Welcome to the Pizza Sales Data Analytics Project



This project aims to provide insightful analysis into the sales data of a pizza restaurant. By leveraging data analytics techniques, we will uncover valuable insights to optimize business strategies and enhance decision-making processes.

Project Overview and Tasks

Basic Tasks:

- 1. Basic Tasks:
- 2. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- 3. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- 4. Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- 5. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- 6. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

Intermediate Tasks:

- 1. Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- 2. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- 3. Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- 4. Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- 5. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

Advanced Tasks:

- 1. Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- 2. Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- 3. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

Explanation:

The database "pizzahut" serves as the foundation for our data analytics project. It comprises four essential tables: orders, orders_details, pizza_types, and pizzas. These tables contain vital information about orders, pizzas, and related details necessary for conducting comprehensive analysis.

Screenshot of database & tables:-

```
create database pizzahut;
       use pizzahut;
       create table orders (
       order id int not null,
       order date date not null,
       order time time not null,
       primary key(order id));
       select * from orders;
11
       create table orders details (
       order details id int not null,
       order id int not null,
       pizza id text not null,
       order time time not null,
       quantity int not null,
       primary key(order details id));
19
       alter table orders details
       drop column order time;
21
       select
```



Basic Tasks:

- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.



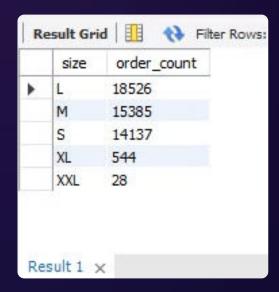


- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
1 -- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
2
3 • SELECT
4    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
5  FROM
6    pizza_types
7         JOIN
8    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9  ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
10 LIMIT 1;
```



```
-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
 3
      SELECT
          pizzas.size,
 6
          COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
      FROM
 8
          pizzas
 9
              JOIN
10
          orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
11
      GROUP BY pizzas.size
12
      ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

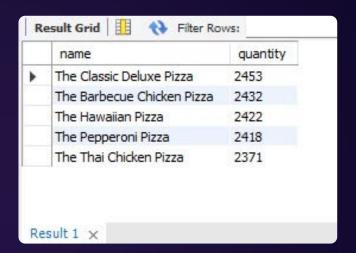


• List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

Intermediate Tasks:

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza
      -- types along with their quantities.
          pizza types.name, SUM(orders details.quantity) AS quantity
      FROM
          pizza_types
8
9
          pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
10
              JOIN
11
          orders details ON orders details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id
12
      GROUP BY pizza_types.name
13
      ORDER BY quantity DESC
      LIMIT 5
```



```
-- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category category.

SELECT

pizza_types.category,
SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

pizza_types
JOIN

pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

JOIN

orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id

GROUP BY pizza_types.category

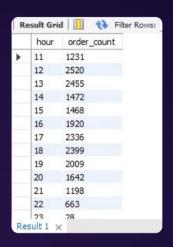
ORDER BY quantity DESC

LIMIT 5;
```



- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

```
1 -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
2
3 • SELECT
4     HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
5     FROM
6     orders
7     GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
8
```



```
1  -- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
2
3 • SELECT
4     category, COUNT(name)
5    FROM
6     pizza_types
7    GROUP BY category;
8
```



- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
-- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day:

3 • SELECT

ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day

FROM

(SELECT

orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

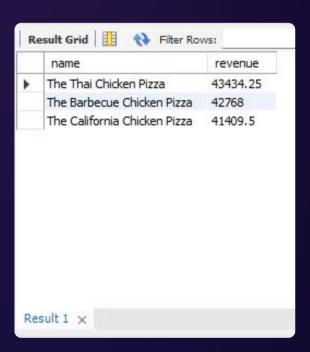
orders

JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id

GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```



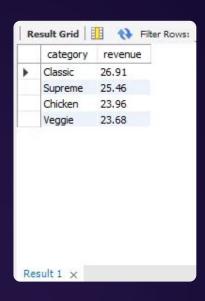
```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
      SELECT
          pizza types.name,
          SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
      FROM
          pizza_types
10
          pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
11
12
          orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
      GROUP BY pizza_types.name
13
14
      ORDER BY revenue DESC
15
      LIMIT 3;
```



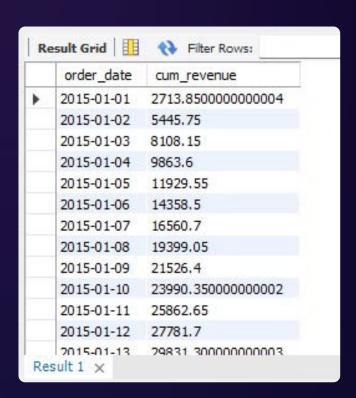
Advanced Tasks:

- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
      SELECT
          pizza types.category,
          ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
                          ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
8
                                      2) AS total sales
10
                          orders_details
11
12
                          pizzas ON pizzas.pizza id = orders details.pizza id) * 100,
13
                  2) AS revenue
14
      FROM
15
          pizza types
17
          pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
18
19
          orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
      GROUP BY pizza_types.category
      ORDER BY revenue DESC:
```



```
-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
     select order_date,
4
     sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
 5
     from
     (select orders.order_date,
 6
     sum(orders_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
8
     from orders_details join pizzas
     on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
10
     join orders
11
     on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
12
     group by orders.order_date) as sales
13
14
```



• Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza
      -- types based on revenue for each pizza category.
      select name, revenue from
      (select category, name, revenue,
      rank() over (partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
      from
      (select pizza types.category, pizza types.name,
      sum((orders_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
10
      from pizza types join pizzas
11
      on pizza types.pizza type id = pizzas.pizza type id
      join orders details
      on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
13
14
      group by pizza types.category, pizza types.name) as a) as b
15
      where rn <=3;
16
17
```



End