

DDL (ALTER, DROP)



DDL(Data Definition Language)

✓ 실습 테이블 생성

CREATE TABLE KH_MEMBER(NO NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, NAME CHAR(15), ID VARCHAR2(20) UNIQUE, PASSWORD VARCHAR2(50) DEFAULT '1234',

<테이블 구조>

COLUMN_NAME	DATA_TYPE	NULLABLE	DATA_DEFAULT
NO	NUMBER	No	(null)
NAME	CHAR (15 BYTE)	Yes	(null)
ID	VARCHAR2 (20 BYTE)	Yes	(null)
PASSWORD	VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE)	Yes	'1234'
REG_DATE	DATE	No	(null)

REG_DATE/DATE/NOT NULL

);

<테이블 내 데이터>

∯ NO	NAME	∯ ID		REG_DATE
				19/05/08
	2 이길동	tester	1234qwer	19/05/08

INSERT INTO KH_MEMBER VALUES(1,'홍길동','master','P@ssw0rd',ŚYSDATE); INSERT INTO KH_MEMBER VALUES(2,'이길동','tester','1234qwer',SYSDATE);





테이블에 정의된 내용을 수정할 때 사용하는 데이터 정의어로 컬럼의 추가/삭제, 제약조건의 추가/삭제, 컬럼의 자료형 변경, DEFAULT 값 변경, 테이블 명/컬럼 명/제약조건 명 변경 등을 할 수 있음

✓ 표현식

ACTION

ACTION

ALTER TABLE 테이블명 <ACTION> <옵션 값 ... > ;

<ACTION>

옵션	기능	
ADD	column 추가	
MODIFY	column 수정	
DROP COLUMN	column 삭제	
RENAME COLUMN	column명 변경	





✓ 컬럼 추가(ADD)

ALTER TABLE 테이블명 ADD <컬럼명> <데이터타입> (<옵션> <제약조건>);

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER ADD AGE NUMBER; ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER ADD COUNTRY VARCHAR(30) DEFAULT '한국';

<테이블 구조>

⊕ COLUMN_NAME	⊕ DATA_TYPE		DATA_DEFAULT
NO	NUMBER	No	(null)
NAME	CHAR (15 BYTE)	Yes	(null)
ID	VARCHAR2 (20 BYTE)	Yes	(null)
PASSWORD	VARCHAR2 (50 BYTE)	Yes	'1234'
REG DATE	DATE	No	(null)
AGE	NUMBER	Yes	(null)
COUNTRY	VARCHAR2 (30 BYTE)	Yes	'한국'

(null)

DEFAULT

DEFAULT

NO	T		T	T	
1홍길동	master	P@ssw0rd	19/05/08	(null)	한국
2 이길동	tester	1234qwer	19/05/08	(null)	한국

ALTER



✓ 컬럼 수정(MODIFY)

ALTER TABLE <테이블명> MODIFY <컬럼명> <데이터타입> (<옵션> <제약조건>);

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER MODIFY NAME VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL;
ALTER TABLE KH MEMBER

MODIFY PASSWORD VARCHAR2(50) DEFAULT 'qwer1234';

<테이블 구조>

⊕ COLUMN_NAME	DATA_TYPE		NULLABLE	DATA_DEFAULT
NO	NUMBER		No	(null)
NAME	VARCHAR2 (15	BYTE)	No	(null)
ID	VARCHAR2 (20	BYTE)	Yes	(null)
PASSWORD	VARCHAR2 (50	BYTE)	Yes	'qwer1234'
REG_DATE	DATE		No	(null)
AGE	NUMBER		Yes	(null)
COUNTRY	VARCHAR2 (30	BYTE)	Yes	'한국'

NO	∯ ID		REG_DATE	∯ AGE	COUNTRY
1홍길동	master	P@ssw0rd	19/05/08	(null)	한국
2 이길동	tester	1234qwer	19/05/08	(null)	한국



► ALTER

✓ 컬럼 삭제(DROP COLUMN)

ALTER TABLE <테이블명> DROP COLUMN <컬럼명>;

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER DROP COLUMN NO; ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER DROP COLUMN AGE;

* 컬럼 삭제 시 참조하고 있는 컬럼이 있다면 컬럼 삭제 불가능

<테이블 구조>

⊕ COLUMN_NAME			♦ NULLABLE	DATA_DEFAULT
NAME	VARCHAR2 (15	BYTE)	No	(null)
ID	VARCHAR2 (20	BYTE)	Yes	(null)
PASSWORD	VARCHAR2 (50	BYTE)	Yes	'qwer1234'
REG_DATE	DATE		No	(null)
COUNTRY	VARCHAR2 (30	BYTE)	Yes	'한국'

Y	 ID	PASSWORD	REG_DATE	COUNTRY
홍길동	master	P@ssw0rd	19/05/08	한국
이길동	tester	1234qwer	19/05/08	한국





✓ 컬럼 이름 변경(RENAME COLUMN)

ALTER TABLE <테이블명> RENAME COLUMN <기존컬럼명> TO <변경할컬럼명>;

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER RENAME COLUMN ID TO U_ID;
ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER RENAME COLUMN PASSWORD TO U_PASS;

<테이블 구조>

⊕ COLUMN_NAME	DATA_TYPE		♦ NULLABLE	DATA_DEFAULT
NAME	VARCHAR2 (15	BYTE)	No	(null)
U_ID	VARCHAR2 (20	BYTE)	Yes	(null)
U_PASS	VARCHAR2 (50	BYTE)	Yes	'qwer1234'
REG_DATE	DATE		No	(null)
COUNTRY	VARCHAR2 (30	BYTE)	Yes	'한국'

V	∯ U_ID	T	REG_DATE	T
홍길동	master	P@ssw0rd	19/05/08	한국
이길동	tester	1234qwer	19/05/08	한국

ALTER



✓ 현재 제약조건 확인

특정 테이블 내 제약조건 이름,타입 조회

SELECT * FROM USER_CONSTRAINTS
WHERE TABLE_NAME='KH_MEMBER';

<CONSTRAINT TYPE >

C: 테이블 열 확인

O :보기 개체에 대한 읽기 전용

P : Primary key Object R : Foreign key column

U : Unique key column

V :보기 개체에 대한 옵션 확인

⊕ OWNER	⊕ CONSTRAINT_NAME		↑ TABLE_NAME	SEARCH_CONDITION
KH	SYS_C007052	C	KH_MEMBER	"REG_DATE" IS NOT NULL
KH	SYS_C007054	U	KH_MEMBER	(null)
KH	SYS_C007058	C	KH_MEMBER	"NAME" IS NOT NULL

제약조건 적용 컬럼 조회

	CONSTRAINT_NAME	↑ TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	POSITION
KH	SYS_C007052	KH_MEMBER	REG_DATE	(null)
KH	SYS_C007054	KH_MEMBER	U_ID	1
KH	SYS_C007058	KH_MEMBER	NAME	(null)





✓ 제약조건 추가(ADD CONSTRAINT)

ALTER TABLE 테이블명 ADD CONSTRAINT <제약조건명> <제약조건>(컬럼명);

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER

ADD CONSTRAINT MEM_PASS_UNQ UNIQUE(U_PASS);

MEMBER

PASS

UNIQUE

SELECT * FROM USER_CONSTRAINTS WHERE TABLE_NAME='KH_MEMBER';

⊕ OWNER	CONSTRAINT_NAME		↑ TABLE_NAME	SEARCH_CONDITION
KH	SYS_C007052	C	KH_MEMBER	"REG_DATE" IS NOT NULL
KH	SYS C007054	U	KH MEMBER	(null)
KH	MEM_PASS_UNQ	U	KH_MEMBER	(null)
KH	SYS_C007058	C	KH_MEMBER	"NAME" IS NOT NULL

⊕ OWNER	⊕ CONSTRAINT_NAME	↑ TABLE_NAME		₱ POSITION
KH	SYS C007052	KH MEMBER	REG DATE	(null)
KH	MEM_PASS_UNQ	KH_MEMBER	U_PASS	1
KH	SYS_C007054	KH_MEMBER	U_ID	1
KH	SYS_C007058	KH_MEMBER	NAME	(null)





✓ 제약조건 삭제(DROP CONSTRAINT)

ALTER TABLE 테이블명 DROP CONSTRAINT <제약조건명>;

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER DROP CONSTRAINT MEM_PASS_UNQ;

SELECT * FROM USER_CONSTRAINTS WHERE TABLE_NAME='KH_MEMBER';

⊕ OWNER	⊕ CONSTRAINT_NAME	♦ CONSTRAINT_TYPE	↑ TABLE_NAME	SEARCH_CONDITION	
KH	SYS_C007052	C	KH_MEMBER	"REG_DATE" IS NOT NUI	L
KH	SYS_C007054	U	KH_MEMBER	(null)	
KH	SYS_C007058	C	KH_MEMBER	"NAME" IS NOT NULL	

⊕ OWNER	⊕ CONSTRAINT_NAME	↑ TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	
KH	SYS_C007052	KH_MEMBER	REG_DATE	(null)
KH	SYS_C007054	KH_MEMBER	U_ID	1
KH	SYS_C007058	KH_MEMBER	NAME	(null)





✓ 제약조건 이름 변경(RENAME CONSTRAINT)

ALTER TABLE <테이블명> RENAME CONSTRAINT <기존 제약조건명> TO <변경할 제약조건명>;

ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER

RENAME CONSTRAINT SYS_C007058 TO MEM_NAME_NN;

SELECT * FROM USER_CONSTRAINTS WHERE TABLE_NAME='KH_MEMBER';

♦ OWNER	⊕ CONSTRAINT_I	NAME 🕸 CO	NSTRAINT_TYPE) TAI	BLE_NAME	SEARCH.	CONDITI	ON		
KH	SYS_C0070	52 C	K	KH_	MEMBER	"REG_	DATE"	IS	NOT	NULL
KH	SYS_C0070	54 U	K	KΗ	MEMBER	(null)			
KH	MEM_NAME_	NN C	K	KH_	MEMBER	"NAME	" IS	TOM	NULI	

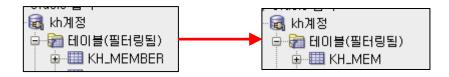
⊕ OWNER	⊕ CONSTRAINT_NAME	↑ TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	POSITION
KH	SYS_C007052	KH_MEMBER	REG_DATE	(null)
KH	SYS_C007054	KH_MEMBER	U_ID	1
KH	MEM_NAME_NN	KH_MEMBER	NAME	(null)





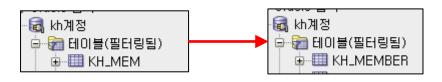
✓ 테이블 이름 변경

1. ALTER TABLE <기존 테이블명> RENAME TO <변경할 테이블명>; ALTER TABLE KH_MEMBER RENAME TO KH_MEM;



2. RENAME <기존 테이블명> TO <변경할 테이블명>

RENAME KH_MEM TO KH_MEMBER;







데이터베이스 객체를 삭제하는 구문

✓ 표현식

DROP TABLE 테이블명;

DROP TABLE KH_MEMBER;

Table KH_MEMBER이(가) 삭제되었습니다.