Microelectronics Circuit Analysis and Design Homework(5th)

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3.27 The transistor in the circuit in Figure P3.27 has parameters $V_{TN} = 0.8 \text{V}$ and $K_n = 0.25$ mA/V². Sketch the load line and plot the *Q*-point for (a) $V_{DD} = 4V$, $R_D = 1k\Omega$ and (b) $V_{DD} = 5V$, $R_D = 3k\Omega$. What is the operating bias region for each condition?

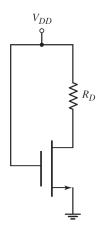


Figure 1: Problem 3.27

Solution:

(a) Assume the transistor works in the saturation region:

$$V_{GS} = V_{DD} = 4V \Rightarrow i_d = K_n(V_{GS} - V_{TN})^2 = 2.56$$
mA.

$$\therefore V_{DS} = V_{DD} - i_d R_D = 1.44 \text{V} < V_{GS} - V_{TN} \Rightarrow \text{the transistor works in the nonsaturation region}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} i_d = K_n \left[2(V_{GS} - V_{TN})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2 \right] \\ V_{DS} = V_{DD} - i_d R_D \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} i_d = 2.12 \text{mA} \\ V_{DS} = 1.88 \text{V} \end{cases}$$

(b) Assume the transistor works in the saturation region:

$$V_{GS} = V_{DD} = 4V \Rightarrow i_d = K_n(V_{GS} - V_{TN})^2 = 4.41 \text{mA}.$$

$$\therefore V_{DS} = V_{DD} - i_d R_D = -8.23 \text{V} < V_{GS} - V_{TN} \Rightarrow \text{ the transistor works in the nonsaturation region:}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} i_d = K_n \left[2(V_{GS} - V_{TN})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2 \right] \\ V_{DS} = V_{DD} - i_d R_D \end{cases} \Rightarrow \therefore \begin{cases} i_d = 1.42 \text{mA} \\ V_{DS} = 0.741 \text{V} \end{cases}$$
3.35 For the transistor in the circuit in Figure P3.35, the parameters are $V_{TN} = 0.4 \text{ V}, k_n' = 0.4 \text{ V}$

 120μ A/V², and W/L=25. Determine V_{GS} , I_D , and V_{DS} . Sketch the load line and plot the Q-point.

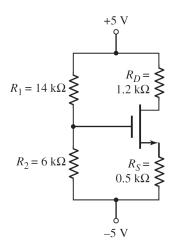


Figure 2: Problem 3.35

Actually,
$$K_n = \frac{k'_n}{2} \cdot \frac{W}{L} = 1.5 \text{mA/V}^2$$

Assume the transistor works in the saturation region:

$$V_G = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} (V_{DD} - V_{SS}) + VSS = -2V, V_S = I_D R_S + V_{SS} = (0.5I_D - 5)V$$

$$\therefore I_D = K_n (V_G - V_S - V_{TN})^2 \Rightarrow I_D = 2.58 \text{mA or } 10.49 \text{mA} (\text{Ignore})$$

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$$I_D = K_n(V_G - V_S - V_{TN})^2 \Rightarrow I_D = 2.58 \text{mA} \text{ or } 10.49 \text{mA} \text{ (Ignore)}$$

$$V_{CS} = V_G - V_S = 1.71 \text{V}, V_{DS} = V_{DD} - I_D R_D - V_S = 5.61 \text{V}.$$