

Differences Between Infra-red and Raman Spectra

	Infra-red Spectra	Raman Spectra
1	It is due to absorption of a radiation by the vibrating molecules	It is due to the scattering of radiation by vibrating molecules
2	The dipole moment of the molecule changes	The polarisability of the molecule changes
3	The intensity of IR absorption band depends upon the magnitude of the change in dipole moment of the molecule	The intensity of Raman line depends upon the magnitude of the change of polarisability of the molecule

Infra-red Spectra

4 ✓ Water cannot be used as it is opaque to IR

5 Dilute solutions are generally used

6 Optical systems are made up of special crystals like NaBr, CaF₂, etc.

Raman Spectra

Water can be used as solvent

Concentrated solutions are used to increase the intensity of Raman lines

Optical systems are made up of glass or quartz

- Condition i.e. purity & impurity of the substance is not rigid.
- Homonuclear diatomic molecules are in non active mode.
- Method is accurate and sensitive.

- Substance must be pure & colourless.
- Homonuclear diatomic molecules are in active mode.
- Method is de.

- Dipole moment of the molecule changes.

- Water can not be used as a solvent.

- Dilute solutions are used.

- Polarizability of the molecule change.

- Water can be used as a solvent.

- Concentrated solutions are used.