
How-To Create an Ellipsoid Image Using `itkEllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction`

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Abstract

This example demonstrates how to create a geometrical shape within an `itkImage` using Spatial Functions. Specifically, this example will create an `itkImage` consisting of an ellipsoid using the `itkEllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction` found in the `Insight functions` module.

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1 Example Description

First, an *itkImage* (dimension of 3, size of 50x50x50, spacing of (1, 1, 1), and origin (0,0,0)) is created and completely filled with pixels of intensity value 128. Then, *itkFloodFilledSpatialFunctionConditionalIterator* is used to iterate through the image and set pixels to 256 if *itkEllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction* returns 1, meaning that it is within the interior of the ellipsoid. The ellipsoid is defined by its axes lengths (from edge-to-edge of the ellipsoid) as well as the orientations of these axes. This example is restricted to 3D to allow for the visualization of the resulting

image, which is done via a *VTK* image. The volume of the ellipsoid is measured by counting the number of interior pixels of the ellipsoid. This measure can be used to verify the resulting ellipsoid by comparing it against the calculated volume (percent difference) of the ellipsoid given by:

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)\left(\frac{c}{2}\right), \quad (1)$$

where *a*, *b*, and *c* are the lengths of the ellipsoid axes.

The ellipsoid is also validated by checking that the center of the ellipsoid has been labeled as an interior pixel (a function value of 1) by evaluating the spatial function at the origin of the ellipsoid.

NOTE: Orientation vectors must be orthogonal to each other!

2 What is Needed to Run This Example?

Build and run `itkEllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunctionExample.cxx` from the workspace generated from CMake. The resulting VTK image file is stored as:

”Insight/Examples/EllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction/ellipsoid.vtk”

Default settings should result in an image of an ellipsoid with its axis of length 40 oriented along the (0,1,0) direction, axis of length 30 oriented along the (1,0,0) direction, and axis of length 20 oriented along the (0,0,1) direction. The origin of the ellipsoid is sampled and evaluated by the spatial function and returns *function value*, which is 1 since the origin of the ellipsoid is within the ellipsoid.

Results of the example (with defaults):

calculated ellipsoid volume	12566.4 pixels
measured ellipsoid volume	12428 pixels
volume error	1.10907 %
function value	1

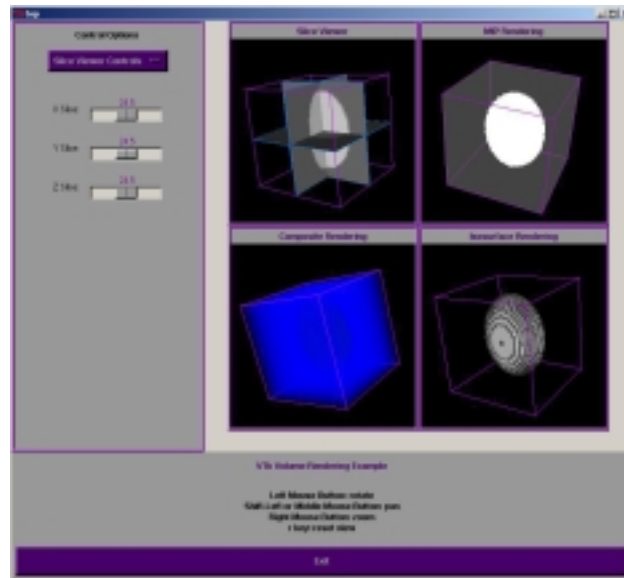


Figure 1: Resulting Image Containing an Ellipsoid From This Example*

*See ”Insight/Examples/EllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction/ellipsoid.jpg” for snapshot of resulting image.

3 Insight Classes Used

These are the Insight classes used for this example with a brief description. They appear in order of first use:

- `itkImage.h`: generates a physical image.
- `itkImageRegionIterator.h`: iterates through the pixels in the physical image and sets them to 128.
- `itkEllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction.h`: evaluates pixels in the image and determines whether they are within the ellipsoid or not.
- `itkFloodFilledSpatialFunctionConditionalIterator.h`: iterates the image and sets them to 256 if they are within the ellipsoid.

4 Possible Uses Of Ellipsoids

The ellipsoid images created by `EllipsoidInteriorExteriorSpatialFunction` are useful for testing imaging algorithms, pixel sampling routines, establishing geometric domains of influence, etc.

5 Non-ITK Requirements

A VTK image viewer is needed to visualize the output file `ellipsoid.vtk`.

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