

Mass Shooting Prediction

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JULY 31st at 6:11PM - Current President Elect







WHY I CHOOSE THIS TOPIC

- Gun violence is a huge problem within the US
 - Over 385 mass shootings in the US alone in 2024 (up to sep 20)
 - More than a single mass shooting everyday



385 mass shootings 262 days (jan 1 to sep 20) = 1.4-ish mass shootings a day!

Mass shootings on the rise

There have been more than 385 mass shootings across the US so far this year, according to the Gun Violence Archive, which defines a mass shooting as an incident in which four or more people are injured or killed. Their figures include shootings that

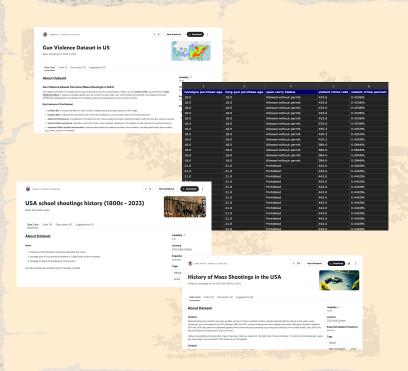
THE SOLUTION ...





- Use preexisting Data on mass shootings within the United States
 - See if there any similarities
 - Anything that could help us predict, or know what might cause a shooting
 - Even better if we could know exactly what type of gun the perpetrator might have based off data
 - And where it might occur to have extra police stationed there to more safety to public

THE DATA



- Multiple different Kaggle Data Set
 - Verified multiple incidents manually
- LLM Model Perplexity
 - Population
 - O Crime Rate
 - O Gun Laws
 - How old to buy
 - Handgun
 - Long gun
 - Open carry or not
- ChatGPT

HOW I ANALYZED IT

- Data Integration and Cleaning
- Model Training and Evaluation
- Unseen Data Testing
- Insights and Visualizations



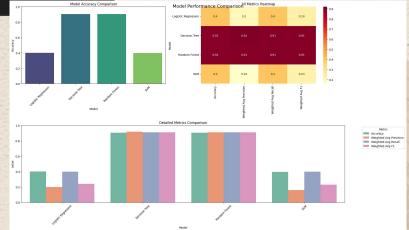




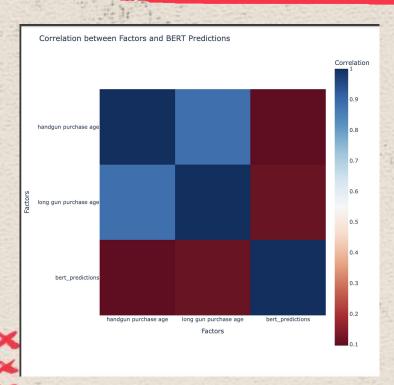
MODELS USED

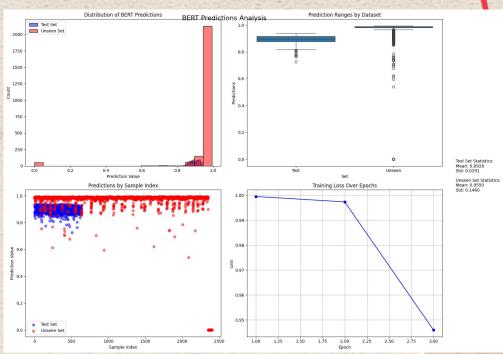
- Decision Tree
- Random Forest
- SVM
- Logistic Regression
- KNN Dropped since its a large dataset!

```
#test the data
     # Initialize models
     models = {
         "Logistic Regression": LogisticRegression(),
         "Decision Tree": DecisionTreeClassifier(),
         "Random Forest": RandomForestClassifier(),
         "SVM": SVC()
     # Train and evaluate each model
     results = {}
     for name, model in models.items():
         # Train the model
        model.fit(X train, y train)
        # Predict on the test set
        y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
        # Evaluate the model
        acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
        print(f"\n{name} Results:")
        print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.4f}")
        print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
        results[name] = acc
```



BERT - MODEL





CHALLENGES FACED

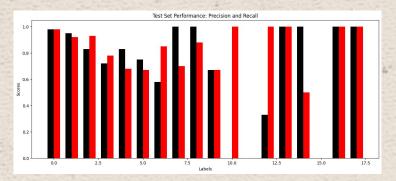


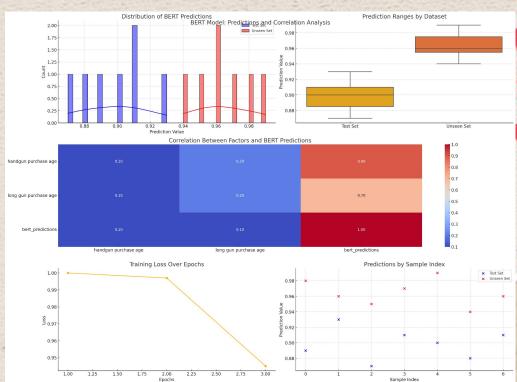
 GPU limitations, for BERT (had to buying colab points)

 Data Cleaning, and problems with working with .csv files

- Heatmap, not working even after help with LLMs on my code
 - Tried using other heavy models like
 BERT, but didn't work
- Had to scrape ideas
 of a front end and
 google maps API, due
 to time and not
 buying points sooner

CURRENT RESULTS







THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

