

Miasm

(incomprehensible documentation)

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Outline

- 1 Random manipulations
 - PE
 - Assembleur/Désassembleur
 - Graphe
 - Introduction to intermediate language
- 2 Langage intermédiaire
 - Description du langage
 - Module de simplification d'expression
 - Symbolic execution
- 3 Jit compilation
 - Principe
 - Exemples jit
- 4 Exemples
 - Hooks, gadget finder, ...
 - Conficker
 - mebroot
 - VM Study

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Elfesteem use

EXE reading

- EXE parsing
- (MZ/PE/sections/Directories)

```
>>> from elfesteem import *
>>> e = pe_init.PE(open('calc.exe', 'rb').read())
#  section      offset  size  addr  flags  rawsize
0  .text         00000400 0126b0 00001000 60000020 00012800
1  .data         00012c00 00101c 00014000 c0000040 00000a00
2  .rsrc         00013600 008a88 00016000 40000040 00008c00
```

Accesses

File view

```
>>> e.content[:4]  
'MZ\x90\x00'
```

RVA view

```
>>> e.drva[0x1000:0x1004]  
'\xea"\xdaw'
```

Virtual addresses view

```
>>> e.virt[0x1001000:0x1001004]  
'\xea"\xdaw'
```

EXE attributes

```
>>> e.DllImport
<Directory Import>
  0 <SHELL32.dll> <W-ImpDesc=76968/4294967295L/4294967295L/77378/4252>
    0 <148, ShellAboutW>
  1 <msvcrt.dll> <W-ImpDesc=77256/4294967295L/4294967295L/77664/4540>
    0 <82, __CxxFrameHandler>
    1 <71, _CxxThrowException>
    2 <824, wcstoul>
  ...
```

```
>>> e.DirRes
<ID RT_ICON subdir: 90192 None>
  <ID RT_CURSOR subdir: 90528 None>
    <ID 1036 data: 91152 <ResDataEntry=91576/744/1252/0>>
  <ID RT_BITMAP subdir: 90552 None>
    <ID 1036 data: 91168 <ResDataEntry=92320/296/1252/0>>
  <ID RT_ICON subdir: 90576 None>
  ...
```

Common manipulation

EXE generation

- EXE creation
- Default characteristics

```
e = PE()  
open('uu.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

Add a section to a binary

- read the binary
- add a section
- generate binary

```
>>> e = PE(open('calc.exe', 'rb').read())
# section      offset    size    addr      flags    rawsize
0 .text        00000400 0126b0 00001000 60000020 00012800
1 .data        00012c00 00101c 00014000 c0000040 00000a00
2 .rsrc        00013600 008a88 00016000 40000040 00008c00
>>> s_XXX = e.SHList.add_section(name='XXX', addr = 0x20000, rawsize = 0x1000)
>>> open('out.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))

>>> PE(open('out.bin', 'rb').read())
# section      offset    size    addr      flags    rawsize
0 .text        00000400 0126b0 00001000 60000020 00012800
1 .data        00012c00 00101c 00014000 c0000040 00000a00
2 .rsrc        00013600 008a88 00016000 40000040 00008c00
3 XXX         0001c200 001000 00020000 e0000020 00001000
```

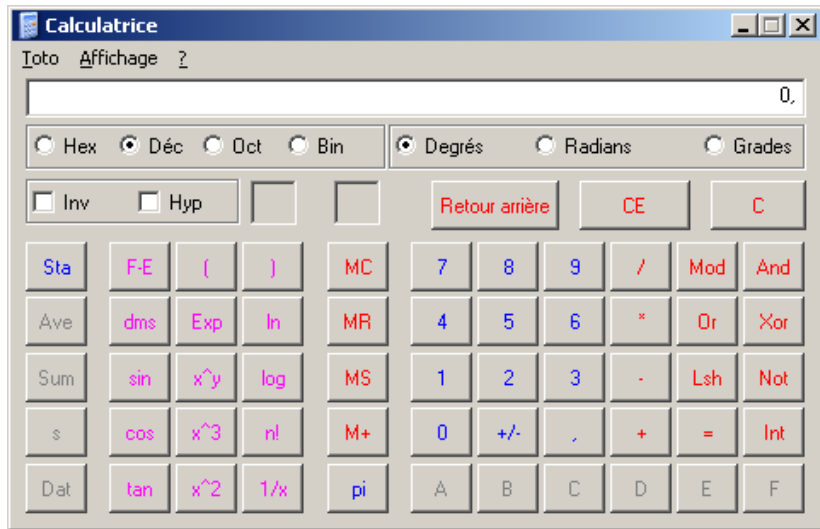

Menu edition

- read DirRes
- find menu
- modify
- generate the binary

```
>>> e = PE(open('calc.exe', 'rb').read())
>>> e.DirRes.resdesc.resentries
0 <ID RT_ICON subdir: 90192 None>ResEntry
1 <ID RT_MENU subdir: 90272 None>ResEntry
...
>>> menu = e.DirRes.resdesc.resentries[1]
>>> menu.subdir.resentries
0 <ID 106 subdir: 90720 None>ResEntry
1 <ID 107 subdir: 90744 None>ResEntry
...
>>> e.Opthdr.Opthdr[pe.DIRECTORY_ENTRY_BOUND_IMPORT].rva = 0
>>> e.Opthdr.Opthdr[pe.DIRECTORY_ENTRY_BOUND_IMPORT].size = 0

>>> e.DirRes.resdesc.resentries[1].subdir.resentries[1].\
subdir.resentries[0].data.s[8:22:2]
'Edition'
>>> e.DirRes.resdesc.resentries[1].subdir.resentries[1].\
subdir.resentries[0].data.s[8:22] = "\x00".join([x for x in 'Toto']) + '\x00'
>>> open('out.bin.exe', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

logo/eads



logo/eads

Common case

EXE generation

- create an EXE
- default characteristics
- new text section with “xC3” (ret)
- place entry point
- add some imports
- → The binary is ready

```
e = PE()
mysh = "\\xc3"
s_text = e.SHList.add_section(name = "text", addr = 0x1000, rawsize = 0x1000, data = mysh)
e.Opthdr.Opthdr.AddressOfEntryPoint = s_text.addr
new_dll = [({"name": "kernel32.dll",
            "firstthunk": s_text.addr+0x100},
           ["CreateFileA", "SetFilePointer", "WriteFile", "CloseHandle"]
          ),
          ({"name": "USER32.dll",
            "firstthunk": None},
           ["SetDlgItemInt", "GetMenu", "HideCaret"]
          )
         ]
e.Dirlmport.add_dllDesc(new_dll)
s_myimp = e.SHList.add_section(name = "myimp", rawsize = 0x1000)
e.Dirlmport.set_rva(s_myimp.addr)
open('uu.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

Ida listing:

```
;*****X
; section 1 <text>                                X
; virtual address 00001000 virtual size 00001000    X
; file offset 00001000 file size 00001000          X
;*****X
;*****X
; program entry point                            X
;*****X
entrypoint:                                       X
    ret                                          X
```

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Miasm

Goal

- Asm/DisAsm x86/PPC/ARM
- Work on multi sources
- (str/shellcode txt/PE/ELF/.S)
- assembly to intermediate language
- emulate intermediate language (in an environment)
- Snapshot/restore
- library of emulation
- ...

Common cases

Dis/Asm

- work on bytes/asm text/container
- mini integrated linker
- graph generation
- ...

```
>>> from x86_escape.x86_escape import *
>>> l = x86_mn.dis('\x90')
>>> str(l)
'nop'
>>> x86_mn.asm('nop')
['\x90']
>>> x86_mn.asm('inc eax')
['@', '\xff\xC0']
>>> str(x86_mn.dis('@'))
'inc    eax'
>>> str(x86_mn.dis('\xff\xC0'))
'inc    eax'
```

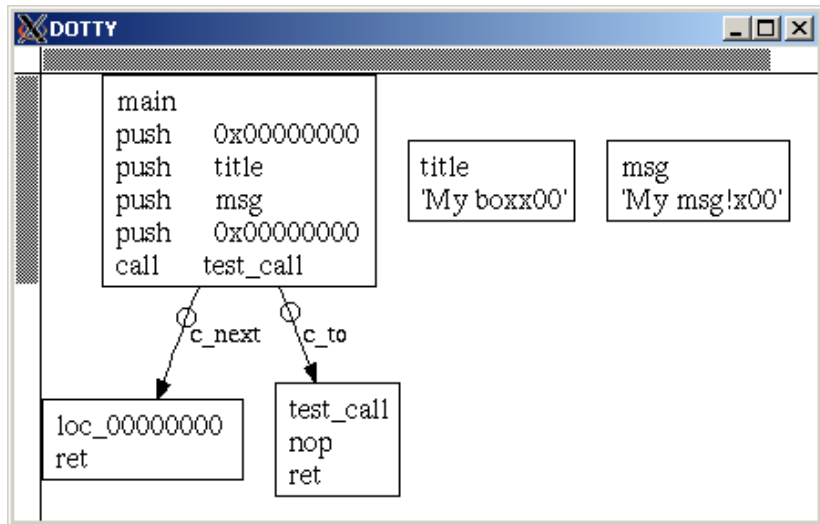
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assembling x86 bloc

```
all_bloc , symbol_pool = parse_asm.parse_txt(x86_escape.x86mnemo, r'''
main:
    push 0
    push title
    push msg
    push 0
    call test_call
    ret
test_call:
    nop
    ret
title:
.string "My box"
msg:
.string "My msg!"
''')

#fix shellcode addr
symbol_pool.add(asmbloc.asm_label('base_address', 0))
symbol_pool.getby_name("main").offset = 0

####graph sc####
g = asmbloc.bloc2graph(all_bloc[0])
open("graph.txt" , "w").write(g)
```



shell code generation

```
f = open('out.bin', 'wb')  
for p in patches:  
    f.seek(p)  
    f.write(patches[p])  
f.close()
```

Dump hexa

```
x00000000 6a 00 6a 18 6a 10 6a 00-e8 01 00 00 00 c3 90 c3 |j j?j?j ?? ???|
x00000010 4d 79 20 6d 73 67 21 00-4d 79 20 62 6f 78 00 |My msg! My box |
```

Disassemble

x00000000 6a00	push	0x0
x00000002 6a18	push	0x18
x00000004 6a10	push	0x10
x00000006 6a00	push	0x0
x00000008 e801000000	call	0xe
x0000000d c3	ret	
x0000000e 90	nop	
x0000000f c3	ret	

In the next slide...

PE generation

- generate a working PE
- with imports
- some code
- which displays a dialog box
- ...

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from x86_escape import *
from elfesteem import *

e = pe_init.PE()
s_text = e.SHList.add_section(name = "text", addr = 0x1000, rawsize = 0x100)
s_iat = e.SHList.add_section(name = "iat", rawsize = 0x100)
new_dll = [{"name": "USER32.dll", "firstthunk": s_iat.addr}, ["MessageBoxA"]]

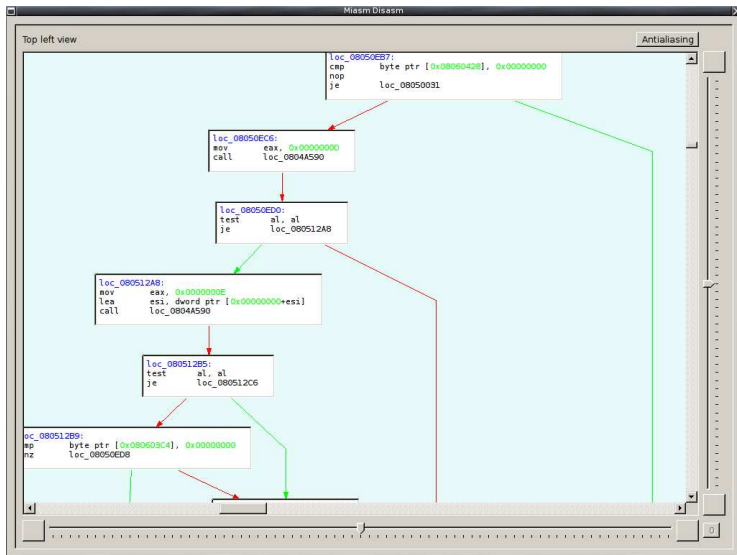
e.DirlImport.add_dllDesc(new_dll)
s_myimp = e.SHList.add_section(name = "myimp", rawsize = len(e.DirlImport))
e.DirlImport.set_rva(s_myimp.addr)
all_bloc, symbol_pool = parse_asm.parse_txt(x86_escape.x86mnemo, r'''
main:
    push 0
    push title
    push msg
    push 0
    call [MessageBoxA]
    ret

title:
    .string "My box"
msg:
    .string "My msg!"
''')
symbol_pool.add(asmbloc.asm_label('base_address', 0))
symbol_pool.getby_name("MessageBoxA").offset = e.DirlImport.get_funcvirt('MessageBoxA')
symbol_pool.getby_name("main").offset = e.rva2virt(s_text.addr)
resolved_b, patches = asmbloc.asm_resolve_final(x86_escape.x86mnemo, all_bloc[0], symbol
for p in patches:
    e.virt[p] = patches[p]
e.Opthdr.Opthdr.AddressOfEntryPoint = e.virt2rva(symbol_pool.getby_name("main").offset)
open('uu.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))
```



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Instruction semantic

Intermediate language

- the instruction is composed of operations
- each operation is executed in parallel
- example: cmpsb

```
def cmpsb():  
    e = []  
    e += l_cmp(ExprMem(esi, 8), ExprMem(edi, 8))  
    e.append(ExprAff(edi, ExprCond(df, ExprOp('++', edi, ExprInt(uint32(1))), ExprOp('-', esi, ExprInt(uint32(1))), ExprOp('-', esi, ExprInt(uint32(1))), ExprOp('-', esi, ExprInt(uint32(1)))  
    return e
```

cmpsb semantic

```
>>> from x86_escape import ia32_sem
>>> e = ia32_sem.cmpsb()
>>> for x in e:
...     print str(x)
...
zf = ((- @8[esi] @8[edi]) 0x0)
nf = (& ((= 0x1 (>> (- @8[esi] @8[edi]) 0x7)) 0x1)
pf = (parity (- @8[esi] @8[edi]))
cf = (| (& ((= ((= 0x1 (>> @8[esi] 0x7)) 0x0) ((= 0x1 (>> @8[edi] 0x7))) (& ((= 0x1 (>>
of = (| (& ((= ((= 0x1 (>> (- @8[esi] @8[edi]) 0x7)) 0x1) (& ((= ((= 0x1 (>> @8[esi] 0x7)
af = ((= (& (- @8[esi] @8[edi]) 0x10) 0x10)
edi = df?((+ edi 0x1),(- edi 0x1))
esi = df?((+ esi 0x1),(- esi 0x1))
```

Manipulation example

registers touched by an instruction

```
>>> from analysis_helper import *  
>>> r, w = get_rw(ia32_sem.cmpsb())  
>>> r, w  
(set_expr[@8[edi], @8[esi], df, edi, esi], set_expr[zf, nf, pf, cf, of, af, edi, esi])
```

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Expressions

- ExprInt: interger
- ExprId: identifier (variable)
- ExprAff: $a = b$
- ExprCond: $a ? b : c$
- ExprMem: dword ptr [a]
- ExprOp: $op(a, b, \dots)$
- ExprSlice: $a[0:8]$ (bits)
- ExprCompose: slices composition
- ExprSliceTo: position in a composition

That's all.

Some expressions

```
>>> from expression import *
>>> a = ExprId('A', 32)
>>> b = ExprId('B', 32)
>>> c = ExprId('C', 32)
>>> o = a+b
>>> print o
(A + B)
>>> print ExprAff(c, o)
C = (A + B)
```

Definition of some instructions

```
def mov(a, b):
    return [ExprAff(a, b)]
```

```
def xchg(a, b):
    e = []
    e.append(ExprAff(a, b))
    e.append(ExprAff(b, a))
    return e
```

```
def update_flag_zf(a):
    cast_int = tab_uintsize[a.get_size()]
    return [ExprAff(zf, ExprOp('==',
                                a,
                                ExprInt(cast_int(0)))))]
```

```
def update_flag_nf(a):
    return [ExprAff(nf, ExprOp('&',
                                get_op_msb(a),
                                ExprInt(tab_uintsize[a.get_size()](1)))))]
```


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The language has simplification rules

- $X + Y - Y : X$
- $-(-X) : X$
- $X + \text{int1} + \text{int2} : X + \text{int3} (= \text{int1} + \text{int2})$
- ...

Example

```
>>> print o  
(A + B)  
>>> p = o - b  
>>> print p  
((A + B) - B)  
>>> print expr_simp(p)  
A
```

```
>>> q = (a - ExprInt(uint32(1))) + ExprInt(uint32(3))  
>>> print q  
((A - 0x1) + 0x3)  
>>> print expr_simp(q)  
(A + 0x2)
```

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Assembly to intermediate language

- expressions representing instructions are executed simultaneously
- affectations are done into a memory representation
- (a dictionary)
- the key is the identifier (non reducible)

interpretation machine

- It defines usable registers

```
machine = eval_abs({esp: init_esp, ebp: init_ebp, eax: init_eax, ebx: init_ebx,
                    ecx: init_ecx, edx: init_edx, esi: init_esi, edi: init_edi,
                    cs: ExprInt(uint32(9)),
                    zf : ExprInt(uint32(0)), nf : ExprInt(uint32(0)),
                    pf : ExprInt(uint32(0)), of : ExprInt(uint32(0)),
                    cf : ExprInt(uint32(0)), tf : ExprInt(uint32(0)), ...
                    tsc1: ExprInt(uint32(0)), dr7: ExprInt(uint32(0)), ...},
                    mem_read_wrap,
                    mem_write_wrap, )
```

Example

```
>>> l = x86_mn.dis("\x43")
>>> print l
inc      ebx
>>> ex = get_instr_expr(l, eip)
>>> for e in ex:
...     print e
...
zf = ((ebx + 0x1) == 0x0)
nf = ((0x1 == ((ebx + 0x1) >> 0x1F)) & 0x1)
...
ebx = (ebx + 0x1)
```

Example

```
>>> machine = eval_abs(dict(init_state))
>>> print machine.pool[ebx]
init_ebx
>>> my_eip, mem_dst = emul_full_expr(ex, l, ExprInt(uint32(0)), None, machine)
>>> print machine.pool[ebx]
(init_ebx + 0x1)
>>> print machine.pool[zf]
((init_ebx + 0x1) == 0x0)
```

>/eads

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Memory

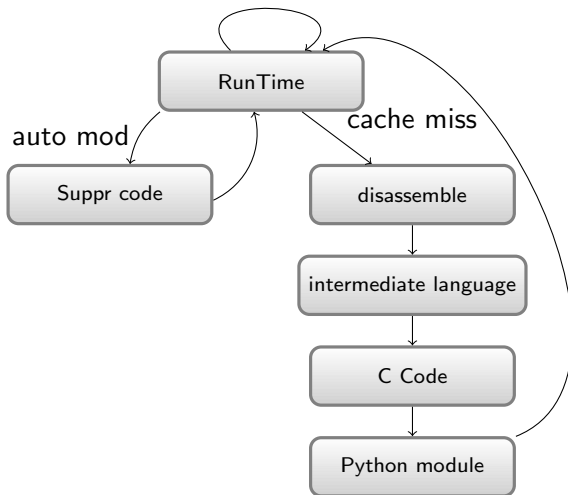
- The memory is defined by zones
- size, accesses and data
- (for example a binary section)
- it maps *real addresses* to *virtual addresses*

translation

- the code is disassembled
- translated on the fly using semantic representation
- and intermediate code is generated to C code and compiled

Emulation exception

- if a translated bloc is modified, it is deleted from cache
- and regenerated if pc reach it again (cache miss)
- if errors, python is called back to deal it
- for example, we can emulate windows SEH mechanism
- Emulation des api



C translation

```
unsigned int bloc_0080400B(void)
{
    loc_0080400B:
        //pop     eax
        vmcpu.eax_new = MEM_LOOKUP_32(vmcpu.esp);
        vmcpu.esp_new = (((vmcpu.esp&0xffffffff) + (0x4&0xffffffff))&0xffffffff);

        if (vmcpu.vm_exception_flags > EXCEPT_NUM_UDPT_EIP) {
            vmcpu.eip = 0x80400B;
            return (unsigned int)vmcpu.eip;
        }

        vmcpu.eax = vmcpu.eax_new;
        vmcpu.esp = vmcpu.esp_new;

        if (vmcpu.vm_exception_flags) {
            vmcpu.eip = (vmcpu.vm_exception_flags > EXCEPT_NUM_UDPT_EIP) ? 0x80400B : 0x804
            return (unsigned int)vmcpu.eip;
        }

    loc_0080400C:
        //mov     ebx, eax
        vmcpu.ebx_new = vmcpu.eax;

        if (vmcpu.vm_exception_flags > EXCEPT_NUM_UDPT_EIP) {
            vmcpu.eip = 0x80400C;
            return (unsigned int)vmcpu.eip;
        }
}
```

translation, memory accesses

Assembly code

```
movzx    eax, ds:byte_410360[ecx]
```

C code

```
//movzx    eax, byte ptr [ecx+{<asmlabel (unsigned int)&tab_00410340[0x20] >: 1}]
eax_new = (((0x0 & (0xFFFFFFFF>>(32-24))) << 8) | ((MEM_LOOKUP(8, (((ecx&0xffffffff) +
    ((unsigned int)&tab_00410340[0x20]&0xffffffff)&0xffffffff)) & (0xFFFFFFFF>>(
eax = eax_new;
```

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Demo: assembly code

```
objdump -D -b binary -m i386 -Maddr32,data32,intel sc_test.bin
sc_test.bin:      file format binary
Disassembly of section .data:
00000000 <.data>:
   0:  b8 ef be 37 13      mov     eax,0x1337beef
   5:  b9 04 00 00 00      mov     ecx,0x4
  a:  c1 c0 08            rol     eax,0x8
  d:  e2 fb              loop    0xa
  f:  c3                ret
```

Memory creation

```
code_ad = 0x20000
vm_add_memory_page(code_ad, PAGE_READ|PAGE_WRITE|PAGE_EXEC, open("sc_test.bin").read())
stack_base_ad = 0x1230000
stack_size = 0x10000
vm_add_memory_page(stack_base_ad, PAGE_READ|PAGE_WRITE, "\x00"*stack_size)
dump_memory_page_pool.py()

regs = vm_get_gpreg()
regs['eip'] = code_ad
regs['esp'] = stack_base_ad+stack_size
vm_set_gpreg(regs)
dump_gpregs.py()
```

Result

Memory

```
ad 00020000 size 00000025 RWX hpad 0x8cd5000
ad 01230000 size 00010000 RW_ hpad 0x8ce8000
```

Registers

```
eip 00020000 eax 00000000 ebx 00000000 ecx 00000000 edx 00000000
esi 00000000 edi 00000000 esp 01240000 ebp 00000000
```

Memory creation

```
vm_push_uint32_t(0)
vm_push_uint32_t(0)
vm_push_uint32_t(0x1337beef)

symbol_pool = asmbloc.asm.symbol_pool()

known_blocs = {}
code_blocs_mem_range = []

log_regs = True
log_mn = True
must_stop = False
def run_bin(my_eip, known_blocs, code_blocs_mem_range):
    while my_eip != 0x1337beef:
        if not my_eip in known_blocs:
            updt_bloc_emul(known_blocs, in_str, my_eip, symbol_pool, code_blocs_mem_range)
        try:
            my_eip = vm_exec_blocs(my_eip, known_blocs)
        except KeyboardInterrupt:
            must_stop = True
        py_exception = vm_get_exception()
        if py_exception:
            raise ValueError("except at", hex(my_eip))

print "start run"
run_bin(code_ad, known_blocs, code_blocs_mem_range)
```

»/eads

Result

		eax 00000000 ebx 0000...
mov	eax, 0x1337BEEF	...
		eax 1337BEEF ebx 0000...
mov	ecx, 0x00000004	...
		eax 1337BEEF ebx 0000...
rol	eax, 0x00000008	...
		eax 37BEEF13 ebx 0000...
loop	loc_0002000A	...
loc_0002000A		...
		eax 37BEEF13 ebx 0000...
rol	eax, 0x00000008	...
		eax BEEF1337 ebx 0000...
loop	loc_0002000A	...
loc_0002000A		...
		eax BEEF1337 ebx 0000...
rol	eax, 0x00000008	...
		eax EF1337BE ebx 0000...
loop	loc_0002000A	...
loc_0002000A		...
		eax EF1337BE ebx 0000...
rol	eax, 0x00000008	...
		eax 1337BEEF ebx 0000...
loop	loc_0002000A	...
loc_0002000F		...
		eax 1337BEEF ebx 0000...
ret		

>/eads

Interaction

```
>>> vm_get_gpreg()  
{ 'eip': 322420463, 'esp': 19136504, 'edi': 0, 'eax': 322420463,  
  'ebp': 0, 'edx': 0, 'ebx': 0, 'esi': 0, 'ecx': 0}  
>>> vm_get_str(code_ad, 0x10)  
'\xb8\xef\xbe7\x13\xb9\x04\x00\x00\x00\xc1\xc0\x08\xe2\xfb\xc3'
```

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 - VM Study

Goal: hook in calc.exe

- spot interesting code
- find characteristic code
- generate a hook

Code search

```
#op code call[XXX]
p = "\xFF\x15" + struct.pack('L', ad_setwtext)
p = re.escape(p)
candidates = [x.start() for x in re.finditer(p, e.content)]
candidates = [e.off2virt(x) for x in candidates]

#search func setdisplaytext
found = False
for c in candidates:
    #ad = guess_func_start(e, c)
    job_done = set()
    symbol_pool = asmbloc.asm_symbol_pool()
    try:
        all_bloc = asmbloc.dis_bloc_all(x86_mn, in_str, c, job_done, symbol_pool)
    except:
        continue
    #filter on setfocus caller
    for b in all_bloc:
        l = b.lines[-1]
        if not l.m.name == "call" or not x86_afs.imm in l.arg[0]:
            continue
        if l.arg[0][x86_afs.imm] == ad_setfocus:
            found = c
if not found:
    raise ValueError("cannot find setdisplaytext")
ad = guess_func_start(e, found)
print "setdisplaytext:", hex(ad)
```

Hook example

```
h.add_hook(aes_init_ad,
    {
        "1_aes_init_key": (0x20, "push ecx"),
    })
...
h.add_hook(rsa_enc_priv_ad,
    {
        "1_seckey": (0x140, 'push [esp+0x34]'),
        "2_txt": (0x80, 'push [esp+0x34]'),
        "3_mod": (0x80, 'push [esp+0x34]')
    })
...
h.add_hook(pwd_chk_ad,
    {"1_pwd": ('',
        push [ebp+8]
        call [lstrlenA]
        push eax'', 'push ecx'),
        "2_stack": (0x80, 'push [esp+0x30]')})
```

Hook creation

```
h = hooks(in_str, symbol_pool, gen_data_log_code = False)

hname = h.add_hook(ad,
    {
        "1_DONT_LOG":(''
            mov eax, [ebp+8]
            cmp byte ptr [eax], 0x31
            jnz out
            cmp byte ptr [eax+2], 0x33
            jnz out
            cmp byte ptr [eax+4], 0x33
            jnz out
            cmp byte ptr [eax+6], 0x37
            jnz out
            cmp byte ptr [eax+6], 0x2c
            jnz out
            push 0
            push mtitle
            push txt
            push 0
            call [MessageBoxA]

            out:
            '', 'push [esp+0x30]')),
        ['mtitle:\n.string "title"', 'txt:\n.string "txt"']])
```

Binary modification

```
all_bloc = h.all_bloc

symbol_pool.add(asmbloc.asm_label('base_address', 0))
symbol_pool.getby_name("MessageBoxA").offset = e.DirImport.get_funcvirt('MessageBoxA')
symbol_pool.getby_name(hname).offset = e.rva2virt(sh_ad)

symb_reloc =
#compilation du patch
resolved_b, patches = asmbloc.asm_resolve_final(x86mnemo, all_bloc[0], symbol_pool, [(0, sh_ad+e.0pthdr.0
add_rels = []
#ajout des nouvelles relocations
for l, rels in symb_reloc.items():
    for x in rels:
        add_rels.append(e.virt2rva(x+l.offset))
#ajout des nouveaux imports
s_myimp = e.SHList.add_section(name = "myimp", rawsize = len(e.DirImport))
e.DirImport.set_rva(s_myimp.addr)
#patch du binaire
for p in patches:
    e.virt[p] = patches[p]
#reconstruction du binaire
open('calc_mod.exe', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

Go Go Gadget

Goal: find eip/esp control

- binary mapping into memory
- Memory creation
- add context informations to a program
- start interpretation:
 - sweep on each code address range
 - execution maximum 10 instruction (for instance)
 - analyzes symbolic memory
 - filter interesting results

Loading of a binary dump

```
data = open(fname, 'rb').read()
in_str = bin_stream_vm()
init_memory_page_pool.py()
init_code_bloc_pool.py()
vm_add_memory_page(0x10000000, PAGE_READ|PAGE_WRITE, data)
```

variable creation

```
arg1 = ExprId('ARG1', 32, True)
arg2 = ExprId('ARG2', 32, True)
ret1 = ExprId('RET1', 32, True)
```

machine creation

```
machine = eval_abs({esp:init_esp, ebp:init_ebp, eax:init_eax, ebx:init_ebx,
                    ecx:init_ecx, edx:init_edx, esi:init_esi, edi:init_edi,
                    cs:ExprInt(uint32(9)),
                    zf : ExprInt(uint32(0)), nf : ExprInt(uint32(0)),
                    of : ExprInt(uint32(0)), cf : ExprInt(uint32(0)),
                    ...
```

add context execution

```
machine.eval_instr(push(arg2))
machine.eval_instr(push(arg1))
machine.eval_instr(push(ret1))
machine.eval_instr(push ebp)
machine.eval_instr(mov ebp, esp)
machine.eval_instr(sub(esp, ExprInt(uint32(0x14))))
machine.eval_instr(mov(eax, ExprMem(ebp + ExprInt(uint32(8)))))
machine.eval_instr(mov(edx, ExprMem(eax + ExprInt(uint32(12)))))
machine.eval_instr(mov(eax, ExprMem(ebp + ExprInt(uint32(12)))))
machine.eval_instr(mov(ExprMem(esp), eax))
machine.eval_instr(push(ExprInt(uint32(0x1337beef))))
```

(it could have been emulated as well)

```
print dump_reg(machine.pool)
eax ARG2 ebx init_ebx ecx init_ecx edx @32[(+ ARG1 0xC)]
esi init_esi edi init_edi esp (init_esp - 0x28)
ebp (init_esp - 0x10) zf ((init_esp - 0x24) == 0x0)
```

Filter results after symbolic execution

```
myesp = machine.pool[esp]
if not ('ARG' in str(myesp) or 'DATA' in str(myesp)):
    continue
print "eip", my_eip
print "esp", myesp
```

Result

```
0x10002ccf
eip @32[ARG2]
esp (ARG2 + 0x4)
Instructions:
xchg     eax, esp
ret
```

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Binary protection

- packed
- the packer is split with indirect jmps

Result

- Ida knows each basic bloc
- but cannot graph

Quick Counter measure

- find each indirect jumps
- find destination
- patch the binary

```

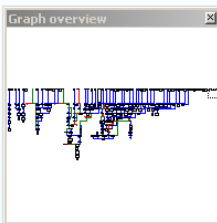
loc_100020A3:
fabs
fstp    db1_100165D8
mov     eax, dword_10006234
inc     ecx
rol     eax, 18h
mov     dword_10016860, eax
mov     dword_10016498, ecx
mov     edx, dword_100162C0
push    ebx
pop     eax
sub     eax, edx
sub     edx, edx
div     dword ptr [ebp-34h]
cmp     ecx, eax
jmp     off_100163A0
  
```

```

loc_100020EE:
add     ecx, ebx
mov     ebx, dword_10016438
add     ecx, eax
sub     eax, ebx
push    dword ptr [ecx]
pop     edx
jmp     off_100061B4
  
```

```

loc_100021F4:                                ; lpAddend
push    lpAddend
mov     dword_10016618, 59D90000h
call    ds:InterlockedIncrement
mov     dword_100169E0, eax
mov     ecx, dword_10016288
mov     eax, dword_100164E0
jmp     off_10016368
  
```



indirect jump patching, binary regeneration

```
e = pe_init.PE(open('conficker.esx', 'rb').read())
s_text = e.getsectionbyname('.text')
s_data = e.getsectionbyname('.data')

for ad in xrange(ad_start, ad_end-15):
    l1 = x86_mn.dis(e.virt[ad:ad+15])
    if not l1: continue
    if not l1.m.name == 'jmp': continue
    if l1.prefix: continue

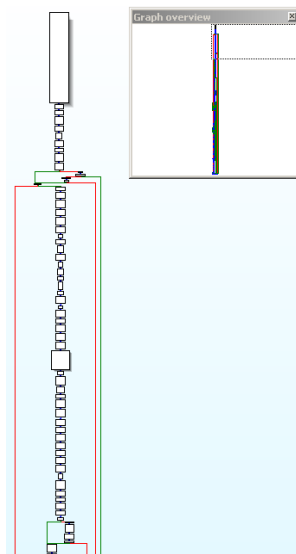
    a = l1.arg[0]
    if not x86_afs.ad in a or not x86_afs.imm in a:
        continue
    dst_ptr = a[x86_afs.imm]
    if not (data_start <= dst_ptr < data_end): continue

    dst_ad = struct.unpack('L', e.virt[dst_ptr:dst_ptr+4])[0]
    if not (ad_start <= dst_ad < ad_end): continue

    e.virt[ad] = '\x90'*l1.l
    e.virt[ad] = "\xE9"+struct.pack('l', dst_ad-(ad-1+l1.l))

open('out.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

Result: graph ok, but direct basic blocs are still splitted



Disassembling: main function

```
job_done = []
symbol_pool = asmbloc.asm_symbol_pool()
all_bloc = asmbloc.dis_bloc_all(x86_mn, in_str, 0x100041f4, job_done, symbol_pool, follow_c)

#find call address
for b in all_bloc:
    l = b.lines[-1]
    if l.m.name != 'call': continue

    a = l.arg[0]
    if not x86_afs.symb in a: continue

    dst, off = dict(a[x86_afs.symb]).popitem()
    new_bloc = asmbloc.dis_bloc_all(x86_mn, in_str, off, job_done, symbol_pool, follow_c)
    all_bloc += new_bloc

lbl_start = symbol_pool.getby_offset(oep)
bloc_merge(all_bloc, symbol_pool, [lbl_start])
```

clean binary regeneration

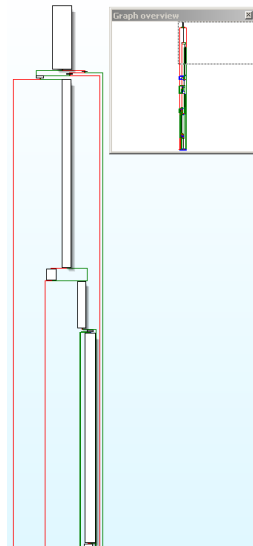
```
#code to PIC
for b in all_bloc:
    del symbol_pool.s_offset[b.label.offset]
    b.label.offset = None

#patch entry point
all_bloc2, symbol_pool2 = parse_asm.parse_txt(x86_mn, r'''
dllentry:
jmp main
''')

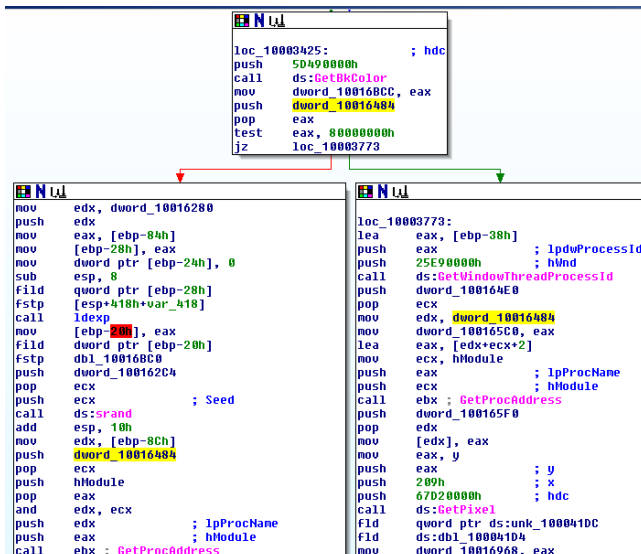
#fix shellcode addr
symbol_pool.add(asm_bloc.asm_label('base_address', 0))
symbol_pool2.getby_name("main").offset = 0x10001000
symbol_pool2.getby_name("dllentry").offset = 0x1000434B

#merge our sc and disassembled function
all_bloc += all_bloc2[0]
for x in symbol_pool2.s.keys():
    symbol_pool.add(symbol_pool2.s[x])
...
open('out.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

Result



We can analyze import functions loader



Dump and binary reconstruction

```
e = pe_init.PE()
e.Opthdr.Opthdr.ImageBase = 0x3a0000

data = open('_003A0000.mem', 'rb').read()
s_text = e.SHList.add_section(name = "text", addr = 0x0, data = data)
...
e.DirlImport.add_dll_desc(new_dll)
s_myimp = e.SHList.add_section(name = "myimp", rawsize = len(e.DirlImport))
e.DirlImport.set_rva(s_myimp.addr)

open('out.bin', 'wb').write(str(e))
```

binary reconstruction



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Obfuscated packer



```
.text:00404E60 loc_404E60:                                ; CODE XREF: .text:00404ADD↑j
.text:00404E60      popf
.text:00404E61      push      0
.text:00404E63      pushf
.text:00404E64      push      eax
.text:00404E65      mov      ax, ds:word_404E6D
.text:00404E65      ; -----
.text:00404E6B      db  66h
.text:00404E6C      db  0A9h
.text:00404E6D word_404E6D      dw  2801h      ; DATA XREF: .text:00404E65↑r |
.text:00404E6F      db  58h
```


Packer obscurci

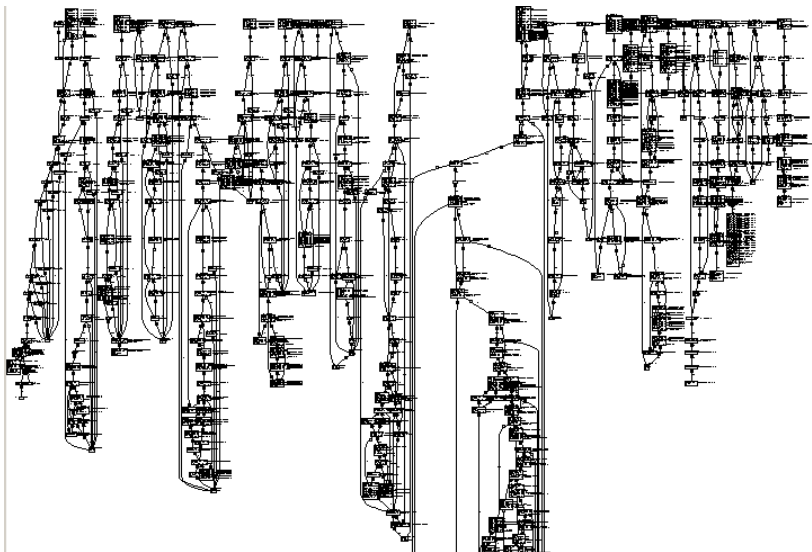
```
.text:00404E60 loc_404E60:                                ; CODE XREF: .text:00404ADD↑j
.text:00404E60      popf
.text:00404E61      push      0
.text:00404E63      pushf
.text:00404E64      push      eax
.text:00404E65      mov      ax, word ptr ds:loc_404E6B+2
.text:00404E6B      loc_404E6B:                                ; DATA XREF: .text:00404E65↑r
.text:00404E6B      test     ax, 2801h
.text:00404E6F      pop      eax
.text:00404E70      jnz      near ptr dword_404CA4+7
.text:00404E76      popf
.text:00404E77      mov      edx, [ebx+20h]
.text:00404E7A      pushf
.text:00404E7B      push     eax
.text:00404E7C      mov      ax, ds:word_404E84
.text:00404E7C      ; -----
.text:00404E82      dw      0A966h
```

Reconstruction

- goal: find non analyzed code
- Disassemble a bloc
- guess fake jcc destination
- group and simplify blocs
- regenerate binary

```
def get_mebbloc_instr(e, b):  
    if not b.lines:  
        return None  
    if b.lines[-1].m.name != "jnz":  
        return None  
    if b.lines[-2].m.name != "pop":  
        return None  
    if b.lines[-3].m.name != "test":  
        return None  
    ...  
    asmbloc.dis_bloc(x86mnemo, in_str, b, ad, job_done, symbol_pool, follow_call = F  
    ...  
asmbloc.bloc_merge(master_bloc, symbol_pool, call_ad)
```

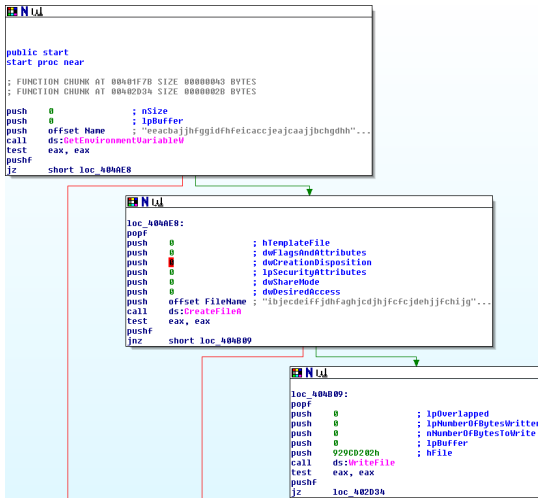
Code reconstruit



re generated binary mapping



Entry point



logo/eads

Analysis

Reconstruction

- The binary brute force its own key (hash)
- Decipher itself
- and decompress

We could borrow its own code

- Disassemble deciphering code
- Disassemble decompression code
- Generate C code
- and execute it on another ciphered code

Deciphering function emulation

```
bsize: 33858  
bufs 0x976a000 0xb4bac008  
starting...  
dyn_call to B4E6B480  
dyn_call to B4E6B300  
nop func called  
...  
dyn_call to B4E6B480  
dyn_call to B4E6B300  
nop func called  
dyn_call to B4E6B480  
dyn_call to B4E6B300  
nop func called  
dyn_call to B4E6B480  
dyn_call to B4E6B300  
nop func called  
88B308C5 88B308C5  
C4FB632B C4FB632B  
AA94D763 AA94D763  
5C2BB68F 5C2BB68F  
end  
ret len 33858
```


Decompression function code

```
bsize: 33858  
bufs 0x947b000 0xb46b1008  
starting...  
dyn_call to B4AFC3F0  
func alloc 828B0 (ret B462E008)  
dyn_call to B4AFC5F0  
dyn_call to B4AFC3F0  
func alloc 3E6C (ret 94AF600)  
dyn_call to B4AFC9D0  
dyn_call to B4AFC350  
func free 94AF600 (from 401FB5)  
ret: 'MZ\x90\x00\x03\x00\x00\x00\x04\x00\x00\x00\xff\xff...'
```

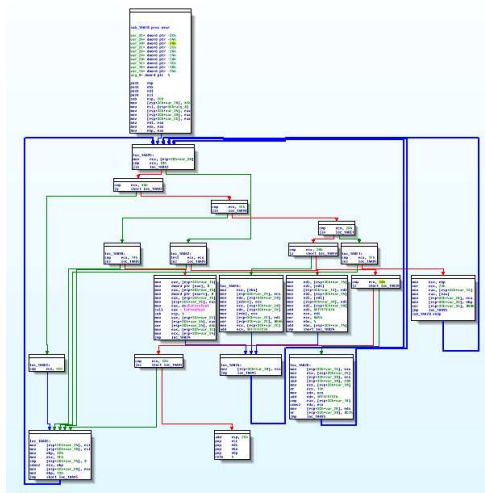
Final step

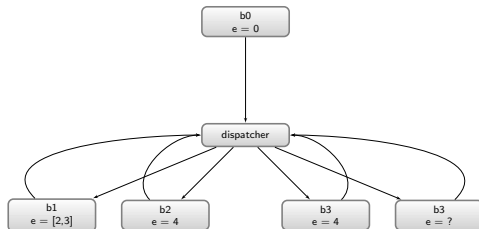
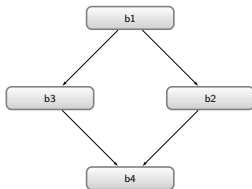
Second layer

- The binary generate a new binary (driver)
- It is packed as well
- Redo previous steps
- or use previous functions to decipher new binary



Obfuscated functions





Reconstruction

- disassemble a function
- get semantic of each bloc
- symbolic execution
- get each bloc result of the automata
- patch jcc
- regenerate binary

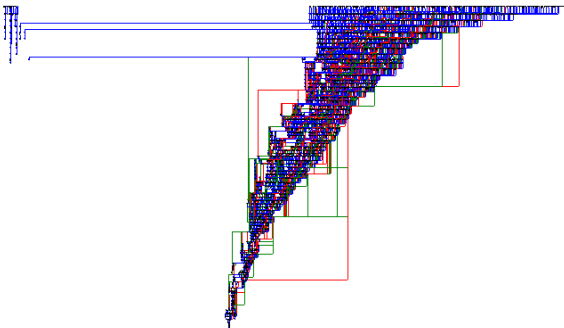
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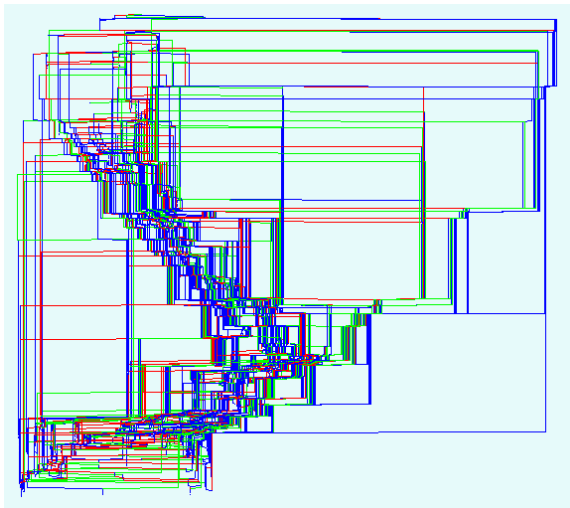
first layer

Packer

- The binary is ciphered by layers.
- Just create an environment and emulate it with miasm.

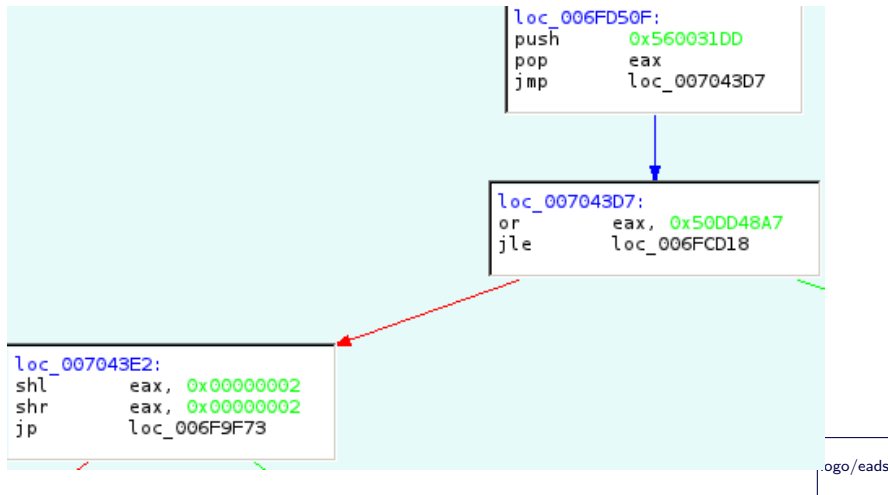


First disassembling of vm mnemonic parsing



logo/eads

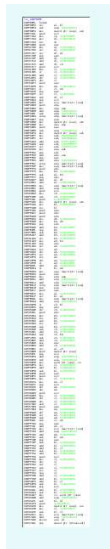
Obfuscation



Solution

- Callback is the disassembler engine
- symbolic execution of its parents
- Test if jcc is always true/false
- and delete fake edges

Result: simplified mnemonic parser



End of parser: instruction dispatcher

```
006FF76B add     cl, 0x0000002A
006FF76E add     bl, 0x00000005
006FADF6 add     bl, cl
006FADF8 sub     bl, 0x00000005
00706460 pop     ecx
00706461 add     bl, 0x000000D9
00706464 sub     bl, 0x00000070
00706467 mov     cx, word ptr [esp]
0070646B add     esp, 0x00000002
00706471 sub     bl, al
00706473 push    0x00003F4A
00706478 mov     dword ptr [esp], ecx
0070647B mov     cl, 0x00000015
0070647D sub     bl, cl
007020CC mov     ecx, dword ptr [esp]
00707246 add     esp, 0x00000004
00707249 movzx   eax, al
0070724C jmp     dword ptr [4*eax+edi]
```

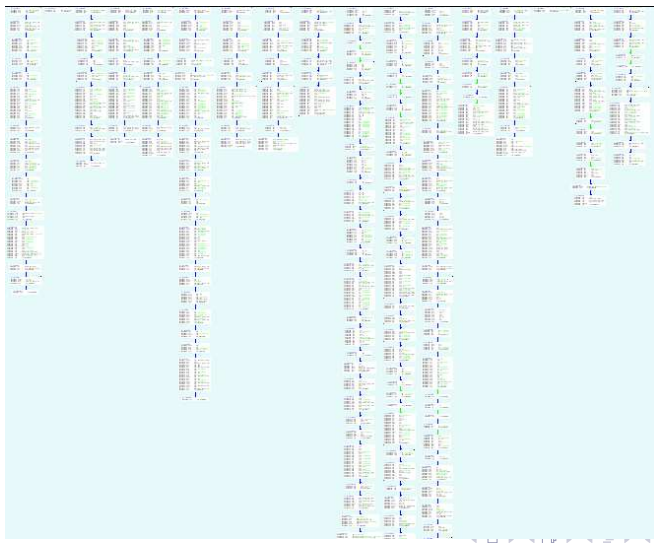
symbolic execution: touched variables

```
eax = (((@8[init_esi] ^ init_ebx[0:8]) - 0xA8) ^ 0x1)_to[0:8], 0x0_to[8:32])
ebx = ((init_ebx[0:8] - (((@8[init_esi] ^ init_ebx[0:8]) - 0xA8) ^ 0x1))_to[0:8], init_ebx[8:32])_to[8:32]
esi = (init_esi + 0x1)
DST @32[(((((((@8[init_esi] ^ init_ebx[0:8]) - 0xA8) ^ 0x1)_to[0:8], 0x0_to[8:32])) * 0x4) + init_edi)]
```

Note

- We need to follow modifications of ebx, esi, edi in each vm mnemonic
- Those modifications are needed to know where disassembling next mnemonic

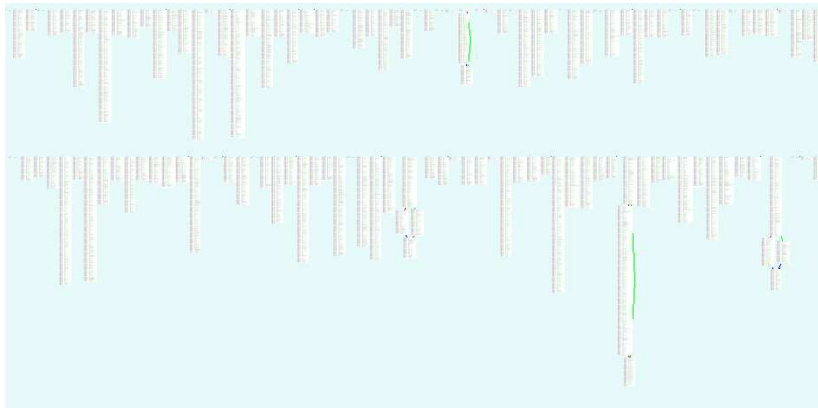
Disassembling correction



Bloc grouping



More than 150 vm mnemonic



Bloc analysis: erf

```
loc_0070AE67:
0070AE67 mov     cx, word ptr [esp]
0070AE6B push   0x00005001
0070870D mov     dword ptr [esp], eax
00708710 push   esp
00708711 mov     eax, dword ptr [esp]
00708714 add     esp, 0x00000004
00708717 push   0x00006EA1
0070871C mov     dword ptr [esp], ecx
0070206C push   esi
0070206D mov     esi, 0x0A222CE7
00702072 shl     esi, 0x00000001
00702074 xor     esi, 0x2EC60A82
0070207A mov     ecx, esi
0070207C pop     esi
0070207D push   eax
0070207E mov     eax, 0x737134A1
006FE368 dec     eax
006FE369 inc     eax
006FE36A not     eax
006FC2E6 add     eax, 0x62D26028
006FC2EB sub     eax, 0xB67DF840
006FC2F0 xor     ecx, eax
006FC2F2 pop     eax
006FD440 or      ecx, 0x585D31CE
006FD446 sub     ecx, 0x54EB6CD4
006FD44C dec     ecx
```

But symbolic execution (again :p)

Registers after a bloc execution

```
eax init_eax
ebx init_ebx
ecx (@16[init_esp]_to[0:16], init_ecx[16:32]_to[16:32])
edx init_edx
esi init_esi
edi init_edi
esp (init_esp-0x2)
ebp init_ebp
```

stack modification:

```
@16[(init_esp+0x2)]    (@16[(init_esp+0x2)]<<(@8[init_esp]&0x1F))
@32[(init_esp-0x2)]    ((@8[init_esp]&0x1F)?(0x0,((@16[(init_esp+0x2)]>>(0x10-(@8[init_esp]&0x1F)))&0x1))
```

Result:

```
a = pop16
b = pop16
push16(a<<b)
push32(eflag)
```

Another example

```
----- 12 0x6fab03 -----
eax = @32[init_esp]
@32[(init_esp+0x4)]    (@32[(init_esp+0x4)]-@32[init_esp])
@32[init_esp]    (flags(@32[(init_esp+0x4)]-@32[init_esp]))
----- 13 0x6fb100 -----
eax = @32[init_esp]
esp = (init_esp+0x4)
@32[(init_esp+0x4)]    (@32[(init_esp+0x4)]^@32[init_esp])
----- 15 0x6fb3b2 -----
@32[(init_edi+0x1C)]    (@32[(init_edi+0x1C)]&0xFFFFFBFF)
----- 19 0x6fb6b8 -----
ecx = @32[init_esp]
esp = (init_esp+0x4)
@32[(init_esp+0x4)]    (@32[(init_esp+0x4)]<<(@8[init_esp]&0x1F))
----- 21 0x6fb97e -----
eax = @32[init_esp]
@32[init_esp]    @32[@32[init_esp]]
----- 24 0x6fc3d1 -----
eax = (((@16[init_esi]_to[0:16], init_eax[16:32]_to[16:32])+init_ebx)^0x18EE5784)-0x12C0A81E)
ebx = (init_ebx^(((@16[init_esi]_to[0:16], init_eax[16:32]_to[16:32])+init_ebx)^0x18EE5784)-0x12C0A81E))
edx = (init_edx^(((@16[init_esi]_to[0:16], init_eax[16:32]_to[16:32])+init_ebx)^0x18EE5784)-0x12C0A81E))
esi = (init_esi+0x2)
----- 28 0x6fc935 -----
...
esp = (init_esp-0x4)
@32[(init_esp+0x4)]    (@32[(init_esp+0x4)] umul32_hi @32[init_esp])
@32[init_esp]    (@32[(init_esp+0x4)] umul32_lo @32[init_esp])
@32[(init_esp-0x4)]    (0x2_to[0:2], (parity init_edi)_to[2:3], 0x0_to[3:4], (((init_esp+0x4)&0x10)==0x10
```

Instruct the interpreter

- `@32[(init_edi+0x1C)]` is the vm eflag le eflag de la vm
- we replace `@8[(init_edi+0x28)]`, by REG1, REG2, ...
- we replace `esp+X` by registers `arg32_0`, ...

Instruction

```
known_vm_e = {  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x1C)): regflag ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x20)): reg1 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x24)): reg2 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x28)): reg3 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x2C)): reg4 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x30)): reg5 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x34)): reg6 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x38)): reg7 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x3C)): reg8 ,  
    init_edi + ExprInt(uint32(0x40)): reg9 ,  
  
    ExprMem(init_esp-ExprInt(uint32(4))): argm1_32 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp-ExprInt(uint32(2))): argm1_16 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp): arg0_32 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp+ExprInt(uint32(4))): arg1_32 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp, size = 16): arg0_16 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp+ExprInt(uint32(2)), size=16): arg1_16 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp, size = 8): arg0_08 ,  
    ExprMem(init_esp+ExprInt(uint32(4)), size=8): arg1_08 ,  
}
```

Results

```
----- 143 0x70a4f5 -----
esp = (init_esp - 0x4)
arg-1_32 = @32[init_edx]
=> push 32@[edx]
----- 151 0x70b1e1 -----
eax = arg1_32
ecx = (arg1_32_to[0:8], ((0x1 == (arg1_08 >> 0x7)) == 0x1)?(0x0,0xFFFFFFFF)_to[8:32])
esp = (init_esp + 0x4)
arg1_32 = (arg1_32_to[0:8], ((0x1 == (arg1_08 >> 0x7)) == 0x1)?(0x0,0xFFFFFFFF)_to[8:32])
=> pop    dum
    pop    X
    movsx  X, X8
    push   X
----- 154 0x70b8b4 -----
ecx = (arg0_16_to[0:16], init_ecx[16:32]_to[16:32])
esp = (init_esp - 0x2)
arg1_16 = (arg1_16 a>> (arg0_08 & 0x1F))
arg-1_16 = ... flags of op ...
=> push arg1_16 >> arg0_08
    push  eflags
----- 158 0x70bb56 -----
esp = (init_esp - 0x4)
arg-1_32 = @32[reg4]
=> push @32[reg4]
----- 155 0x70ba09 -----
arg0_32 = (! arg0_32)
DST 0x6F88F1
=> not @32[esp]
```

Multi bloc mnemonic

- A mnemonic can have a complex graph
- we can evaluate a bloc, and propagate its state to its sons
- and so on
- No loop for the moment

Result: multiple vm exit

teste si reg7 == 0x0

```
----- state 1 -----  
eax = @32[(init_esp + 0x1C)]  
ebx = @32[(init_esp + 0x10)]  
ecx = @32[(init_esp + 0x18)]  
edx = @32[(init_esp + 0x14)]  
esi = arg1_32  
edi = arg0_32  
the vm does not unstack args  
esp = (init_esp + 0x28)  
ebp = @32[(init_esp + 0x8)]  
@32[reg5] = 0x0  
DST @32[(init_esp + 0x24)]
```

```
----- state 2 -----  
eax = @32[(init_esp + 0x1C)]  
ebx = @32[(init_esp + 0x10)]  
ecx = @32[(init_esp + 0x18)]  
edx = @32[(init_esp + 0x14)]  
esi = arg1_32  
edi = arg0_32  
the vm unstack reg7 arguments  
esp = ((init_esp + @32[reg7]) + 0x28)  
ebp = @32[(init_esp + 0x8)]  
@32[reg7] = 0x0  
@32[reg5] = 0x0  
arg-1_32 = ((init_esp + @32[reg7]) + 0x24)  
DST @32[(init_esp + 0x24)]
```