

EE264 Edge Detection Technique Part I, HL, 2009.1.15

- 1) Given a digital image $f(x, y)$, design 4 edge detectors to pick up vertical edge components.

Sol

First, use forward difference technique,

	y	
	$f(x, y)$	
$x \downarrow$	0	100 100
	0	100 100
	0	100 100

$$\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \approx f(x, y+1) - f(x, y) \dots (1)$$

	y
$x \downarrow$	-1 +1

Second, use backward difference

$$\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \approx f(x, y) - f(x, y-1) \dots (2)$$

	y
$x \downarrow$	-1 +1

Now, based on the central difference technique.

$$\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \Big|_{\text{Forward}} + \frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \Big|_{\text{Back}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [f(x, y+1) - f(x, y) + f(x, y) - f(x, y-1)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [f(x, y+1) - f(x, y-1)] \dots (3)$$

	y
$x \downarrow$	-1 0 +1

Finally, Expand the edge detector

in eqn(3) to 3×3 kernel, we have,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \Big|_{x=x} + \frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \Big|_{x=x+1} + \frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial y} \Big|_{x=x-1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [f(x, y+1) - f(x, y-1) + f(x+1, y+1) - f(x+1, y-1) + f(x-1, y+1) - f(x-1, y-1)] \dots (4) \end{aligned}$$

So,

	y	
$x \downarrow$	-1	+1
$\frac{1}{K}$	-1	+1
	-1	+1

Note: $K=2$ Based on (4), however as a common practice K is set to be the sum of the absolute values of each element in the 3×3 kernel.

- 2) For the same digital image, derive 4 edge detectors to pick up horizontal edge components.

Sol

First, $\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial x} \approx f(x+1, y) - f(x, y) \dots (5)$

Second, $\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial x} \approx f(x, y) - f(x-1, y) \dots (6)$

And,

$$\frac{\partial f(x, y)}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} [f(x+1, y) - f(x-1, y)] \dots (7)$$

Finally, we can use same technique to expand it to 3×3 kernel.
(END)