

# Pizza Sales Database

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
1  -- Retrieve the total number of orders placed
2
3 • select count(order_id) as total_orders from orders;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	total_orders			
▶	21350			

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
1  -- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
2
3 • SELECT
4  ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
5         2) AS total_sales
6  FROM
7      orders_details
8      JOIN
9      pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
10
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	total_sales			
▶	817860.05			

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
1  -- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
2
3  •  SELECT
4      pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
5  FROM
6      pizza_types
7      JOIN
8      pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9  ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
10  LIMIT 1;
11
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
1  -- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
2
3  •  SELECT
4      pizzas.size,
5      COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
6  FROM
7      pizzas
8      JOIN
9      orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
10  GROUP BY pizzas.size
11  ORDER BY order_count DESC;
12
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
1  -- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types
2  -- along with their quantities.
3
4  • SELECT
5      pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
6  FROM
7      pizza_types
8      JOIN
9      pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
10     JOIN
11     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
12 GROUP BY pizza_types.name
13 ORDER BY quantity DESC
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
name	quantity			
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453			
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432			
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422			
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418			
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371			

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
1  -- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
2
3  • SELECT
4      pizza_types.category,
5      SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
6  FROM
7      pizza_types
8      JOIN
9      pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
10     JOIN
11     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
12 GROUP BY pizza_types.category
13 ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
category	quantity		
Classic	14888		
Supreme	11987		
Veggie	11649		
Chicken	11050		

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
1  -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
2
3  •  SELECT
4      HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id)
5  FROM
6      orders AS order_count
7  GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:

	hour	COUNT(order_id)
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
1  -- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
2
3  •  select category, count(name) from pizza_types
4     group by category;
5
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
category	count(name)		
Chicken	6		
Classic	8		
Supreme	9		
Veggie	9		

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
1  -- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
2
3  •  SELECT
4     ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
5  FROM
6     (SELECT
7        orders.oder_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
8     FROM
9        orders
10     JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
11     GROUP BY orders.oder_date) AS order_quantity;
12
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
avg_pizza_ordered_per_day			
138			

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
1  -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
2
3  •  SELECT
4      pizza_types.name,
5      SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
6  FROM
7      pizza_types
8      JOIN
9      pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
10     JOIN
11     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
12 GROUP BY pizza_types.name
13 ORDER BY revenue DESC
14 LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

	name	revenue
►	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5




## Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
1  -- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
2
3  • select pizza_types.category,
4     round(sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (select round(sum(orders_details.quantity* pizzas.price),2)as total_sales
5     from orders_details join pizzas
6     on pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id)*100,2) as revenue
7     from pizza_types join pizzas
8     on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9     join orders_details
10    on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11    group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
category	revenue			
Classic	26.91			
Supreme	25.46			
Chicken	23.96			
Veggie	23.68			

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
1  -- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
2
3  •  select oder_date,
4      sum(revenue) over(order by oder_date) as cum_revenue
5      from
6      (select orders.oder_date,
7          sum(orders_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
8          from orders_details join pizzas
9          on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
10         join orders
11         on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
12         group by orders.oder_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid    Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>   Export:    Wrap Cell Content: 		
oder_date	cum_revenue	
2015-12-18	794778.8500000001	
2015-12-19	797083.05	
2015-12-20	799187.9500000001	
2015-12-21	801288.65	
2015-12-22	803171.6	
2015-12-23	805415.9	
2015-12-24	807553.75	
2015-12-26	809196.8	
2015-12-27	810615.8	
2015-12-28	812253	
2015-12-29	813606.25	
2015-12-30	814944.05	
2015-12-31	817860.05	



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
1  -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.
2  • select name, revenue from
3  (select category, name, revenue,
4   rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
5   from
6   (select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
7    sum((orders_details.quantity)* pizzas.price) as revenue
8    from pizza_types join pizzas
9    on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
10   join orders_details
11   on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
12   group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
13  where rn <= 3;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065
The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5