



Smart Contract Audit

FOR
BOSS

DATED : 5 June 23'

CRITICAL RISK FINDING

Logical – zero swapTokensAtAmount can disable sell/transfers

Severity: **Critical**

function: updateSwapTokensAtAmount

Status: Open

Overview:

Setting swapTokensAtAmount to 0 can disable sell and transfer transactions for regular wallets (non whitelisted), this is because even if swapTokensAtAmount is set to 0, internal swap is still performed and reverts the transaction in attempt to swap 0 tokens for bnb.

```
function updateSwapTokensAtAmount(uint256 amount) external onlyOwner {  
    require(amount <= 42069000000000, "Cannot set swap threshold amount higher than 1% of  
tokens");  
    swapTokensAtAmount = amount * 10 ** _decimals;  
}
```

Suggestion

Ensure that swapTokensAtAmount is always greater than a reasonable minimum value:

```
function updateSwapTokensAtAmount(uint256 amount) external onlyOwner {  
    require(amount <= 42000000000000, "Cannot set swap threshold amount higher than 1% of  
tokens");  
    require(amount >= 4200000000, "Cannot set swap threshold amount higher than  
0.0001% of tokens");  
    swapTokensAtAmount = amount * 10 ** _decimals;  
}
```

HIGH RISK FINDING

Centralization – Trades must be enabled

Severity: **High**

function: EnableTrading

Status: Open

Overview:

The smart contract owner must enable trades for holders. If trading remain disabled, no one would be able to buy/sell/transfer tokens.

```
function EnableTrading() external onlyOwner {  
    require(!tradingEnabled, "Cannot re-enable trading");  
    tradingEnabled = true;  
    swapEnabled = true;  
    genesis_block = block.number;  
}
```

Suggestion

To mitigate this centralization issue, we propose the following options:

1. Renounce Ownership: Consider relinquishing control of the smart contract by renouncing ownership. This would remove the ability for a single entity to manipulate the router, reducing centralization risks.
2. Multi-signature Wallet: Transfer ownership to a multi-signature wallet. This would require multiple approvals for any changes to the mainRouter, adding an additional layer of security and reducing the centralization risk.
3. Transfer ownership to a trusted and valid 3rd party in order to guarantee enabling of the trades



AUDIT SUMMARY

Project name – BOSS

Date: 5 June, 2023

Scope of Audit- Audit Ace was consulted to conduct the smart contract audit of the solidity source codes.

Audit Status: Passed with high risk

Issues Found

Status	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Suggestion
Open	1	0	1	0	0
Acknowledged	0	0	0	0	0
Resolved	0	0	0	0	0

USED TOOLS

Tools:

1- Manual Review:

A line by line code review has been performed by audit ace team.

2- BSC Test Network: All tests were conducted on the BSC Test network, and each test has a corresponding transaction attached to it. These tests can be found in the "Functional Tests" section of the report.

3- Slither :

The code has undergone static analysis using Slither.

Testnet version:

The tests were performed using the contract deployed on the BSC Testnet, which can be found at the following address:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/token/0x47D63190157F1ade0Ea353b7ec08c0acA554808B>



Token Information

Token Name : Boss Baby Inu

Token Symbol: BOSS

Decimals: 9

Token Supply: 420,000,000,000,000

Token Address:

0xA023CaCaf2f4eF473705b6c1172509EF2343dc84

Checksum:

117db274a688d31b79a4d6834d3d691b7c3b2f52

Owner:

0x142523Ab1D9199BD9eb0a0d5f7865992321C04Dc
(at time of writing the audit)

Deployer:

0x142523Ab1D9199BD9eb0a0d5f7865992321C04Dc



TOKEN OVERVIEW

Fees:

Buy Fees: 8%

Sell Fees: 8%

Transfer Fees: 8%

Fees Privilege: None

Ownership: Owned

Minting: None

Max Tx Amount/ Max Wallet Amount: No

Blacklist: No

Other Privileges: - changing swap threshold

- enabling trades

- initial distribution of the tokens



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

The auditing process will follow a routine as special considerations by Auditace:

- Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace to make sure the contract logic meets the intentions of the client without exposing the user's funds to risk.
 - Manual review of the entire codebase by our experts, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - Specification comparison is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to Auditace describe.
 - Test coverage analysis determines whether the test cases are covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run the test cases.
 - Symbolic execution is analysing a program to determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute.
 - Reviewing the codebase to improve maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices.
-

VULNERABILITY CHECKLIST

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ✓ Return values of low-level calls | ✓ Gasless Send |
| ✓ Private modifier | ✓ Using block.timestamp |
| ✓ Multiple Sends | ✓ Re-entrancy |
| ✓ Using Suicide | ✓ Tautology or contradiction |
| ✓ Gas Limitand Loops | ✓ Timestamp Dependence |
| ✓ Address hardcoded | ✓ Revert/require functions |
| ✓ Exception Disorder | ✓ Use of tx.origin |
| ✓ Using inline assembly | ✓ Integer overflow/underflow |
| ✓ Divide before multiply | ✓ Dangerous strict equalities |
| ✓ Missing Zero Address Validation | ✓ Using SHA3 |
| ✓ Compiler version not fixed | ✓ Using throw |
-

CLASSIFICATION OF RISK

Severity

Description

◆ Critical	These vulnerabilities could be exploited easily and can lead to asset loss, data loss, asset, or data manipulation. They should be fixed right away.
◆ High-Risk	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.
◆ Medium-Risk	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.
◆ Low-Risk	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestion	A vulnerability that has an informational character but is not affecting any of the code.

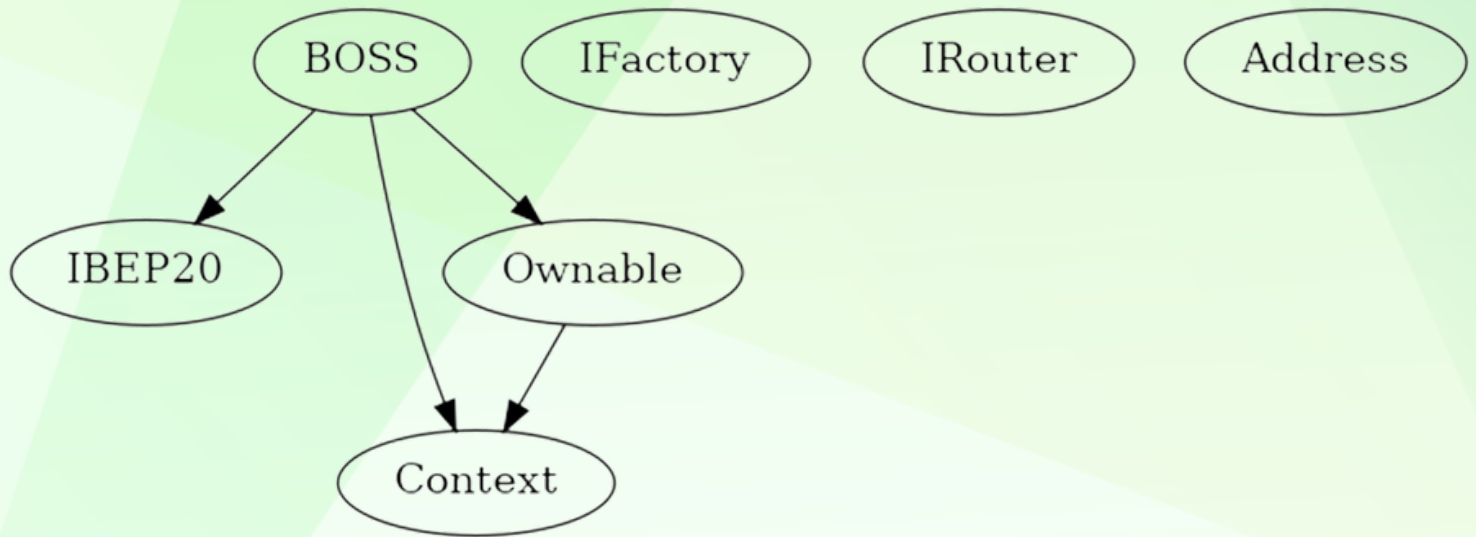
Findings

Severity

Found

◆ Critical	1
◆ High-Risk	0
◆ Medium-Risk	1
◆ Low-Risk	0
◆ Gas Optimization / Suggestions	0

INHERITANCE TREE



POINTS TO NOTE

- Owner is not able to change fees (8% for each type of tax)
 - Owner is not able to blacklist an arbitrary address.
 - Owner is not able to disable trades
 - Owner is not able to set max buy/sell/transfer/hold amount to 0
 - Owner is not able to mint new tokens
 - Owner must enable trades manually
-



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Contract	Type	Bases			
└	**Function Name**	**Visibility**	**Mutability**	**Modifiers**	
IBEP20 Interface					
└	totalSupply	External	!	NO	!
└	balanceOf	External	!	NO	!
└	transfer	External	!	NO	!
└	allowance	External	!	NO	!
└	approve	External	!	NO	!
└	transferFrom	External	!	NO	!
Context Implementation					
└	_msgSender	Internal	🔒		
└	_msgData	Internal	🔒		
Ownable Implementation Context					
└	<Constructor>	Public	!	NO	!
└	owner	Public	!	NO	!
└	renounceOwnership	Public	!	onlyOwner	
└	transferOwnership	Public	!	onlyOwner	
└	_setOwner	Private	🔒		
IFactory Interface					
└	createPair	External	!	NO	!
IRouter Interface					
└	factory	External	!	NO	!
└	WETH	External	!	NO	!
└	addLiquidityETH	External	!	NO	!
└	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	!	NO	!
Address Library					
└	sendValue	Internal	🔒		
BOSS Implementation Context, IBEP20, Ownable					
└	<Constructor>	Public	!	NO	!
└	name	Public	!	NO	!
└	symbol	Public	!	NO	!
└	decimals	Public	!	NO	!
└	totalSupply	Public	!	NO	!
└	balanceOf	Public	!	NO	!
└	allowance	Public	!	NO	!
└	approve	Public	!	NO	!

CONTRACT ASSESMENT

		transferFrom		Public	!		●		NO	!	
		increaseAllowance		Public	!		●		NO	!	
		decreaseAllowance		Public	!		●		NO	!	
		transfer		Public	!		●		NO	!	
		isExcludedFromReward		Public	!				NO	!	
		reflectionFromToken		Public	!				NO	!	
		EnableTrading		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		updatedecline		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		tokenFromReflection		Public	!				NO	!	
		excludeFromReward		Public	!		●		onlyOwner		
		includeInReward		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		excludeFromFee		Public	!		●		onlyOwner		
		includeInFee		Public	!		●		onlyOwner		
		isExcludedFromFee		Public	!				NO	!	
		_reflectRfi		Private	🔒		●				
		_takeLiquidity		Private	🔒		●				
		_takeMarketing		Private	🔒		●				
		_takeOps		Private	🔒		●				
		_takeDev		Private	🔒		●				
		_getValues		Private	🔒						
		_getTValues		Private	🔒						
		_getRValues1		Private	🔒						
		_getRValues2		Private	🔒						
		_getRate		Private	🔒						
		_getCurrentSupply		Private	🔒						
		_approve		Private	🔒		●				
		_transfer		Private	🔒		●				
		_tokenTransfer		Private	🔒		●				
		swapAndLiquify		Private	🔒		●		lockTheSwap		
		addLiquidity		Private	🔒		●				
		swapTokensForBNB		Private	🔒		●				
		bulkExcludeFromFee		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		bulkIncludeInFee		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		updateMarketingWallet		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		updateDevWallet		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		updateOpsWallet		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		updateSwapTokensAtAmount		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		updateSwapEnabled		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		rescueBNB		External	!		●		onlyOwner		
		rescueAnyBEP20Tokens		Public	!		●		onlyOwner		
		<Receive Ether>		External	!		🟢		NO	!	



CONTRACT ASSESMENT

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
:	
●	Function can modify state
💰	Function is payable



STATIC ANALYSIS

```
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#reentrancy-vulnerabilities-3
BOSS.includeInReward(address) (contracts/Token.sol#322-333) has costly operations inside a loop:
- _excluded.pop() (contracts/Token.sol#329)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#costly-operations-inside-a-loop

Context._msgData() (contracts/Token.sol#32-35) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

BOSS._rTotal (contracts/Token.sol#133) is set pre-construction with a non-constant function or state variable:
- (MAX - (MAX % _tTotal))
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#function-initializing-state

Pragma version^0.8.17 (contracts/Token.sol#7) necessitates a version too recent to be trusted. Consider deploying with 0.6.12/0.7.6/0.8.16
solc-0.8.20 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in Address.sendValue(address,uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#100-105):
- (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (contracts/Token.sol#103)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Function IRouter.WETH() (contracts/Token.sol#79) is not in mixedCase
Struct BOSS.valuesFromGetValues (contracts/Token.sol#170-184) is not in CapWords
Function BOSS.EnableTrading() (contracts/Token.sol#293-298) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BOSS.updatedeadline(uint256). deadline (contracts/Token.sol#300) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BOSS.updateSwapEnabled(bool). enabled (contracts/Token.sol#642) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BOSS.rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(address,address,uint256). _tokenAddr (contracts/Token.sol#653) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BOSS.rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(address,address,uint256). _to (contracts/Token.sol#653) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BOSS.rescueAnyBEP20Tokens(address,address,uint256). amount (contracts/Token.sol#653) is not in mixedCase
Constant BOSS._decimals (contracts/Token.sol#129) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Variable BOSS.genesis_block (contracts/Token.sol#137) is not in mixedCase
Constant BOSS._name (contracts/Token.sol#145) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Constant BOSS._symbol (contracts/Token.sol#146) is not in UPPER_CASE_WITH_UNDERSCORES
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Redundant expression "this (contracts/Token.sol#33)" inContext (contracts/Token.sol#27-36)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements

BOSS.updateSwapTokensAtAmount(uint256) (contracts/Token.sol#637-640) uses literals with too many digits:
- require(bool,string)(amount <= 42069000000000, Cannot set swap threshold amount higher than 1% of tokens) (contracts/Token.sol#638)
BOSS.slitherConstructorVariables() (contracts/Token.sol#108-659) uses literals with too many digits:
- _tTotal = 420000000000000 * 10 ** _decimals (contracts/Token.sol#132)
BOSS.slitherConstructorVariables() (contracts/Token.sol#108-659) uses literals with too many digits:
- swapTokensAtAmount = 420000000000 * 10 ** 9 (contracts/Token.sol#135)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits

BOSS._lastSell (contracts/Token.sol#124) is never used in BOSS (contracts/Token.sol#108-659)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable

BOSS._tTotal (contracts/Token.sol#132) should be constant
BOSS.deadWallet (contracts/Token.sol#140) should be constant
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-constant

BOSS.pair (contracts/Token.sol#127) should be immutable
BOSS.router (contracts/Token.sol#126) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
```

Result => A static analysis of contract's source code has been performed using slither,

No major issues were found in the output



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Router (PCS V2):

0xD99D1c33F9fC3444f8101754aBC46c52416550D1

1- Adding liquidity (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0xdbdbec9ebe6d281c64aa07e84f84483c352ba71782e910cacbb9bc98387be50e>

2- Buying when excluded (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x89f713f7dc21e484b650b9444ae3cb0327c6c4672c4ec62417fa7dbf031fd5a2>

3- Selling when excluded (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x8ae83d80bccf401293c231138a475ca39c78e7224595f5139af708f6dc400940>

4- Transferring when excluded from fees (0% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x8dbd99c1e482189507a2fe3cda777af46e81d8bc05b3165377a39fe35d39f5b5>

5- Buying when not excluded from fees (8% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x1300c3310090a1903272dd902ea9ae4d435bdddaf1cc030db1debebc08a2e18>

6- Selling when not excluded from fees (8% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x2966c984842c11372479c9ef18978bed81c84a6c82057a7dba68939881810c26>



FUNCTIONAL TESTING

7- Transferring when not excluded from fees (8% tax) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x7604ae58f78dec9e093362f0ff6af0dc3be040d4dcd7ccacd82e7ff34d005812>

8- Internal swap (marketing and ops wallets received BNB) (passed):

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/tx/0x2966c984842c11372479c9ef18978bed81c84a6c82057a7dba68939881810c26>

FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Logical – zero swapTokensAtAmount can disable sell/transfers

Severity: **Critical**

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Status: Open

Overview:

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FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Centralization – Trades must be enabled

Severity: **High**

function: EnableTrading

Status: Open

Overview:

The smart contract owner must enable trades for holders. If trading remain disabled, no one would be able to buy/sell/transfer tokens.

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