# DÉVELOPPEMENTS LIMITÉS

#### Formule de Taylor-Young

Si f est de classe  $C^n$  au voisinage de a, alors f admet le  $DL_n(a)$  suivant :

$$f(x) \underset{x \to a}{=} f(a) + f'(a)(x - a) + \frac{f''(a)}{2}(x - a)^2 + \dots + \frac{f^{(n)}(a)}{n!}(x - a)^n + o((x - a)^n)$$

$$= \sum_{x \to a} \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{f^{(k)}(a)}{k!}(x - a)^k + o((x - a)^n)$$

## Puissance, logarithme, exponentielle

$$\frac{1}{1-x} \underset{x\to 0}{=} \sum_{k=0}^{n} x^{k} + o(x^{n}) \qquad = 1 + x + x^{2} + \dots + x^{n} + o(x^{n})$$

$$\frac{1}{1+x} \underset{x\to 0}{=} \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} x^{k} + o(x^{n}) \qquad = 1 - x + x^{2} - x^{3} + x^{4} + \dots + (-1)^{n} x^{n} + o(x^{n})$$

$$\ln(1+x) \underset{x\to 0}{=} \sum_{k=1}^{n} (-1)^{k-1} \frac{x^{k}}{k} + o(x^{n}) \underset{x\to 0}{=} x - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{3}}{3} - \frac{x^{4}}{4} + \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^{n}}{n} + o(x^{n})$$

$$e^{x} \underset{x\to 0}{=} \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{x^{k}}{k!} + o(x^{n}) \qquad = 1 + x + \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{3}}{6} + \dots + \frac{x^{n}}{n!} + o(x^{n})$$

$$(1+x)^{\alpha} \underset{x\to 0}{=} 1 + \alpha x + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)x^{2}}{2} + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)x^{3}}{6} + \dots + \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)\dots(\alpha-n+1)x^{n}}{n!} + o(x^{n})$$

$$= \sum_{x\to 0}^{n} \frac{\prod_{j=0}^{k-1} (\alpha-j)}{k!} x^{k}$$

### Fonctions circulaires

$$\sin x = \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + o(x^{2n+1}) = x - \frac{x^{3}}{6} + \frac{x^{5}}{120} - \dots + (-1)^{n} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + o(x^{2n+1})$$

$$\cos x = \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!} + o(x^{2n}) = 1 - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{4}}{24} - \dots + (-1)^{n} \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + o(x^{2n})$$

$$\arctan x = \sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^{k} \frac{x^{2k+1}}{2k+1} + o(x^{2n+1}) = x - \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{5}}{5} - \dots + (-1)^{n} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + o(x^{2n+1})$$

### Fonctions hyperboliques

$$sh x = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!} + o(x^{2n+1}) = x + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + \dots + \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + o(x^{2n+1})$$

$$ch x = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!} + o(x^{2n}) = 1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots + \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + o(x^{2n})$$