KARNATAK LAW SOCIETY'S

GOGTE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

UDYAMBAG BELAGAVI -590008

KARNATAKA, INDIA.



A Course Project Report on

Omnidirectional robot

Submitted for the requirements of 4th semester B.E. in CSE

for "PYTHON PROGRAMMING (18CSL46)"

Submitted by

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



This is to certify that the Course Project work titled "OMNIDIRECTIONAL ROBOT" carried out by Student SHIVANI BANKE, SHRADHA MALLIKARJUN PATIL SRUSHTI B MUDENNAVAR AND YASH HEREKAR bearing USNs: 2GI20CS140, 2GI20CS144, 2GI20CS158 AND 2GI20CS184 for PYTHON PROGRAMMING (18CSL46) Integrated Course is submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for 4th semester B.E. in COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING, Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi. It is certified that all corrections/ suggestions indicated have been incorporated in the report. The course project report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements prescribed for the said degree.

Date: Signature of guide

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Rubrics for evaluation of Course Project

Student Name:

Student USN:

Student Branch:

S.No	Project Component	Max. Marks	Marks Earned
1	Relevance of the project and its objectives	02	
2	Tools/Framework used	01	
3	Methodology / Design	02	
4	Implementation and Results	03	
5	Project Report	02	
	Total	10	

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As, this project was useful in terms of expanding our knowledge and abilities.

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ABSTRACT

This paper deals with programming an omnidirectional robot in python and interfacing it with a GUI designed in Tkinter. An omnidirectional robot is a four wheel robot which has 2 degrees of freedom and 7 degree of movement. It has a special wheels called mecanum wheels which enable it to manoeuver like a crab.

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OMNIDIRECTIONAL ROBOT

1. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Develop a python program to control a robot and also develop a GUI to interface with it

2. OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE OF THE PROJECT

- To program raspberry pi pico using micro-python.
- To design and implement a GUI application using Tkinter.
- To Write functions such as:
 - front: Moves the robot forward in y axis.
 - back: Moves the robot backward in the y axis.
 - **left:** Turns the robot in the left direction.
 - **right:** Turns the robot in the right direction.
 - **leftShift:** Slides the robot to left in the x axis.
 - **rightShift:** Slides the robot to right in the x axis.
 - **printInfo:** Prints system name and embedded operating system name
 - changeSpeed: Updates the global speed variable ranging from 1-10 speeds
 - stop: Stop all the motors
- To write GUI functions similar to the the one the robot has.

3. TOOLS/FRAMEWORK USED

Table 3.1 Hardware used

Name	Quantity	Description
Raspberry pi pico RP2040 microcontroller	1	control the motors and sensors
12v DC Geared Motors	4	300 rpm
Dual tb6612fng	2	H bridge for motor control
HM-10 BLE	1	Bluetooth 4.0 CC2541 wireless module
Lipo Battery	1	Power supply 2200 mah
Mecanum wheels	4	Omnidirectional wheels

RASPBERRY PI PICO MICROCONTROLLER

Specifications of raspberry pi Pico

Raspberry Pi Pico is a low-cost, high-performance microcontroller board with flexible digital interfaces. Key features include:

- RP2040 microcontroller chip designed by Raspberry Pi in the United Kingdom
- Dual-core Arm Cortex M0+ processor, flexible clock running up to 133 MHz
- 264kB of SRAM, and 2MB of on-board flash memory
- USB 1.1 with device and host support
- Low-power sleep and dormant modes
- Drag-and-drop programming using mass storage over USB
- 26 × multi-function GPIO pins
- $2 \times SPI$, $2 \times I2C$, $2 \times UART$, 3×12 -bit ADC, $16 \times controllable PWM channels$
- Accurate clock and timer on-chip
- Temperature sensor
- Accelerated floating-point libraries on-chip
- 8 × Programmable I/O (PIO) state machines for custom peripheral support

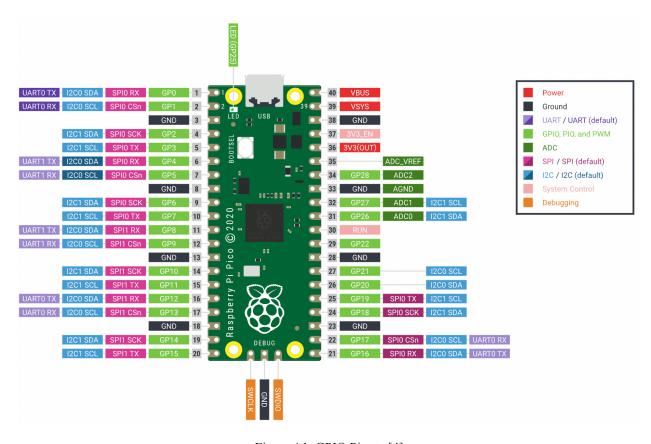


Figure A1. GPIO Pinout [4]

DUAL TB6612FNG MOTOR DRIVER

Specifications of Dual tb6612fng motor driver

The TB6612FNG motor driver can control up to two DC motors at a constant current of 1.2A (3.2A peak). Two input signals (IN1 and IN2) can be used to control the motor in one of four function modes - CW, CCW, short-brake, and stop. The two motor outputs (A and B) can be separately controlled, the speed of each motor is controlled via a PWM input signal with a frequency up to 100kHz. The STBY pin should be pulled high to take the motor out of standby mode. Some of the features are:

- Power supply voltage: VM = 15 V(Max)
- Output current: OUT = 1.2 A(average) and 3.2 A (peak)
- Standby (Power save) system
- CW/CCW/short brake/stop function modes
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit and low voltage detecting circuit



Figure A2. Dual tb6612fng motor driver

HM-10 BLE BLUETOOTH 4.0 CC2540 WIRELESS MODULE

Specifications of HM-10 Bluetooth module:

The HM-10 is a readily available Bluetooth 4.0 module used for establishing wireless data communication. The module is designed by using the Texas Instruments CC2540 or CC2541 Bluetooth low energy (BLE) System on Chip (SoC).

Features:

- BT Version: Bluetooth Specification V4.0 BLE
- Working frequency: 2.4GHz ISM band
- Modulation method: GFSK(Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying)
- RF Power: -23dbm, -6dbm, 0dbm, 6dbm
- Speed: Asynchronous: 2-6K Bytes Synchronous: 2-6K Bytes
- Security: Authentication and encryption
- Service: 0xFFE0 (Modifiable use AT+UUID command)
- Characteristic: 0xFFE1 (Modifiable use AT+UUID command)
- Characteristic: Notify and Write (Modifiable use AT+UU UID command)
- Power: +2.5V~3.3VDC 50mA
- Power: Active state 8.5mA; Sleep state 50~200uA
- Working temperature: $-20 \sim +95$ Centigrade
- Size: HM-10 27mm x 13mm x 2.2 mm

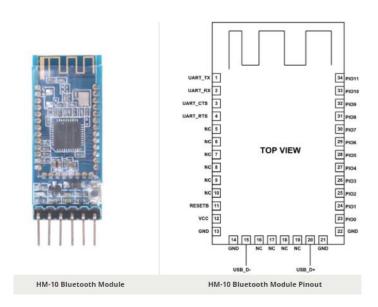


Figure A3. HM-10 Bluetooth module

4. METHODOLOGY/DESIGN

Table 4.1. Functions of the wheels

FUNCTIONS	WHEEL 1	WHEEL 2	WHEEL 3	WHEEL 4
FRONT	1	1	1	1
BACK	\	↓	↓	↓
LEFTTURN	\	↓	1	1
RIGHTTURN	↑	1	↓	↓
LEFTSHIFT	<u> </u>	1	1	↓
RIGHTSHIFT	↑	↓	↓	1
DIAGONALLEFTFRONT	↑	-	-	1
DIAGONALRIGHTFRONT	-	1	1	-
DIAGONALLEFTBACK	-	↓	↓	-
DIAGONALRIGHTBACK	<u> </u>	-	-	↓
STOP	-	-	-	-

FLOWCHART

5. ALGORITHM

Step1: Start

Step2: Print system info [5][3]

Step3: Initialise global variables and uart objects [1]

Step4: while True

Step5: if uart.any()^[2]

Step4: data \leq uart.read()[2]

Step4: If ('F' in data) front()

Step5: elif ('B' in data) back()

Step6: elif ('L' in data) left()

Step7: elif ('R' in data) right()

Step8: elif ('I' in data) leftShift()

Step9: elif ('G' in data) rightShift()

Step10: elif ('1' in data) speed <= 10

Step11: elif ('2' in data) speed <= 20

Step12: e1if ('3' in data) speed <= 30

Step13: elif ('4' in data) speed <= 40

Step14: elif ('5' in data) speed <= 50

Step15: elif ('6' in data) speed <= 60

Step16: elif ('7' in data) speed <= 70

Step16: elif ('8' in data) speed <= 80

Step17: elif ('9' in data) speed <= 90

Step18: elif ('10' in data) speed <= 100

Step19: else() stop()

6. SCREENSHOTS

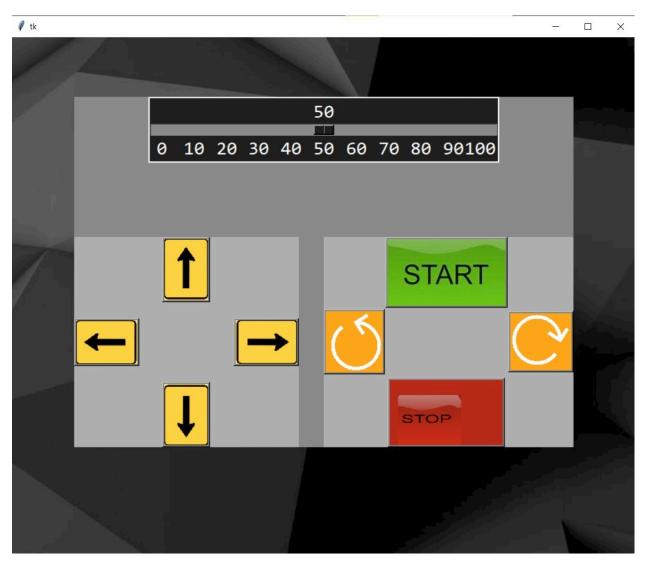


Figure 6.1. GUI designed using tkinter

7. APPLICATION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

- Industrial applications single task robots. Pick and place, etc
- Military applications autonomous unmanned vehicles.
- Space exploration Curiosity rover on Mars, navigates the terrain on mars and sends feedback back to earth.
- Healthcare The da Vinci Surgical Robot, performs surgeries.

8. CONCLUSION

During the course of the project we learnt how to program a microcontroller using python and also design a GUI and connect to the robot using the GUI interface.

9. REFERENCES

- [1] https://projects.raspberrypi.org/en/projects/getting-started-with-the-pico
- [2] https://docs.micropython.org/en/latest/rp2/quickref.html#uart-serial-bus
- [3] https://datasheets.raspberrypi.com/pico/pico-datasheet.pdf
- [4] https://datasheets.raspberrypi.com/pico/Pico-R3-A4-Pinout.pdf
- [5] https://github.com/1337encrypted/Raspberry-pi-pico/blob/main/pythonbot.py

10. APPENDIX

- A1. Raspberry pi pico GPIO pinout
- A2. Dual tb6612fng motor driver
- A3. HM-10 BLE bluetooth 4.0 CC2540 wireless module