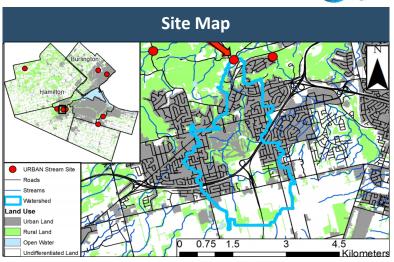
# **Report Card: Sherman Falls**

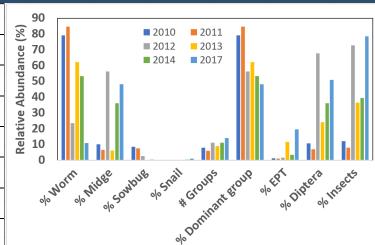


Site Information								
Stream	Ancaster Creek							
Land Management	Hamilton Conservation Authority							
URBAN Monitoring	Sampled in: May 2010-2014, 2017							
Urban Land Use	53.7% in watershed							
Road Density	127.2 m/ha in watershed							
<b>Ecological Importance</b>	Tourist attraction on Bruce Trail; down- stream of an urbanizing area							



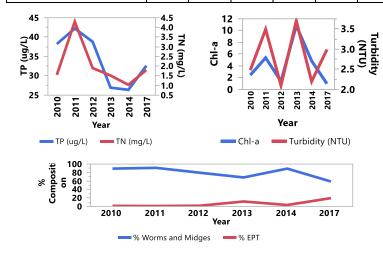
## Results

#### **Stream Benthic Invertebrates Score** Indicator 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2017 **Total Abundance** 307 201 235 291 205 204 **Species Richness** 8 6 9 14 11 11 **% EPT** 1.3 1 1.7 11.68 3.41 19.608 % Worms & Midges 89.25 91.05 79.57 68.39 89.27 58.81 **HBI** 7.83 7.88 6.89 7.18 7.13 5.97



### **Water Quality**

Parameter	Score						Dougraphou	Score					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2017	Parameter	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2017
Total Phosphorus (ug/L)	38.23	42.24	38.81	26.94	26.38	32.62	Chlorophyll-α (ug/L)	2.45	5.39	1.38	10.85	4.86	
Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	1.55	4.3	1.9	1.52	1.035	1.8	Turbidity (NTU)	2.48	3.49	2.1	3.7	2.2	2.99
Conductivity (mS/cm³)	1128	738	403	1003	1095	1210	рН	8.28	8.57	8.08	7.34	_	8.36



## **Site Summary**

- There appears to have been a decrease in phosphorus and nitrogen levels since 2011, suggesting decreasing levels of anthropogenic impact
- Chlorophyll and turbidity values remain unstable; there are no trends to be seen
- While EPT numbers (pollution-intolerant mayflies, caddisflies and stoneflies) appear to be increasing, they remain substantially lower than pollution-tolerant worms and midges, whose numbers appear to be decreasing
- Overall, water quality parameters suggest stream impairment

