

STOCK MARKET PREDICTION BY USING LSTM

IMPORTING LIBRARIES

```
In [ ]: import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, LSTM, Dropout
```

```
In [2]: # uploading the data
df= pd.read_csv('C:/Users/Harshita/OneDrive/Desktop/Microsoft Stocks.csv')
```

```
In [3]: df
```

Out[3]:

	Date	Price	Open	High	Low	Volume
0	05/15/2023	309.46	309.10	309.90	307.59	16290000
1	05/12/2023	308.97	310.55	310.65	306.60	19770000
2	05/11/2023	310.11	310.10	311.12	306.26	31680000
3	05/10/2023	312.31	308.62	313.00	307.67	30080000
4	05/09/2023	307.00	308.00	310.04	306.31	21340000
...
9364	03/20/1986	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09	58440000
9365	03/19/1986	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	47890000
9366	03/18/1986	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	66470000
9367	03/17/1986	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	133169999
9368	03/14/1986	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	308160000

9369 rows × 6 columns

```
In [4]: df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Date	Price	Open	High	Low	Volume
0	05/15/2023	309.46	309.10	309.90	307.59	16290000
1	05/12/2023	308.97	310.55	310.65	306.60	19770000
2	05/11/2023	310.11	310.10	311.12	306.26	31680000
3	05/10/2023	312.31	308.62	313.00	307.67	30080000
4	05/09/2023	307.00	308.00	310.04	306.31	21340000

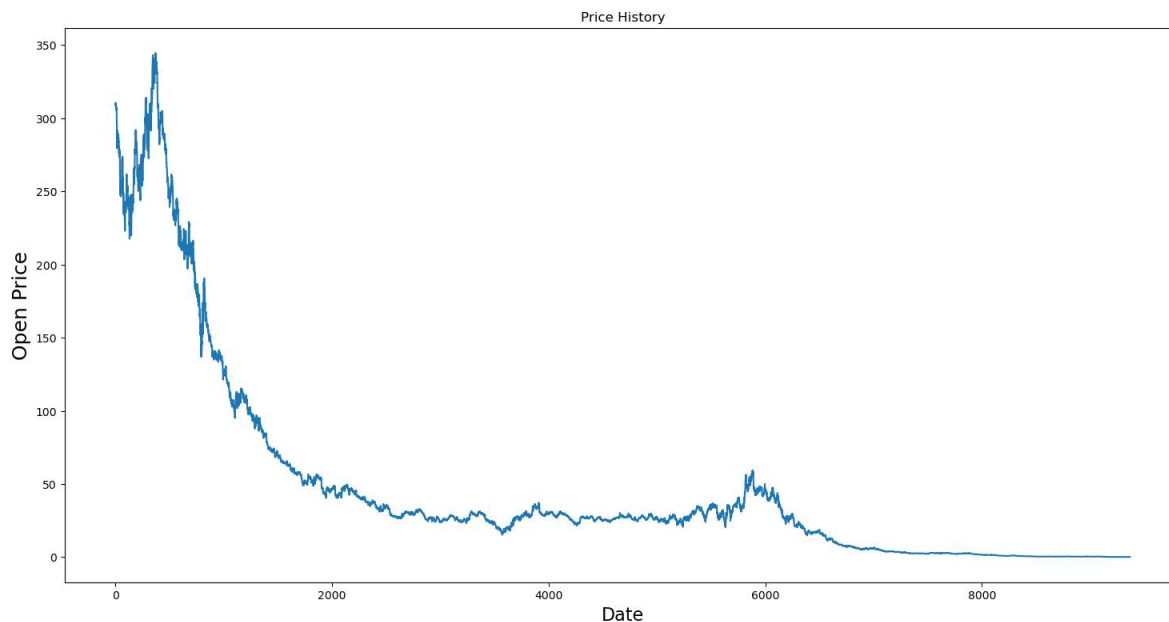
```
In [5]: df.shape
```

```
Out[5]: (9369, 6)
```

```
In [6]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9369 entries, 0 to 9368
Data columns (total 6 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   Date    9369 non-null   object 
 1   Price   9369 non-null   float64
 2   Open    9369 non-null   float64
 3   High    9369 non-null   float64
 4   Low     9369 non-null   float64
 5   Volume  9369 non-null   int64  
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 439.3+ KB
```

```
In [7]: # Ploting the opening price of the stock to visualize the trend
plt.figure(figsize=(18,9))
plt.title('Price History')
plt.plot(df['Open'])
plt.xlabel('Date',fontsize=16)
plt.ylabel('Open Price',fontsize=18)
plt.show()
```



preprocess the data before feeding it into the LSTM.

```
In [8]: df1=df.reset_index()['Open']
```

```
In [9]: df1
```

```
Out[9]: 0      309.10
1      310.55
2      310.10
3      308.62
4      308.00
...
9364    0.10
9365    0.10
9366    0.10
9367    0.10
9368    0.10
Name: Open, Length: 9369, dtype: float64
```

Normalize the data between 0 and 1 using the MinMaxScaler:

```
In [10]: scaler=MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))  
df1=scaler.fit_transform(np.array(df1).reshape(-1,1))
```

Train the Dataset

```
In [11]: train_data = df1[:int(len(df1)*0.8)]  
x_train = []  
y_train = []  
  
for i in range(60, len(train_data)):  
    x_train.append(train_data[i-60:i, 0])  
    y_train.append(train_data[i, 0])  
  
x_train, y_train = np.array(x_train), np.array(y_train)  
x_train = np.reshape(x_train, (x_train.shape[0], x_train.shape[1], 1))
```

```
In [12]: x_train,y_train
```

```
Out[12]: (array([[0.89690303],
                  [0.90111166],
                  [0.89980553],
                  ...,
                  [0.73723623],
                  [0.73836821],
                  [0.75261951]],

          [[0.90111166],
           [0.89980553],
           [0.89550982],
           ...,
           [0.73836821],
           [0.75261951],
           [0.76605811]],

          [[0.89980553],
           [0.89550982],
           [0.89371027],
           ...,
           [0.75261951],
           [0.76605811],
           [0.77853888]],

          ...,

          [[0.00690796],
           [0.00664674],
           [0.00687894],
           ...,
           [0.00679186],
           [0.00682089],
           [0.00661771]],

          [[0.00664674],
           [0.00687894],
           [0.00699504],
           ...,
           [0.00682089],
           [0.00661771],
           [0.00644356]],

          [[0.00687894],
           [0.00699504],
           [0.00711114],
           ...,
           [0.00661771],
           [0.00644356],
           [0.00632746]]]),
          array([0.76605811, 0.77853888, 0.79116478, ..., 0.00644356, 0.00632746,
                 0.00621136]))
```

```
In [13]: x_train.shape
```

```
Out[13]: (7435, 60, 1)
```

```
In [14]: y_train.shape
```

```
Out[14]: (7435,)
```

Build the LSTM Model

```
In [15]: model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(50, return_sequences=True, input_shape=(x_train.shape[1], 1)))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(LSTM(50, return_sequences=True))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(LSTM(50))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(1))

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared_error')

model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=32)
```

```
Epoch 1/50
233/233 [=====] - 22s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0021
Epoch 2/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 60ms/step - loss: 8.3543e-04
Epoch 3/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 60ms/step - loss: 8.0258e-04
Epoch 4/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 8.0756e-04
Epoch 5/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 6.7440e-04
Epoch 6/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 6.3934e-04
Epoch 7/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 5.6438e-04
Epoch 8/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 5.8888e-04
Epoch 9/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 5.3729e-04
Epoch 10/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.9688e-04
Epoch 11/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 5.1526e-04
Epoch 12/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 5.6324e-04
Epoch 13/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 5.1884e-04
Epoch 14/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 5.0713e-04
Epoch 15/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.4020e-04
Epoch 16/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.3688e-04
Epoch 17/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.4310e-04
Epoch 18/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.8443e-04
Epoch 19/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.2100e-04
Epoch 20/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 5.0525e-04
Epoch 21/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.5365e-04
Epoch 22/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.7283e-04
Epoch 23/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.6749e-04
Epoch 24/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.9754e-04
Epoch 25/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.5034e-04
Epoch 26/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.3131e-04
Epoch 27/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.2827e-04
Epoch 28/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.7306e-04
Epoch 29/50
```



```
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.3821e-04
Epoch 30/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.3309e-04
Epoch 31/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.0134e-04
Epoch 32/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.1012e-04
Epoch 33/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.0519e-04
Epoch 34/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.1713e-04
Epoch 35/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.5183e-04
Epoch 36/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.6539e-04
Epoch 37/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.6070e-04
Epoch 38/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.3267e-04
Epoch 39/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.2955e-04
Epoch 40/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.3790e-04
Epoch 41/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.6440e-04
Epoch 42/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.3452e-04
Epoch 43/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.2909e-04
Epoch 44/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.0784e-04
Epoch 45/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 3.9006e-04
Epoch 46/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.4194e-04
Epoch 47/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 4.4934e-04
Epoch 48/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 59ms/step - loss: 3.8053e-04
Epoch 49/50
233/233 [=====] - 14s 58ms/step - loss: 4.0182e-04
Epoch 50/50
233/233 [=====] - 19s 81ms/step - loss: 3.8539e-04
```

Out[15]: <keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x1634cb7b1d0>

Testing the Dataset

```
In [44]: test_data = df1[int(len(df1)*0.8) - 60:]
x_test = []
y_test = df[int(len(df)*0.8):]

for i in range(60, len(test_data)):
    x_test.append(test_data[i-60:i, 0])

x_test = np.array(x_test)
x_test = np.reshape(x_test, (x_test.shape[0], x_test.shape[1], 1))

predictions = model.predict(x_test)
predictions = scaler.inverse_transform(predictions)
```

59/59 [=====] - 2s 38ms/step

```
In [45]: x_test.shape
```

```
Out[45]: (1874, 60, 1)
```

```
In [46]: train_predict=model.predict(x_train)
```

233/233 [=====] - 8s 36ms/step

```
In [47]: test_predict=model.predict(x_test)
```

59/59 [=====] - 2s 35ms/step

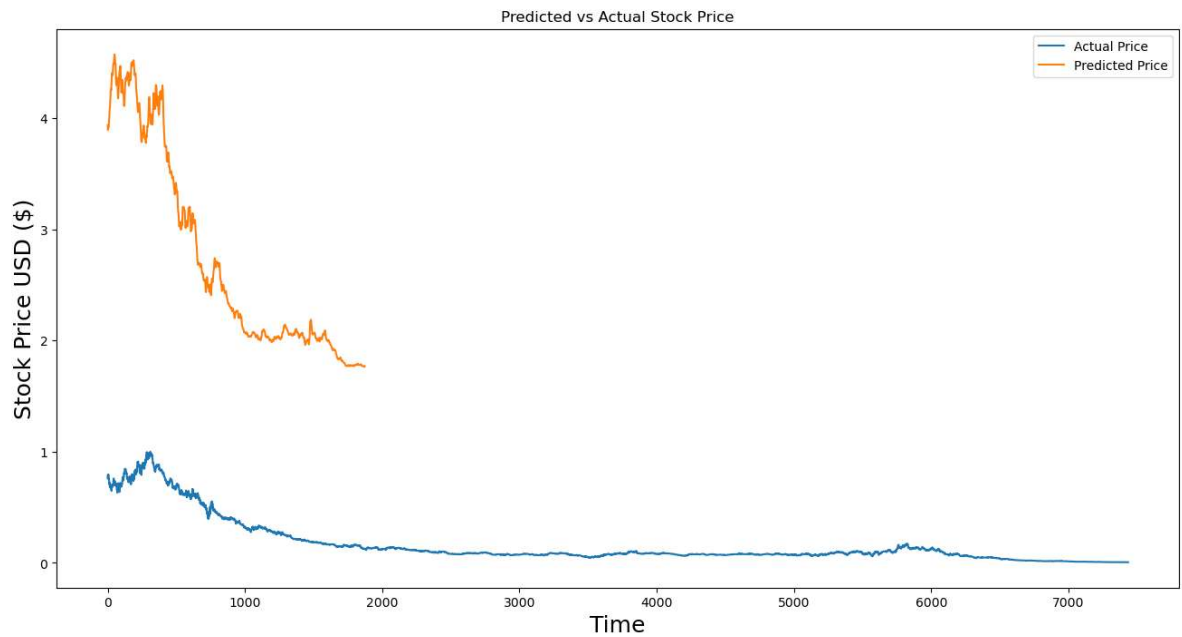
```
In [48]: train_predict=scaler.inverse_transform(train_predict)
test_predict=scaler.inverse_transform(test_predict)
```

```
In [49]: import math
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_train,train_predict))
```

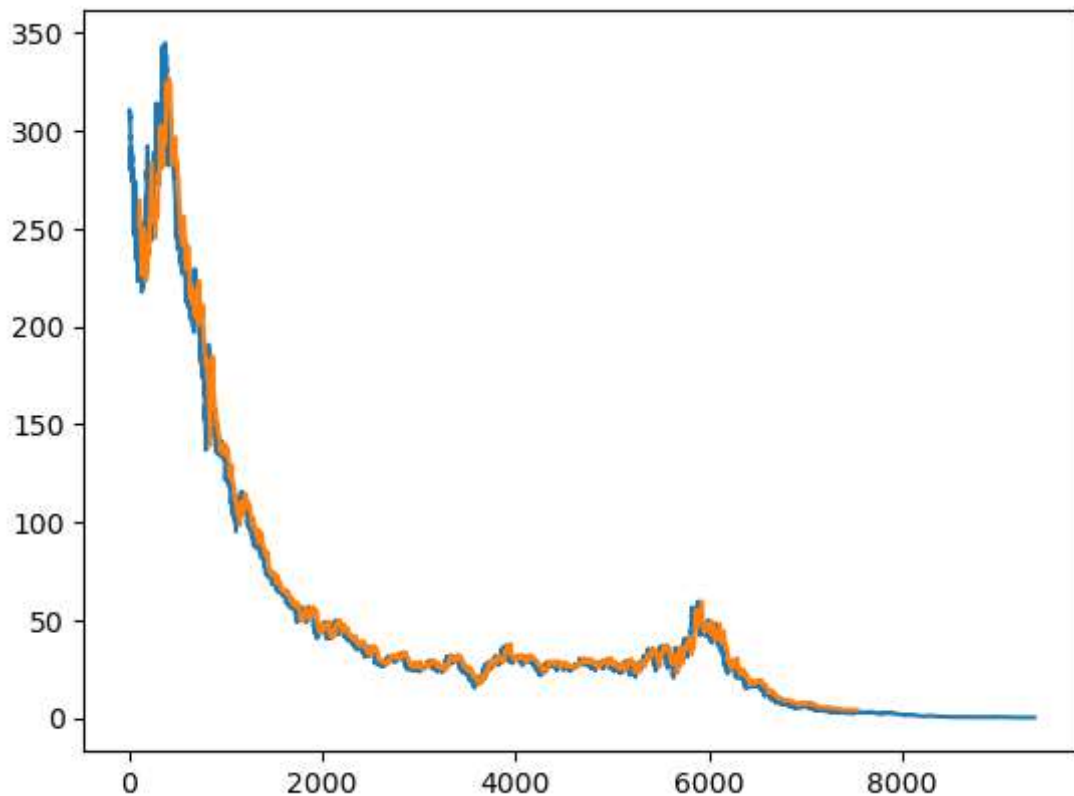
```
Out[49]: 91.08515833548249
```

Visualizing the Predicted price as compared to Actual price

```
In [50]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.title('Predicted vs Actual Stock Price')
plt.plot(y_train, label='Actual Price')
plt.plot(predictions, label='Predicted Price')
plt.xlabel('Time', fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('Stock Price USD ($)', fontsize=18)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
In [61]: # shift train predictions for plotting
trainPredictPlot = np.empty_like(df1)
trainPredictPlot[:, :] = np.nan
trainPredictPlot[look_back:len(train_predict)+look_back, :] = train_predict
# plot baseline and predictions
plt.plot(scaler.inverse_transform(df1))
plt.plot(trainPredictPlot)
plt.plot(testPredictPlot)
plt.show()
```



```
In [62]: len(test_data)
```

```
Out[62]: 1934
```

```
In [63]: x_input=test_data[1834:].reshape(1,-1)
x_input.shape
```

```
Out[63]: (1, 100)
```

```
In [64]: temp_input=list(x_input)
temp_input=temp_input[0].tolist()
```

In [65]: temp_input

localhost:8889/notebooks/Stock Market project.ipynb

```
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
8.707514585086924e-05,  
8.707514585086924e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
5.8050097233912845e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
0.0,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
0.0,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
0.0,  
0.0,  
0.0,  
0.0,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05,  
2.902504861695645e-05]
```

Prediction for next 10 days

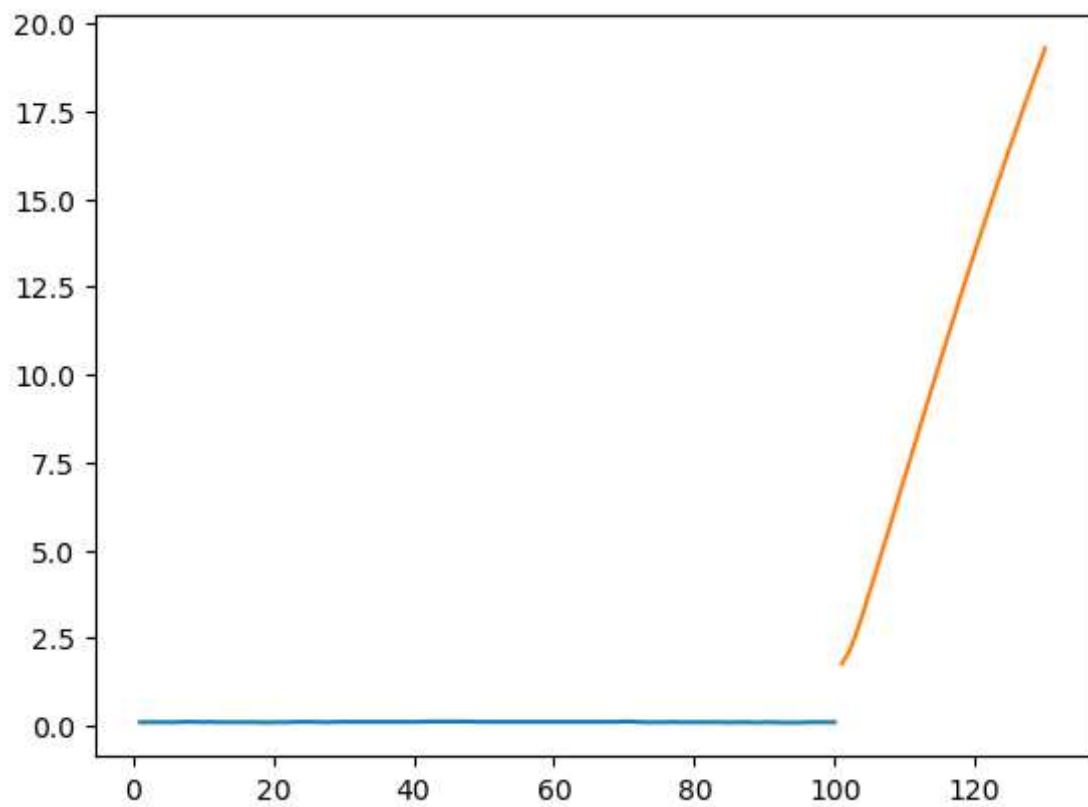

```
In [88]: day_new=np.arange(1,101)  
         day_pred=np.arange(101,131)
```

```
In [89]: len(df1)
```

```
Out[89]: 9369
```

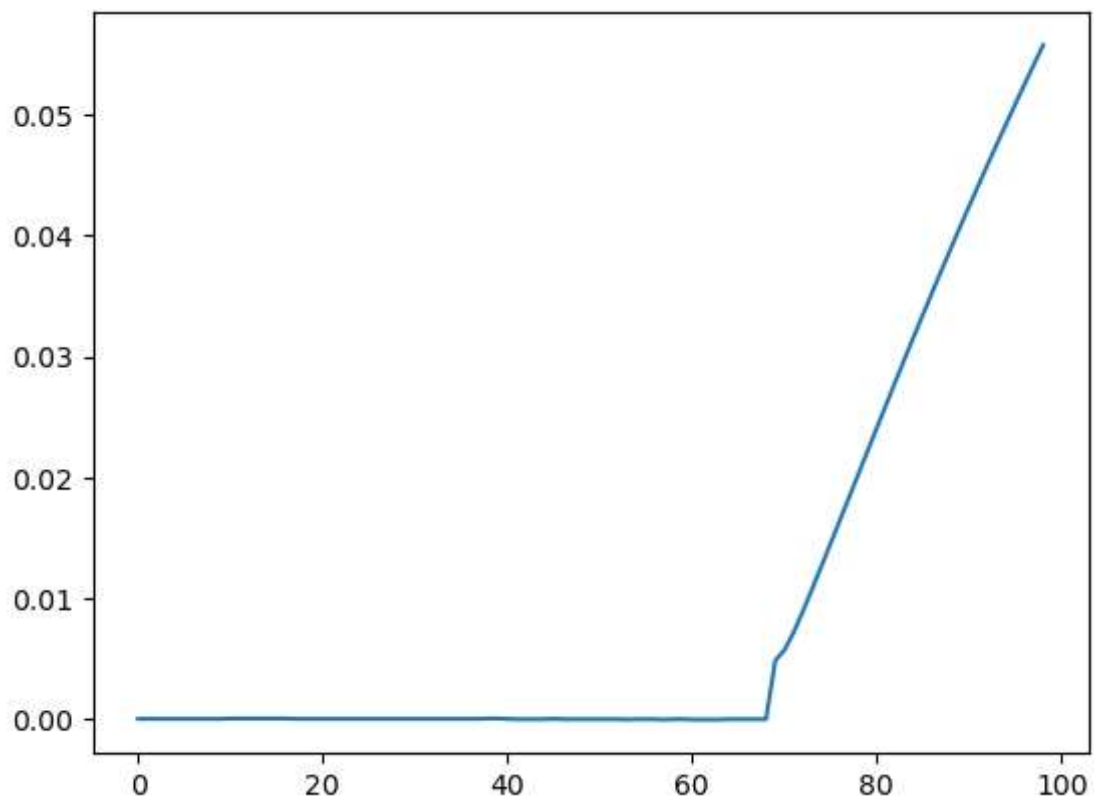
```
In [97]: plt.plot(day_new,scaler.inverse_transform(df1[9269:]))  
         plt.plot(day_pred,scaler.inverse_transform(lst_output))
```

```
Out[97]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1636304f890>]
```



```
In [99]: df3=df1.tolist()  
df3.extend(1st_output)  
plt.plot(df3[9300:])
```

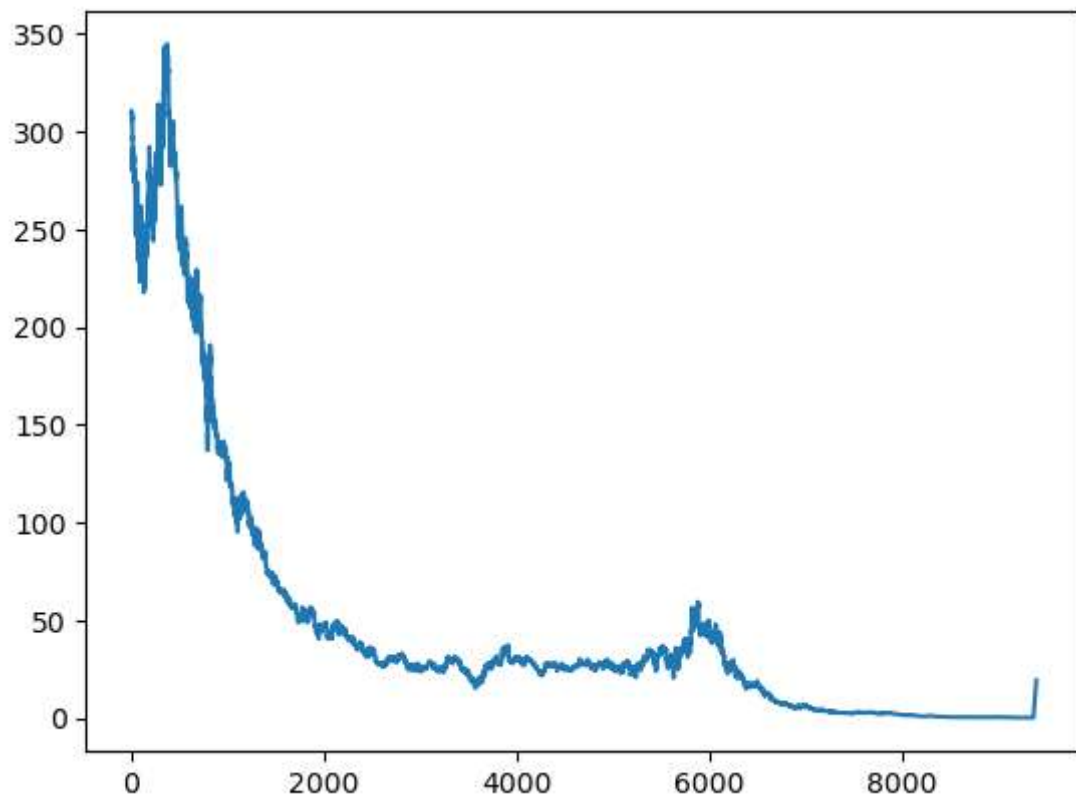
Out[99]: [



```
In [100]: df3=scaler.inverse_transform(df3).tolist()
```

```
In [101]: plt.plot(df3)
```

```
Out[101]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x163627e4650>]
```



THANK YOU