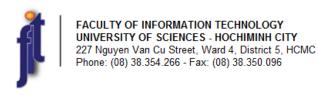


CTT528 – PHÁT TRIỂN ỨNG DỤNG WEB BÀI TẬP CÁ NHÂN

HW#01: GIT LAB

Sinh viên thực hiện: Lại Triệu

MSSV: 1453053



Git task	Notes	Git commands
Creare a new local repository		git init
Status	List the files you've changed and those you still need to add or commit	git status
Add files	Add one or more files to staging	git add <filename> git add *</filename>
Commit	Commit changes to head (but not yet to the remote repository)	git commit -m "Add cute octocat story"
Tags	CommitId is the leading characters of the changeset ID, up to 10, but must be unique. Get the ID using	git log
	If you haven't connected your local repository to a remote server, add the server to be able to push to it	git remote add origin <server></server>
Connect to a remote repository	Remove all those pesky octocats by using the git rm command which will not only remove the actual files from disk, but will also stage the removal of the files for us	git rm
	Push the branch to your remote repository, so others can use it The -u tells Git to remember the parameters, so that next time we can simply run git push and Git will know what to do	git push -u origin master
Branches	Create a branch called clean_up	git branch clean_up
	Switch from one branch to another:	git checkout branchname>
	Delete the feature branch:	git branch -d <branchname></branchname>
	Push everything you've been working on to your remote repository	git push
Update from the remote repository	Fetch and merge changes on the remote server to your working directory	git pull
	View all the merge conflicts	git diff
	git diff with thestaged option to see the changes you just staged	git diffstaged
	To merge a different branch into your active branch:	git merge <branchname></branchname>



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Undo local changes	unstage files by using the git reset command.	git reset
	If you mess up, you can replace the changes in your working tree with the last content in head: Changes already added to the index, as well as new files, will be kept.	git checkout <filename></filename>

