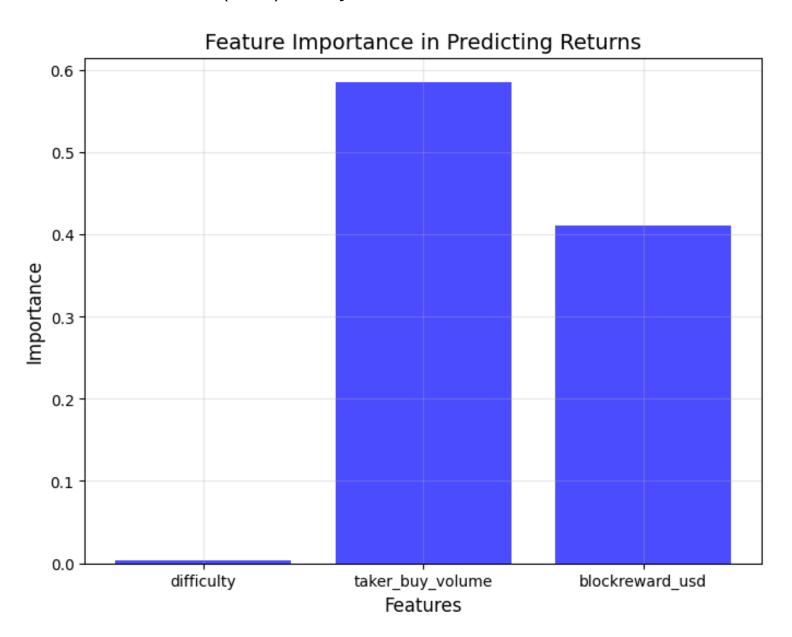
GROUP NAME: OTAKGONE

Factors Influencing Cryptocurrency Prices

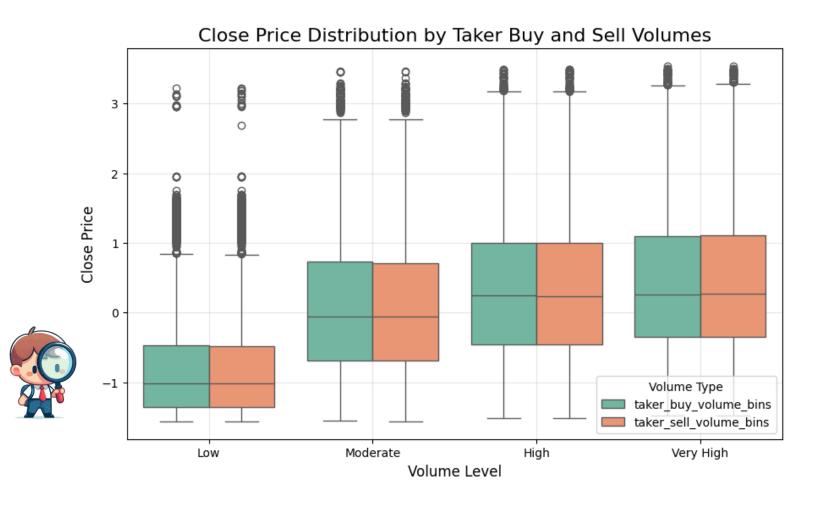
- Trading Volume: The demand and supply effects of buying and selling.
- Mining Rewards: Incentives for miners and their impact on supply.
- Market Trends: How network difficulty influences prices.

Key Factors Influencing Prices

Feature Importance Chart: Highlight taker_buy_volume (59%) and blockreward_usd (41%) as key drivers of market behavior.



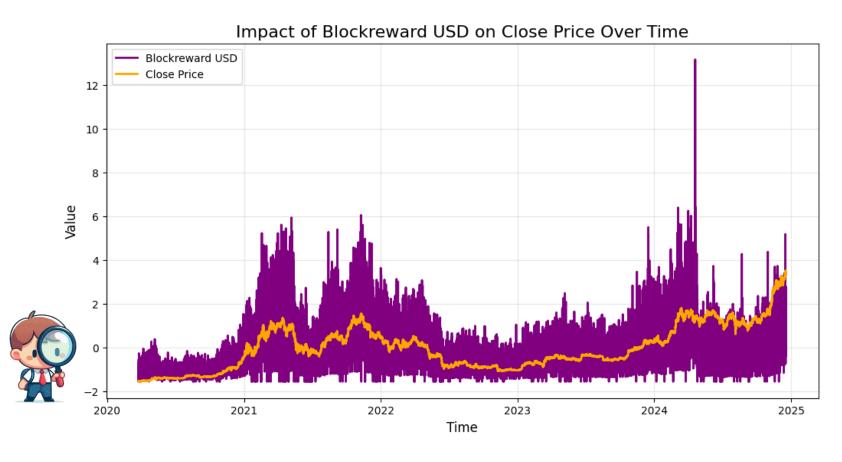
Impact of Trading Volume on Prices



Key Observation:

Higher buy volumes lead to price increases, while higher sell volumes correlate with price drops.

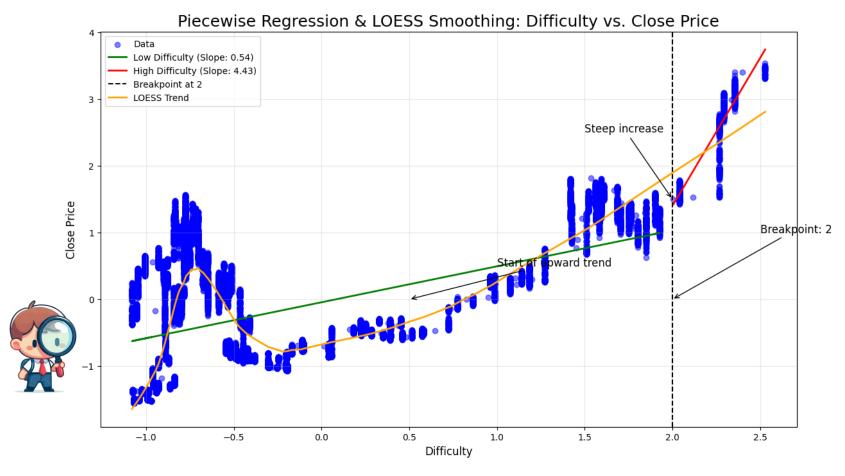
How Mining Rewards Impact Prices



Key Observation:

Increased mining rewards attract more miners, affecting supply and potentially pushing prices higher.

The Role of Mining Difficulty in Price Trends



Observation:

Difficulty shows distinct trends at a breakpoint of:

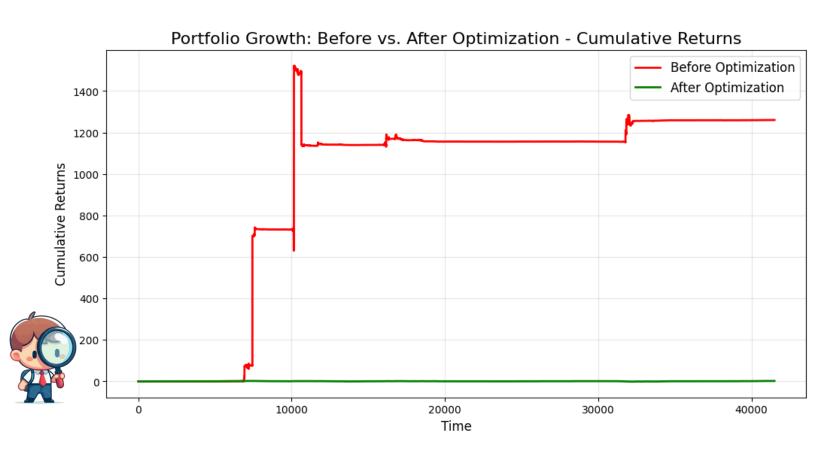
Piecewise Regression:

- Below the breakpoint, the price increases gradually.
- Above the breakpoint, the price rises steeply.

LOESS Smoothing:

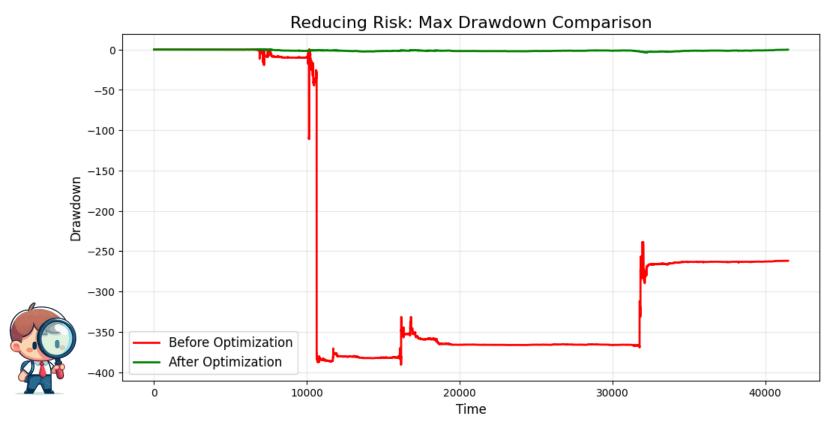
- A gradual upward trend starts at lower difficulty levels.
- A steep increase is observed as difficulty rises above 2.

Optimizing Trading Strategies



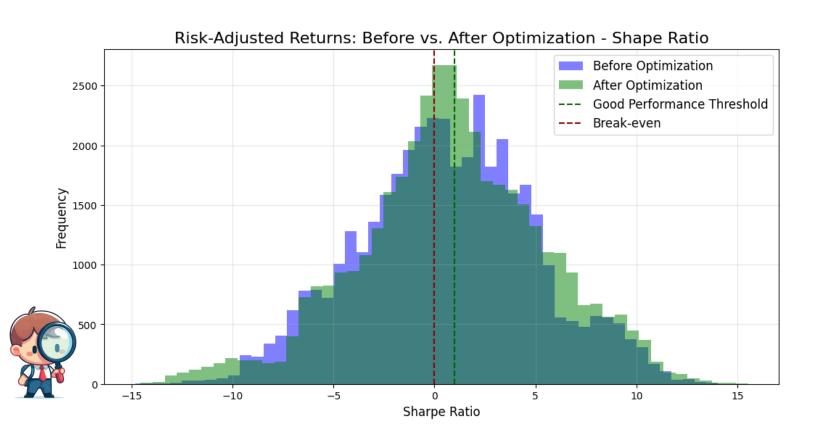
- The unoptimized strategy had volatile growth with sharp ups and downs, making it unpredictable.
- After optimization, the strategy showed smoother, consistent returns over time.
- Red Line: Unoptimized strategy (volatile growth, sharp fluctuations).
- **Green Line:** Optimized strategy (smoother, consistent returns).

Risk Management Improvements



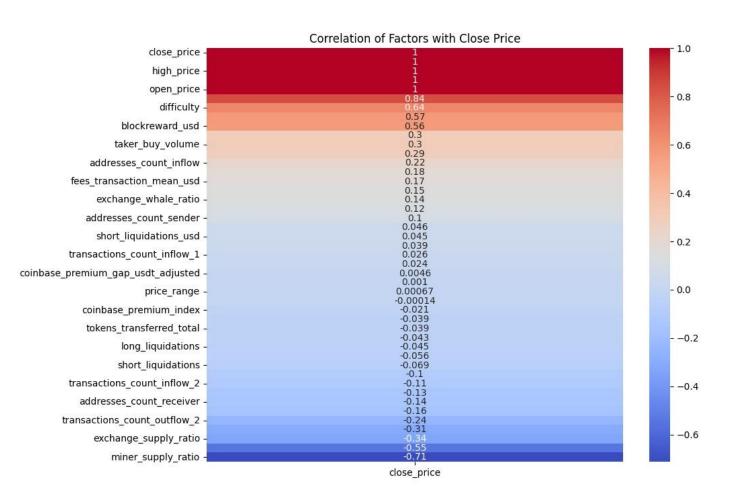
- The unoptimized strategy suffered frequent and deep losses, exposing it to significant risks.
- The optimized strategy showed smaller and less frequent losses, demonstrating improved risk management.
- **Red Line:** Unoptimized strategy (frequent, deep losses).
- **Green Line:** Optimized strategy (smaller, less frequent losses).

Risk-Adjusted Returns



- The unoptimized strategy had a wide range of negative Sharpe ratios, indicating poor risk-return balance.
- The optimized strategy shifted towards positive Sharpe ratios, with narrower distribution and improved consistency.
- Blue Bars: Wide and negative Sharpe ratios for the unoptimized strategy.
- Green Bars: Positive and narrower distribution for the optimized strategy.

Assumptions



1. Mining Difficulty and Price Relationship

- Strong positive correlation (0.64) suggests that as mining difficulty increases, Bitcoin price tends to increase.
- Higher mining difficulty indicates network security and miner confidence, potentially driving price appreciation

2. Block Reward and Price Dynamics

- Moderate positive correlation (0.56) with price indicates significant relationship
- Assumption: Block rewards in USD reflect both mining profitability and market conditions, influencing miner behavior and price

3. Taker Buy Volume Format

- Lower but positive correlation (0.30) with price suggests some price influence
- Assumption: Higher taker buy volume indicates aggressive buying pressure, potentially leading to price increases

Model

```
models = {
    'XGBoost': xgb.XGBRegressor(
       n estimators=300,
       learning rate=0.01, # Reduced from 0.05
                           # Reduced from 6
       max_depth=4,
       min_child_weight=3, # Increased from 1
       subsample=0.7,
       colsample_bytree=0.7,
       reg_alpha=0.5,
       reg lambda=1.5,
       random_state=42
    'LightGBM': LGBMRegressor(
       n estimators=300,
       learning_rate=0.01, # Reduced from 0.05
       max depth=4,
                            # Reduced from 6
       num leaves=15,
                            # Reduced from 31
       min_child_samples=30,# Increased from 20
       subsample=0.7,
       colsample bytree=0.7,
       reg_alpha=0.5,
       reg_lambda=1.5,
       random state=42
```



- Model shows predictive capability (low RMSE in some folds)
- Current trading performance needs improvement
- Strategy requires risk management implementation

Trading Performance Results

```
Training XGBoost...
Fold 1 Results:
RMSE: 0.52
Sharpe Ratio: -1.82
Max Drawdown: -821.74%
Strategy Type: Trend Following
Fold 2 Results:
RMSF: 0.18
Sharpe Ratio: -1.19
Max Drawdown: -13056.35%
Strategy Type: Mean Reversion
Fold 3 Results:
RMSE: 1.49
Sharpe Ratio: -2.82
Max Drawdown: -329.58%
Strategy Type: Trend Following
```

```
Fold 1 Results:
RMSE: 0.51
Sharpe Ratio: -1.82
Max Drawdown: -821.74%
Strategy Type: Trend Following
[LightGBM] [Info] Auto-choosing col-wise multi-threading, the overhead of testing was 0.000753 seconds.
You can set `force col wise=true` to remove the overhead.
[LightGBM] [Info] Total Bins 1872
[LightGBM] [Info] Number of data points in the train set: 21763, number of used features: 8
[LightGBM] [Info] Start training from score -0.203711
Fold 2 Results:
RMSE: 0.18
Sharpe Ratio: -1.19
Max Drawdown: -13056.35%
Strategy Type: Trend Following
[LightGBM] [Info] Auto-choosing col-wise multi-threading, the overhead of testing was 0.000556 seconds.
You can set `force col wise=true` to remove the overhead.
[LightGBM] [Info] Total Bins 1895
[LightGBM] [Info] Number of data points in the train set: 29021, number of used features: 8
[LightGBM] [Info] Start training from score -0.214501
Fold 3 Results:
RMSE: 1.50
Sharpe Ratio: -2.82
Max Drawdown: -329.58%
Strategy Type: Trend Following
```

Evaluation of Performance Results

Model Consistency

- Both models show similar performance patterns
- Best RMSE consistently in Fold 2 (0.18)
- Worst performance in Fold 3 (RMSE > 1.4)

Trading Performance

- Consistently negative Sharpe Ratios (-1.19 to -2.82)
- Excessive drawdowns across all folds
- Predominantly trend-following behavior

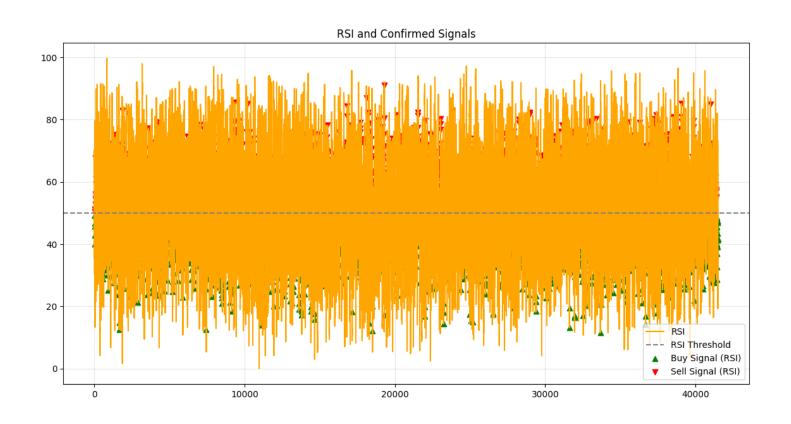
Model Behavior

- Strategy type mostly consistent between models
- LightGBM shows more consistent trend-following behavior
- XGBoost switches between trend-following and mean reversion

Limitations and Concerns

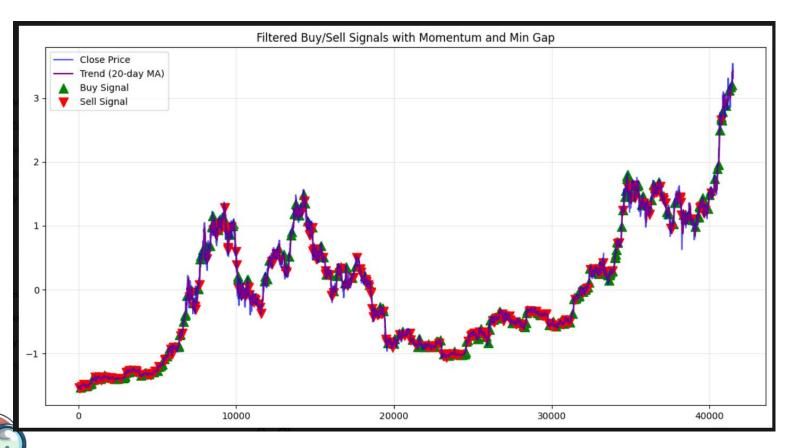
- High variance in RMSE (0.18 to 1.50)
- Unsustainable drawdowns
- Negative risk-adjusted returns across all folds

RSI trends and related buy/sell signals



- •Clear RSI Trends: The graph effectively highlights periods of high and low momentum, helping to identify potential turning points in the market.
- •Signal-Driven Insights: Buy and sell signals are consistent with RSI thresholds, supporting a momentum-based strategy.

Backtesting Momentum-Based Trading Signals with Trend Analysis



- •The buy and sell signals are distributed around significant price changes, showing well working the filtering logic capturing momentum-based opportunities.
- •The moving average provides a good visual aid for understanding the trend and aligning the buy/sell signals with it.
- •Frequent signals may indicate the strategy is sensitive to noise, which could affect profitability depending on transaction costs.