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g.USBamp C API for Linux V1.11.00

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Before using g.USBamp

Before using the device make yourself familiar with the gUSBampInstructionsForUse.pdf manual and carefully read following sections

- The intended function of the equipment
- Safe operation of g.USBamp

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About this manual

This manual introduces the functionality of the libraries

- libgusbampapia.so.1.11.00 and
- libgusbampapiso.so.1.11.00.so.

The difference between these two libraries is the way in which they have linked their dependencies. The dependencies of libgusbampapia.so.1.11.00are linked statically. The dependencies of libgusbampapiso.so.1.11.00 are linked dynamically. The functionality of these two libraries is the same. The notation

• libgusbampapix.so.1.11.00

refers to them both and "x" means "a" or "so".

libgusbampapiso.so.1.11.00 relies to more dependencies. libgusbampapia.so.1.11.00 has a clean symbol table and does not affect the usage of other libraries within your program. Note: On Ubuntu Linux 11.04 only libgusbampapiso.so.1.11.00 is available.

Hardware and software requirements

g.USBamp requires a PC compatible desktop, notebook workstation or embedded computer. The table below lists optimal settings:

Hardware	Properties
CPU	Pentium working at 2000 MHz
Hard disk	20-30 GB
RAM	1GB – 2 GB
USB 2.0 port (EHCI – enhanced Host controller interface)	one free USB port for each g.USBamp

The g.USBamp software package is tested on Ubuntu Linux.

Tested Operating System	Kernel
64bit/32bit Ubuntu Linux 11.04	2.6.38-11-generic
Dependencies/Libraries:	
librt.so.1 libstdc++.so.6 libm.so.6 libgcc_s.so.1 libpthread.so.0 libc.so.6 To retrieve the dependencies of	f the delivered shared object use "ldd".
Additional dependencies/I	libraries for libgusbampapiso.so.1.11.00:
libusb-1.0.so.0 libicudata.so.44 libicui18n.so.44 libicuuc.so.44 libboost_regex.so.1.42.0 libboost_date_time.so.1.42.0 libboost_signals.so.1.42.0	

Make sure that your operating system works correctly before installing the g.USBamp library. During operation of g.USBamp other major software MUST NOT be operated.

Installation

Installation of the g.USBamp C API for Linux

- 1. Please insert the g.USBamp C API for Linux CD into the CD-drive of your PC.
- 2. Use a terminal in order to change to the directory
 - cd gUSBampAPI_1_11_00 and run the install script
 - sh install.sh

Note: Please make sure that you have the permissions to operate on the directories and to execute Idconfig correctly.

De-installation

- 1. Remove the header file from your computer
 - rm /usr/include/gAPI.h
- 2. Remove the library from your computer
 - rm /usr/include/libgusbampapix.1.11.00
 - call Idconfig
- 3. Remove the documentation from your computer
 - rm -rf /usr/share/doc/gtec/gUSBampAPI_1_11_00/

Note: Please make sure that you have the permissions to operate on the directories and to execute Idconfig correctly.

Files on your computer

The library and the include file

- /usr/lib/libgusbampapix.so.1.11.00
- /usr/include/gAPI.h

Filter files on your computer

- /etc/gtec/filter_files/DSPfilter.bin
- /etc/gtec/filter_files/DSPNotchfilter.bin

Further files on your computer

- /usr/share/doc/gtec/gUSBampAPI_1_11_00/ gUSBamp C API for Linux 1 11 00.pdf
- /usr/share/doc/gtec/gUSBampAPI_1_11_00/license.pdf

Principles of usage

Find, open and close a device

In order to find devices which are enabled for the API you can use the functions

- GT UpdateDevices (this function updates the API internal list of available devices),
- GT_GetDeviceListSize (this function returns the number of found devices),
- · GT GetDeviceList (this function returns a list of device names) and
- GT FreeDeviceList (this function frees the memory allocated by GT GetDeviceList).

The device name is also identifier of the device.

If you have selected a device of choice you can open it. If you are finished with the device you must close it. Therefore you can use the functions

- GT OpenDevice and
- GT CloseDevice.

About the configuration of a device

Before you can start the data acquisition you must configure the device. You have to set all parameters/members in/of the structure

· usbamp_config.

The configuration defined within the structure can be applied to the device by using the function

GT_SetConfiguration.

The applied configuration can also be retrieved from the API by using the function

GT GetConfiguration.

The configuration cannot be changed during data acquisition.

The things you can change during data acquisition are defined within the structure

· usbamp_asynchron_config.

You must configure all members of usbamp asynchron config.

Applying the asynchronous configuration is done in two steps:

- You must set the asynchronous configuration with the function GT_SetAsynchronConfiguration and then you can apply it to the device with
- 2. GT ApplyAsynchronConfiguration.

The function GT_ApplyAsynchronConfiguration can be called before and also during data acquisition.

About the callback function

Each time new data samples are ready to be processed the API invokes a callback function. The callback function can be set with

GT SetDataReadyCallback.

Within your own callback function use

- GT_GetSamplesAvailable to get the number of available bytes and
- GT_GetData in order to copy the available number of bytes to a buffer specified by you.

You can set your callback function directly after GT_OpenDevice. You cannot change the callback function during data acquisition.

How to start and stop the data acquisition

Now you can start or stop the data acquisition with the functions

- · GT StartAcquisition and
- GT_StopAcquisition.

Flow diagram of a typical data acquisition

Please see the source of the demo applications shipped with the API for a more detailed view on this process.

Which devices are available? GT_UpdateDevices()



How many devices have been found? GT_GetDeviceListSize()



Find the device of interest...
GT GetDeviceList()



Open the device of interest... GT_OpenDevice()



Register your callback function.
This function is invoked each time when
new data samples are ready to be read.
See "How to write a useful
callback function"
GT_SetDataReadyCallback()



Apply the whole configuration of the g.USBamp in one step...
GT SetConfiguration()

Use your application to process the data retrieved from the API after the GT_StartAcquistion() call...



Here the data acquisition can (should) be started...
GT_StartAcquisition()



It is possible to change the digital outs during the data acquisition...

GT_SetAsynchronConfiguration()
GT_ApplyAsynchronConfiguration()



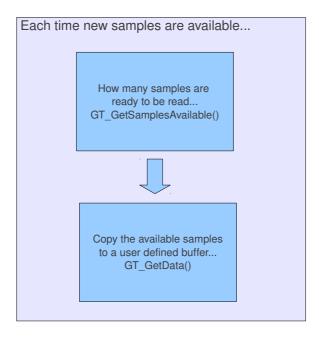
When desired stop the DAQ GT_StopAcquisition()



To finish a session call GT_CloseDevice() and clean up... GT_FreeDeviceList()

How to write a useful callback function

The callback function can be used to retrieve the data samples from the API (without writing a thread). A separate thread is running in the background to acquire the data from the g.USBamp asynchronous to your application. The callback function blocks the internal data acquisition thread. It is important to process the callback function as fast as possible in order to avoid a loss of data samples.



g.tec g.USBamp C API overview Functions, types and structures

Common g.tec API functions

Function name

GT_ShowDebugInformation

Signature void GT_ShowDebugInformation(gt_bool show)

Parameters gt_bool show

Return value void

Effects If show is *true*, debug informations are printed to the console.

Preconditions None

Postconditions

Note Could be useful to find wrong settings of the configuration.

If show is *true*, API internal methods are enabled to print informations on the console, else these methods are disabled.

Release note

Function name

GT_UpdateDevices

Signature *gt bool GT UpdateDevices()*

Parameters None

Return value true if no error occurs, else false.

Effects Searches for devices which are enabled for the API.

Preconditions None

Postconditions Could effect the return values of gt_size GT_GetDeviceListSize()

and

char** GT GetDeviceList().

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_GetDeviceListSize

Signature gt_size GT_GetDeviceListSize()

Parameters None

Return value The number of found devices.

Effects

Preconditions *gt_bool GT_UpdateDevices()* has to be called before.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_GetDeviceList

Signature char** GT_GetDeviceList()

Parameters None

Return value An array of char strings which represent the device identifier (for

example the serial number).

Effects

Preconditions *gt_bool GT_UpdateDevices()* has to be called before.

Postconditions Memory is allocated for the array of char strings.

Note The handling of the list is within the responsibility of the user, the list

can be freed with gt_bool GT_FreeDeviceList(char** device_list,

gt_size list_size).

Function name

GT FreeDeviceList

Signature gt_bool GT_FreeDeviceList(char** device_list, gt_size list_size)

Parameters The pointer to the array device_list allocated by

char** GT_GetDeviceList() and

the length of the array given by gt_size GT_GetDeviceListSize().

Return value true on success.

Effects

Preconditions Memory for the *device list* must have been allocated with *char***

GT GetDeviceList() before.

Postconditions Memory is freed and device_list is a pointer to NULL.

Note

Function name

GT_OpenDevice

Signature *gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name)*

Parameters The name of the device.

Return value true if the device can be opened.

Enables the interaction with the device.

Preconditions

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_CloseDevice

Signature gt_bool GT_CloseDevice(const char* device_name)

Parameters The name of the device.

Return value true on success. false else.

Effects

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before. The data acquisition must not be active.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_SetConfiguration

Signature gt_bool GT_SetConfiguration(const char* device_name, void*

configuration)

Parameters The name of the device.

The configuration for the device.

Return value true when the configuration is valid and if this configuration can be

applied to the device.

Effects Sets the configuration for a given device.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before. The data acquisition must not be active.

Postconditions If successful, the given configuration is applied to the device.

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_GetConfiguration

gt_bool GT_GetConfiguration(const char* device_name, void*

configuration)

Parameters The name of the device.

The configuration structure for the device.

Return value true if a device's configuration was stored to configuration. false else.

Effects Retrieves the current applied configuration of the devices and stores

it in configuration.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_SetConfiguration(const char* device_name, void*

configuration) has to be called before.

Postconditions

Note void* configuration is changed by reference.

Release note

Function name

GT_SetAsynchronConfiguration

Signature gt_bool GT_SetAsynchronConfiguration(const char* device_name,

void* configuration)

Parameters The name of the device. The configuration for the device.

Return value true if the configuration is valid.

Effects The given configuration can be applied to the device.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions gt_bool GT_ApplyAsynchronConfiguration(const char*

device_name) can be called.

Note This method can also be called during data acquisition.

Release note

Function

GT_ApplyAsynchronConfiguration

Signature gt_bool GT_ApplyAsynchronConfiguration(const char*

device_name)

Parameters The name of the device.

Return value true if the configuration was successful applied.

Effects

Preconditions gt_bool GT_SetAsynchronConfiguration(const char* device_name,

void configuration*) has to be called before.

Postconditions

Note This method can also be called during data acquisition.

Release note

Function name

GT_GetAsynchronConfiguration

Signature gt_bool GT_GetAsynchronConfiguration(const char* device_name,

void* configuration)

Parameters The name of the device.

The asynchron configuration structure for the device.

Return value true if a device's asynchron configuration was stored to

configuration.

Effects Retrieves the current asynchron configuration of the device and

stores it in configuration.

Preconditions gt bool GT ApplyAsynchronConfiguration(const char*

device name) has to be called before.

Postconditions

Note void* configuration is changed by reference.

Release note

Function name

GT_StartAcquisition

Signature gt_bool GT_StartAcquisition(const char* device_name)

Parameters The name of the device.

Return value true if the acquisition started successful.

Effects The device starts to stream data.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_SetConfiguration(const char* device_name, void*

configuration) has to be called before.

Postconditions int GT_GetSamplesAvailable(const char* device_name) can be

used to check the number of valid bytes.

int GT_GetData(const char* device_name, unsigned char* buffer, gt_size num_bytes) can be used to copy the data to a buffer

specified by the user.

If a callback function has been registered (with *gt_bool GT_SetDataReadyCallBack(const char* device_name, void (*callback_function)(void)*), void* usr_data), this function will be called each time when new samples are ready to be read.

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_StopAcquisition

Signature gt_bool GT_StopAcquisition(const char* device_name)

Parameters The name of the device.

Return value true if the device has stopped.

Effects The device stops to stream data.

Preconditions gt bool GT StartAcquisition(const char* device name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_GetSamplesAvailable

Signature int GT_GetSamplesAvailable(const char* device_name)

Parameters The name of the device.

Return value The number of bytes ready to be read. A negative number if an error

occured.

Effects

Preconditions gt bool GT StartAcquisition(const char* device name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_GetData

Signature int GT_GetData(const char* device_name, unsigned char* buffer,

gt_size num_bytes)

Parameters The name of the device.

A buffer.

The amount of samples which should be copied to the buffer.

Return value The number of copied samples. A negative number if samples have

been dropped (in the API internal buffer).

Effects

Preconditions gt_bool GT_StartAcquisition(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_SetDataReadyCallBack

Signature gt_bool GT_SetDataReadyCallBack(const char* device_name, void

(*callback_function)(void), void* usr_data)

Parameters The name of the device.

A callback function: *void FunctionName(void* data)*. User data to pass to callback function: *void* usr_data*.

Return value true if the callback function is registered.

Each time new samples are ready to be read the callback function is

called.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note A callback function could be very useful in combination with

int GT_GetSamplesAvailable(const char* device_name) and int GT_GetData(const char* device_name, unsigned char* buffer,

gt size num bytes).

Release note

Common g.tec API data types and structures

Name	filter_specification	
type	struct	
typedef	gt_filter_specification	
See also	gt_bool GT_GetBandpassFilter device_name, gt_size sample_ filter, gt_size filter_size) gt_bool GT_GetNotchFilterListr gt_size sample_rate, gt_filter_siter_size)	rate, gt_filter_specification* (const char* device_name,
Data fields / members	Possible values	Notes
float f_upper		
float f_lower		
float sample_rate		
float order		
float type		
gt_size id		

Name	gt_size
type	Unsigned long int
typedef	gt_size
See also	

Name	gt_bool	
type	Unsigned char	
typedef	gt_bool	
See also	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	

Name	GT_TRUE
type	#define
value	1
See also	gt_bool

Name	
	GT_FALSE

type	#define
value	0
See also	gt_bool

Name	GT_NOS_AUTOSET
type	#define
value	-1
Note	NOS = Number Of Scans

Name	GT_BIPOLAR_DERIVATION_NONE
type	#define
value	-2

Name	GT_FILTER_AUTOSET	
type	#define	
value	-1	
note	Applies the first filter which fits to the given sample rate.	

Name	GT_FILTER_NONE
type	#define
value	-2

g.USBamp specific API functions

Function name

GT_GetBandpassFilterListSize

Signature gt_size GT_GetBandpassFilterListSize(const char* device_name,

gt_size sample_rate)

Parameters The name of the device.

The sample rate of interest.

Return value The number of found filters to the according sample rate.

Effects

Preconditions gt bool GT OpenDevice(const char* device name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note The method for the notch filters work similar.

Release note

Function name

GT_GetBandpassFilterList

Signature gt bool GT GetBandpassFilterList(const char* device name,

gt_size sample_rate, gt_filter_specification* filter, gt_size filter_size)

Parameters The name of the device.

The sample rate of interest.

The start pointer to the list of gt filter specification.

Return value true if filters are found.

Effects

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note Memory for the *gt_filter_specification* must be allocated by the user.

The method for the notch filters work similar.

Release note

Function name

GT_Calibrate

gt_bool GT_Calibrate(const char* device_name,

gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* calibration)

Parameters The name of the device.

A pointer to *gt_usbamp_channel_calibration*.

Return value true on success.

Effects Determines offset and scaling for each channel.

Memory for the *gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* must be allocated

by the user.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

gt_bool GT_StartAcquisition(const char* device_name) must not be

called before.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT SetChannelCalibration

gt_bool GT_SetChannelCalibration(const char* device_name,

gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* calibration)

Parameters The name of the device.

A pointer to the gt usbamp channel calibration.

Return value true on success.

Effects The channel calibration field in the permanent memory of the device

is set to the values specified by *gt_usbamp_channel_calibration*.

Calibration values are changed permanent.

Calculation:

y = (x - d) * k

y ... values retrieved with GT_GetData (calculated values) in μV

 $x\,\dots$ acquired data d ... offset value in μV

k ... scale factor

Preconditions gt bool GT OpenDevice(const char* device name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note Memory for the gt_usbamp_channel_calibration must be allocated

by the user.

The function call is blocking for a few seconds.

Use gt_bool GT_Calibrate(const char* device_name,

gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* calibration) in order to retrieve the necessary values from the device. The device is already calibrated

by the manufacturer. There is no need to call this function.

Release note

Function name

GT_GetChannelCalibration

gt_bool GT_GetChannelCalibration(const char* device_name,

gt usbamp channel calibration* calibration)

Parameters The name of the device.

A pointer to the *gt_usbamp_channel_calibration*

Return value true on success.

Effects Memory for the gt usbamp channel calibration must be allocated

by the user.

The calibration settings of the device are stored at *gt_usbamp_channel_calibration** calibration.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

Postconditions

Note

Release note

Function name

GT_GetImpedance

Signature gt_bool GT_GetImpedance(const char* device_name, gt_size

channel, int* impedance)

Parameters The name of the device.

The channel of interrest. A pointer to an integer.

Return value true on success.

Effects Retrieves the Resistance according to the given channel.

Preconditions gt_bool GT_OpenDevice(const char* device_name) has to be

called before.

gt_bool GT_StartAcquisition(const char* device_name) must not be

called before.

Postconditions

Note All grounds are connected to common ground. Impedance is

measured between ground and specified channel. If you want to get the impedance of the reference electrodes following channel

numbers must be entered:

1 ... 16 for the channel 1 ... 16

17 REFA
 18 REFB
 19 REFC
 20 REFD

This function is blocking for a view seconds.

Release note

g.USBamp specific data types and structures

Name	GT_USBAMP_NUM_DIGITAL_OUT
type	#define
value	4

Name	GT_USBAMP_NUM_REFERENCE
type	#define
value	4

Name	GT_USBAMP_RECOMMENDED_BUFFER_SIZE
type	#define
value	

Name	GT_USBAMP_NUM_GROUND
type	#define
value	4

Name	GT_USBAMP_NUM_ANALOG_IN
type	#define
value	4

Name	usbamp_device_mode	
type	enum	
typedef	gt_usbamp_device_mode	
enumerations	GT_MODE_NORMAL, GT_MODE_IMPEDANCE, GT_MODE_CALIBRATE, GT_MODE_COUNTER	

Name	usbamp_analog_out_shape	
type	enum	
typedef	gt_usbamp_analog_out_shape	
enumerations	GT_ANALOGOUT_SQUARE, GT_ANALOGOUT_SAWTOOTH, GT_ANALOGOUT_SINE, GT_ANALOGOUT_NOISE	

Name	usbamp_channel_calibration	
type	struct	
typedef	gt_usbamp_channel_calibration	
See also	gt_bool GT_Calibrate(const char* device_name, gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* calibration) gt_bool GT_GetChannelCalibration(const char* device_name, gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* calibration) gt_bool GT_SetChannelCalibration(const char* device_name, gt_usbamp_channel_calibration* calibration)	

Data fields / members	Possible values	Notes
float scale[GT_USBAMP_NUM_ANALO G_IN] float offset[GT_USBAMP_NUM_ANALO G IN]		The scale factor. Offset in μV.

Name			
	usbamp_config		
type	struct		
typedef	gt_usbamp_config		
See also	gt_bool GT_SetConfiguration(const char* device_name, void* configuration) gt_bool GT_GetConfiguration(const char* device_name, void* configuration) gt_usbamp_analog_out_config		
Data fields / members	Possible values	Notes	
unsigned short int sample_rate	32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400		
int number_of_scans	GT_NOS_AUTOSET	It is strongly recommended to use the GT_NOS_AUTOSET define.	
gt_bool enable_trigger_line	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	Enables the trigger line. Disables the trigger line.	
gt_bool slave_mode	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	Enables slave mode. Disables slave mode. 2 amplifiers are supported.	
gt_bool enable_sc	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	Enables the short cut. Disables the short cut.	
gt_bool common_ground[GT_USBAMP_NU M_GROUND]	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	Set common ground on group. Unset common ground on group.	
gt_bool common_reference[GT_USBAMP_ NUM_REFERENCE]	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	Set common reference on group. Unset common reference on group.	
gt_usbamp_device_mode mode	GT_MODE_NORMAL GT_MODE_IMPEDANCE GT_MODE_CALIBRATE	Mode for measurement Untested yet. In this mode the internal signal generator can be observed on all channels. Sample rate	

	GT_MODE_COUNTER	must be <= 512. The wave shape of the signal is specified with the member ao_config. The counter can be observed on channel 16
gt_bool scan_dio	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	The digital in appears as channel 17
float version		
int bandpass[GT_USBAMP_NUM_AN ALOG_IN]	The id of the bandpass	The selected filter must match the sample rate.
int notch[GT_USBAMP_NUM_ANALO G_IN]	The id of the notch	The selected filter must match the sample rate.
int bipolar[GT_USBAMP_NUM_ANALO G_IN]	The channels for the bipolar derivation	Range from [1 16]
unsigned char analog_in_channel[GT_USBAMP_N UM_ANALOG_IN]	The channels for the data acquisition	Range from [1 16] Specifies the channel to be observed.
gt_size num_analog_in	The number of selected analog channels	Specifies how many channels to be observed.
gt_usbamp_analog_out_config* ao_config	gt_usbamp_analog_out_co nfig*	Is used to define the properties of the analog out signal. See also member mode.

Name	usbamp_analog_out_config	
type	struct	
typedef	gt_usbamp_analog_out_config	
See also	gt_usbamp_analog_out_config	
Data fields / members	Possible values	Notes
gt_usbamp_analog_out_shap e shape	GT_ANALOGOUT_SQUARE GT_ANALOGOUT_SAWTOO TH GT_ANALOGOUT_SINE GT_ANALOGOUT_NOISE	
short int offset	[-200 200]	Offset in mV
short int frequency	[1 100]	Frequency in Hz
short int amplitude	[-250 250]	Amplitude in mV

Name	
	usbamp_asynchron_config

type	struct		
typedef	gt_usbamp_asynchron_config		
See also	gt_bool GT_SetAsynchronConfiguration(const char* device_name, void* configuration) gt_bool GT_ApplyAsynchronConfiguration(const char* device_name) gt_bool GT_GetAsynchronConfiguration(const char* device_name, void* configuration)		
Data fields / members	Possible values	Notes	
gt_bool digital_out[GT_USBAMP_NU M_DIGITAL_OUT]	GT_TRUE GT_FALSE	Enables the digital out. Disables the digital out.	



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