

Smart Contract Audit

FOR

Maze

DATED: 27 June 23'



Centralization – Trades must be enabled

Severity: High

function: OpenTrading Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

The smart contract owner must enable trades for holders. If trading remain disabled, no one would be able to buy/sell/transfer tokens.

```
function OpenTrading() external onlyOwner {
   require(!tradingEnabled, "Trading is already enabled");
   tradingEnabled = true;
   _isprovidingLiquidity = true;
}
```

Suggestion

To mitigate this centralization issue, we propose the following options:

- Renounce Ownership: Consider relinquishing control of the smart contract by renouncing ownership. This would remove the ability for a single entity to manipulate the router, reducing centralization risks.
- Multi-signature Wallet: Transfer ownership to a multi-signature wallet. This would require
 multiple approvals for any changes to the mainRouter, adding an additional layer of security
 and reducing the centralization risk.
- Transfer ownership to a trusted and valid 3rd party in order to guarantee enabling of the trades



Centralization – buy/sell can be disabled

Severity: High

function: shake / unShake

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Owner is able to disble buy/sell for all holders including whitelisted wallets by calling "shake" function. This function blacklists liquidity pool.

```
function shake() external onlyOwner {
   isearlybuyer[pair] = true;
}

function _transfer(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount) internal override {
   require(amount > 0, "Transfer amount must be greater than zero");
   require(!isearlybuyer[sender] && !isearlybuyer[recipient], "You can't transfer tokens");
```

Suggestion

being able to disable buy/sells is considered a critical centralization risk. You can resolve this issue by:

- delete "shake" function.
- Implement a more decentralized and safe method for handling whatever "shake" function is intended to handle.
- Unblacklist liquidity pool and renounce ownership of the contract
- Transfer ownership of the contract to a trusted 3rd party (e.g. Pinksale Certified Safu Developer)



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name - Maze

Date: 27 June, 2023

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: Failed

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	2	1	1	0
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0



USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3-Slither:

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0x47bb34cb522647d05057ac0d48dd9965819daeea



Token Information

Token Name: Maze

Token Symbol: \$MAZE

Decimals: 9

Token Supply: 100,000,000,000,000

Token Address:

0x78ea2A1D72309c74F2Bb3E4B658FA7309B2A6C0D

Checksum:

87336c8f273d3e3842b2e7ef827ded41952ed023

Owner:

0x0FB1C8F0b7644C86E0aD9f1CBB6cD7a97D02c509 (at time of writing the audit)

Deployer:

0x0FB1C8F0b7644C86E0aD9f1CBB6cD7a97D02c509



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Fees:

Buy Fees: 0-30%

Sell Fees: 0-40%

Transfer Fees: 0-30%

Fees Privilege: Owner

Ownership: Owned

Minting: none

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: Yes

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges: - initial distribution of tokens

- including or excluding from fees
- changing swap threshold
- enabling trades
- modifying fees
- disabling trades



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
- Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
- Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
- Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code isexercised when we run the test cases.
- Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
- Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.



VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST





CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

- Critical
- High-Risk
- Medium-Risk
- Low-Risk
- Gas Optimization
 /Suggestion

Description

These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.

A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.

A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.

A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.

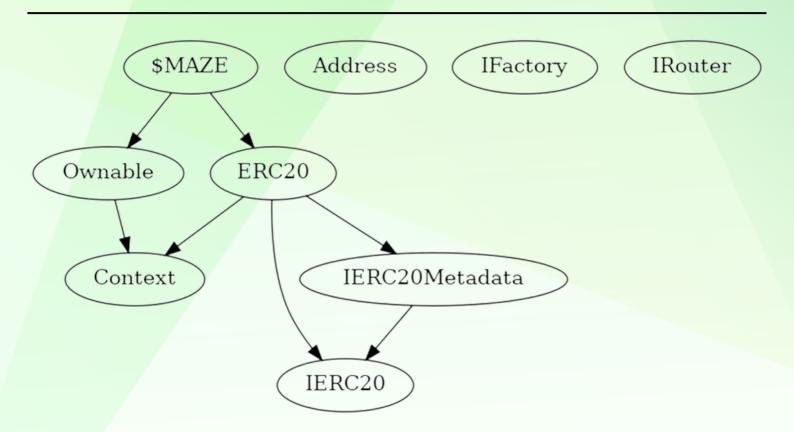
A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

Findings

Severity	Found
♦ Critical	0
♦ High-Risk	2
◆ Medium-Risk	1
♦ Low-Risk	1
Gas Optimization /Suggestions	0



INHERITANCE TREE





POINTS TO NOTE

- Owner is able to set buy/transfer tax up to 30% and sell tax up to 40%
- Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary address.
- Owner is able to set max wallet limit. (max wallet limit
 >= 0.1% of total supply)
- Owner is not able to mint new tokens
- Owner must enable trades manually
- Owner is able to disable trades



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

```
| Contract |
               Type
                            Bases
        **Function Name** | **Visibility** | **Mutability** | **Modifiers**
| **Context** | Implementation | ||| |
| L | msgSender | Internal | | | |
| L | msgData | Internal 🔒 | ||
| **IERC20** | Interface | |||
| L | totalSupply | External | | NO | |
 L|balanceOf|External | | NO | |
 L | transfer | External | | | NO | |
 | allowance | External | | NO | |
 L | approve | External | | | NO | |
| L | transferFrom | External | | | NO | |
| **IERC20Metadata** | Interface | IERC20 |||
| L | name | External | | NO | |
| L | symbol | External | | NO | |
| L | decimals | External | | NO | |
| **ERC20** | Implementation | Context, IERC20, IERC20Metadata |||
 L | name | Public | | NO | |
 L | symbol | Public | | NO | |
 L | decimals | Public | | NO |
 L | totalSupply | Public | | NO |
 L | balanceOf | Public | | NO | |
 L | transfer | Public | | | NO | |
 L | allowance | Public ! | NO! |
 L | approve | Public ! | | NO! |
 L | transferFrom | Public | | | NO | |
 L | increaseAllowance | Public | | | NO | |
 L | decreaseAllowance | Public | | | NO | |
 L | transfer | Internal 🔒 | 🛑 | |
 L | tokengeneration | Internal | | |
 L | approve | Internal 🔒 | 🛑 | |
| L | beforeTokenTransfer | Internal 🔒 | 🛑 | | | | |
| **Address** | Library | |||
| L | sendValue | Internal | | | | | |
| **Ownable** | Implementation | Context |||
| L | <Constructor> | Public | | | NO | |
```



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

```
| L | owner | Public | | NO | |
L | transferOwnership | Public | | | onlyOwner |
| L | setOwner | Private 🔐 | 🛑 | | | |
| **IFactory** | Interface | |||
| L | createPair | External | | | NO | |
**IRouter** | Interface | |||
| | | factory | External | | NO | |
| L | WETH | External | | | NO | |
| addLiquidityETH | External | | 1 NO | |
| **$MAZE** | Implementation | ERC20, Ownable |||
L | approve | Public ! | | NO! |
L | transferFrom | Public | | NO | |
L | increaseAllowance | Public | | | NO | |
L | decreaseAllowance | Public | | | NO | |
L | transfer | Public | | | NO | |
└ | transfer | Internal 🔒 | ● ||
L | swapTokensForETH | Private 🦸 | 🛑 | |
L | addLiquidity | Private | | | |
UpdateTreshhold | External | | • | onlyOwner |
└ | DefaultFees | External ! | ● | onlyOwner |
L | FeesSwitch | External | | | onlyOwner |
| L | UpdateBuyFee | External | | | onlyOwner |
L | unShake | External | | onlyOwner |
L | ClearETHBalance | External | | | NO | |
```



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

| Symbol | Meaning |
|:-----|
| Function can modify state |
| Function is payable |



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
Pragma version^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#13) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.16
solc-0.8.20 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#308-313):
             (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (contracts/Token.sol#311)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls
Variable ERC20._balances (contracts/Token.sol#62) is not in mixedCase Variable ERC20._allowances (contracts/Token.sol#64) is not in mixedCase
Function IRouter.WETH() (contracts/Token.sol#357) is not in mixedCase
Contract $MAZE (contracts/Token.sol#377-642) is not in CapWords
Function $MAZE.SwapBack(uint256,$MAZE.Taxes) (contracts/Token.sol#509-546) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.UpdateLiquidityProvide(bool) (contracts/Token.sol#571-573) is not in mixedCase Function $MAZE.UpdateTreshhold(uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#575-577) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.UpdateTreshhold(uint256).new_amount (contracts/Token.sol#575) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.DefaultFees() (contracts/Token.sol#579-582) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.FeesSwitch() (contracts/Token.sol#584-587) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.UpdateBuyFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). marketing (contracts/Token.sol#589) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.UpdateBuyFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). marketing (contracts/Token.sol#589) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.UpdateBuyFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). liquidity (contracts/Token.sol#589) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.UpdateBuyFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). dev (contracts/Token.sol#589) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.UpdateSellFee(uint256,uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#589) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.UpdateSellFee(uint256,uint256,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#589) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.UpdateSellFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). marketing (contracts/Token.sol#596) is not in mixedCase Parameter $MAZE.UpdateSellFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). liquidity (contracts/Token.sol#596) is not in mixedCase Parameter $MAZE.UpdateSellFee(uint256,uint256,uint256). dev (contracts/Token.sol#596) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.OpenTrading() (contracts/Token.sol#603-607) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.updateExemptFee(address,bool)._address (contracts/Token.sol#617) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.UpdateMaxTxLimit(uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#621-624) is not in mixedCase Function $MAZE.ClearETHBalance() (contracts/Token.sol#626-631) is not in mixedCase
Function $MAZE.ClearERC20Tokens(address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#633-638) is not in mixedCase
Parameter $MAZE.ClearERC20Tokens(address,uint256)._tokenAddy (contracts/Token.sol#633) is not in mixedCase Parameter $MAZE.ClearERC20Tokens(address,uint256)._amount (contracts/Token.sol#633) is not in mixedCase Constant $MAZE.DeadAddy (contracts/Token.sol#392) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
Redundant expression "this (contracts/Token.sol#21)" inContext (contracts/Token.sol#15-24)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
$MAZE.devWallet (contracts/Token.sol#391) should be constant
$MAZE.marketingWallet (contracts/Token.sol#390) should be constant
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant
$MAZE.pair (contracts/Token.sol#381) should be immutable
$MAZE.router (contracts/Token.sol#380) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```

Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither,

No major issues were found in the output



Router (PCS V2):

0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1

1- Adding liquidity (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x0718f9623e5c7fb7d3b111b8344a520 60594db615b7dff3b1856fd091b630a8e

2- Buying when excluded (0% tax) (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x24d7038b2e81f679f0f60094505a9b 07e015156de1cdfa70b5c1c1835bd90f40

3- Selling when excluded (0% tax) (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xb2b0699769c7126cb685119f5cd0bec 240616c3cb6acc21286839f456287c25c

4- Transferring when excluded from fees (0% tax) (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x1ff784cf728c17a0df92a53d5984e3a 65fb817e54d75f045a8db320709d20d71

5- Buying when not excluded from fees (0-10% tax) (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x4ee3e58b64c97969810fc1d4807d63 c6dfb58afea211e65541c305f34b716571

6- Selling when not excluded from fees (0-10% tax) (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xf361884612162e4deed9596f9f6f3c3d02c25caa63ebb04032f6380bd6cbf4e0



77- Transferring when not excluded from fees (0-10% tax) (passed): https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x64f07cf89e575f201f91e649ef45d76 f4e86809ea383a27035e55893d2029173

8- Internal swap (auto-liquidty, marketing and dev wallet received ETH) (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xd8a3ccb2089808d7eda841cb23a4ba 0b240e23fd125bef9e208ad96692b7e07e



Centralization – Trades must be enabled

Severity: High

function: OpenTrading Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

The smart contract owner must enable trades for holders. If trading remain disabled, no one would be able to buy/sell/transfer tokens.

```
function OpenTrading() external onlyOwner {
   require(!tradingEnabled, "Trading is already enabled");
   tradingEnabled = true;
   _isprovidingLiquidity = true;
}
```

Suggestion

To mitigate this centralization issue, we propose the following options:

- Renounce Ownership: Consider relinquishing control of the smart contract by renouncing ownership. This would remove the ability for a single entity to manipulate the router, reducing centralization risks.
- 2. Multi-signature Wallet: Transfer ownership to a multi-signature wallet. This would require multiple approvals for any changes to the mainRouter, adding an additional layer of security and reducing the centralization risk.
- Transfer ownership to a trusted and valid 3rd party in order to guarantee enabling of the trades



Centralization – buy/sell can be disabled

Severity: High

function: shake / unShake

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Owner is able to disble buy/sell for all holders including whitelisted wallets by calling "shake" function. This function blacklists liquidity pool.

```
function shake() external onlyOwner {
    isearlybuyer[pair] = true;
}

function _transfer(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount) internal override {
    require(amount > 0, "Transfer amount must be greater than zero");
    require(!isearlybuyer[sender] && !isearlybuyer[recipient], "You can't transfer tokens");
```

Suggestion

being able to disable buy/sells is considered a critical centralization risk. You can resolve this issue by:

- delete "shake" function.
- Implement a more decentralized and safe method for handling whatever "shake" function is intended to handle.
- Unblacklist liquidity pool and renounce ownership of the contract
- Transfer ownership of the contract to a trusted 3rd party (e.g. Pinksale Certified Safu Developer)



Centralization – Excessive fees

Severity: Medium

function: FeesSwitch Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Owner is able to set 30% tax on buy/transfer and 40% tax on sells by calling "FeesSwitch" function.

```
function FeesSwitch() external onlyOwner {
  buytaxes = Taxes(10, 0, 20);
  sellTaxes = Taxes(15, 0, 25);
}
```

High amount of buy/sell fees can often be used to control price volatility / buy – sell pressure at launch time, however this is still considered a centralization issue, because:

- 1- buy/sell/transfer fees are exceeding the safe range (0-10% according to pinksale safu criteria)
- 2- This function can be called anytime meaning that its not limited to launch time

Suggestion

to mitigate this issue there are multiple ways:

 ensure that this function can not be called again after a short period of time since launch, and it disabled itself automatically:

```
function FeesSwitch() external onlyOwner {
    require(block.timestamp <= startTradingTime + 2 hours, "can't call this function again")
    buytaxes = Taxes(10, 0, 20);
    sellTaxes = Taxes(15, 0, 25);
}

function _transfer(address sender, address recipient, uint256 amount) internal override {
    //other sections
    if(block.timestamp >= startTradingTime + 2 hours){
        if(buyTaxes.dev == 20){
            DefaultFees();
        }
    }
    //other sections
}
```

- Remove this function and ensure that fees are always within safe range:

0% <= buy or sell or transfer tax <= 10%



Centralization – Max wallet limit

Severity: Low

function: updateMaxTxLimit

Status: Not Resolved

Overview:

Owner is able to set a max wallet limit meaning that wallets (except whitelisted ones) wont be able to hold more than this maximum limit.

Owner is able to adjust this maximum limit in range of 0.1% - 100% of total supply.

```
function UpdateMaxTxLimit(uint256 maxWallet) external onlyOwner {
  require(maxWallet >= 1e11, "Cannot set max wallet amount lower than 0.1%");
  maxWalletLimit = maxWallet * 10 ** decimals();
}
```

Suggestion

Minimum value of maximim wallet is in accordance with pinksale safu criteria, however its still considered a centralization issue.

https://docs.pinksale.finance/important/safu-contract



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