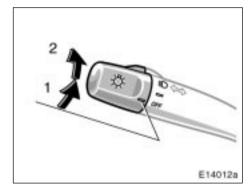
# Part 1 OPERATION OF INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS—

# Chapter 1-4 Lights, Wipers and Defogger

- Headlights and turn signals
- Emergency flashers
- Instrument panel light control
- Interior light
- Ignition switch light
- Personal light
- Windshield wipers and washer
- Rear window defogger

## Headlights and turn signals



#### **HEADLIGHTS**

To turn on the following lights: Twist the headlight/turn signal lever knob.

Position 1—Parking, tail, license plate, side marker and instrument panel lights

Position 2—Headlights and all of the above

If you remove the key with the headlights left on, a buzzer reminds you to turn the lights off when you open the driver's door.

#### NOTICE

To prevent the battery from being discharged, do not leave the lights on for a long period when the engine is not running.

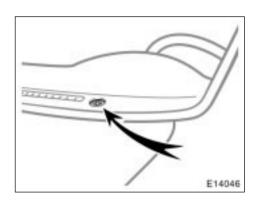
#### Daytime running light system

The headlights turn on at reduced intensity when the parking brake is released with the engine started, even with the light switch in the "OFF" position. They will not go off until the ignition switch is turned off.

To turn on the other exterior lights and instrument panel lights, twist the knob to the position 1.

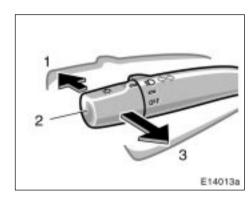
Twist the knob to the position 2 to turn the headlights to full intensity for driving at night.

Vehicles for the U. S. A.: The headlights automatically turn to full intensity in the twilight even with the light switch in the "OFF" position.



The daytime running light control sensor is on the top of the driver's side instrument panel.

Do not place anything on the instrument panel, and/or do not affix anything on the windshield to block this sensor.

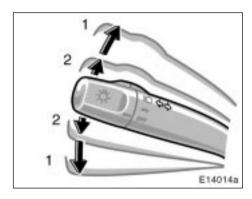


**High-Low beams**—For high beams, turn the headlights on and push the lever away from you (position 1). Pull the lever toward you (position 2) for low beams.

The headlight high beam indicator light (blue light) on the instrument panel will tell you that the high beams are on.

Flashing the high beam headlights (position 3)—Pull the lever all the way back. The high beam headlights turn off when you release the lever.

You can flash the high beam headlights with the knob turned to "OFF".



#### TURN SIGNALS

To signal a turn, push the headlight/ turn signal lever up or down to position 1.

The key must be in the "ON" position.

The lever automatically returns after you make a turn, but you may have to return it by hand after you change lanes.

To signal a lane change, move the lever up or down to the pressure point (position 2) and hold it.

If the turn signal indicator lights (green lights) on the instrument panel flash faster than normal, a front or rear turn signal bulb is burned out.

## **Emergency flashers**



# To turn on the emergency flashers, push the switch.

All the turn signal lights will flash. To turn them off, push the switch once again.

Turn on the emergency flashers to warn other drivers if your vehicle must be stopped where it might be a traffic hazard.

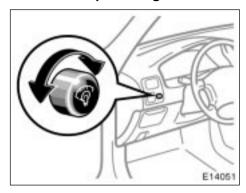
Always pull as far off the road as possible.

The turn signal light switch will not work when the emergency flashers are operating.

#### NOTICE

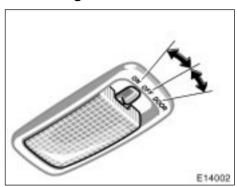
To prevent the battery from being discharged, do not leave the switch on longer than necessary when the engine is not running.

#### Instrument panel light control



To adjust the brightness of the instrument panel lights, turn the knob.

### Interior light



To turn on the interior light, slide the switch.

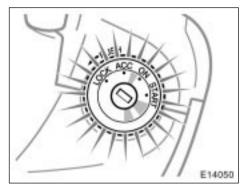
The interior light switch has the following positions:

"ON"—Keeps the light on all the time.

"OFF"-Turns the light off.

"DOOR"—Turns the light on when any of the door is opened. The light remains on for a certain time after all the doors are closed. When all the doors are locked or the ignition switch is turned to "ACC" or "ON" after all the doors are closed, the light fades out.

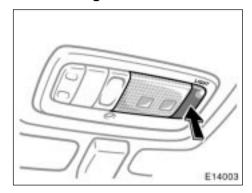
# Ignition switch light



For easy access to the ignition switch, the ignition switch light comes on when any of the doors are opened.

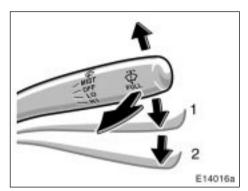
The light remains on for a certain time after all the doors are closed. When all the doors are locked or the ignition switch is turned to "ACC" or "ON" after all the doors are closed, the light fades out.

### **Personal light**

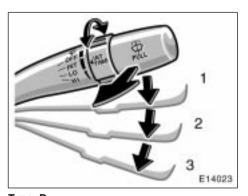


To turn on the personal light, push the switch. To turn it off, push the switch once again.

# Windshield wipers and washer



Type A



Type B

#### To turn on the windshield wipers, move the lever to the desired setting.

The key must be in the "ON" position. Type A—

Lever position	Speed setting
Position 1	Slow
Position 2	Fast

For a single sweep of the windshield, push the lever up and release it.

Type B-

Lever position	Speed setting
Level position	Speed Setting
Position 1	Intermittent
Position 2	Slow
Position 3	Fast

With interval adjuster: The "INT TIME" band lets you adjust the wiping time interval when the wiper lever is in the intermittent position (position 1). Twist the band upward to increase the time between sweeps, and downward to decrease it.

# To squirt washer fluid, pull the lever toward you.

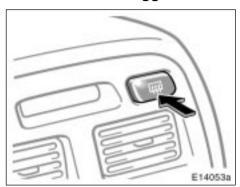
With interval adjuster: If the windshield wipers are off, they will operate a couple of times after the washer squirts.

For instructions on adding washer fluid, see "Adding washer fluid" in Chapter 7-3. In freezing weather, warm the windshield with the defroster before using the washer. This will help prevent the washer fluid from freezing on your windshield, which can block your vision.

#### NOTICE

Do not operate the wipers if the windshield is dry. It may scratch the glass.

### Rear window defogger



To defog or defrost the rear window, push the switch.

The key must be in the "ON" position.

The thin heater wires on the inside of the rear window will quickly clear the surfaces. An indicator light will illuminate to indicate the defogger is operating.

Push the switch once again to turn the defogger off.

On some models, the system will automatically shut off after the defogger has operated about 15 minutes.

Make sure you turn the defogger off when the window is clear. Leaving the defogger on for a long time could cause the battery to discharge, especially during stop-andgo driving. The defogger is not designed for drying rain water or for melting snow.

#### NOTICE

- ◆ Without timer: To prevent the battery from being discharged, turn the switch on when the engine is running.
- ♦ When cleaning the inside of the rear window, be careful not to scratch or damage the heater wires.