



# Smart Contract Audit

FOR

PuppyLoveCoin

DATED : 6 Feb, 2024

# MANUAL TESTING

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## **Centralization** – The owner can Blacklist Wallet

**Severity: High**

**Function: setBlacklistAddress**

**Status: Open**

### Overview:

The owner can blacklist multiple wallets owner.

```
function setBlacklistAddress(address _address, bool isBlacklisted) external onlyOwner {  
    blacklisted[_address] = isBlacklisted;  
}
```



# MANUAL TESTING

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**Centralization** – The owner can lock the token

**Severity: High**

**Function: setMaxWalletAmount**

**Status: Open**

**Overview:**

In this setMaxWalletAmount.

```
function setMaxWalletAmount(uint256 _amount) external onlyOwner {  
    maxWalletAmount = _amount;  
}
```

**Suggestion:**

It is recommended that there be a required check for zero address.

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# AUDIT SUMMARY

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**Project name** – PuppyLove Coin

**Date:** 6 Feb, 2024

**Scope of Audit-** Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

**Audit Status:** **High Risk Major Flag**

## Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	2	0	1	2
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0

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# USED TOOLS

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## Tools:

### 1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

**2- BSC Test Network:** All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

### 3- Slither :

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

### Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xefb527bea12c48e2f7877d7289250a95da2bdbf0#code>

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# Token Information

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**Token Name :** PuppyLove Coin

**Token Symbol:** \$PuppyLove

**Decimals:** 18

**Token Supply:** 10000000000000

**Network:** ETHScan

**Token Type:** ERC-20

**Token Address:**

0x9471a367C34fEb503d9A5F2c050cf2C28e5d7Ac0

**Checksum:**

hde3cef7c2c788bc03532d7342fc9112

**Owner:**

0x408AAaCD1bb5Cf55E4bC615F7EC3f5463e56D1C4

**Deployer:**

0x408AAaCD1bb5Cf55E4bC615F7EC3f5463e56D1C4

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# TOKEN OVERVIEW

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## **Fees:**

**Buy Fee: 0-25%**

**Sell Fee: 5-25%**

**Transfer Fee: 0-0%**

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**Fees Privilege: Owner**

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**Ownership: Owned**

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**Minting: None**

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**Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: No**

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**Blacklist: Yes**

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# AUDIT METHODOLOGY

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The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
  - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
  - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
  - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
  - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
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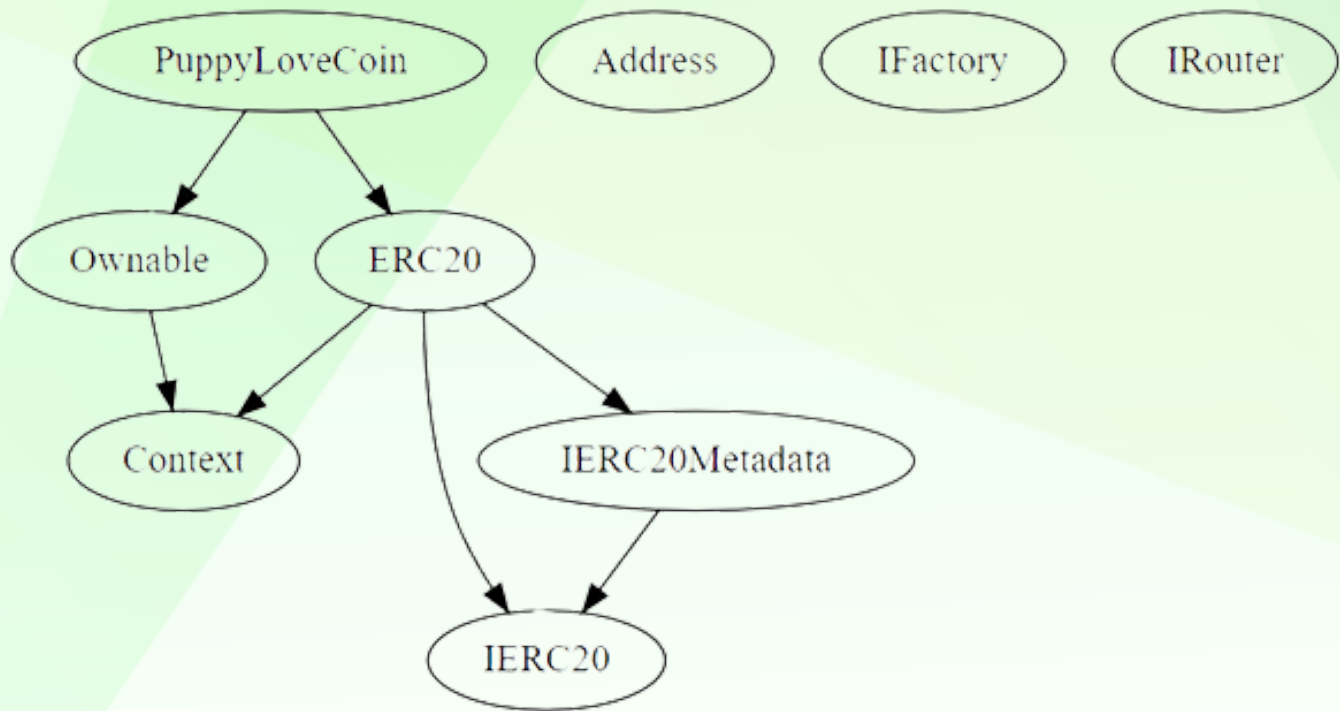
# VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

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- |                                    |                               |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ✓ Return values of low-level calls | ✓ Gasless Send                |
| ✓ Private modifier                 | ✓ Using block.timestamp       |
| ✓ Multiple Sends                   | ✓ Re-entrancy                 |
| ✓ Using Suicide                    | ✓ Tautology or contradiction  |
| ✓ Gas Limitand Loops               | ✓ Timestamp Dependence        |
| ✓ Address hardcoded                | ✓ Revert/require functions    |
| ✓ Exception Disorder               | ✓ Use of tx.origin            |
| ✓ Using inline assembly            | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow  |
| ✓ Divide before multiply           | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation  | ✓ Using SHA3                  |
| ✓ Compiler version not fixed       | ✓ Using throw                 |
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# INHERITANCE TREE

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# STATIC ANALYSIS

A static analysis of the code was performed using Slither.  
No issues were found.

```
INFO:Detectors:
PuppyLoveCoin.addLiquidity(uint256,uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#451-464) ignores return value by router.addLiquidityETH(value: bnbAmount)(address(this),tokenAmount,0,0,address(0xdead),block.timestamp) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#458-463)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-return
INFO:Detectors:
PuppyLoveCoin.setMaxWalletAmount(uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#558-562) should emit an event for:
- maxWalletAmount = _amount (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#551)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-arithmetic
INFO:Detectors:
Modifier PuppyLoveCoin.inSwap() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#369-375) does not always execute _; or revertReference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-modifier
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in PuppyLoveCoin._transfer(address,address,uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#391-419):
  External calls:
  - swapForFees() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#415)
    - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#419)
    - router.swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens(tokenAmount,0,path,address(this),block.timestamp) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#442-448)
    - address(taxWallet).sendValue(taxAmt) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#429)
  External calls sending eth:
  - swapForFees() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#415)
    - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#419)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - Transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#418)
    - super._transfer(sender,recipient,amount - fee) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#417)
  - Transfer(sender,recipient,amount) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#418)
    - super._transfer(sender,address(this),fee) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#418)
    - super._transfer(sender,address(this),fee) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#418)
  Reentrancy in PuppyLoveCoin.withdrawStuckTokens(address,address) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#517-525):
    External calls:
    - _sent = ERC20(token).transfer(_to,_contractBalance) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#523)
    Event emitted after the call(s):
    - Transfer(token,token,_contractBalance) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#524)
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3
INFO:Detectors:
PuppyLoveCoin.isContract(address) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#554-560) uses assembly
  - INLINE ASM (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#556-558)
  Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#assembly-usage
INFO:Detectors:
Context._msgData() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#411-414) is never used and should be removed
PuppyLoveCoin.addLiquidity(uint256,uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#451-464) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code
INFO:Detectors:
Pragma versions 0.8.20 (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#4) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
solidc-0.8.20 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
```



# STATIC ANALYSIS

```
INFO:Detectors:
Context._msgData() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#11-14) is never used and should be removed
PuppyLoveCoin.addLiquidity(uint256,uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#451-464) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code
INFO:Detectors:
Pragma version^0.8.20 (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#4) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.8.18.
solc-0.8.20 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
INFO:Detectors:
Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#233-244):
- (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#239)
Low level call in PuppyLoveCoin.unclog() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#533-540):
- (success,None) = address(taxWallet).call{value: ethtax}() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#539)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls
INFO:Detectors:
Function IRouter.WETH() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#296) is not in mixedCase
Event PuppyLoveCoin.taxWalletUpdated() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#345) is not in CapWords
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.setSwapThreshold(uint256).new_amount (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#472) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.setBuyTaxes(uint256)._tax (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#481) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.setSellTaxes(uint256)._tax (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#488) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.setExcludedFromFees(address,bool)._address (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#509) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.withdrawStuckTokens(address,address)._token (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#517) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.withdrawStuckTokens(address,address)._to (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#517) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.setBlacklistAddress(address,bool)._address (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#546) is not in mixedCase
Parameter PuppyLoveCoin.setMaxWalletAmount(uint256)._amount (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#550) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
INFO:Detectors:
Redundant expression "this (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#12)" inContext (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#6-15)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements
INFO:Detectors:
Reentrancy in PuppyLoveCoin.clearStuckEthers(uint256) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#527-531):
  External calls:
  - address(msg.sender).transfer((amountETH * amountPercentage) / 100) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#529)
  Event emitted after the call(s):
  - StuckEthersCleared() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#530)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-4
INFO:Detectors:
PuppyLoveCoin.constructor() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#377-389) uses literals with too many digits:
- _mint(msg.sender,1000000000000 * 10 ** decimals()) (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#378)
PuppyLoveCoin.slitherConstructorVariables() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#323-565) uses literals with too many digits:
- swapThreshold = 1000000 * 10 ** 18 (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#353)
PuppyLoveCoin.slitherConstructorVariables() (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#323-565) uses literals with too many digits:
- maxWalletAmount = 100000000 * 10 ** 18 (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#355)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
INFO:Detectors:
PuppyLoveCoin.pair (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#327) should be immutable
PuppyLoveCoin.router (PuppyLoveCoin.sol#326) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
INFO:Slither:PuppyLoveCoin.sol analyzed (9 contracts with 93 detectors), 30 result(s) found
```



# FUNCTIONAL TESTING

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## 1- Approve (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x88649ef103595325920a26489de21c9f58d0a25d3ef858d98b84640daf64b323>

## 2- Set Buy Taxes (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x6e9203084ce61d45dac559f2ac31dc17df28f06524ac30d55d69d5df2fe85aae>

## 3- Set Buy Taxes (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x461f9d1b295e16c2155c201338f7850de47a5b88d9c5c4814cdec58c4a2b7d6c>

## 4- Set Blacklist Address (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xb9285bb5ae9be190475cf1e6ebfd119edda7a2ac2979b9ccc9379d3e95a58bc9>

## 5- Settax Wallet (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x82580a6bcb66f8128ef0b9b65de77e8687b8209330dfe9e91ddeb228dd26bfa5>

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# POINTS TO NOTE

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- **The owner can enable/disable swapping.**
  - **The owner can update the swap threshold amount.**
  - **The owner can update the buy and sell tax of not more than 25%.**
  - **The owner can update the tax wallet address.**
  - **The owner can exclude wallets from fees.**
  - **The owner can claim the stuck tokens including the contract's tokens.**
  - **The owner can manually swap tokens.**
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# CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

## Severity

## Description

◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization /Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

## Findings

### Severity

### Found

◆ Critical	0
◆ High-Risk	2
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	1
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	2



# MANUAL TESTING

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**Centralization** – The owner can Blacklist Wallet

**Severity: High**

**Function: setBlacklistAddress**

**Status: Open**

## Overview:

The owner can blacklist multiple wallets owner.

```
function setBlacklistAddress(address _address, bool isBlacklisted) external onlyOwner {
    blacklisted[_address] = isBlacklisted;
}
```





# MANUAL TESTING

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**Centralization** – The owner can lock the token

**Severity: High**

**Function: setMaxWalletAmount**

**Status: Open**

**Overview:**

In this setMaxWalletAmount.

```
function setMaxWalletAmount(uint256 _amount) external onlyOwner {  
    maxWalletAmount = _amount;  
}
```

**Suggestion:**

It is recommended that there be a required check for zero address.

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# MANUAL TESTING

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## Centralization – Missing Events

Severity: Low

Subject: Missing Events

Status: Open

### Overview:

They serve as a mechanism for emitting and recording data onto the blockchain, making it transparent and easily accessible.

```
function setBlacklistAddress(address _address, bool isBlacklisted) external onlyOwner {
    blacklisted[_address] = isBlacklisted;
}
function setMaxWalletAmount(uint256 _amount) external onlyOwner {
    maxWalletAmount = _amount;
}
```

# MANUAL TESTING

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## Optimization

Severity: Informational

Function: Floating Pragma

Status: Open

### Overview:

It is considered best practice to pick one compiler version and stick with it. With a floating pragma, contracts may accidentally be deployed using an outdated.

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.20;
```

### Suggestion:

Adding the latest constant version of solidity is recommended, as this prevents the unintentional deployment of a contract with an outdated compiler that contains unresolved bugs.

# MANUAL TESTING

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## Optimization

Severity: Optimization

Function: Remove unused code.

Status: Open

### Overview:

Unused variables are allowed in Solidity, and they do. not pose a direct security issue. It is the best practice. though to avoid them.

```
function _msgData() internal view virtual returns (bytes calldata) {  
    this;  
    return msg.data;  
}  
event DevelopmentWalletUpdated();  
event StoicDaoWalletUpdated();  
event MaxTxAmountUpdated();  
event MaxWalletAmountUpdated();
```



# DISCLAIMER

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# ABOUT AUDITACE

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We specializes in providing thorough and reliable audits for Web3 projects. With a team of experienced professionals, we use cutting-edge technology and rigorous methodologies to evaluate the security and integrity of blockchain systems. We are committed to helping our clients ensure the safety and transparency of their digital assets and transactions.



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