

Improving eligibility propagation using Izhikevich neurons in a multilayer RSNN.

Presentation 3: Implementing TIMIT

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Where things stand

- ☒ Simulate LIF, ALIF and Izhikevich neuron pairs in e-prop simulation, and observe STDP-like weight change.
- ☒ Make multilayered spiking recurrent neural network.
- ☒ Prepend the TIMIT dataset reader to the pipeline.
- ☐ Include validation sets.
- ☐ Implement Bellec's tricks. Should be able to reproduce thereafter:
 - ☐ L2 & firing rate regularization
 - ☐ Firing rate regularization
 - ☐ Gaussian distribution for broadcast weights
 - ☐ Adam optimizer
- ☐ I will enable the Izhikevich neurons and increase the number of layers (*).
- ☐ Implement long-term synaptic scaling in Izhikevich neurons.
- ☐ Implement metaplasticity.

Work done since previous meeting

- TIMIT preprocessing and data handling.
- Wrote the outer loops processing the epochs and batches.
The whole system is now essentially a nested loop:
 - (1) Epochs of batches;
 - (2) Batches of series;
 - (3) Series of time points;
 - (4) Layers to process each time point.

TIMIT preprocessing

X: From `.wav` to $\mathbf{x}(t) \in \mathbb{R}^{39}$.

Y: From `.phn` to $\mathbf{y}(t) \in \mathbb{R}^{61}$.

- (1) The `.wav` is sampled at $SR = 16\text{kHz}$. Every 10ms (160 samples), we take a sample frame of 25ms (400 samples). The goal is to obtain 39 Mel-frequency cepstral coefficients (MFCCs) for each such frame.
- (2) Calculate the periodogram estimate of the power spectrum for each frame.
- (3) Apply a Mel-scaled filterbank to the power spectra and sum the energy in each filter.
- (4) Take the discrete cosine transform (DCT) of the logarithm of the energies.
- (5) Only keep DCT coefficients 2–13.
- (6) Compute the first and second derivatives of the coefficients.
- (7) Parse the phonemes from the raw `.phn` and encode them in a one-hot vector that aligns with $\mathbf{x}(t)$.

Questions

- Looking ahead: should I start thinking about formal notation?