

Smart Contract Audit

FOR

InfiCloud

DATED: 27 Jan, 2024



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name - InfiCloud

Date: 27 Jan, 2024

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: Passed

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	0	0	1	0
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	1	0	0	0



USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3- Slither:

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x046f0b56c5 47efa86bc5ab6c1a5b19b51ee6017b#code



Token Information

Token Name: InfiCloud

Token Symbol: InfiCloud

Decimals: 9

Token Supply: 10,000,000,000

Network: BscScan

Token Type: BEP-20

Token Address:

0x3Ab71A0451587A9359fC0750bC21D276EC198F02

Checksum:

2b7acbefe2a12642d388659dffd20722

Owner:

OxDc23Cc03E997222eCf6276E3554E385a3B2cDCD7 (at time of writing the audit)

Deployer:

0xDc23Cc03E997222eCf6276E3554E385a3B2cDCD7



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Fees:

Buy Fee: 0%

Sell Fee: 0%

Transfer Fee: 0%

Fees Privilege: Owner

Ownership: Owned

Minting: No mint function

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: No

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges:

- Whitelist to transfer without enabling trades
- Enabling trades



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
- Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
- Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
- Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code isexercised when we run the test cases.
- Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
- Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.



VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST





STATIC ANALYSIS

A static analysis of the code was performed using Slither. No issues were found.

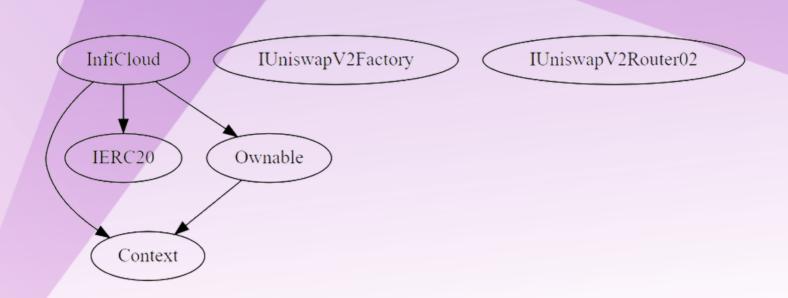
INFO: Detectors:

solc-0.8.22 is not recommended for deployment

Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity WARNING:Slither:No contract was analyzed INFO:Slither:InfiCloud.sol analyzed (0 contracts with 93 detectors), 1 result(s) found



INHERITANCE TREE





OWNERSHIP PRIVILEGES

- The owner can transfer ownership.
- The owner can renounce ownership.
- The owner can Enable trading.
- The owner can add/remove excludefee address from the fee.
- The owner can clear stuck BNB.



Functional Tests

1- Approve (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x44da1aab34ad33efd01e790144 aae985591517ad68dba8beb7c3f2ec8ae3ddd

2- Add Exclude Fee (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x238f3c7c9e883f5433c9b59d5 f6a66bd63d831b408bf155e92c48b223c6a7e9a

3- Remove Exclude Fee (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x4cb0191503511b8d0c49e5367 6643e4859ecf5f9afdaa173b265e6118dcf79cb

4- Enable Trading (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xcfe984546c51cf86c0e722695 2301648190f9e4801547e30b25d44beb59a6bad

5- clear Stuck BNB (passed):

https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xb42a18183e1b20a3353746a41 9f1a082fae51b38a67b8bfe0d42b8a66f698dde



CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

- Critical
- High-Risk
- Medium-Risk
- Low-Risk
- Gas Optimization
 /Suggestion

Description

These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.

A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.

A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.

A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.

A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

Findings

Severity	Found
◆ Critical	0
♦ High-Risk	1
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	1
Gas Optimization /Suggestions	0



MANUAL TESTING

Centralization - Enabling Trades

Severity: High

Function: Enabling Trades

Status: Resolved (SAFU Dev hold the

ownership of contract)

Overview:

The **EnableTrading** function permits only the contract owner to activate trading capabilities. Until this function is executed, no investors can buy, sell, or transfer their tokens. This places a high degree of control and centralization in the hands of the contract owner.

```
function enableTrading() external onlyOwner() {
    require(!tradingOpen,"trading is already open");
    tradingOpen = true;
    emit TradingOpenUpdated();
}
```

Suggestion:

To reduce centralization and potential manipulation, consider one of the following approaches:

- 1. Automatically enable trading after a specified condition, such as the completion of a presale, is met.
- 2.If manual activation is still desired, consider transferring the ownership of the contract to a trustworthy, third-party entity like a certified "PinkSale Safu" developer. This can give investors more confidence in the eventual activation of trading capabilities, mitigating concerns of potential bad-faith actions by the original owner.



MANUAL TESTING

Centralization - Local Variable Shadowing

Severity: Low

Function: allowance/_approve

Status: Open

Overview:

```
function allowance(address owner, address spender) public view override returns
(uint256) {
    return _allowances[owner][spender];
}
function _approve(address owner, address spender, uint256 amount) private {
    require(owner != address(0), "ERC20: approve from the zero address");
    require(spender != address(0), "ERC20: approve to the zero address");
    _allowances[owner][spender] = amount;
    emit Approval(owner, spender, amount);
}
```

Suggestion:

Rename the local variable that shadows another component.



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