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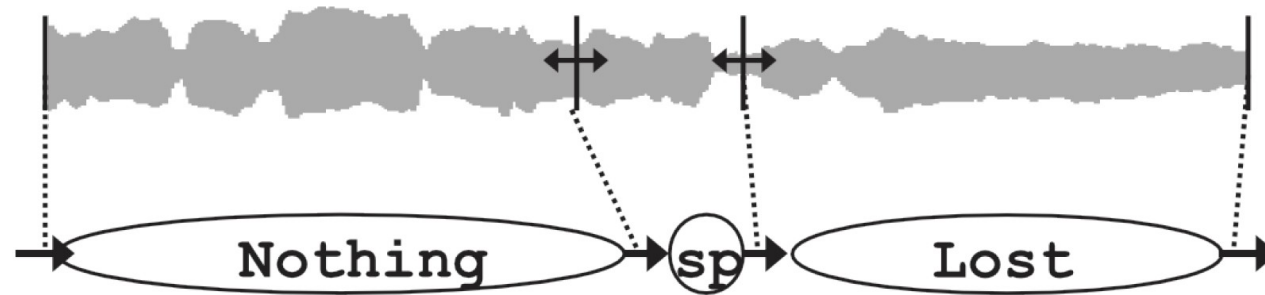
# Automatic Alignment of Long Syllables in A Cappella Beijing Opera

Georgi Dzhambazov, Yile Yang, Rafael Caro, Xavier Serra  
CompMusic Project – Universitat Pompeu Fabra  
[georgi.dzhambazov@upf.edu](mailto:georgi.dzhambazov@upf.edu)

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# Introduction

- What is lyrics-to-audio alignment? automatic matching between an audio recording and its lyrics: phrases/words/syllables



State-of-the-art approaches:  
overview in (Fujihara, 2012)

methodology	training	evaluation dataset
phoneme recognizer	speech	English pop, Japanese pop, Cantonese pop

- Most work is on pop music with speech-adopted approach

# What is Beijing opera (a.k.a. Jingju)

- Unique singing style
- Language: Mandarin + dialects
- Different metrical patterns (*banshi*):  
*manban* (slow)  
*kuaiban* (fast)
- Different role types

dan



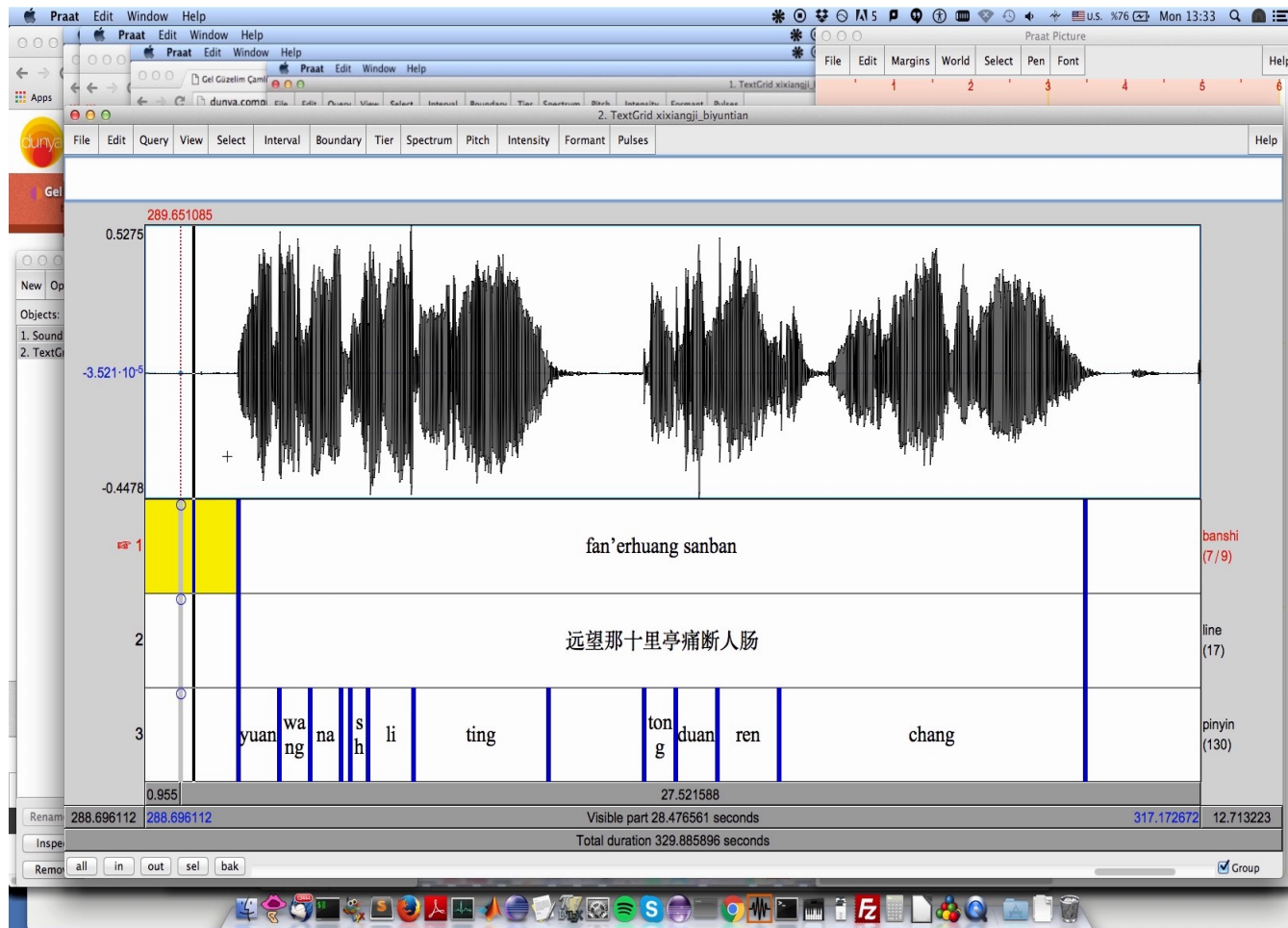
laosheng



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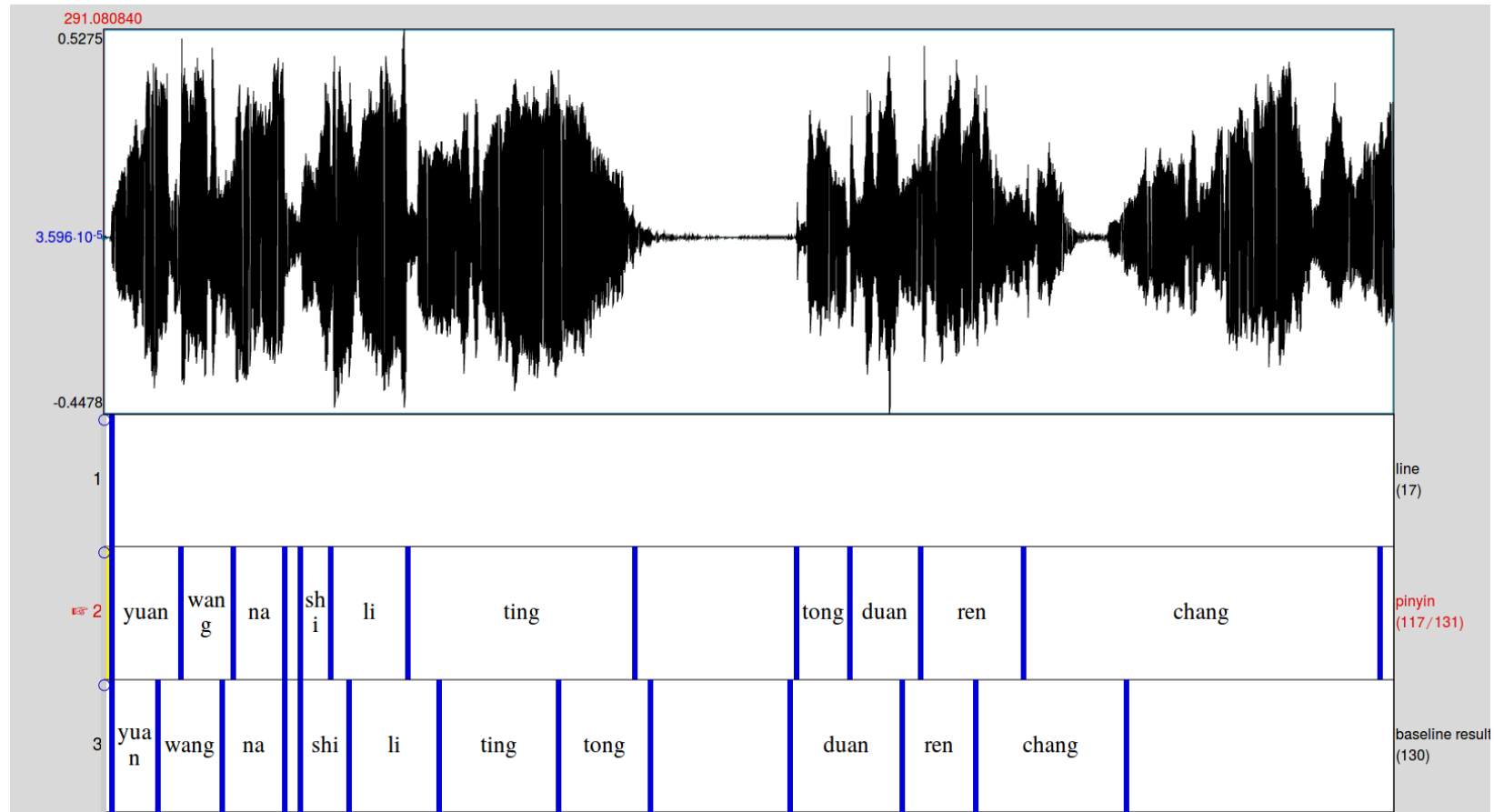
# Example excerpt from an aria



Average duration: 3.1 sec

Max duration: 8 sec

# Example excerpt from an aria: performance of baseline with phonetic recognizer



- Premature transition to next syllable for long syllables

# Motivation

## Why alignment?

To facilitate navigation

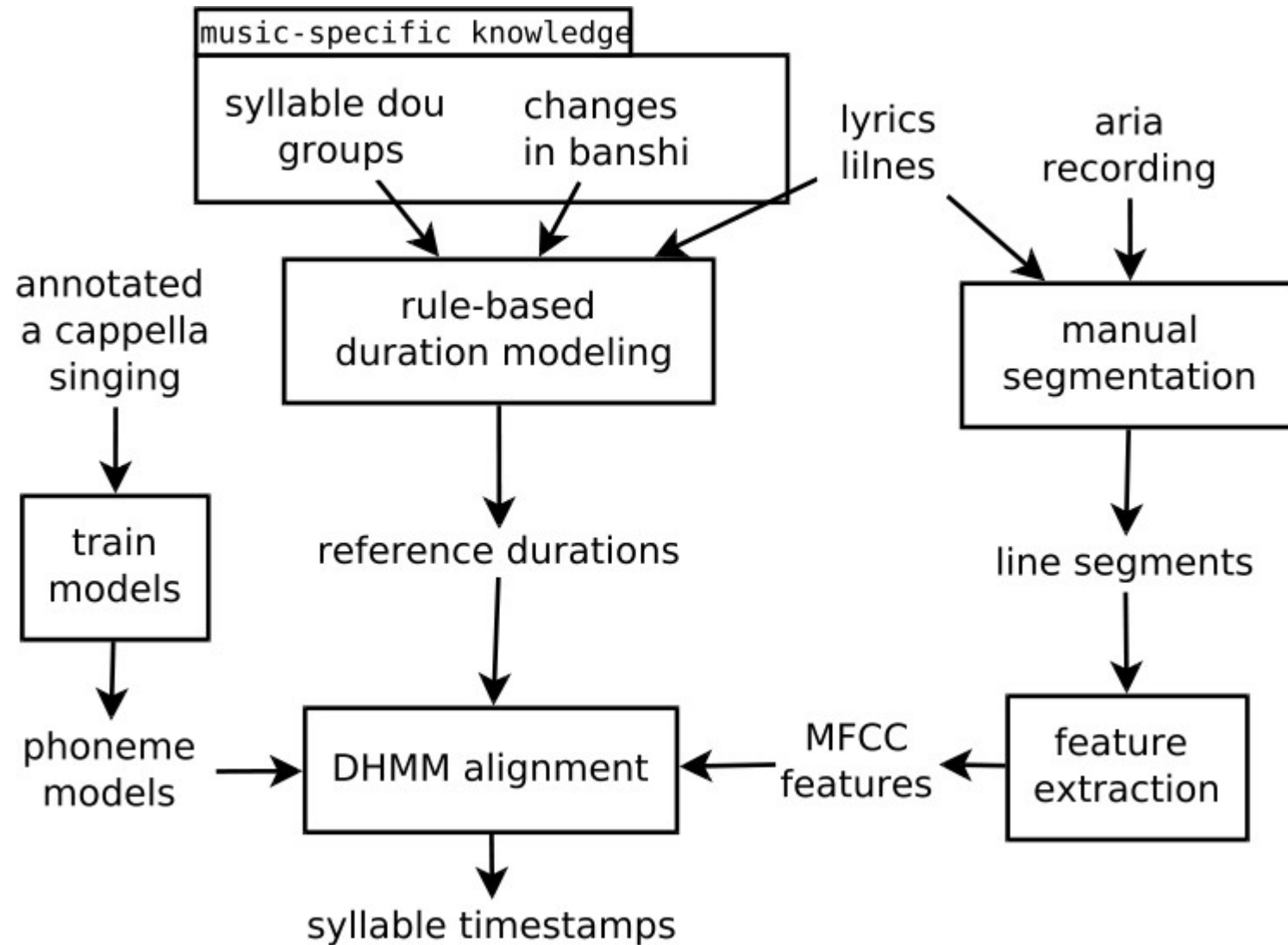
- For musicological studies
- For singing students and teachers

## Why design a new alignment method?

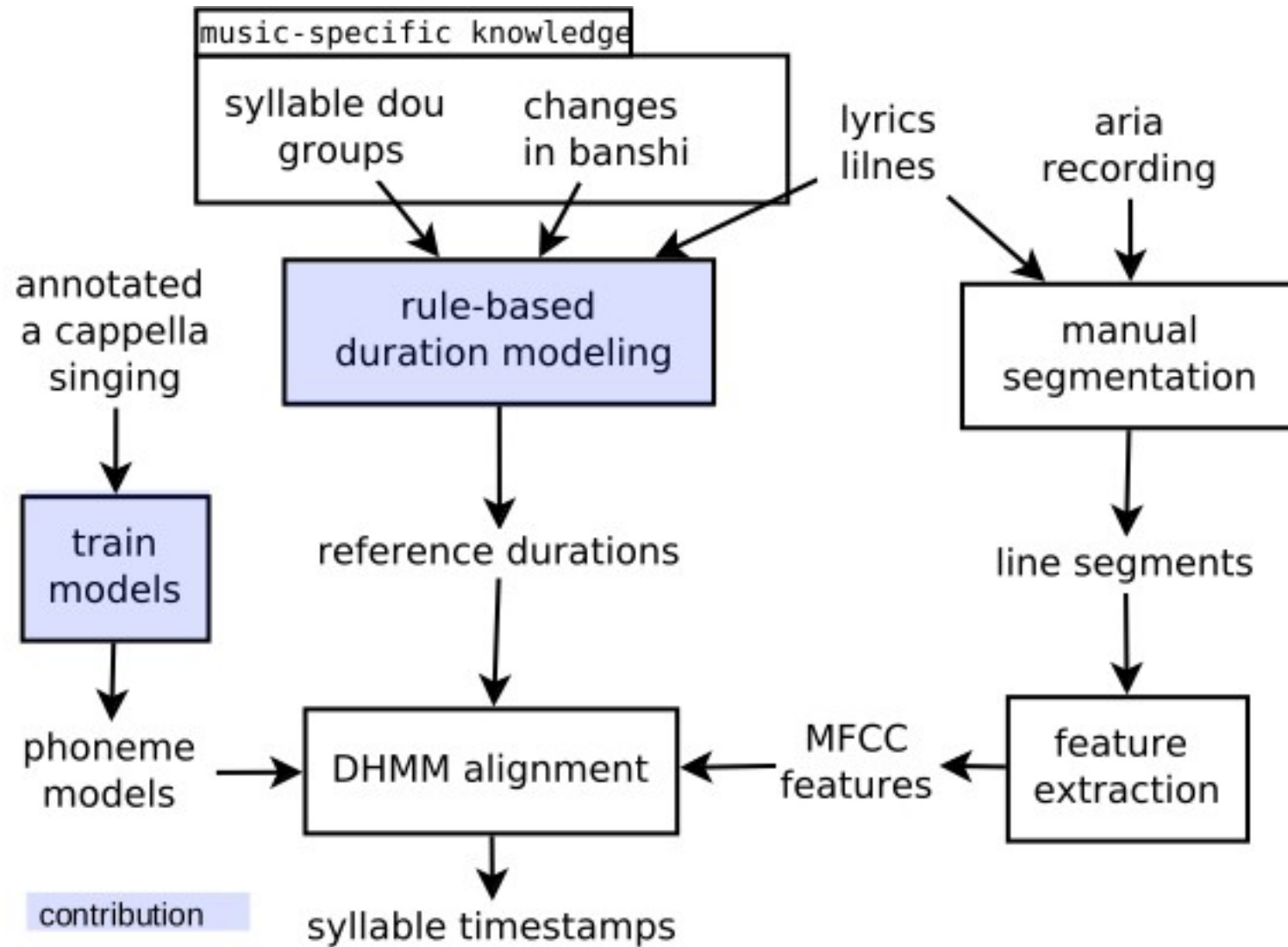
Application of state-of-the-art phonetic recognizer:

- Not satisfactory results
- Unaware of music-specific knowledge

# Approach Overview

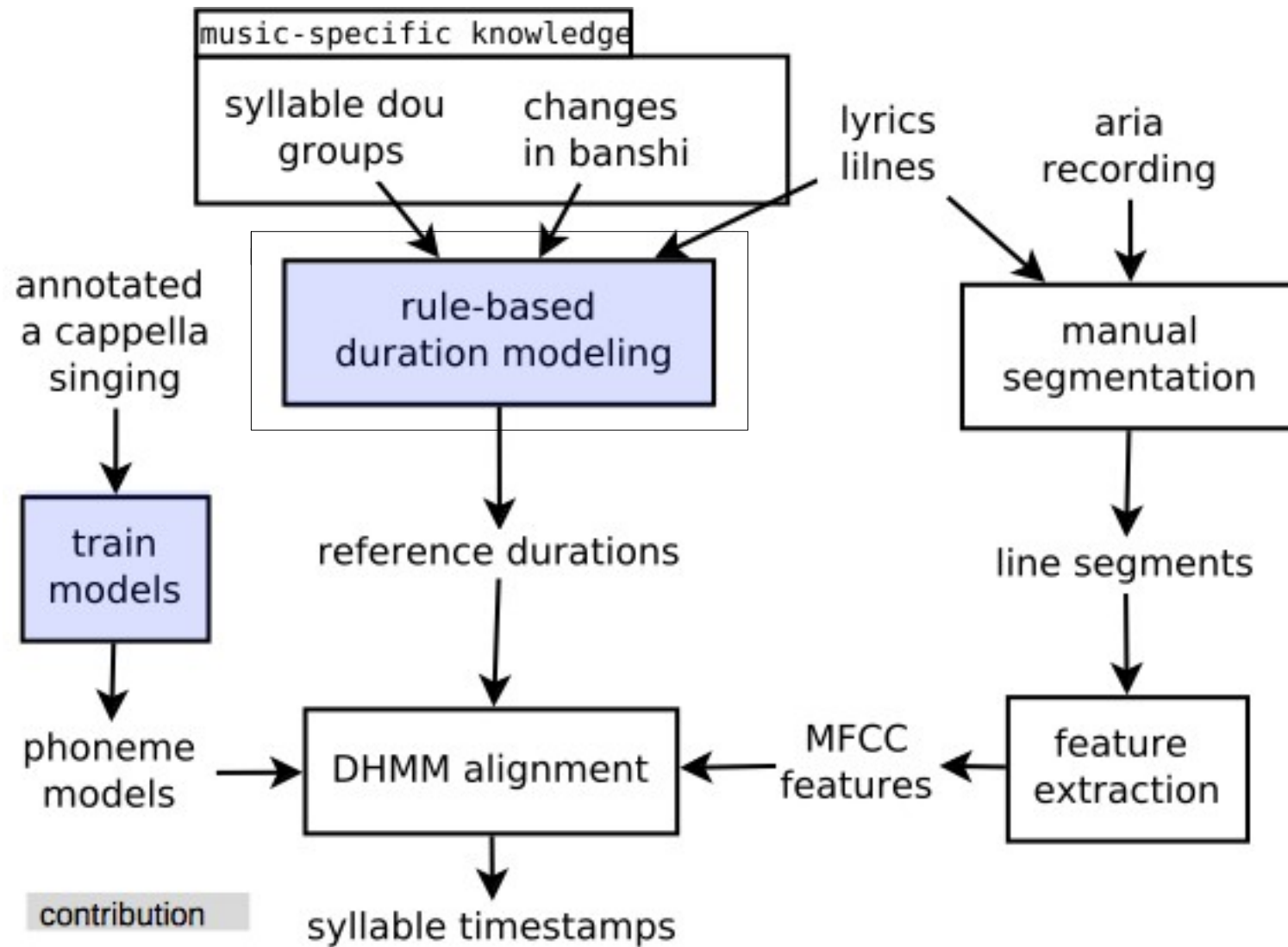


# Approach Overview

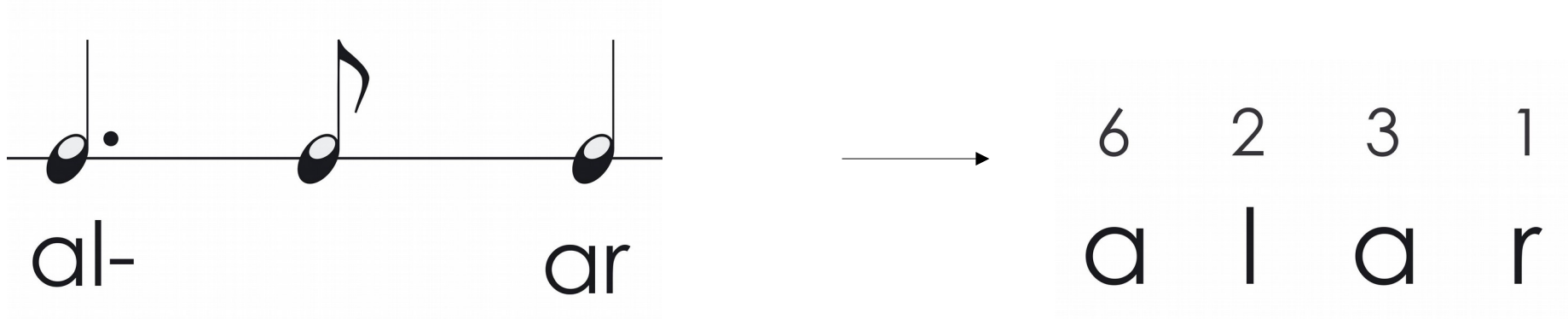




# Approach Overview



## Syllable reference durations: model from score?



- (Dzhambazov et al. 2015)
- Restriction: need of musical score

# Syllable reference durations: model from training data?



6	2	3	1
a	l	a	r

- (Kruspe et al. 2015)
- Restriction: loses context (position of a syllable in a line)

# Jingju-specific principles

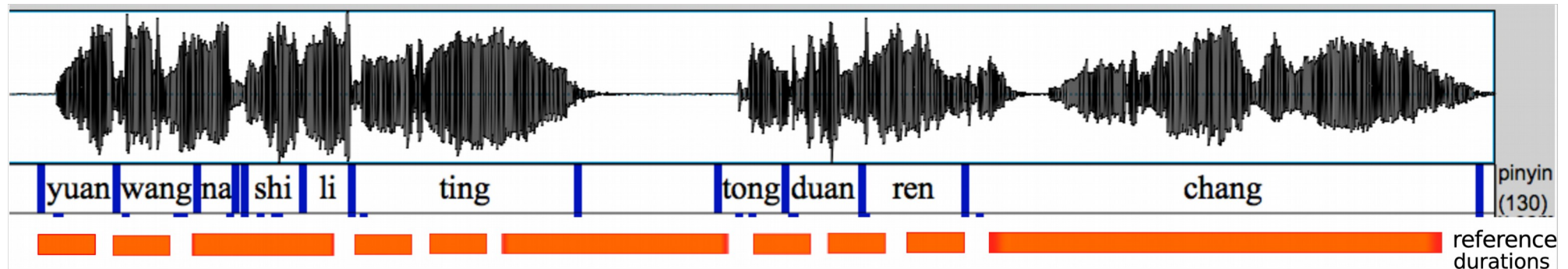
- Lyrics from poetry: divided into lines
- Each line has 2 or 3 *dou* groups
- Each *dou* ends with a *key syllable*

玉堂春含悲泪忙往前进，  
想起了当年事好不伤情！  
每日里在院中缠头似锦，  
到如今只落得罪衣罪裙。

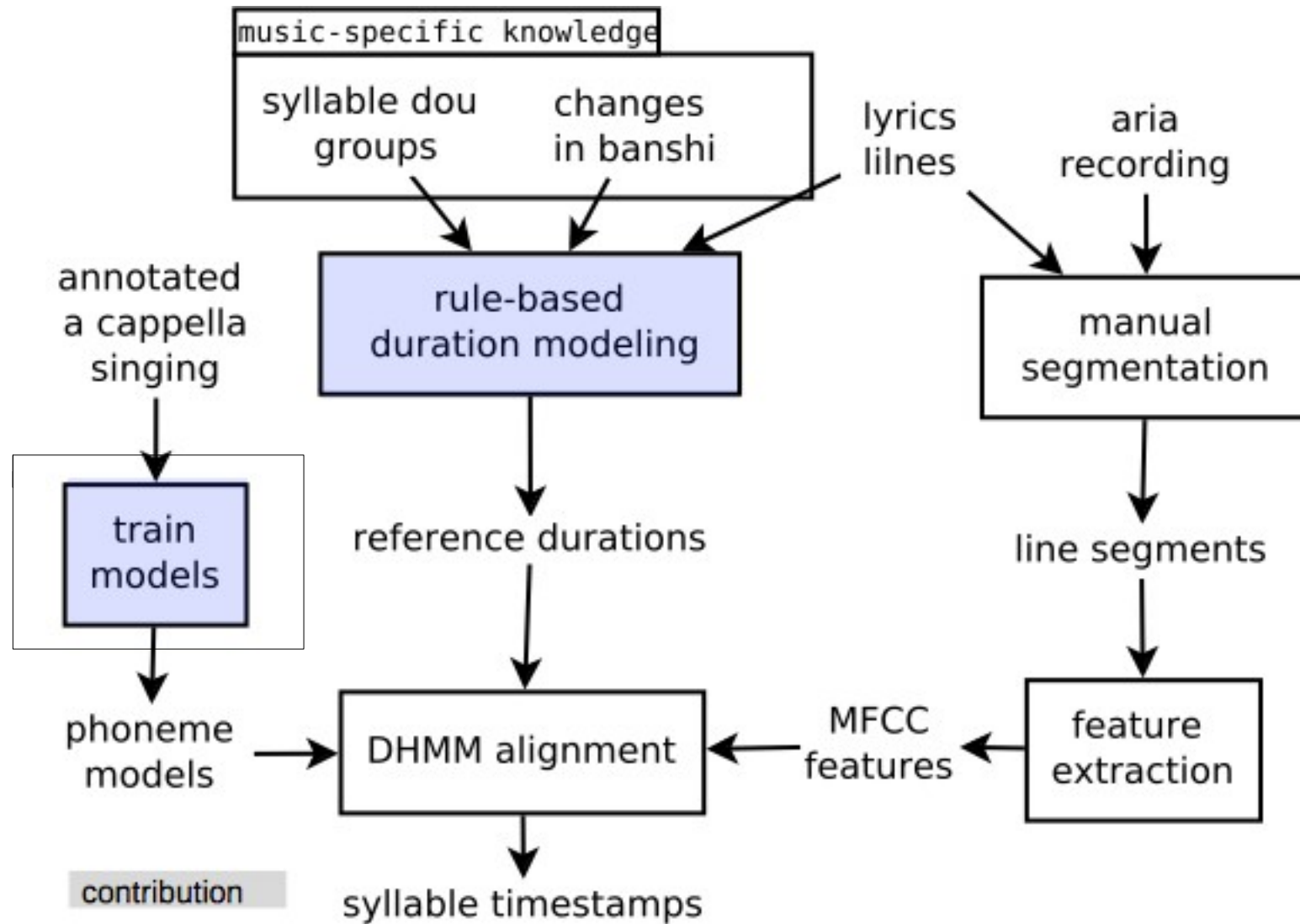


# Derivation of phoneme reference durations

- Assign ratios from total line durations to *key syllables*
- Split syllable durations into phoneme reference durations  $R_i$

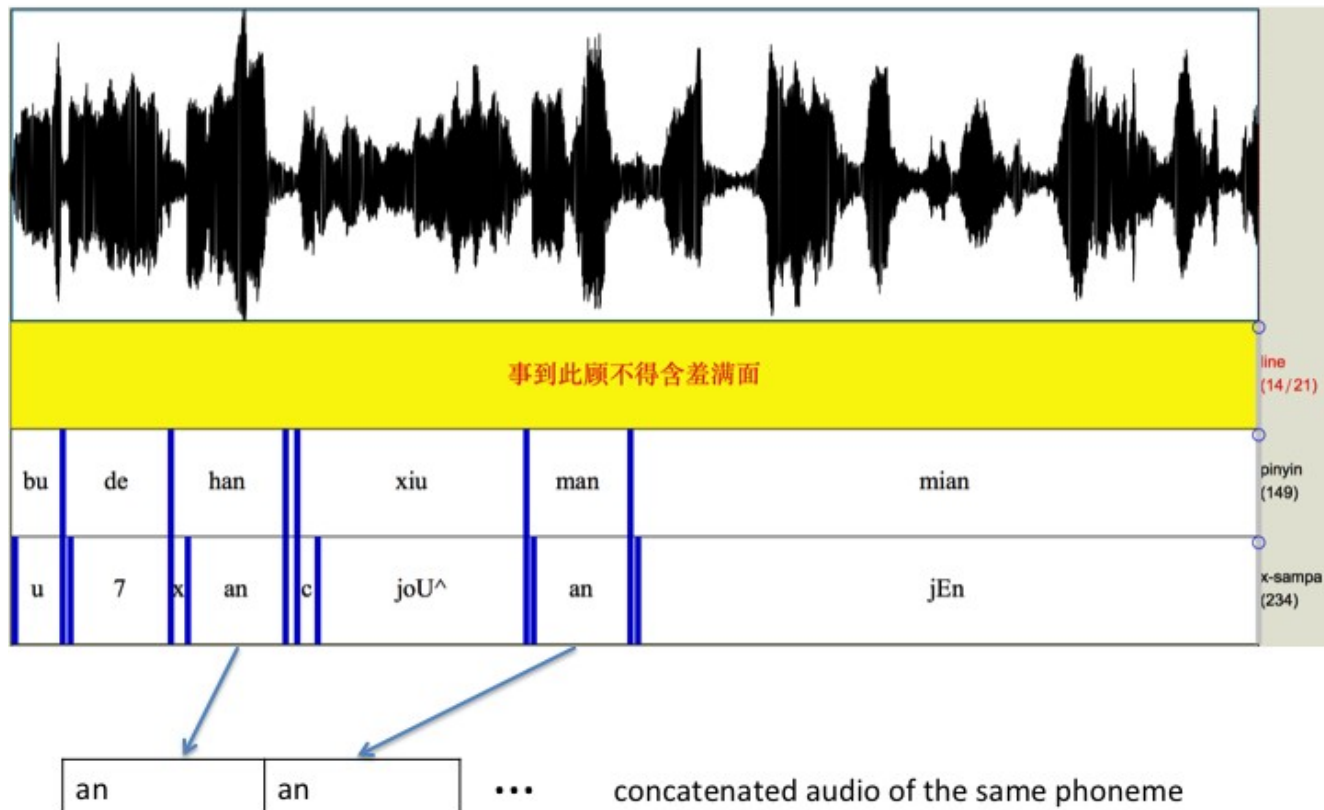


# Approach Overview

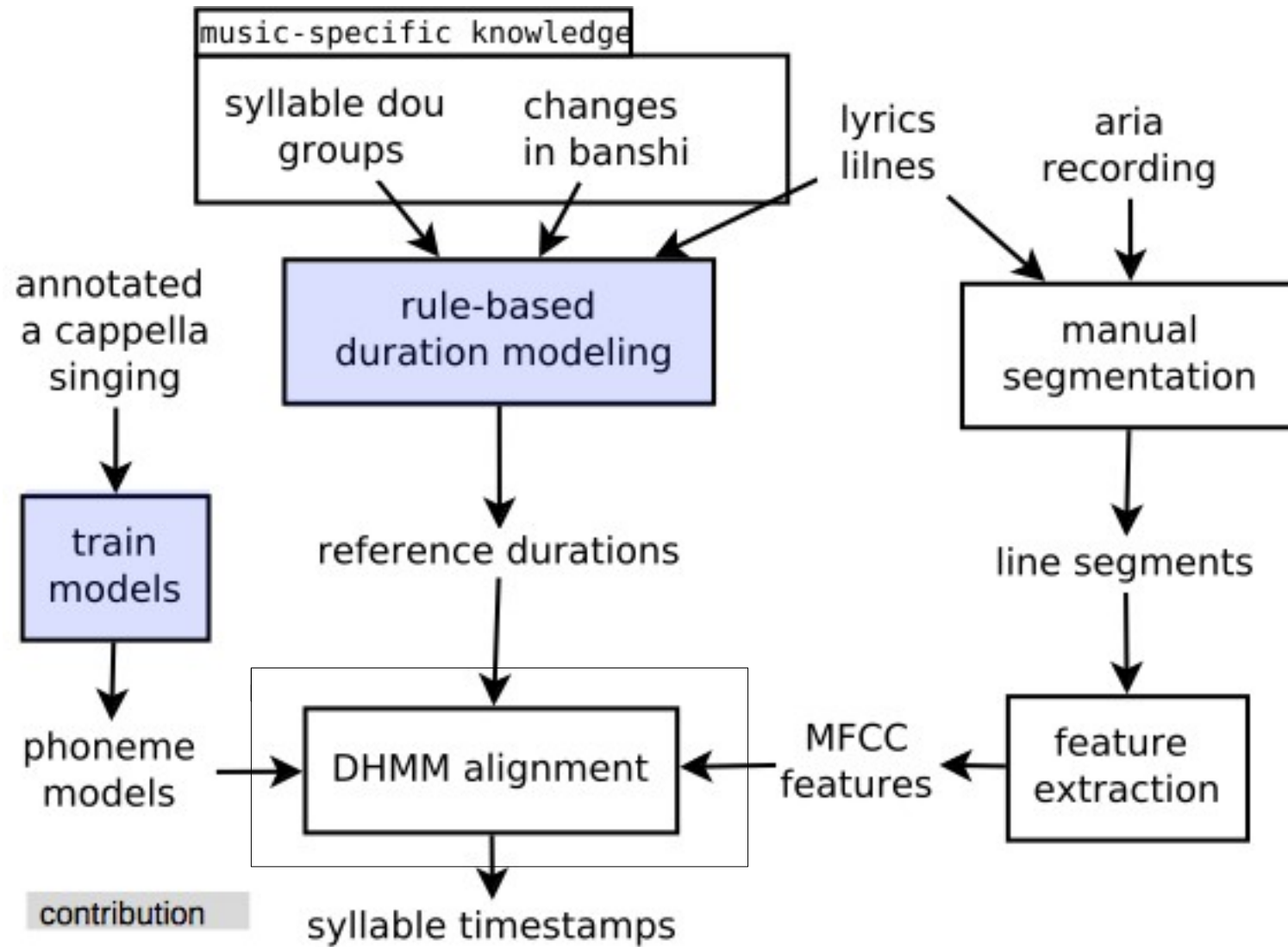


# Phoneme models

- Train on singing voice with concatenated excerpts
- 29 phonemes + silence: GMM with MFCCs



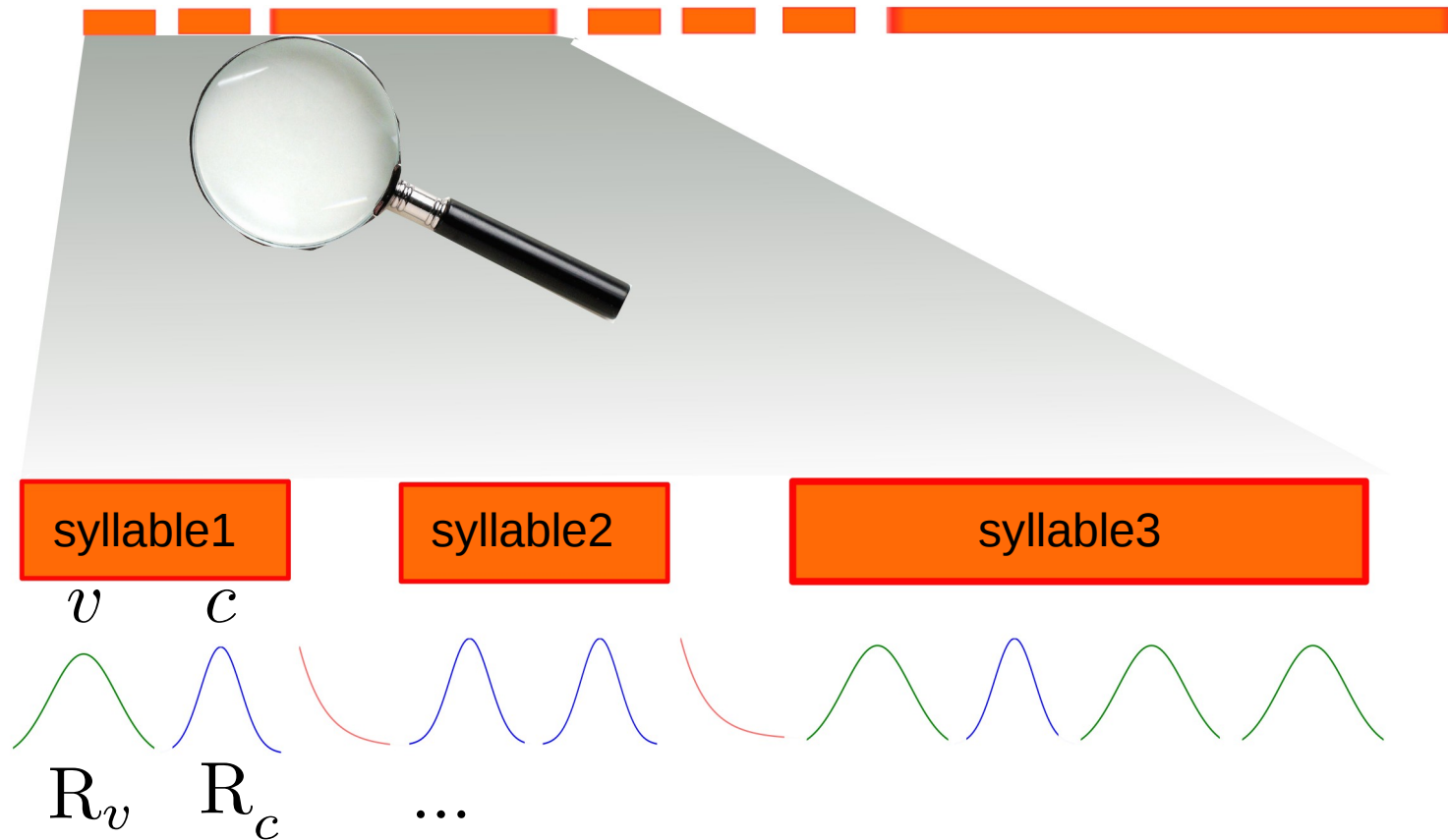
# Approach Overview





# Duration-explicit hidden Markov model (DHMM)

- Assign normal distributions centered at phoneme reference durations  $R_i$
- Assign exponential distributions at inter-word silences



# Duration-explicit hidden Markov model

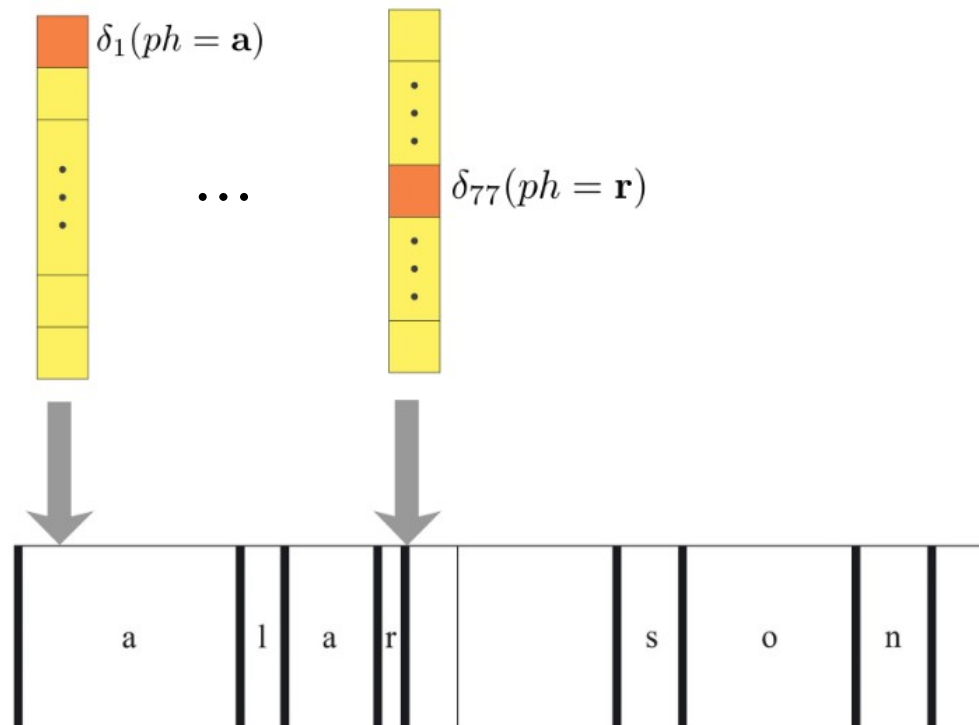
- Consider the sequence of phonemes as a HMM
- Forced Viterbi alignment
  - Maximize duration at each phoneme according to assigned distributions

$$\delta_t(i) = \max_d \{ \delta_{t-d}(i-1) P_i(d) [B_t(i, d)] \}$$

# Duration-explicit hidden Markov model

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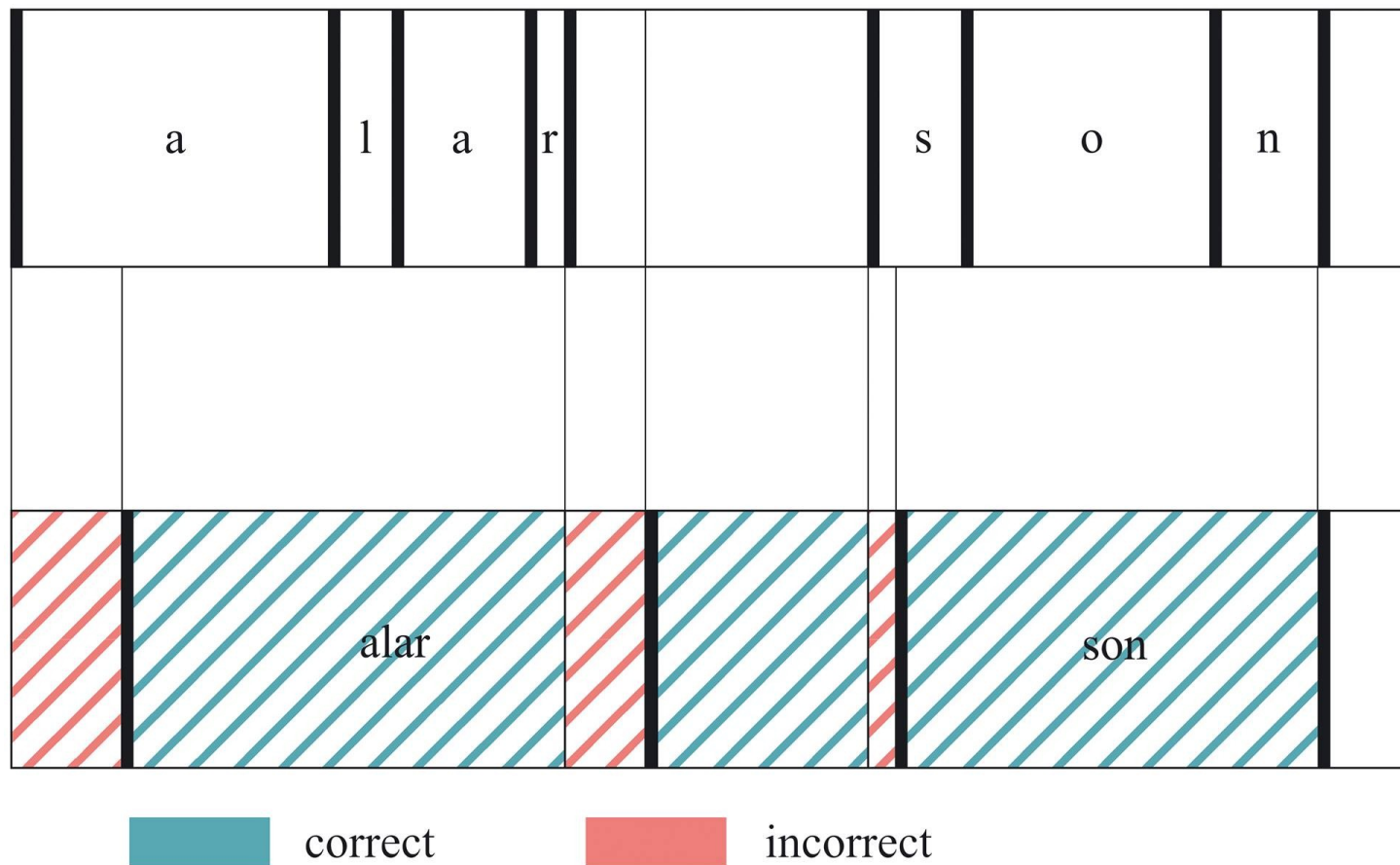
# Dataset

- Especially compiled for this study, 2 singers
- 'canonical' dataset: at least two prolonged *key syllables*

	dataset	'canonical' dataset
<b>duration (minutes)</b>	67	27
<b>#lines per aria</b>	9.2	9.9
<b>#syllables per line</b>	10.7	10.3
<b>line duration (seconds)</b>	18.3	23.4
<b>syllable duration (seconds)</b>	2.4	3.1



# Evaluation metric



Alignment accuracy = duration of correct regions / total audio duration  
Suggested in (Fujihara, 2011)

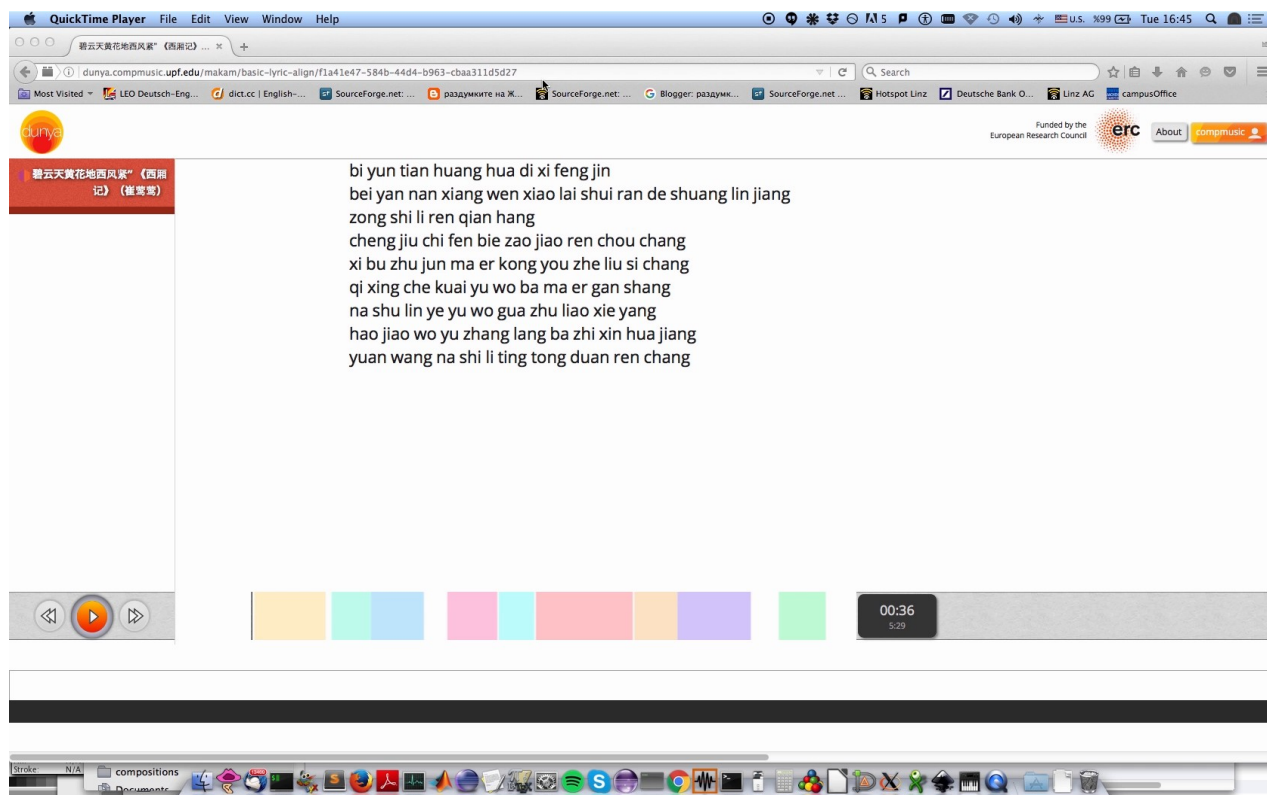
# Results

- 3-fold cross validation done
- baseline: same HMM with no duration modeling
- oracle: same DHMM with annotations as if they were acoustic probabilities

	baseline	DHMM	oracle
<b>overall</b>	56.6	89.9	98.5
<b>'canonical'</b>	57.2	96.3	99.5

# Demo

Efficient python implementation available under CC license:  
<https://github.com/georgid/AlignmentDuration/tree/noteOnsets/jingju>



# Future work

- Extend to work with original polyphonic mix
- Integrate automatic segmentation of lyrics lines



# References

(Fujihara, 2012): Lyrics-to-audio alignment and its application. *Multimodal Music Processing*

(Dzhambazov et al. 2015): Modeling of phoneme durations for alignment between polyphonic audio and Lyrics. In *Sound and Music Computing Conference, Maynooth, Ireland*.

(Kruspe et al. 2015): Keyword spotting in a-capella singing. In *Proceedings of the 15th International Society for Music Information Retrieval Conference*

(Fujihara, 2011): Lyric-synchronizer: Automatic synchronization system between musical audio signals and lyrics. *IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Signal Processing*