```
package com. sxt. reflection;
import java. lang. reflect. Constructor;
import java. lang. reflect. Field;
import java. lang. reflect. Method;
/**
* 利用反射的API, 获取类的信息(类的名字, 属性, 方法, 构造器等)
* @author 江
*/
public class Demo02 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       String path="com. sxt. bean. User";
       try {
               Class clazz=Class. forName(path);
               //获取类的名字
               System.err.println(clazz.getName()); //获得包名+类名:
com. sxt. bean. User
               System.err.println(clazz.getSimpleName()); //获得类名: User
               //获取属性信息
               Field[] fields01=clazz.getFields(); //只能获得public的field
               Field[] fields02=clazz.getDeclaredFields(); //可以获得非public
的field
                                                    //0
               System. err. println(fields01. length);
               System. err. println(fields02. length);
                                                    //3
               Field field01=clazz.getField("id"); //获得指定的field
               Field field02=clazz.getDeclaredField("id");
                                            //错误
               System. err. println(field01);
               System.err.println(field02);
```

```
Method[] methods01=clazz.getMethods();
               Method[] methods02=clazz.getDeclaredMethods();
               Method method01=clazz.getMethod("getUname", null);
               Method method03=clazz.getDeclaredMethod("getUname", null);
               //如果方法有参,则必须传递参数类型对应的class对象
               Method method02=clazz.getMethod("setUname", String.class);
               Method
method04=clazz.getDeclaredMethod("SetUname", String.class);
               //获得构造方法的信息
               Constructor[] constructors=clazz.getConstructors();
               Constructor constructor01=clazz.getConstructor(null);
               Constructor constructor02=clazz.getDeclaredConstructor(null);
               Constructor
constructor03=clazz.getConstructor(int.class, int.class, String.class);
               Constructor
constructor04=clazz.getDeclaredConstructor(int.class, int.class, String.class);
       }catch(Exception e) {
               System.err.println("反射错误");
       }
```

//获取方法信息