# Reinforcement Learning Algorithms used in Tic Tac Toe

December 13, 2019

## 1 AlphaZero

### 1.1 Monte-Carlo Tree Search (MCTS)

#### 1.1.1 Upper Confidence Bound

$$U(s,a) = Q(s,a) + \sqrt{\frac{2 \ln \sum_{b} N(s,b)}{1 + N(s,a)}}$$

U(s,a) is the upper confidence bound for the current state s and action a

Q(s,a) is the expected reward by taking action a in state s

N(s,a) is the number of times we took action a from state s

 $\sum_{b} N(s,b)$  is the total number of plays from state s

#### 1.1.2 Upper Confidence Bound Alpha Zero

$$U(s,a) = Q(s,a) + c_{puct}P(s,a) \frac{\sqrt{\sum_b N(s,b)}}{1+N(s,a)}$$

U(s,a) is the upper confidence bound for the current state s and action a.

Q(s,a) is the expected reward by taking action a in state s.

 $c_{puct}$  is a constant that controls the amount exploration

 $\hat{P}(s,a)$  probability to take action a in state s as predicted by the neural network

N(s,a) is the number of times we took action a from state s

 $\sum_{b} N(s,b)$  is the total number of plays from state s

#### 1.1.3 Alpha Zero Tree Search

```
procedure SEARCH(s)
   If terminal(s_t) Then
       Return r_t
   End If
   If not exists (P(s,.)) Then
       predict P(s,.) and v(s) with the neural network
       N_s(s) = 0
       Q(s,a) = 0 for all a
       N(s,a) = 0 for all a
       If player == BLACK Then
          Return -v(s_t)
       Else
          Return v(s_t)
       End If
   End If
   U(s,a) = Q(s,a) + c_{puct}P(s,a)\frac{\sqrt{N_s(s)}}{1+N(s,a)} for all a
   a_t = \operatorname{argmax}_a U(s, a)
   Execute a_t to get next state s_{t+1}
   v(s_{t+1}) = SEARCH(s_{t+1})
   If player == BLACK Then
       v' = -v(s_{t+1})
       v' = v(s_{t+1})
   End If
   If s it root node
       P(s) = (1 - \epsilon)P(s) + \epsilon \eta_d(\alpha)
   End If
   Q(s,a) = \frac{N(s,a)Q(s,a) + v'}{N(s,a) + 1}
   N(s,a) = N(s,a) + 1
   N_s(s) = N_s(s) + 1
   Return v
End procedure
procedure MCTSAZ(s)
   For simulation = 1, M Do
       SEARCH(s_t)
   End
   Return N(s, a)
End procedure
```

#### 1.1.4 Training Algorithm

```
For episode = 1, M Do
    For t = 1, T Do
         Initialize N_s, N, Q, U and P
         Initialize a fresh game
         N(s_t, a) = MCTSAZ(s)
         If temp == 0 Then
             a_t = \operatorname{argmax}_a N(s, a)
P(s_t, a) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } a_t \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
         \mathbf{Else}
         Else P(s_t,a) = N(s,a)^{\frac{1}{temp}} P(s_t,a) = \frac{P(s,a)}{\sum_b P(s_t,b)} End If
         Append the training example (s_t, P(s_t, a), v_t) to L, where v_t is arbitrary
         Pick action a_t by sampling from P(s_t, a)
         Play move a_t
    \mathbf{End}
    Observe the final reward r_T of the game
    For training example (s_t, P(s_t, a), v_t) \in L Do
         If player == WHITE Then
              Update v_t \leftarrow r_T
         \mathbf{Else}
              Update v_t \leftarrow -r_T
         End If
    End
\mathbf{End}
```