Storing the output)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T2 \rightarrow RF\_D3$	RF_WR
$T1_{8-6} \rightarrow \text{RF\_A3}$	

 $S_5$  (Reading operands (for ADI))

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow \text{RF-A1}$	T2_E
$RF\_D1 \rightarrow T2$	T3_E
$T1_{5-0} \rightarrow \text{SE\_6} \rightarrow \text{T3}$	

 $S_6$  (Evaluating condition for BEQ)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T2 \rightarrow ALUA$	$ALU_{-}J \leftarrow 11$
$T3 \rightarrow ALU\_B$	$\mathrm{T2}_{-}\mathrm{E}$
$Z_{int} \rightarrow SE_{1} \rightarrow T2$	
$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 00$	

 $S_7$  (Updating PC in BEQ)

Data Transfer	Commands
$\mathrm{PC}  o \mathrm{ALU}$ _A	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
$  if(T2_0 == 0) then +1 \rightarrow ALU_B$	$PC\_E$
else $T1_{5-0} \rightarrow \text{SE\_6} \rightarrow \text{ALU\_B}$	
$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$	
$ALU\_S \rightarrow PC$	

 $S_8$  (Storing PC into REG\_A)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A3$	RF_WR
$PC \rightarrow RF\_D3$	

 $S_9$  (Branching PC to the address PC + immediate)

Data Transfer	Commands
$\mathrm{PC}  o \mathrm{ALU}_{-}\mathrm{A}$	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
$T1_{8-0} \rightarrow SE_{-9} \rightarrow ALU_{-B}$	$PC_{-}E$
$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$	
$ALU\_S \rightarrow PC$	

 $S_{10}$  (Branching PC to the address in REG\_B)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{8-6} \rightarrow \text{RF\_A1}$	PC_E
$RF_D1 \rightarrow PC$	

 $S_{11}$  (Executing Load Higher Immediate)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A3$	RF_WR
$T1_{8-0} \rightarrow PZ_7 \rightarrow RF_D3$	

 $S_{12}$  (Computing address of the memory destination)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T3 \rightarrow ALU\_A$	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
$T1_{5-0} \rightarrow \text{SE\_6} \rightarrow \text{ALU\_B}$	$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$
$ALU\_S \rightarrow T3$	T3_E

 $S_{13}$  (Writing to the memory)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T3 \rightarrow M_add$	MWR
$T2 \rightarrow M_{-}data$	

### $S_{14}$ (Reading from memory)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T3 \rightarrow M_add$	MDR
$M_{-}data \rightarrow T2$	$T2$ _E

### $S_{15}$ (Writing to the register)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A3$	RF_WR
$T2 \rightarrow RF\_D3$	

### $S_{16}$ (Initial step of SM and LM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$(0000000000000000) \rightarrow T2$	T2_E
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A2$	T3_E
$RF_D2 \rightarrow T3$	
$counter := int(T2_{2-0})$	

## $S_{17}$ (Looping step 1 of SM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T3 \rightarrow ALUA$	T3_E
$+1 \rightarrow ALU_B$	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
if $(T1_{counter} = = 1)$ then	$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$
$\{\mathrm{T3} \to \mathrm{M\_add}$	MWR
$T2_{2-0} \rightarrow \text{RF\_A1}$	
$RF_D1 \rightarrow M_data$	
$ALU\_S \rightarrow T3$ }	

## $S_{18}$ (Updating counter variable (Looping step 2 of SM and LM))

Data Transfer	Commands
counter (converted to 16 bit) $\rightarrow$ ALU_A	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
$1 \text{ bit } \to \text{ALU\_B}$	$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$
$ALU\_S \rightarrow counter$	

## $S_{19}$ (Looping step 1 of LM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{counter} \rightarrow RF_WR$	T3_E
$T3 \rightarrow M_a$ add	$ALU_J \leftarrow 00$
$M_{data} \rightarrow RF_{D3}$	$ALU\_CND \leftarrow 11$
$T2_{2-0} \rightarrow RF_A3$	MDR
$T3 \rightarrow ALU\_A$	
$+1 \rightarrow ALU\_B$	
if $(T1_{counter} = = 1)$ then ALU_S $\rightarrow$ T3	

# Instructions with their State Diagrams and Control Signals

Instruction	State flow
ADD	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
ADC	$S_0 \to S_1 \to S_2 \to S_3 \to S_4$
ADZ	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
ADI	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_5 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
NDU	$S_0 \to S_1 \to S_2 \to S_3 \to S_4$
NDC	$S_0 \to S_1 \to S_2 \to S_3 \to S_4$
NDZ	$S_0 \to S_1 \to S_2 \to S_3 \to S_4$
LHI	$S_0  o S_1  o S_{11}$
LW	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_{12} \rightarrow S_{14} \rightarrow S_{15}$
SW	$S_0 \to S_1 \to S_2 \to S_{12} \to S_{13}$
SM	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_{16} \rightarrow S_{17} \ S_{18}$
LM	$S_0 \to S_1 \to S_{16} \to S_{19} \ S_{18}$
BEQ	$S_0  o S_2  o S_6  o S_7$
JAL	$S_0 o S_8 o S_9$
JLR	$S_0  o S_8  o S_{10}$

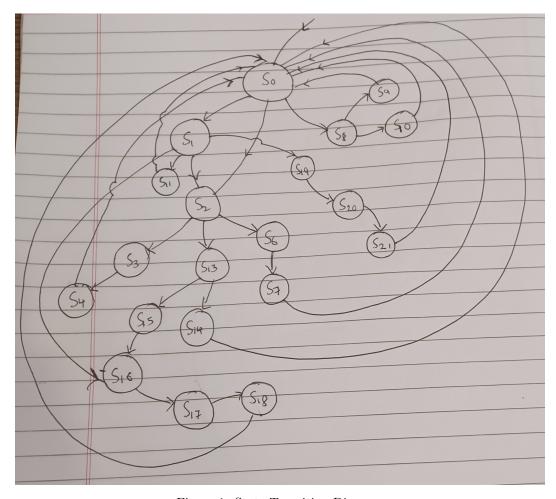


Figure 1: State Transition Diagram