



# Smart Contract Audit

FOR

# Baby Doge CEO

DATED : 06 Mar 23'



# AUDIT SUMMARY

---

**Project name** – Phoenix Chain

**Date:** 06 March, 2023

**Scope of Audit-** Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

**Audit Status:** **Passed**

## Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	0	0	0	1	1
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0

---

# USED TOOLS

---

## Tools:

### 1- Manual Review:

a line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

### 2- BSC Test Network:

all tests were done on BSC Test network, each test has its transaction has attached to it.

### 3- Slither : Static Analysis

**Testnet Link:** all tests were done using this contract, tests are done on BSC Testnet

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0x3B451a1A1F16B50d01ba98C72b4b50F25a98b0E5>

---



# Token Information

---

**Token Name :** Baby Doge CEO

**Token Symbol:** BCEO

**Decimals:** 9

**Token Supply:** 420,000,000,000,000,000

**Token Address:**

0x8D875ABca035858C901Fb3B61a98179aA2cA7ed9

**Checksum:**

48ce0e526f89e88b78c4a39577f922507480fcd6

**Owner:**

0xAE6A8763191534AD4cf5FbaAEF53b1788148B501

---



# TOKEN OVERVIEW

---

## **Fees:**

Buy Fees: 10%

Sell Fees: 10%

Transfer Fees: 10%

---

**Fees Privilege:** None

---

**Ownership :** Owned

---

**Minting:** No mint function

---

**Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount:** No

---

**Blacklist:** No

---

**Other Privileges:** including and excluding from fees and rewards

---



# AUDIT METHODOLOGY

---

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
  - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
  - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
  - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
  - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
-



# VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

---

- |  |   |
|--|---|
|  Return values of low-level calls  |  Gasless Send                  |
|  Private modifier                  |  Using block.timestamp         |
|  Multiple Sends                    |  Re-entrancy                   |
|  Using Suicide                    |  Tautology or contradiction   |
|  Gas Limitand Loops              |  Timestamp Dependence        |
|  Address hardcoded               |  Revert/require functions    |
|  Exception Disorder              |  Use of tx.origin            |
|  Using inline assembly           |  Integer overflow/underflow  |
|  Divide before multiply          |  Dangerous strict equalities |
|  Missing Zero Address Validation |  Using SHA3                  |
|  Compiler version not fixed      |  Using throw                 |
-



# CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

## Severity

## Description

◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

## Findings

### Severity

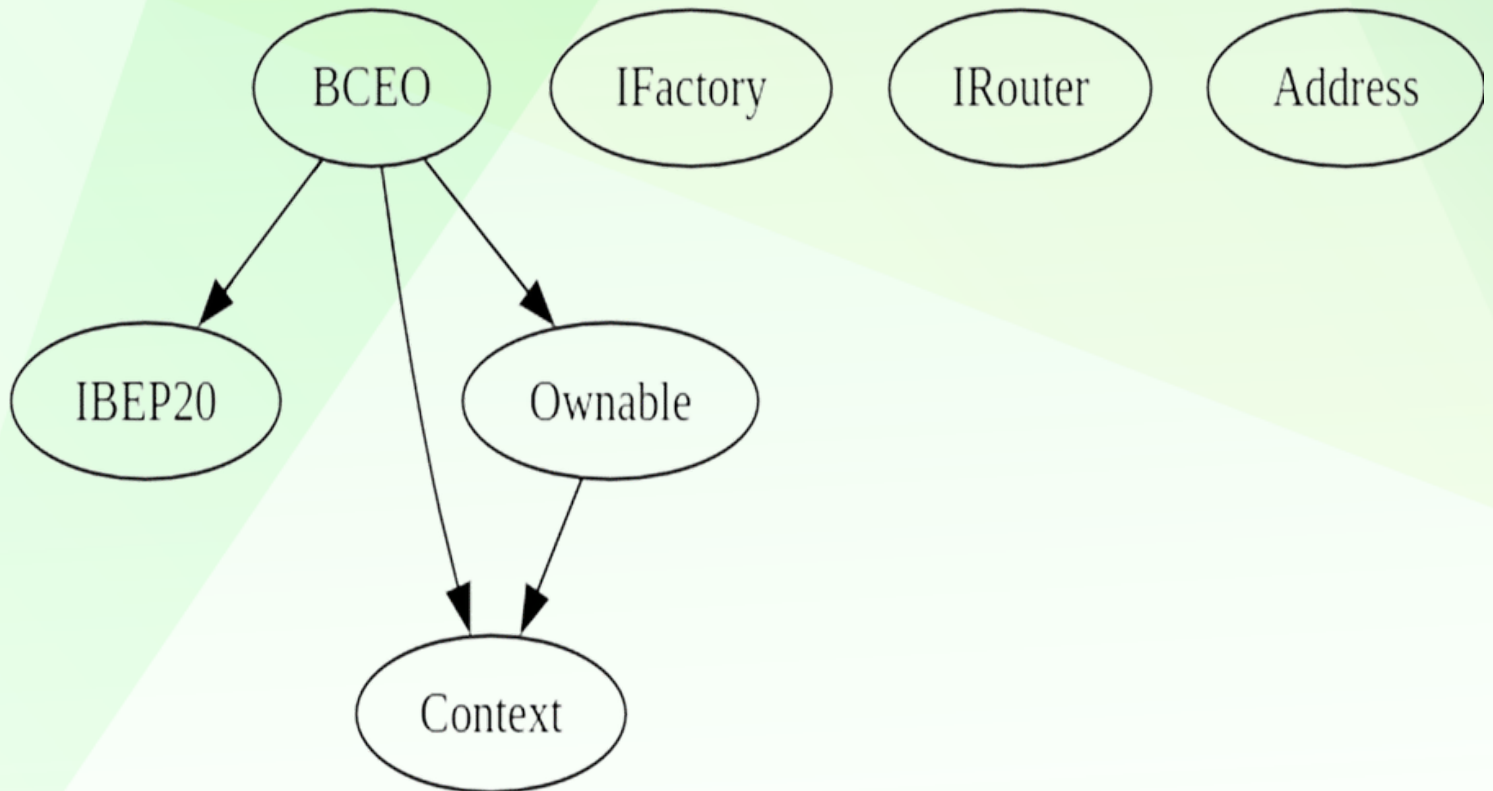
### Found

◆ Critical	0
◆ High-Risk	0
◆ Medium-Risk	0
◆ Low-Risk	1
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	1



# INHERITANCE TREE

---





# POINTS TO NOTE

---

- **Owner is not able to change fees (10% buy, 10% sell and 10% transfer)**
  - **Owner is not able to set max buy/sell/transfer amount**
  - **Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary wallet**
  - **Owner is not able to disable trades**
  - **Owner is not able to mint new tokens**
-

# CONTRACT ASSESMENT


Contract	Type	Bases			
:-----: :-----: :-----: :-----: :-----:					
L	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**	
**IBEP20**   Interface					
L	totalSupply	External	!	NO!	
L	balanceOf	External	!	NO!	
L	transfer	External	!	NO!	
L	allowance	External	!	NO!	
L	approve	External	!	NO!	
L	transferFrom	External	!	NO!	
**Context**   Implementation					
L	_msgSender	Internal	🔒		
L	_msgData	Internal	🔒		
**Ownable**   Implementation   Context					
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	NO!	
L	owner	Public	!	NO!	
L	renounceOwnership	Public	!	NO!	
L	transferOwnership	Public	!	NO!	
L	_setOwner	Private	🔒	NO!	
**IFactory**   Interface					
L	createPair	External	!	NO!	
**IRouter**   Interface					
L	factory	External	!	NO!	
L	WETH	External	!	NO!	
L	addLiquidityETH	External	!	NO!	
L	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	!	NO!	
**Address**   Library					
L	sendValue	Internal	🔒	NO!	
**BCEO**   Implementation   Context, IBEP20, Ownable					
L	<Constructor>	Public	!	NO!	
L	name	Public	!	NO!	
L	symbol	Public	!	NO!	
L	decimals	Public	!	NO!	
L	totalSupply	Public	!	NO!	
L	balanceOf	Public	!	NO!	

# CONTRACT ASSESMENT

<sup>L</sup>	allowance	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	approve	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	transferFrom	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	increaseAllowance	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	decreaseAllowance	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	transfer	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	isExcludedFromReward	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	reflectionFromToken	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	EnableTrading	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	updatedDeadline	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	tokenFromReflection	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	excludeFromReward	Public !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	includeInReward	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	excludeFromFee	Public !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	includeInFee	Public !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	isExcludedFromFee	Public !		NO!
<sup>L</sup>	\_getRate	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	\_getCurrentSupply	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	\_approve	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	\_transfer	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	\_tokenTransfer	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	swapAndLiquify	Private 		lockTheSwap
<sup>L</sup>	addLiquidity	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	swapTokensForBNB	Private 		
<sup>L</sup>	bulkExcludeFee	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	updateMarketingWallet	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	updateDevWallet	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	updateOpsWallet	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	updateSwapTokensAtAmount	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	updateSwapEnabled	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	rescueBNB	External !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	rescueAnyBEP20Tokens	Public !		onlyOwner
<sup>L</sup>	<Receive Ether>	External !		NO!

| Symbol | Meaning |

| :-----: | ----- |

|  | Function can modify state |

|  | Function is payable |

# STATIC ANALYSIS

```
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3

BCE0.includeInReward(address) (contracts/Token.sol#418-429) has costly operations inside a loop:
  - _excluded.pop() (contracts/Token.sol#425)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#costly-operations-inside-a-loop

Context._msgData() (contracts/Token.sol#60-63) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

BCE0._rTotal (contracts/Token.sol#179) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:
  - (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal))
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#function-initializing-state

Pragma version^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#21) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.16
solc-0.8.18 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#140-151):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}{} (contracts/Token.sol#146)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Function IRouter.WETH() (contracts/Token.sol#116) is not in mixedCase
Struct BCE0.valuesFromGetValues (contracts/Token.sol#216-230) is not in CapWords
Function BCE0.EnableTrading() (contracts/Token.sol#384-389) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BCE0.updatedDeadline(uint256)._deadline (contracts/Token.sol#391) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BCE0.updateSwapEnabled(bool)._enabled (contracts/Token.sol#807) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BCE0.rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(address,address,uint256)._tokenAddr (contracts/Token.sol#819) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BCE0.rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(address,address,uint256)._to (contracts/Token.sol#820) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BCE0.rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(address,address,uint256)._amount (contracts/Token.sol#821) is not in mixedCase
Constant BCE0._decimals (contracts/Token.sol#175) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Variable BCE0.genesis_block (contracts/Token.sol#183) is not in mixedCase
Constant BCE0._name (contracts/Token.sol#191) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Constant BCE0._symbol (contracts/Token.sol#192) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Redundant expression "this (contracts/Token.sol#61)" inContext (contracts/Token.sol#55-64)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements

BCE0._lastSell (contracts/Token.sol#170) is never used in BCE0 (contracts/Token.sol#154-831)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable

BCE0._tTotal (contracts/Token.sol#178) should be constant
BCE0._deadWallet (contracts/Token.sol#186) should be constant
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant

BCE0._pair (contracts/Token.sol#173) should be immutable
BCE0._router (contracts/Token.sol#172) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```

**Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither,**

**No major issues were found in the output**



# FUNCTIONAL TESTING

---

## **Router (PCS V2):**

0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1

All the functionalities have been tested, no issues were found

### **1- Adding liquidity (passed):**

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xc85fc5d14df91a1417cf04f9ff097c1a6f789a336df3dde3f7abdd738d8981e2>

### **2- Buying when excluded (0% tax) (passed):**

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x510cdba7d190fa7d1027671bd3ba478079927a5bedf6d18fd48a799b7a6a34cf>

### **3- Selling when excluded (0% tax) (passed):**

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xd322d008766212c3646a77241ebc887d0aec614f5abbf64af657f47506e6bb89>

### **4- Transferring when excluded (0% tax) (passed):**

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x160fe4800b81f1499fe08c401fb7bd31702062c5e46209975867d7916a6a5286>

### **5- Buying when not excluded (10% tax) (passed):**

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x6fab7ad77f68db39cf096cda0bce312dfd2b6db75ef3419a5bfc56932ee2b106>

### **6- Selling when not excluded (10% tax) (passed):**

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xd805357ca517ee4c817ab6cb8b9d5b78b72a256bfc7ea3e6e5bf2a49b44cefdf>

---



# FUNCTIONAL TESTING

---

## 7- Transferring when not excluded (10% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xc78335e7daf1ccedf6ec0fe19988431669640999810ca45c862c04df0153e3e2>

## 8- Internal swap (passed):

### prize pool wallet received ETH

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xaaa245d0b7acc5129d4284d61e127b612e5219c8#internaltx>

### dev wallet received ETH during above sells (non-excluded)

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x640e8938b5aecca43c0f67c0b566900590188faf#internaltx>

### ops wallet received ETH during above sells (non-excluded)

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0xc520247f4f0c9b3e6819ac6d9822f83535179f75#internaltx>

## 9- Reflections (passed):

Monitored balances of multiple wallets, each one's balance increased after each trade, this means reflections are working. Also excluding and including to reflections have been tested and passed. (can be found at testnet link)

---



# MANUAL TESTING

## Low Risk Issues

---

Issue: no way to enable auto-liquidity

Type : Logical

Function:---

Line: ---

Severity: **Low**

### Overview:

Although the contract has implemented the necessary functionality for auto-liquidity, the feature is deemed redundant since the liquidity tax is set at 0 and is non-upgradable. As a result, the functionality serves no practical purpose.

```
function addLiquidity(uint256 tokenAmount, uint256 bnbAmount) private {  
    // approve token transfer to cover all possible scenarios  
    _approve(address(this), address(router), tokenAmount);  
  
    // add the liquidity  
    router.addLiquidityETH{value: bnbAmount}(  
        address(this),  
        tokenAmount,  
        0, // slippage is unavoidable  
        0, // slippage is unavoidable  
        deadWallet,  
        block.timestamp  
    );  
}
```

### Recommendation:

- delete this auto-liquidity functions from the contract to reduce overall gas usage
  - add the necessary function to be able to update liquidity tax
-



# MANUAL TESTING

## Suggestions & Recommendations:

---

### S-1 : allowing owner to withdraw native tokens from the contract

Preventing the owner from withdrawing native tokens from the contract can provide a level of transparency and assurance to investors that their fees are being used in a way that benefits all investors. This approach can also help to prevent potential misuse or mismanagement of the collected fees.

On the other hand, allowing the owner to withdraw the native tokens can provide more flexibility and control over how the collected fees are used. This can be particularly useful in situations where the collected fees need to be used for purposes other than marketing or providing liquidity.

Hence, It may be beneficial to consider implementing additional safeguards or controls to prevent potential misuse of the collected fees, regardless of whether the owner is allowed to withdraw them or not.

```
//Use this in case BEP20 Tokens are sent to the contract by mistake
ftrace | funcSig
function rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(
    address _tokenAddr,
    address _to,
    uint256 _amount
) public onlyOwner {
    require(
        _tokenAddr != address(this),
        "Owner can't claim contract's balance of its own tokens"
    );
    IBEP20(_tokenAddr).transfer(_to, _amount);
}
```



# DISCLAIMER

---

All the content provided in this document is for general information only and should not be used as financial advice or a reason to buy any investment. Team provides no guarantees against the sale of team tokens or the removal of liquidity by the project audited in this document. Always Do your own research and protect yourselves from being scammed. The Auditace team has audited this project for general information and only expresses their opinion based on similar projects and checks from popular diagnostic tools. Under no circumstances did Auditace receive a payment to manipulate those results or change the awarding badge that we will be adding in our website. Always Do your own research and protect yourselves from scams. This document should not be presented as a reason to buy or not buy any particular token. The Auditace team disclaims any liability for the resulting losses.

---



# ABOUT AUDITACE

---

We specialize in providing thorough and reliable audits for Web3 projects. With a team of experienced professionals, we use cutting-edge technology and rigorous methodologies to evaluate the security and integrity of blockchain systems. We are committed to helping our clients ensure the safety and transparency of their digital assets and transactions.



**<https://auditace.tech/>**



**[https://t.me/Audit\\_Ace](https://t.me/Audit_Ace)**



**[https://twitter.com/auditace\\_](https://twitter.com/auditace_)**



**<https://github.com/Audit-Ace>**

---