Patient Information System in Python

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the

Requirements for the award of the degree

BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Submitted by

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This is to certify that the content of the project carried by A Muhil Raghavandhar (REG NO:212001840), Neelesh SaiNath G S (REG NO:212001848), in the partial fulfillment of the requirement of award of Bachelor of Computer Applications of the University of Madras during the year November 2022 – April 2023

Signature of the Facilitator

Dr. A. Udhayakumar

BONAFIDE



This is to certify that the project report in Patient Information

System in Python is carried by A Muhil Raghavandhar (REG NO: 212001840), Neelesh SaiNath G S (REG NO:212001848), in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of Bachelor of Computer Applications of the University of Madras during November 2022 – April 2023.

Signature of the Guide

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Examiner

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INTRODUCTION

AnPatient Infromation System in Pythonisasoftwareapplicationthatallowsto store patient information for hospitalsorelinicstoperform medical checkups forvariouspatients they can interact with doctorsovertheinternet. The system provides a secure and convenient way to manage the data of the patients without they need not tovisit Hospitals or Clinic.

The Patient Information System typically includes features such as Emergencies, General checkups, or Medical checkups, etc., . It also offers all facilities over the internet and it offers health insurance.

To use an Patient Information System, patients need to register for an account with theirPatient I'd, Firstname, Lastname, Date of Birth, Contact Number, E-Mail I'd, Blood Group, Address, etc.,.

PROJECTOVERVIEW

The Patient Information System is a web-based application that enables users to managetheirdatabase. This system is builtusing Python. The system includes features such as patient information creation, patient history, update patient information, search patient information, display patient information, and exit patient information to protect userdata.

Thepurpose of this project is to develop auser-friendly for patients who cannot able to travel for hospitals and clinics can visit various doctors from online. With the rise of internet and mobile spatients can contact doctors through online.

Theuserinterfaceofthe system is designedusing Pythonandis designed to beuser-friendlyfor patients.

The system includes various security measures to protect user data such as information about the patients. The system also includes backup and disasterre covery plans to protect the data.

In this project documentation, we will outline the system requirements, architecture, insert patient information, update patient information, delete patient information, search patient information, display patient information, and supportforthe Patient Information System.

WHATISPYTHON?

Python is an interpreted, object-criented, high-level programming language with dynamic semantics. Its high-level built in data structures, combined with dynamic typing and dynamic binding, make it very attractive for Rapid Application Development, as well as for use as a scripting or glue language to connect existing components together. Python's simple, easy to learn syntax emphasizes readability and therefore reduces the cost of program maintenance. Python supports modules and packages, which encourages program modularity and code reuse. The Python interpreter and the extensive standard library are available in source or binary form without charge for all major platforms, and can be freely distributed.

WHATISPYTHONPROGRAMINGLANGUAGE?

Python is a computer programming language often used to build websites and software, automate tasks, and conduct data analysis. Python is a general-purpose language, meaning it can be used to create a variety of different programs and isn't specialized for any specific programs.

WHAT IS PYCHARM?

Pychamn is an integrated development environment used for programming in Python. It provides code analysis, a graphical debugger, an integrated unit tester, integration with version control systems, and supports web development with Django. Pychamn is developed by the Czech company JetBrains.

WHAT IS JETBRAINS?

JetBrains s.r.o. is a Czech software development private limited company which makes tools for software developers and project managers. The company has it's headquarters in Prague, and has offices in China, Europe and the United States.

WHAT IS SQLITE?

SQLite is an in-process library that implements a self-contained, serveriess, zero-configuration, transactional SQL database engine. It is a popular choice as an embedded database for local/client storage in application software such as web browsers. It is also used in many other applications that need a lightweight, embedded data.

2. ABOUT THE PROJECT

The Patient Information System is a web-based application that enables users to insert the patient information throughouline. The system is builtusing Python Jet Brains.

The primary objective of this project is to develop a secure and user-friendly patients details that allows users to perform various details from the comfort of their offices. The system is designed to provide a convenient and reliable platform for users to access their patients information, manage their details.

The user interface of the system is designed using Python and is intended to be user-friendly and asytonavigate. The database for the system is builtusing SQL ite, a lightweight and reliable database man age ment system that is well-suited for small to medium-

sizedapplications. The database includes tables for storing user information, patient information, and type of patient suffering information.

The system includes various security measures such as password encryption, anddata encryption to protect user data. The system also includes backup and disaster recovery plans toprotectagainst dataloss and systemfailures.

Thisprojectaimstoprovideafully functional and reliable patient information system that meets the needs of users and ensures the security and privacy of their data. The project is expected to be completed within the patient information and what the patient is suffering from, and doctor name for treatment

SYSTEM CONFIGRATION

The purpose of system requirement specification is to produce the specification analysis of the taskandalsotoestablishcompleteinformationabouttherequirement, behavior and other constraints such as functional performance and so on.

The goal of system requirement specification is to completely specify the technical requirements fortheproduct in aconcise and unambiguous manner.

HARDWAREREQUIREMENTS

3.

Processor	Intel(R)Care(TM)[5-7300U
Speed	2,70GHz
RAM	8GB
Hard Disk	20GB

SOFTWAREREQUIREMENTS

Operating System	Windows 10 Pre
Ide	Pycharm JetBrains
Front -End	Python
Back-End	SQLite

SYSTEM DESIGN

USER INTERFACE DESIGN:

4.

The user interface of the Patient Information System is designed using Python. The system consists of several options, including Insert patient information, Update potient information, Search patient information, Display patient information, and Delete patient information. The screens are designed to be intuitive and easy touse with clear navigation paths and user-friendly controls.

DATABASE DESIGN:

The Patient Information System uses SQLite as its database management system. The darabase scheme consists of several tables, including insert, update, display, search, and delete patient information. The tables are related using primary keys and foreign keys.

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE:

The Patient Information System is built using a electr-server architecture. The client-sideof the system is developed using Python(Pytham.), while the server-side uses a cumbination of Python and SQLite.

MODULES IN SYSTEM

5.

There are six modules in this system:

- 1. Insert
- 2. Update
- 3. Search
- 4. Delete
- 5. Display
- 6 Exit
 - Insert: in this module if the patient can create a new data by entering the followinginformation Patient Id, Name, Address, Phone Number, Date Of Birth, Gender, Email address, Blood type and History of the patient & name of the Doctor and then click insertbutton the data will be created.
 - * Update: in this madule enter your patient ld (which you need to update) and click the search button it automatically displays the particular data. In this you can edit the information you can and then select the update button to savethe data.
 - Search & Delete: in this module enter your ld and click on search button it will show yourdate or if you need to delete the particular patient data enter the particular patient Idand click delete button and it will be deleted.
 - Display: in this module it displays all the data which u have inserted.
 - Exit: in this module it exits from the program output page.

6. SOURCE CODE

MODULES USED:

Limporting a Database:

class Database:

def init (self):

self.dbConnection = sqlite3.connect("patientdb.db")

self.dbCursor = self.dbConnection.cursor()

self.dbCursor.execute(

"CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS patient_table (id PRIMARYKEY text, firstname text, lastname text, dateOfBirth text, monthOfBirth text, yearOfBirth text, gender text, address text, contactNumber text, emailAddress text, bloodType text, history text, doctor text)")

def del (self):

self.dbCursor.elose()

self.dbConnection.close()

def lasert(self, id, firstname, lastname, dateOfBirth, monthOfBirth, yearOfBirth, gender, address, contactNumber, emailAddress, bloodType, history, doctor):

id, firstname, lastname, dateOfBirth, monthOfBirth, yearOfBirth, gender, address, contactNumber, emailAddress, bloodType, history, doctor))

self.dbConnection.commit()

def Update(self, firstname, lastname, dateOfBirth, monthOfBirth, yearOfBirth, gender, address, contactNumber, emailAddress, bloodType, history, doctor, id):

self.dbCursor.execute(

```
"UPDATE patient_table SET firstname = ?, lastname = ?, dateOfBirth = ?,
monthOfBirth = ?, yearOfBirth = ?, gender = ?, address = ?, contactNumber = ?,
emailAddress = 7, bloodType = 2, history = 7, doctor = ? WHERE id = ?",
(firstname, lastname, dateOfBirth, monthOfBirth, yearOfBirth, gender, address,
contactNumber, emailAddress, bloodType, history, doctor, id))
self.dbConnection.commit()
def Search(self, id):
self.dbCursor.execute("SELECT * FROM patient_table WHERE id = ?", (id,))
searchResults = self.dbCursor.fetchall()
return searchResults
def Delete(self, id):
self.dbCursor.exccute("DELETE FROM patient_table WHERE id = ?", (id,))
self.dbConnection.commit()
def Display(self):
self.dbCursor.execute("SELECT * FROM patient_table")
records = self.dbCursor.fetchall()
return record
2.Importing Validation
class Values:
def Validate(self, id. firstname, lastname, contactNumber, emailAdress, history,
doctor):
if not (id.isdigit() and (len(id) -- 3)):
return "id"
elif not (firstname.isalpha()):
```

```
return "firstname"
clifnot (lastname.isalpha()):
return "lastname"
elif not (contactNumber isdigit() and (len(contactNumber) == 11)).
return "contactNumber"
elif not (emailAdress.count("@") == 1 and emailAdress.count(".") > 0):
return "emailAddress"
clif not (history.isalpha()):
return "history"
elif not (doctor.isalpha()):
return "doctor"
else:
return "SUCCESS"
3.Creating a Home Page
class HomePage:
def init (self):
self.homePageWindow = tkinter.Tk()
self.homePageWindow.wm_title("Patient Information Details")
bg color = "blue"
fg_color = "white"
Ibl color - 'GREEN'
```

tkinter.Label(self.homePageWindow, relief=tkinter.GROOVE, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Home Page", font=("times new roman", 20, "bold"), width=30).grid(pady=20, column=1, row=1)

tkinter.Button(seif.homePageWindow, width=20, relief=tkinter.GROOVE, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Insert", font=("times new roman",15,"bold"), command=self.Insert).grid(pady=15, column=1, row=2)

tkinter.Button(self.homePageWindow, width=20, relief=rkinter.GROOVE, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Update", font=("times new roman",15,"bold"), command=self.Update).grid(pady=15, column=1, row=3)

tkinter.Button(self.homePageWindow, width=20, relief=tkinter.GROOVE, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Search", font=("times new roman",15,"bold"), command=self.Search).grid(pady=15, column=1, row=4)

tkinter.Button(self.homePageWindow, width=20, relief=tkinter.GROOVE, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Defete", font=("times new roman", i.5. "bold"), command=self.Defete),grid(pady=15, column=1, row=5)

tkinter.Button(self.homePageWindow, width 20, relief-tkinter.GROOVE, fg=fg_color, bg-bg_color, text="Display", font=("times new roman", 15, "bold"), command=self.Display).grid(pady=15, column=1,

row=6)

tkinter.Button(self.homePageWindow, width=20, relief_tkinter.GROOVE, fg_fg_color, bg_bg_color, text="Exit", font-("times new roman",15,"bold"), command=self.homePageWindow.destroy).grid(pady=15,

column 1.

row=7)

self.homePageWindow.mainloop()

```
def Insert(self);
self insertWindow = InsertWindow()
def Update(self):
self.updateHDWindow = tkinter.Tk()
self.updateIDWindow.wm_title("Update data")
# Initializing all the variables
self.id = (kinter.StringVar()
# Label
tkinter.Label(self.updateIDWindow, text="Enter the ID to update",
width=50).grid(pady=20, row=1)
# Lintry widgets
self.idEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.updatcIDWindow, width=5, textvariable=self.id)
self.idEntry.grid(pady=10, row=2)
#Button widgets
tkinter.Button(self.updateIDWindow, width=20, text="Update",
command=self.updateID).grid(pady=10, row=3)
```

```
self.updateIDWindow.mainloop()
def updateID(self):
self.updateWindow = UpdateWindow(self.idEntry.get())
self.updateIDWindow.destroy()
def Search(self):
self-searchWindow = SearchDeleteWindow("Search")
def Delete(self):
self_deleteWindow = SearchDeleteWindow("Delete")
def Display(self):
self.database = Database()
self.data = self.database.Display()
self.displayWindow = DatabaseView(self.data)
homePage = HomePage()
```

```
a Inserting a Data Frame:
class InsertWindow:
def init (self):
self window = tkinter. Tk()
self_window.wm_title("Insert Patient Data ")
bg color = "Blue"
fg_color = "white"
self.id = tkinter.StringVar().
self.firstname = tkinter.StringVar()
self lastname = tkinter.StringVar()
self.address = tkinter.StringVar()
self-contactNumber = tkinter.StringVar()
self.emailAddress = tkinter.String.Var()
self.history = tkinter.StringVar()
self.doctor = tkinter.StringVar()
self.genderType = ["Male", "Female", "Tronsgender", "Other"]
 self.dateType = list(range(1, 32))
 self.monthType - ["January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June",
 "July", "August", "September",
 "October", "November", "December"]
```

```
self.yearType = list(range(1900, 2020))
self.bloodListType = ["A+", "A-", "B+", "B-", "O+", "O+", "AB+", "AB-"]
```

Labels

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Patient Id", font=("times new roman",10,"bold"), width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=1)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Patient First Name", font=("times new roman",10,"bold"), width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=2)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg fg_color, bg bg_color, font=("times new roman", 10, "bold"), text="Patient Last Name", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=3)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman".10,"bold"), text="Date of Birth", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=4)

tkinter.Label(sell.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10, "bold"),text="Month of Birth", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=5)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="Year of Birth", width=25) grid(pady=5, column=1, row=6)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, hg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="Patient Gender", width 25),grid(pady=5, column=1, row 7)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg-fg_color, bg-bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="Patient Address", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=8)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="Patient Contact Number", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=9)

tkinter Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="Patient Email Address", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=10)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman".10,"bold").text="Patient Blood Type", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=11)

(kinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="History of Patient", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=12)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",10,"bold"),text="Name of Doctor", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=13)

self.idEntry = tkinter Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.id)

self.firstnameEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width 25, textvariable self.firstname)

self-lastnameEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.lastname)

self.addressEntry - tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.address)

self.contactNumberEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.contactNumber)

self.emailAddressEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.emailAddress)

```
self.historyEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable_self.history)
self.doctorEntry = tkinter Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.doctor)
self.idEntry grid(pady=5, column=3, row=1)
self.firstnamcEntry.grid(pady=5, coiumn=3, row=2)
self.lastnamcEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=3)
self.addressEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=8)
self.contactNumberEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=9)
self.emailAddressEntry.grid(pady 5, column=3, row=10)
self.historyEntry.grid(pady-5, column=3, row=12)
self.doctorEnuy.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=13)
# Combobox widgets
self.dateO(BirthBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window, values =self.dateType,
width 25)
self.monthOfBirthBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window.
values=self.monthType, width=25)
self.yearOfBirthBox tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window, values-self.yearType,
width=25%
self.genderBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window, values=self.genderType,
width=25)
self.bloodListBox - tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window,
values_self,bloodListType, width=25)
```

```
self.dateOfBirthBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=4)
self.monthOfBirthBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=5)
self.yearOfBirthBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=6)
self.genderBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=7)
self.bloodListBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=11)
# Button widgets
tkinter.Button(self.window, width=10, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times
new roman",10,"bold"), text="Insert", command=self.Insert).grid(pady=15,
padx=5, column=1,
row=14)
tkinter.Button(self.window, width=10, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times
new roman", 10, "bold"), text="Reset", command=self.Reset).grid(pady=15,
padx=5, column=2, row=14)
tkinter Button(self.window, width=10, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times
new roman", 10, "bold"), text="Close".
command=self.window.destroy).grid(pady=15, padx=5, column=3,
row=14)
self.window.mainloop()
5.Updating Patient Information:
class UpdateWindow:
def __init (self, id):
self.window = tkinter.Tk()
self.window.wm title("Update data")
```

```
be color "Rlue"
tg color - "white"
a Initializing all the variables
self.id = id
self.firstname = tkinter.StringVar()
self.lastname = tkinter.StringVar()
self.address = tkinter.StringVar()
self.contactNumber = tkinter.StringVar()
self.emailAddress = tkinter.StringVar()
self history = tkinter.String Var()
self.doctor = tkinter.StringVar()
self.genderType = ["Male", "Female", "Transgender", "Other"]
self.dateType = list(range(1, 32))
self.monthType = ["January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June",
"July", "August", "September",
"October", "November", "December"]
self.yearType = list(range(1900, 2020))
self.bloodListType = ["A+", "A-", "B+", "B-", "O+", "O-", "AB+", "AB-"]
# Labels
```

tkinter Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Patient Id", font=("times new roman", 10, "bold"),

width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=1)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, text="Patient First Name", font=("times new roman", 10, "bold"), width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=2)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman", 10, "bold").

text="Patient Last Name", width=25).grid(pady-5, column=1, row=3)

tkinter.I abel(self.window, fg-fg_color, bg-bg_color, font=("times new roman", 10, "bold"), text-"Date of Birth",

width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=4)

tkinter.Label(self.window, Ig=fg_color, bg_bg_color, font=("times new roman", 10, "bold").

(exi="Month of Birth", width 25).grid(pady=5, column 1, row=5)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg-fg_color, bg=bg_color, font-("times new roman", 10, "bold"), text-"Year of Birth",

width 25).grid(pady=5, column 1, row=6)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font-("times new roman", 10, "bold").

text="Patient Gender", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=7)

tkinter Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman", 10, "bold"),

text="Patient Address", width 25).grid(pady=5, column 1, row=8)

tkinter.Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman", 10, "bold"),

```
sext="Patient Contact Number", width=25) grid(pady=5, column=1, row=9)
kinter Label(self.window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",
10. "bold").
patient Email Address", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=10)
kinter, Label (self, window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",
10. "bold"),
text="Patient Blood Type", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=11)
ginter Label(self, window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times new roman",
10. "bold").
text="History of Patient", width=25).grid(pady=5, column=1, row=12)
tkinter,Label(self,window, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font ("times new roman",
10, "bold"),
text-"Name of Doctor", width=25).grid(pady=5, column-1, row=13)
# Set previous values
self.database = Database()
self-searchResults - self-database.Search(id)
tkimer.Label(self.window, text-self.searchResults[0][1], width=25).grid(pady-5,
column=2, row=2.)
tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][2], width=25).grid(pady=5,
column=2, row=3)
tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][3], width=25).grid(pady=5,
column=2, row=4)
```

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][4], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=5)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][5], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=6)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][6], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=7)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][7], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=8)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text-self.searchResults[0][8], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row 9)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][9], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=10)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.scarchResults[0][10], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row-11)

tkinter.Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][11], width=25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=12)

tkinter Label(self.window, text=self.searchResults[0][12], width 25).grid(pady=5, column=2, row=13)

self.idEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.id)

self.firstnameEntry = tkinter.Fntry(self.wiudow, width -25, textvariable -self.firstname)

self lastnameEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.lastname)

self.addressEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.address)

```
self.contactNumberEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25,
textvariable=self.contactNumber)
self.emailAddressEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25,
textvariable=self.emailAddress)
self.historyEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable=self.history)
self-doctorEntry = tkinter.Entry(self.window, width=25, textvariable self.doctor)
self.idEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=1)
self.firstnameEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=2)
self-lastnameEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=3)
self-addressEntry.grid(pady=5, column: 3, row=8)
self.contactNumberEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=9)
self-emailAddressLintry_grid(pady=5, column=3, row=1())
self.historyEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=12)
self.doctorEntry.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=13).
# Combobox
scif dateOiBirthBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window, values=self.dateType,
width=20)
self.monthOfBirthBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window,
values=self.monthType, width=20)
self.yearOtBirthBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window, values=self.yearType,
width=20)
self.genderBox = tkinter.ttk.Combobox(self.window, values=self.genderType,
width=20)
```

```
white the composition of the com
galiciasolf.bloodListType, width=20)
gelf čijite OfBirthBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=4)
geligionsionBirthBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=5)
self year OtBirthBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=6)
self.genderBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=7)
 gaithloodListBox.grid(pady=5, column=3, row=11)
 Button(self-window, width=10, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times
new roman", 10, "bold"),
 | lex ="Insert", command=self.Insert).grid(pady=15, padx=5, column=1,
 78F (4)
 Emic Button (self window, width=10, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times
 new roman", 10, "bold"),
 let: "Reset", command=self.Reset).grid(pady=15, padx=5, column=2, row=14)
 thinter.Buttom(scif.window, width=10, fg=fg_color, bg=bg_color, font=("times
 new roman", 10, "bold"),
text="Close", command=self.window.destroy).grid(pady=15, padx=5, column=3,
100x=141
self:window.mainloop()
```

6.7

```
7.Importing Search and Delete Window
class SearchDeleteWindow;
  def init (self, task):
    window = tkinter.Tk()
    window.wm_title(task + " data")
    # Initializing all the variables
    self.id - tkinter.StringVar()
     self.firstname = tkinter.StringVar()
     self.lastname = tkinter.StringVar()
     self heading = "Please enter Patient ID to " + task
     # Labels
     tkinter.Label(window, text-self.heading, width=50) grid(pady=20, row-1)
     tkinter.Label(window, text="Patient ID", width-10).grid(pady=5, row-2)
     # Entry widgets
     self.idEntry = tkinter.Entry(window, width=5, textvariable=self.id)
     self.idEntry.grid(pady 5, row=3)
     # Button widgets
     if (task = "Search"):
       tkinter.Button(window, width=20, text=task,
command_self.Search).grid(pady=15, padx=5, column=1, row=14)
     elif (task = "Delete"):
       tkinter.Button(window, width=20, text=task,
command=self.Delete).grid(pady=15, padx=5, column=1, row=14)
   def Search(self):
     self.database = Database()
     self.data = self.database.Scurch(self.idEntry.get())
     self.databaseView = DatabaseView(self.data)
```

```
def Delete(self):
      self.database = Database()
      self.database.Delete(self.idEntry.get())
  g.Displaying a Database Table:
  class DatabaseView:
  def_init_(self, data):
  self.databaseViewWindow = tkinter.Tk()
  celf.databaseViewWindow.wm_title("Database View")
 # Label widgets
 ikinter.Label(self.databaseViewWindow, text="Database View Window",
 width=25) grid(pady=5, column=1, row=1)
 self.databaseView = tkinter.ttk.Treeview(self.databaseViewWindow)
 self.databaseView.grid(pady=5, column=1, row=2)
 self.databaseView["show"] = "headings"
 self.databaseView["columns"] = (
 "id", "firstname", "lastname", "dateOfBirth", "monthOfBirth", "yearOfBirth",
"gender", "address", "contactNumber", "emailAddress", "bloodType", "history",
"doctor")
# Treeview column headings
self.databaseView.heading("id", text="Patient ID")
self.databaseView.heading("firstname", text="First Name")
```

```
self.databaseView.heading("lastname", text="Last Name")
self.databaseView.heading("dateOfBirth", text="Date of Birth")
self.databaseView.heading("monthOfBirth", text="Month of Birth")
self databaseView heading("yearOfBirth", text="Year of Birth")
self.databaseView.heading("gender", text="Gender")
self.databaseView.heading("address", text="Home Address")
self.databaseView.heading("contactNumber", text="Contact Number")
self.databaseView.hcading("emailAddress", text-"Email Address")
self.databaseView.heading("bloodType", text "Blood Type")
self.databaseView.heading("history", text="flistory")
self.databaseView.heading("doctor", text="Doctor")
4 Treeview columns
self.databaseView.column("id", width=100)
self.databaseView.column("firstname", width=100)
scif.databaseView.column("lastname", width=100)
self.databaseView.column("dateOfBirth", width=100)
self.databaseView.column("monthOfBirth", width=160)
self.databaseView.column("yearOfBirth", width-100)
self.databaseView.column("gender", width=100)
self.databaseView.column("address", width=200)
self.databaseView.column("contactNumber", width=100)
self.databaseView.cohumn("cmaiiAddress", width-200)
```

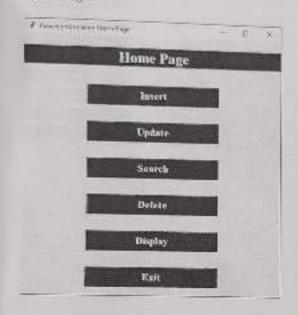
self.databaseView.column("bloodType", width=100)
self.databaseView.column("history", width=100)
self.databaseView.column("doctor", width=100)

for record in data: self.databaseView.insert(", 'end', values=(record))

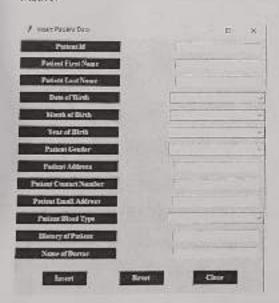
self.databaseViewWindow.mainloop()

General Output:-

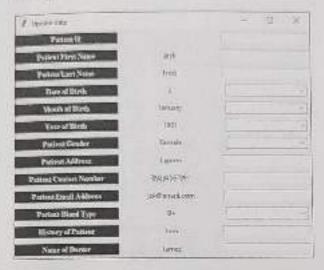
Home Page:



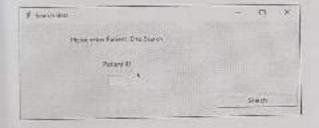
Insert:



Update:



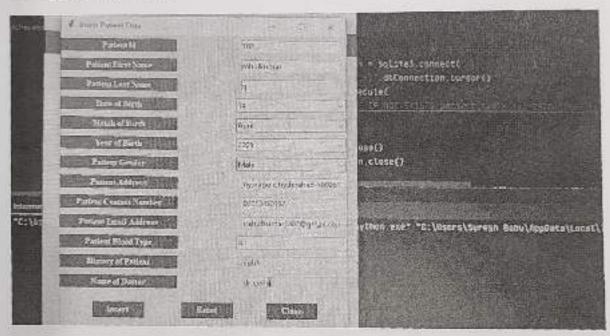
Display:

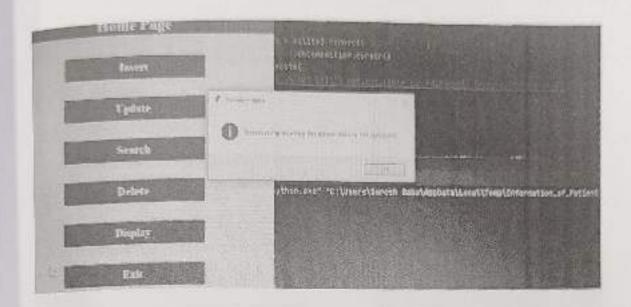


Delete:

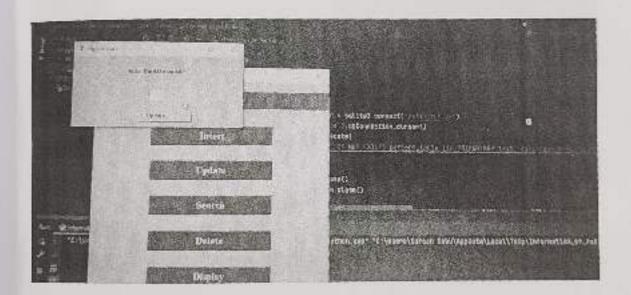


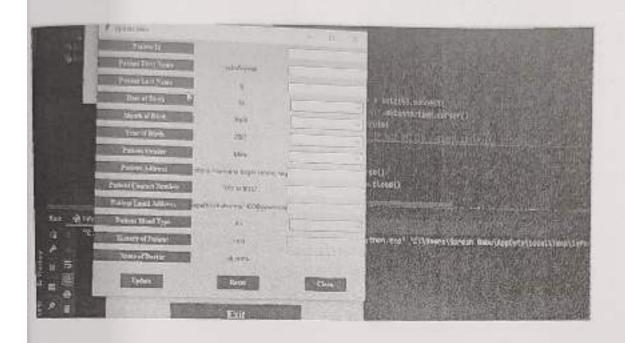
Inserting patient information:-

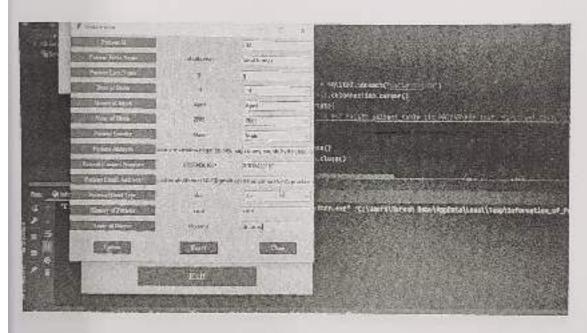


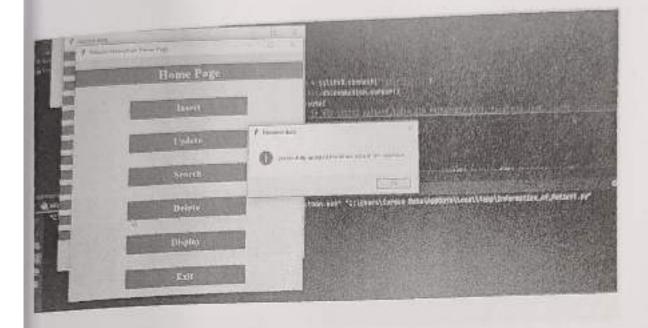


Updating patient information:-

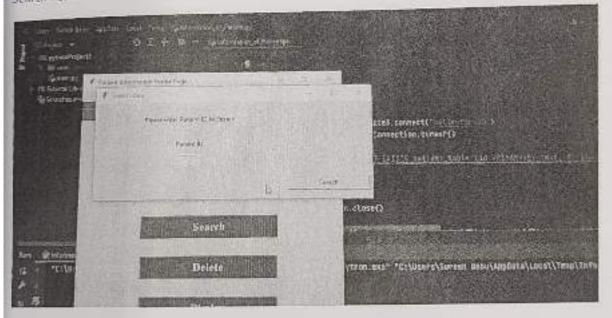


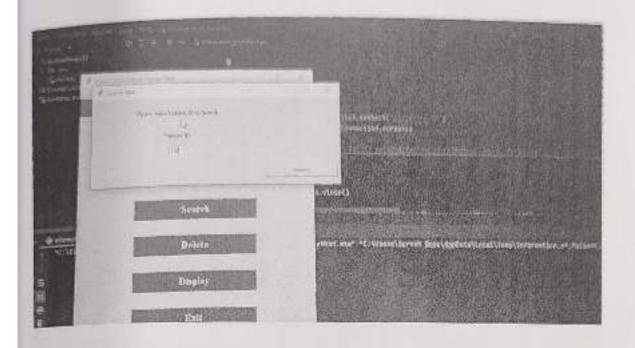


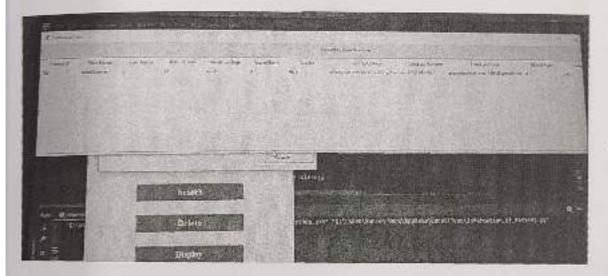




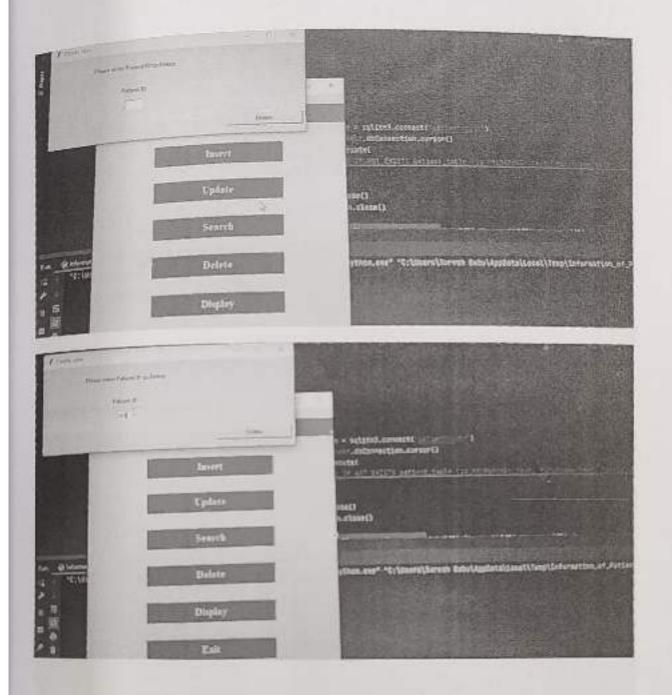
Search Patient Information:

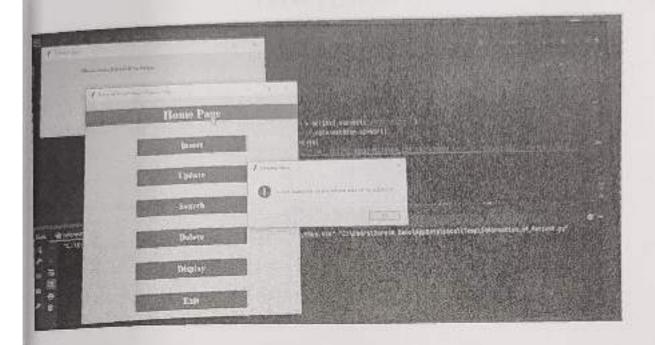




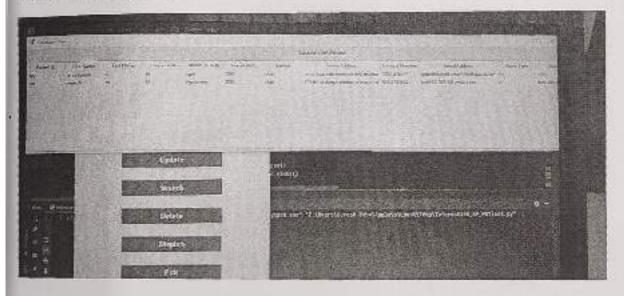


Deleting Patient Information:-





Displaying Patient Information:-



CONCLUSION

8

In conclusion, the use of Python, NetBeans, and SQLite provides an efficient and effective way to develop an online banking management system. Python provides awide range of components for building a user-friendly graphical user interface, NetBeansis a powerful integrated development environment that allows for easy development anddeploymentofpythonapplications, and SQLite salightweightdatabasemanagements ystem that is suitable for patient details applications.

The patient information developed using these technologies can includevarious functionalities such as patient registration and user login, address of patient management, doctor name management, hody check-up enquiry. The use of SSL encryption, multi-factor authentication, and accesscontrolensures the security of the system.

Overall, the combination of Python, and SQLite provides a powerful undefficientwaytodevelopareliable and securepatient information managements ystem.