

Objective

Today, we are building on our knowledge of arrays by adding another dimension. Check out the [Tutorial](#) tab for learning materials and an instructional video.

Context

Given a 6×6 2D Array, A :

```
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 1 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0
```

We define an hourglass in A to be a subset of values with indices falling in this pattern in A 's graphical representation:

```
a b c
d
e f g
```

There are **16** hourglasses in A , and an hourglass sum is the sum of an hourglass' values.

Task

Calculate the hourglass sum for every hourglass in A , then print the maximum hourglass sum.

Example

In the array shown above, the maximum hourglass sum is **7** for the hourglass in the top left corner.

Input Format

There are **6** lines of input, where each line contains **6** space-separated integers that describe the 2D Array A .

Constraints

- $-9 \leq A[i][j] \leq 9$
- $0 \leq i, j \leq 5$

Output Format

Print the maximum hourglass sum in A .

Sample Input

```
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 1 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 2 4 4 0
0 0 0 2 0 0
0 0 1 2 4 0
```

Sample Output

19

Explanation

A contains the following hourglasses:

```
1 1 1   1 1 0   1 0 0   0 0 0
1       0       0       0
```

Change Theme

Java 8

```
1  import java.io.*;
2  import java.math.*;
3  import java.security.*;
4  import java.text.*;
5  import java.util.*;
6  import java.util.concurrent.*;
7  import java.util.regex.*;
8
9  public class Solution {
10
11      public static int sumHourGlass(int[][] arr){
12          int sum = 0, maxHourGlassSum = -350;
13          for (int i = 0; i <= 3; i++) {
14              for (int j = 0; j <= 3; j++) {
15                  sum = arr[i][j] + arr[i][j + 1] + arr[i][j + 2] +
16                      arr[i + 1][j] + arr[i + 1][j + 1] +
17                      arr[i + 2][j] + arr[i + 2][j + 1] +
18                      arr[i + 2][j + 2];
19                  if (sum > maxHourGlassSum) maxHourGlassSum = sum;
20              }
21          }
22          return maxHourGlassSum;
23      }
24
25      private static final Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
26
27      public static void main(String[] args) {
28          int[][] arr = new int[6][6];
29          for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
30              for (int j = 0; j < 6; j++) {
31                  arr[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
32              }
33          }
34          int result = sumHourGlass(arr);
35          System.out.println(result);
36      }
37  }
```

Line: 12 Col: 45

☐ Upload Code as File
☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

You have earned 30.00 points!

You are now 3 challenges away from the 3rd star for your 30 days of code badge.

63%

12/15

30

Days of Code
★★

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?

The next challenge in this tutorial will unlock in 12:55:03

Go to Dashboard

Try a Random Challenge

✔ Test case 0

✔ Test case 1

✔ Test case 2

✔ Test case 3

✔ Test case 4

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin)

Download

```
1 1 1 1 0 0 0
2 0 1 0 0 0 0
3 1 1 1 0 0 0
4 0 0 2 4 4 0
5 0 0 0 2 0 0
6 0 0 1 2 4 0
```