

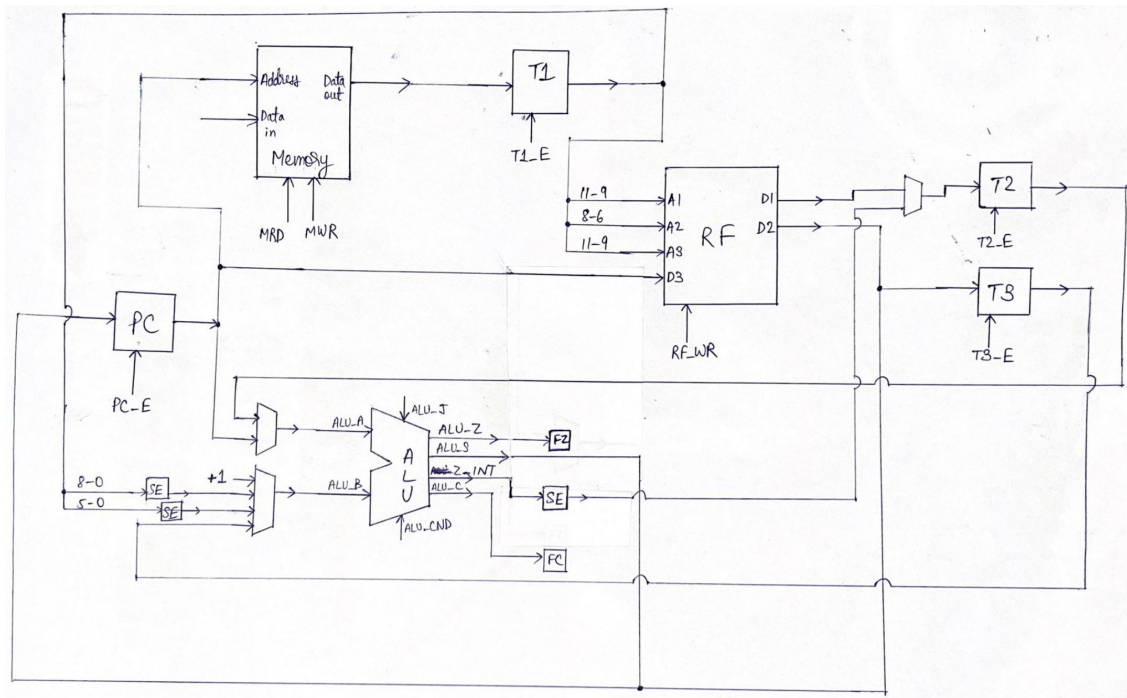
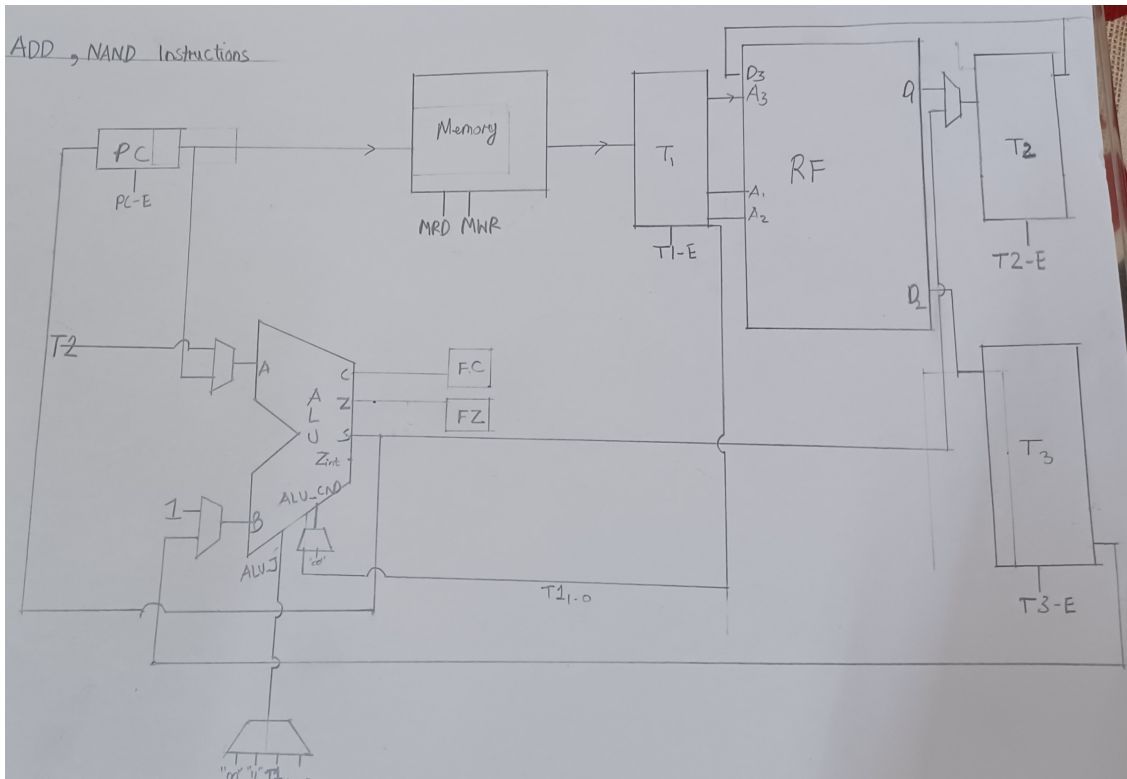
## EE 224 Course Project : CPU

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9 Nov 2022

## ALU:

### Data-flow



We have separated data-flow diagrams for ADD, NAND instructions from other instructions for simplicity.

## Inputs:

ALU\_A: Takes 3-bit input

ALU\_B: Takes 3-bit input

## Registers storing the flags:

FC and FZ

These are connected to ALU\_C and ALU\_Z respectively.

## Control Signals:

ALU\_J: Takes 2-bit input. This specifies whether to perform addition, subtraction or NAND.

ALU\_CND: Takes 2-bit input. This is used to find the new values to be updated to FZ and FC(may or may not be the same as the previous values in FZ and FC) based upon ALU\_J(see table).

## Outputs:

ALU\_C: Outputs the carry flag to be put in the FZ register at the end of the clock cycle.

ALU\_Z: Outputs the zero flag to be put in the FZ register at the end of the clock cycle. This may or may not be the same as Z.int.

ALU\_S: Outputs sum, NAND, or the difference based on the bits provided in ALU\_J.

Z.int: Evaluates to 1 when ALU\_S is zero. Else, it evaluates to 0.

ALU_J	Function
00	Addition
01	NAND
11	Subtraction

ALU_J	ALU_CND	Output from ALU_C	Output from ALU_Z
00 (Add)	00	Modified value of carry flag.	Modified value of zero flag.
00 (Add)	10	Modified value of carry flag if input FC is 1. Same as the previous value in FC if FC is 0.	Modified value of zero flag if input FC is 1. Same as the previous value in FZ if FC is 0.
00 (Add)	01	Modified value of carry flag if input FZ is 1. Same as the previous value in FC if FZ is 0.	Modified value of zero flag if input FZ is 1. Same as the previous value in FZ if FZ is 0
00 (Add)	11 (Used for updating PC)	Same as the previous value in FC.	Same as the previous value in FZ.
01 (NAND)	00	Same as the previous value in FC.	Modified value of zero flag.
01 (NAND)	10	Same as the previous value in FC.	Modified value of zero flag if input FC is 1. Same as the previous value in FZ if FC is 0.
01 (NAND)	01	Same as the previous value in FC.	Modified value of zero flag if input FZ is 1. Same as the previous value in FZ if FZ is 0.
11 (Subtract)	xx	Same as the previous value in FC.	Same as the previous value in FZ.

## State Descriptions

(PC  $\equiv$  R7)

$S_0$  (Fetching instruction from memory)

Data Transfer	Commands
PC $\rightarrow$ M.add	MDR
M.data $\rightarrow$ T1	T1.E

$S_1$  (Updating PC)

Data Transfer	Commands
PC $\rightarrow$ ALU.A	PC.E
+1 $\rightarrow$ ALU.B	ALU.J $\leftarrow$ 00
ALU.CND $\leftarrow$ 11	
ALU.S $\rightarrow$ PC	

$S_2$  (Reading operands)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow$ RF.A1	T2.E
$T1_{8-6} \rightarrow$ RF.A2	T3.E
RF.D1 $\rightarrow$ T2	
RF.D2 $\rightarrow$ T3	

$S_3$  (Execution)

Data Transfer	Commands
T2 $\rightarrow$ ALU.A	T2.E
T3 $\rightarrow$ ALU.B	ALU.J $\leftarrow$ $T1_{14-13}$
$T1_{1-0} \rightarrow$ ALU.CND	
ALU.S $\rightarrow$ T2	
ALU.C $\rightarrow$ FC	
ALU.Z $\rightarrow$ FZ	

$S_4$  (Storing the output)

Data Transfer	Commands
T2 $\rightarrow$ RF.D3	RF.WR
$T1_{5-3} \rightarrow$ RF.A3	

$S_5$  (Reading operands (for ADI))

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow$ RF.A1	T2.E
RF.D1 $\rightarrow$ T2	T3.E
$T1_{5-0} \rightarrow$ SE.6 $\rightarrow$ T3	

$S_6$  (Evaluating condition for BEQ)

Data Transfer	Commands
T2 $\rightarrow$ ALU_A T3 $\rightarrow$ ALU_B Z_int $\rightarrow$ SE_1 $\rightarrow$ T2 ALU_CND $\leftarrow$ 00	ALU_J $\leftarrow$ 11 T2_E

$S_7$  (Updating PC in BEQ)

Data Transfer	Commands
PC $\rightarrow$ ALU_A if( $T2_0 == 0$ ) then $+1 \rightarrow$ ALU_B else $T1 \rightarrow$ SE_10 $\rightarrow$ ALU_B ALU_CND $\leftarrow$ 11 ALU_S $\rightarrow$ PC	ALU_J $\leftarrow$ 00 PC_E

$S_8$  (Storing PC into REG\_A)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow$ RF_A3 PC $\rightarrow$ RF_D3	RF_WR

$S_9$  (Branching PC to the address PC + immediate)

Data Transfer	Commands
PC $\rightarrow$ ALU_A $T1_{8-0} \rightarrow$ SE_9 $\rightarrow$ ALU_B ALU_CND $\leftarrow$ 11 ALU_S $\rightarrow$ PC	ALU_J

$S_{10}$  (Branching PC to the address in REG\_B)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{8-6} \rightarrow$ RF_A1 RF_D1 $\rightarrow$ PC	PC_E

$S_{11}$  (Executing Load Higher Immediate)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow$ RF_A3 $T1_{11-9} \rightarrow$ PZ_7 $\rightarrow$ RF_D3	RF_WR

$S_{12}$  (Computing address of the memory destination)

Data Transfer	Commands
T3 $\rightarrow$ ALU_A $T1_{5-0} \rightarrow$ SE_16 $\rightarrow$ ALU_B ALU_S $\rightarrow$ T3	ALU_J $\leftarrow$ 00 T3_E

$S_{13}$  (Writing to the memory)

Data Transfer	Commands
T3 $\rightarrow$ M_add T2 $\rightarrow$ M_data	MWR

$S_{14}$  (Reading from memory)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T3 \rightarrow M\_add$	MDR
$M\_data \rightarrow T2$	T2_E

$S_{15}$  (Writing to the register)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A3$	RF_WR
$T2 \rightarrow RF\_D3$	

$S_{16}$  (Initial step of SM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$(0000000000000000) \rightarrow T2$	T2_E
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A2$	T3_E
$RF\_D2 \rightarrow T3$	

$S_{17}$  (Looping step 1 of SM)

Data Transfer	Commands
counter := int( $T2_{2-0}$ )	MWR
$T3 \rightarrow ALU\_A$	T3_E
$+1 \rightarrow ALU\_B$	$ALU\_J \leftarrow 00$
if( $T1_{counter} == 1$ ) then	
{ $T3 \rightarrow M\_add$	
$T2_{2-0} \rightarrow RF\_A1$	
$RF\_D1 \rightarrow M\_data$	
$ALU\_S \rightarrow T3$ }	

$S_{18}$  (Looping step 2 of SM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T2 \rightarrow ALU\_A$	$ALU\_J \leftarrow 00$
1 bit $\rightarrow ALU\_B$	T2_E
$ALU\_C \rightarrow T2$	

$S_{19}$  (Initial step of LM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$(0000000000000000) \rightarrow T2$	T2_E
$T1_{11-9} \rightarrow RF\_A2$	T3_E
$RF\_D3 \rightarrow T3$	

$S_{20}$  (Looping step 1 of LM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$\text{counter} := \text{int}(T2_{2-0})$ $T1_{\text{counter}} \rightarrow \text{RF\_WR}$ $T3 \rightarrow \text{M\_add}$ $\text{M\_data} \rightarrow \text{RF\_D3}$ $T2_{2-0} \rightarrow \text{RF\_A3}$ $T3 \rightarrow \text{ALU\_A}$ $+1 \rightarrow \text{ALU\_B}$ $\text{ALU\_CND} \leftarrow 00$ $\text{if}(T1_{\text{counter}}==1) \text{ then } \text{ALU\_S} \rightarrow T3$	$\text{MDR}$ $T3\_E$ $\text{ALU\_J} \leftarrow 00$

$S_{21}$  (Looping step 2 of LM)

Data Transfer	Commands
$T2 \rightarrow \text{ALU\_A}$ $1 \text{ bit} \rightarrow \text{ALU\_B}$ $\text{ALU\_C} \rightarrow T2$	$\text{ALU\_J} \leftarrow 00$ $T2\_E$

## Instructions with their State Diagrams and Control Signals

Instruction	State flow
ADD	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
ADC	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
ADZ	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
ADI	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_5 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
NDU	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
NDC	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
NDZ	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_3 \rightarrow S_4$
LHI	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_{11}$
LW	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_{13} \rightarrow S_{15} \rightarrow S_{16}$
SW	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_{13} \rightarrow S_{14}$
SM	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_{16} \rightarrow S_{17} \rightarrow S_{18}$
LM	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1 \rightarrow S_{19} \rightarrow S_{20} \rightarrow S_{21}$
BEQ	$S_0 \rightarrow S_2 \rightarrow S_6 \rightarrow S_7$
JAL	$S_0 \rightarrow S_8 \rightarrow S_9$
JLR	$S_0 \rightarrow S_8 \rightarrow S_{10}$

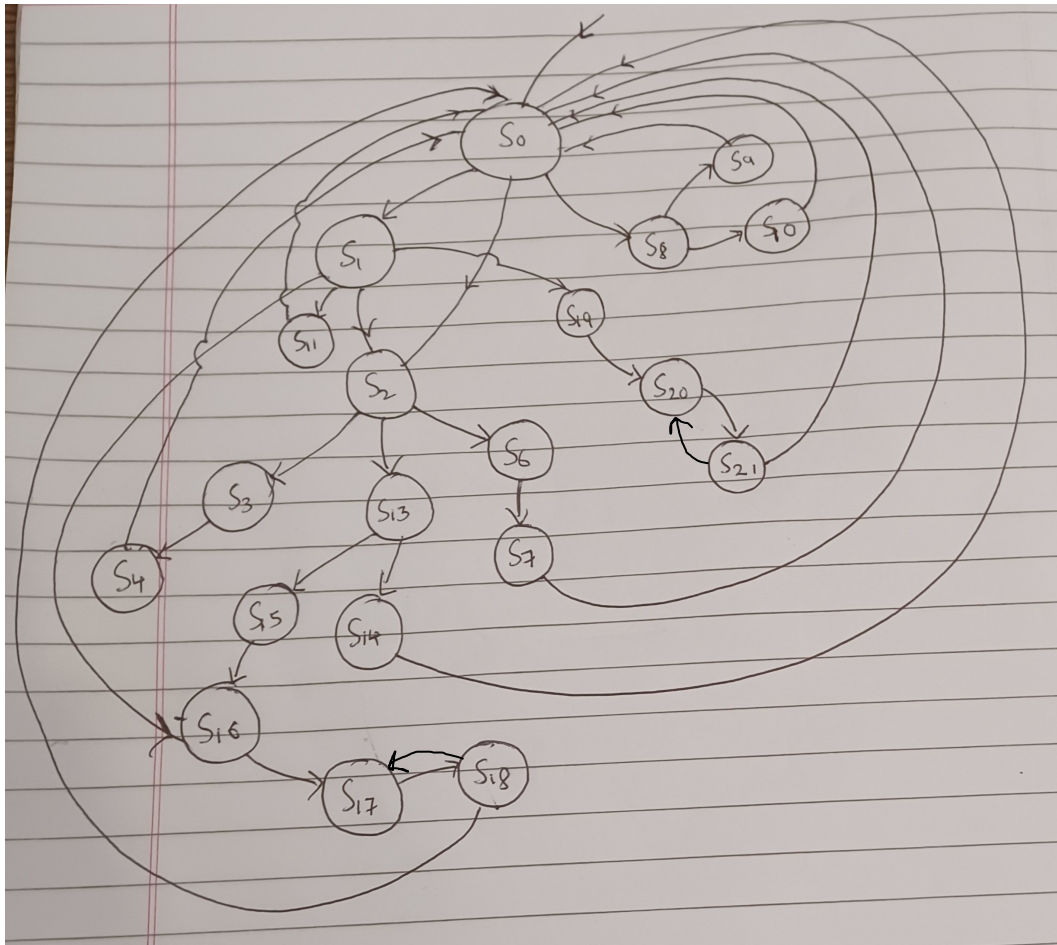


Figure 1: State Transition Diagram