MapReduce 程序实现步骤:

Mapper 部分:

Mapper 的作用是将输入的文本分割成单词,并为每个单词输出一个键值对(单词, 1)。

```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.stringTokenizer;

import org.apache.hadoop.io.Intwritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.apache.Mapper;

public class WordCountMapper extends MappersiongWritable, Text, Text, IntWritable> {

    private final static IntWritable one = new IntWritable(1);
    private Text word = new Text();

    public void map(tongWritable key, Text value, Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
        String line = value.toString();
        StringTokenizer tokenizer = new StringTokenizer(line);
        while (tokenizer tokenizer = new StringTokenizer(line);
        while (tokenizer tokenizer.nextToken());
        context.write(word, one);
}
```

## Reducer 部分:

Reducer 接收到 Mapper 输出的键值对 (单词, [1, 1, 1, ...]),将相同单词的计数求和,输出结果为 (单词,总计数)。

```
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Reducer;

public class WordCountReducer extends Reducer<Text, IntWritable, Text, IntWritable> {

    private IntWritable result = new IntWritable();

    public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values, Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
        int sum = 0;
        for (IntWritable val : values) {
            sum += val.get();
        }
        result.set(sum);
        context.write(key, result);
    }
}
```

## 主程序(Driver)部分:

主程序负责设置并运行 MapReduce 作业。

```
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Job;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
public class WordCount {
 public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
 Configuration conf = new Configuration();
 Job job = Job.getInstance(conf, "word count");
 job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
    job.setMapperClass(WordCountMapper.class);
     job.setCombinerClass(WordCountReducer.class);
      job.setReducerClass(WordCountReducer.class);
  job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
    job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
     FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
      FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
 System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1);
```

## 如何运行程序:

- 1. 准备输入文件:将包含文本的文件放置在 Hadoop 文件系统中的适当位置。
- 2. 编译程序: 将以上代码编译为 JAR 文件。
- 3. 运行作业: 使用 hadoop jar 命令提交作业。

bash

hadoop jar WordCount.jar WordCount input\_path output\_path

其中,WordCount. jar 是你编译的 JAR 文件,input\_path 是输入文件或文件夹的路径,output\_path 是输出结果的路径。

4. 查看结果: 作业完成后,可以查看输出路径中的结果文件,以查看每个单词的词频总和。