## **Inline Markup**

Inline markup allows words and phrases within text to have character styles (like italics and boldface) and functionality (like hyperlinks)

	emphasis
**strong emphasis**	strong emphasis
`interpreted text`	The rendering and meaning of interpreted text is domain- or application-dependent.
``inline literal``	inline literal
reference_	reference
`phrase reference`_	phrase reference
anonymous	anonymous
_`inline internal target`	inline internal target
substitution reference	The result is substituted in from the substitution definition.
footnote reference [1]_	footnote reference 1
citation reference [CIT2002]_	citation reference CIT2002
http://docutils.sf.net/	http://docutils.sf.net/

## **Escaping with Backslashes**

reStructuredText uses backslashes ("\") to override the special meaning given to markup characters and get the literal characters themselves. To get a literal backslash, use an escaped backslash ("\\"). For example:

*escape* ``with`` "\"	escape with ""
\*escape* \``with`` "\\"	*escape* ``with`` "\"

## Lists

This is item 2

3. This is the first item

numerals

what

how

4. This is the second item

7. This item is auto-enumerated

Authors:

Version:

- This is item 1. A blank line before the first and last items is required.
- This is item 2
- Item 3: blank lines between items are optional.
- Item 4: Bullets are "-", "\*" or "+" Continuing text must be aligned after the bullet and whitespace
- 3. This is the first item
- 4 This is the second item
- 5. Enumerators are arabic numbers, single letters, or roman numerals
- 6. List items should be sequentially
- numbered, but need not start at 1 (although not all formatters will honour the first index].
- #. This item is auto-enumerated
- Definition lists associate a term with

# a definition

The term is a one-line phrase, and the definition is one or more paragraphs or bodu elements, indented relative to the term Blank lines are not allowed between term and definition

: Authors: Tony J. [Tibs] Ibbs, David Goodger

[and sundru other good-natured folks]

:Version: 1.0 of 2001/08/08 :Dedication: To mu father.

arguments

command-line option "a" -h file options can have arguments and long descriptions --long options can be long also --input=file long options can also have

-b file

--long DOS/VMS-stule options too

--input=file

Dedication: To my father. command-line option "a" options can have arguments and long descriptions

. This is item 1. A blank line before the first and last items is

• Item 4: Bullets are "-", "\*" or "+". Continuing text must be

5. Enumerators are arabic numbers, single letters, or roman

6. List items should be sequentially numbered, but need not start

The term is a one-line phrase, and the definition is one or more

Goodger

1.0 of 2001/08/08

folks)

paragraphs or body elements, indented relative to the term.

Blank lines are not allowed between term and definition

at 1 (although not all formatters will honour the first index).

• Item 3: blank lines between items are optional.

Definition lists associate a term with a definition.

aligned after the bullet and whitespace.

options can be long also long options can also have arguments DOS/VMS-style options

Tony J. (Tibs) Ibbs, David

(and sundry other good-natured

/v **Section Structure**  Title ----

> Titles are underlined (or over- and underlined) with a nonalphanumeric character at least as long as the

A lone top-level section is lifted up to be the document's title

#### Title

Titles are underlined (or over- and underlined) with a nonalphanumeric character at least as long as the text.

A lone top-level section is lifted up to be the document's title

## **Blocks**

This is a paragraph

Paragraphs line up at their left edges, and are normally separated by blank lines

A paragraph containing only two colons indicates the following indented or quoted text is a literal block or quoted text is a literal block.

Whitespace, newlines, blank lines, and all kinds of markup (like \*this\* or \this) is preserved here.

You can also tack the ``::`` at the end of a paragraph::

It's very convenient to use this form.

Per-line quoting can also be used for unindented blocks::

> Useful for quotes from email and > for Haskell literate programming

I Line blocks are useful for addresses. | verse, and adornment-free lists. | Each new line begins with a

| vertical bar ["|"]. Line breaks and initial indents are preserved. | Continuation lines are wrapped portions of long lines; they begin with spaces in place of vertical bars

Block quotes are just:

Indented paragraphs

and they may nest.

Doctest blocks are interactive Python sessions. They begin with `>>>`" and end with a blank line

>>> print "This is a doctest block." This is a doctest block.

A transition marker is a horizontal line of 4 or more repeated punctuation characters.

A transition should not begin or end a section or document, nor should two transitions be immediately adjacent.

(i) Based on quickref.txt from docutils

This is a paragraph.

Paragraphs line up at their left edges, and are normally separated by blank lines.

A paragraph containing only two colons indicates that the following indented or quoted text is a literal block. Whitespace, newlines, blank lines, and all kinds of markup [like \*this\* or \this] is preserved by literal blocks.

You can also tack the :: at the end of a paragraph: It's very convenient to use this form.

Per-line quoting can also be used for unindented blocks:

- > Useful for quotes from email and
- > for Haskell literate programming.

Line blocks are useful for addresses, verse, and adornment-free lists.

Each new line begins with a vertical bar ("|").

Line breaks and initial indents are preserved.

Continuation lines are wrapped portions of long lines; they begin with spaces in place of vertical bars.

Block quotes are just: Indented paragraphs,

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Doctest blocks are interactive Python sessions. They begin with ">>>" and end with a blank line

>>> print "This is a doctest block." This is a doctest block

A transition marker is a horizontal line of 4 or more repeated punctuation characters.

(5) Share Alike

A transition should not begin or end a section or document, nor should two transitions be immediately adjacent.

## **Tables**

There are two syntaxes for tables in reStructuredText. Grid tables are complete but cumbersome to create. Simple tables are easy to create but limited (no row spans, etc.).

+				+ -			+-				+
LΗ	leade	r 1		ı	Header	2	1	Не	ader	3	1
+==			===	+=			+=	==			+
	_				column						
•											
	_				Cells	-	•				
•											
l b	ody	row	3	l	Cells	may	1	-	Cells	3	1
+				+	span r	ows.	1	-	conta	ain	1
l h	ndu	row	4	ı			1	_	h1ncl	<i>.</i> c	1

Header 1	Header 2	Header 3	
body row 1	column 2	column 3	
body row 2	Cells may span columns.		
body row 3	Cells may span rows.	Cells	
body row 4		contain	
		<ul> <li>blocks.</li> </ul>	

Inp	uts	Output	
Α	В	A or B	
False	False	False	
True	False	True	
False	True	True	
True	True	True	

Ir	Output	
A	В	A or B
False	False	False
True	False	True
False	True	True
True	True	True

## **Explicit Markup**

Explicit markup blocks are used for constructs which float (footnotes), have no direct paper-document representation (hyperlink targets, comments), or require specialized processing (directives). They all begin with two periods and whitespace, the "explicit markup start".

Footnote references, like [5]\_. Note that footnotes may get rearranged, e.g., to the bottom of the "page"

Footnote references, like <sup>5</sup>. Note that footnotes may get rearranged, e.g., to the bottom of the "page".

.. [5] A numerical footnote. Note there's no colon after the ``l`

Autonumbered footnotes are Autonumbered footnotes are possible, like using <sup>1</sup> and <sup>2</sup>. possible, like using [#]\_ and [#]\_

- .. [#] This is the first one.
- .. [#] This is the second one.

They may be assigned 'autonumber labels' - for instance. [#fourth]\_ and [#third]\_.

- .. [#third] a.k.a. third\_
- .. [#fourth] a.k.a. fourth\_ Auto-symbol footnotes are also possible, like this: [\*]\_ and [\*]\_.

Auto-symbol footnotes are also possible, like this: \* and †

.. [\*] This is the first one. .. [\*] This is the second one

Citation references, like [CIT2002]\_. Note that citations may get rearranged, e.g., to the bottom of the "page"

.. [CIT2002] A citation [as often used in journals]

Citation labels contain alphanumerics. underlines, hyphens and fullstops Case is not significant.

Given a citation like [this]\_, one can also refer to it like this\_.

.. [this] here.

External hyperlinks, like Python\_.

.. \_Python: http://www.python.org/

External hyperlinks, like `Python <http://www.python.org/>`\_.

They may be assigned 'autonumber labels' - for instance, 4 and 3

Citation references, like CIT2002. Note that citations may get rearranged, e.g., to the bottom of the "page". Citation labels contain alphanumerics, underlines, hyphens and fullstops. Case is not significant. Given a citation like this, one can also refer to it like this.

External hyperlinks, like Python.

External hyperlinks, like Python.

Internal crossreferences, like example\_ Internal crossreferences, like example This is an example crossreference target. .. \_example:

This is an example crossreference target

Python\_ is `my favourite programming language`\_\_.

Python is my favourite programming language.

.. \_Python: http://www.python.org/

\_\_ Python\_

Titles are targets, too \_\_\_\_\_

Titles are targets, too

Implict references, like Titles are targets, too.

Directives are a general-purpose extension mechanism, a way of adding support for new constructs without adding new syntax. For a description of all standard directives, see reStructuredText Directives (http://is.gd/2Ecqh)

.. image:: magnetic-balls.jpg :width: 40pt

For instance:

Substitutions are like inline directives, allowing graphics and arbitrary constructs within text.

The |biohazard| symbol must be used on containers used to dispose of medical waste.

Implict references, like `Titles are targets, too`\_.

The \*symbol must be used on containers used to dispose of medical wasta

.. |biohazard| image:: biohazard.png :align: middle :width: 12

Any text which begins with an explicit markup start but doesn't use the syntax of any of the constructs above, is a comment.

This text will not be shown (but, for instance, in HTML might be rendered as an HTML comment]

An "empty comment" does not consume following blocks. (An empty comment is ".." with blank lines before and after.]

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So this block is not "lost", despite its indentation.

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## **Credits**

CP Font from LiquiType: Magnetic Balls V2 image by fdecomite: Sponsored by Net Managers

Typeset using rst2pdf

http://www.liquitype.com/workshop/type\_design/cp-mono http://www.flickr.com/photos/fdecomite/2926556794/

http://www.netmanagers.com.ar http://rst2pdf.googlecode.com

A numerical footnote. Note there's no colon after the 1.

5 This is the first one.

This is the second one. 2

aka third 3 a.k.a. fourth

This is the first one. This is the second one.

(i) Based on quickref.txt from docutils

CIT2002(1, 2) A citation (as often used in journals).

here

(\$) Non-Commercial

