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package cn. sxt. mycollection;
 * 自定义一个HashMap
 *增加泛型
 * @author 江
  *
public class SxtHashMap04<K, V> {
    Node3[] table; //位桶数组
                          //存放的键位长度
    int size;
    public SxtHashMap04() {
              table=new Node3[16]; //长度一般定义为2的整数幂
    @Override
          public String toString() {
      //(10:aa, 20:bb)
                     StringBuilder sb=new StringBuilder("(");
                      for(int i=0;i<table.length;i++) {</pre>
                               Node3 temp=table[i];
                               while(temp!=null) {
                                          sb. append (temp. key+":"+temp. value+",");
                                          temp=temp.next;
                               }
                      sb. setCharAt (sb. length()-1,')');
                     return sb. toString();
          }
    public int myHash(int hashcode, int length) {
            System. out. print ("hash in myhash:"+(hashcode&(length-1))+"\t");
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System. out. println("hash in myhash: "+(hashcode%(length-1)));
        return hashcode&(length-1);
}
public void put(K key, V value) {
         //定义新的节点对象
         \underline{\text{Node3}} newNode=new \underline{\text{Node3}}();
         newNode. hash=myHash(key. hashCode(), table. length);
         newNode. key=key;
         newNode.value=value;
         newNode. next=null;
         Node3 temp=table[newNode.hash];
         Node3 iterLast=null; //正在遍历的最后一个元素
         boolean keyRepeat=false;
         if(temp==null) {
                     //此处数组元素为空,则直接将节点放进去
                     table[newNode.hash]=newNode;
                     size++;
         }else {
                     //若此处数组不为空,则遍历对应链表
                     while(temp!=null) {
                               //判断key是否重复, 重复则覆盖
                               if(temp. key. equals(key)) {
                                     keyRepeat=true;
                                   System. out. println("重复了");
                                   temp. value=value; //只需覆盖value即可
                                   break;
                               }else {
                                         //key不重复时,则遍历下一个
                                         iterLast=temp;
                                         temp=temp.next;
                               }
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}
                      if(!keyRepeat) {
                                //没有发生key重复的情况,则添加到链表的最后
                      iterLast.next=newNode;
                      size++;
          }
public V get(K key) {
        int hash=myHash(key.hashCode(), table.length);
        V value=null;
        Node3 temp=table[hash];
        //遍历bucket数组
        if(temp!=null) {
                   //遍历链表
                    while(temp!=null) {
                              if(temp. key. equals(key)) {
                                        value=(V) temp. value;
                                        break;
                              }else {
                                        temp=temp.next;
                    }
       return value;
public static void main(String[] args) {
     SxtHashMap04<Integer, String> m=new SxtHashMap04<>();
     m. put (10, "aa");
     m. put (20, "bb");
     m. put (30, "cc");
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m. put (20, "dd");
          m. put (53, "gg");
          m. put (69, "hh");
          m. put(85, "ii");
          System. out. println(m);
          System. out. println(m. get(69));
}
}
package cn. sxt. mycollection;
/**
  * 增加泛型
  * @author 江
  * @param <K>
  * @param <V>
public class Node3<K,V> {
          int hash;
          K key;
          V value;
          Node3 next;
}
```