

Design & Simulate 1 Ex1.2

ECE2204 CRN:82929

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Problem 1.2.a.1:

Design

Consider silicon at $T = 350K$ doped with boron at an unknown concentration. The electron concentration is $n_o = 7.3 \times 10^5 cm^{-3}$. Silicon's bandgap energy is $E_g = 1.1eV$ and Silicon's semiconductor constant is $B = 5.23 \times 10^{15} cm^{-3} K^{\frac{-3}{2}}$. Determine the acceptor concentration N_a .

$$n_i = BT^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{-E_g}{2kT}\right)} \quad (1)$$

$$n_i = (5.23 \times 10^{15})(350)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{-1.1}{2(86 \times 10^{-6})(350)}\right)} = 3.97 \times 10^{11} cm^{-3} \quad (2)$$

$$p_o = \frac{n_i^2}{n_o} = \frac{(3.97 \times 10^{11} cm^{-3})^2}{7.3 \times 10^5 cm^{-3}} = 2.159 \times 10^{17} cm^{-3} \quad (3)$$

As $p_o \gg n_i$, the acceptor concentration $N_a \approx p_o = 2.159 \times 10^{17} cm^{-3}$.

Validation

Mathematica Implementation (accurate with < 1% deviation from design result)

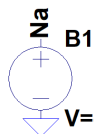
```
In[160]:= no = 7.3 * 10 ^ 5 cm ^ {-3};
T = 350K;
Eg = 1.1eV;
B = 5.23 * 10 ^ {15} cm ^ {-3} K ^ {-3 / 2};
k = 86 * 10 ^ {-6} eV / K;
ni = B * T ^ {3 / 2} * e ^ {(-Eg) / (2 * k * T)};
po = (ni) ^ 2 / no;
Na = po|
```

```
Out[167]= { {  $\frac{2.16101 \times 10^{17}}{\text{cm}^3}$  } }
```

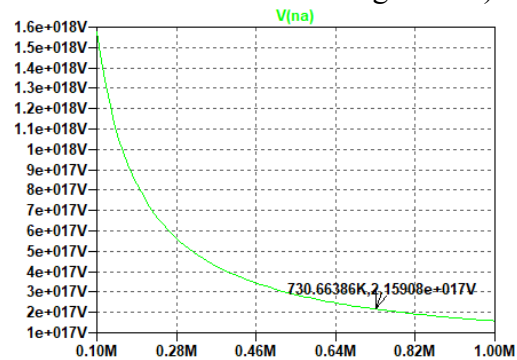
LTSpice Implementation (accurate with < 1% deviation from design result)

```
.param T=350
.param Eg=1.1
.param B=5.23*(10**15)
.param k=86*(10**-6)
.step PARAM no 100k 1000k 10k
```

```
.op
```



```
V={ (B*T**{3/2}*exp{(-Eg)/(2*k*T)})**2/no }
```



Problem 1.2.b.1:

Design

Find the concentration of electrons and holes in a sample of germanium that has a concentration of donor atoms equal to $N_d = 0.4 \times 10^{15} \text{cm}^{-3}$. Is the semiconductor n-type or p-type? Germanium's bandgap is $E_g = 0.66 \text{eV}$ and its semiconductor constant is $B = 1.66 \times 10^{15} \text{cm}^{-3} \text{K}^{-\frac{3}{2}}$. The temperature is $T = 300 \text{K}$

$$n_i = (1.66 \times 10^{15})(300)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{\left(\frac{-0.66}{2(86 \times 10^{-6})(300)}\right)} = 2.40 \times 10^{13} \text{cm}^{-3} \quad (4)$$

As $N_d \gg n_i$, the electron concentration is $n_o \approx N_d = 0.4 \times 10^{15} \text{cm}^{-3}$.

$$p_o = \frac{(2.40 \times 10^{13} \text{cm}^{-3})^2}{0.4 \times 10^{15} \text{cm}^{-3}} = 1.44 \times 10^{12} \text{cm}^{-3} \quad (5)$$

The hole concentration $p_o = 1.44 \times 10^{12} \text{cm}^{-3}$. As the semiconductor has donor atoms, it is n-type.

Validation

Mathematica Implementation (accurate with < 1% deviation from design result)

```

Nd = 0.4 * 10 ^ 15 cm ^ {-3};
T = 300K;
Eg = 0.66eV;
B = 1.66 * 10 ^ {15} cm ^ {-3} K ^ {-3/2};
k = 86 * 10 ^ {-6} eV / K;
ni = B * T ^ {3/2} * e ^ { (-Eg) / (2 * k * T) };
po = (ni) ^ 2 / Nd

```


$$p_0 = \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1.44431 \times 10^{12}}{\text{cm}^3} \right\} \right\}$$

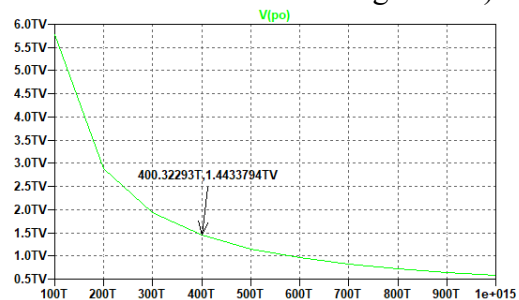
LTSpice Implementation (accurate with < 1% deviation from design result)

```

.param T=300
.param Eg=0.66
.param B=1.66*(10**15)
.param k=86*(10**-6)
.step PARAM Nd 100T 1000T 100T
.op

```

 B1
 $V = \{(B * T^{3/2} * \exp\{(-Eg)/(2 * k * T)\})^{**2} / Nd\}$



I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this assignment.

