

图

邻接矩阵：模板实现

06-B2

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# Vertex

```
❖ typedef enum { UNDISCOVERED, DISCOVERED, VISITED } VStatus;

❖ template <typename Tv> struct Vertex { //不再严格封装

    Tv data; int inDegree, outDegree;

    VStatus status; // ( 如上三种 ) 状态

    int dTime, fTime; //时间标签

    int parent; //在遍历树中的父节点

    int priority; //在遍历树中的优先级 ( 最短通路、极短跨边等 )

    Vertex( Tv const & d ) : //构造新顶点

        data( d ), inDegree( 0 ), outDegree( 0 ), status( UNDISCOVERED ),

        dTime( -1 ), fTime( -1 ), parent( -1 ), priority( INT_MAX ) {}

};
```

# Edge

## ❖ typedef

```
enum { UNDETERMINED, TREE, CROSS, FORWARD, BACKWARD }  
  
EType;
```

## ❖ template <typename Te> struct Edge { //不再严格封装

```
Te data; //数据
```

```
int weight; //权重
```

```
EType type; //在遍历树中所属的类型
```

```
Edge( Te const & d, int w ) : //构造新边
```

```
    data(d), weight(w), type(UNDETERMINED) {}
```

```
};
```

# GraphMatrix

```
❖ template <typename Tv, typename Te> class GraphMatrix : public Graph<Tv, Te> {  
    private:  
        Vector< Vertex<Tv> > V; //顶点集  
        Vector< Vector< Edge<Te>* > > E; //边集  
    public: // 操作接口 : 顶点相关、边相关、...  
        GraphMatrix() { n = e = 0; } //构造  
        ~GraphMatrix() { //析构  
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)  
                for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)  
                    delete E[j][k]; //清除所有动态申请的边记录  
        }  
};
```

