# **RAPL**

Libmsr Version 0.1.15

Before you use RAPL, be sure to call the rapl\_init function. See 'general libmsr use' for more details.

Be sure to check out the changelog.txt to see an overview of the latest changes. Significant changes happened to RAPL recently.

## **Setting a Power Bound**

- 1. Create a rapl\_limit struct
- 2. Set the limits in that struct
- 3. Call the function to set the limit on the socket and domain you desire, pass in your limit struct

```
Setting RAPL Limits
struct rapl_limit limit1, limit2, dramlimit, pp0limit, pp1limit;
unsigned socket = 0;
limit1.watts = 95;
limit1.seconds = 1;
limit1.bits = 0; // Leave this as zero, its explanation is beyond the scope of this article
limit2.watts = 120;
limit2.seconds = 3;
limit2.bits = 0; // Leave this as zero, its explanation is beyond the scope of this article
set_pkg_rapl_limit(socket, &limit1, NULL); // Set only the lower PKG limit on socket 0
set_pkg_rapl_limit(socket, NULL, &limit1);
                                            // Set only the upper PKG limit on socket 0
set_pkg_rapl_limit(socket, &limit1, &limit2); // Set both PKG limits on socket 0
dramlimit.watts = 50;
dramlimit.seconds = 1;
dramlimit.bits = 0; // Leave this as zero, its explanation is beyond the scope of this article
set_dram_rapl_limit(socket, &dramlimit); // Set the DRAM limit for socket 0
pp0limit.watts = 100;
pp0limit.seconds = 5;
pp0limit.bits = 0; // Leave this as zero, its explanation is beyond the scope of this article
ppllimit.watts = 80;
ppllimit.seconds = 10;
ppllimit.bits = 0; // Leave this as zero, its explanation is beyond the scope of this article
set_pp_rapl_limit(socket, &pp0limit, &pp1limit); // Set the power planes limits for socket 0
```

#### Reading a Power Bound

This works the same as setting the power bound, but you call the respective 'get' function.

```
Getting RAPL Limits
struct rapl_limit limit1, limit2, dramlimit, pp0limit, pp1limit;
unsigned socket = 1;
get_pkg_rapl_limit(socket, &limit1, &limit2); // Get both power limits for socket 1
get_dram_rapl_limit(socket, &dramlimit); // Get DRAM limit for socket 1
get_pp_rapl_limit(socket, &pp0limit, &pp1limit); // Get the power plane limits for socket 1
```

### **Reading Used Power**

Note: The read\_rapl\_data function is no longer used for this. Now we use poll\_rapl\_data, which must be called twice on a socket to calculate watts/deltas.

```
Reading Used Power
poll_rapl_data(); // Update the rapl data. Watts/deltas are relative to the last time this
function was called
dump_rapl_data(stdout); // Display everything in datail.
// Since poll_rapl_data has only been called once, these should all be 0

poll_rapl_data(); // This will calculate Watts/deltas relative to the last poll_rapl_data call
dump_rapl_data(stdout); // Display everything in data1. This time, there should be values for
watts
```

## The rapl\_data Struct

This struct contains tons of data.

```
struct rapl_data
// See the msr_rapl.h file for more details. This struct is currently undergoing revisions.
```

There is a centralized rapl\_data struct used by RAPL. You can access it by using the rapl\_storage function.

```
rapl_storage
struct rapl_data * rapl = NULL;
rapl_storage(&rapl, NULL);
```

#### Related articles

- General LIBMSR Use
- Performance Counters
- The Batch Interface
- RAPL