```
In 1 1 > import ...

Executed at 2024.05.16 19:45:23 in 1s 151ms

In 7 1 # 绘sin cos tan

x = np.linspace(-np.pi, np.pi, 100)

y1, y2, y3 = np.cos(x), np.sin(x), np.tan(x)

plt.title("sin cos tan")

plt.plot(x, y1, label="y1 = cos(x)", color="red")

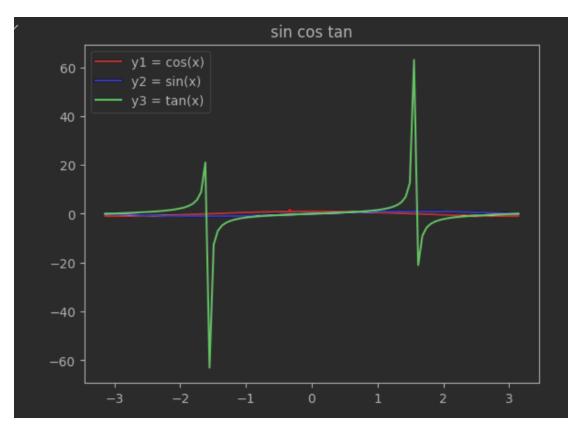
pet.plot(x, y2, label="y2 = sin(x)", color="blue")

plt.plot(x, y3, label="y3 = tan(x)", color="green")

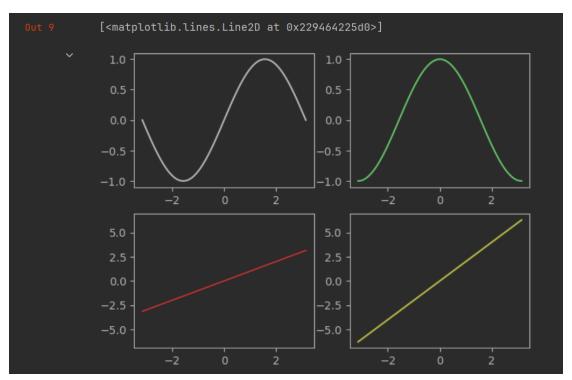
plt.legend(loc="upper left")

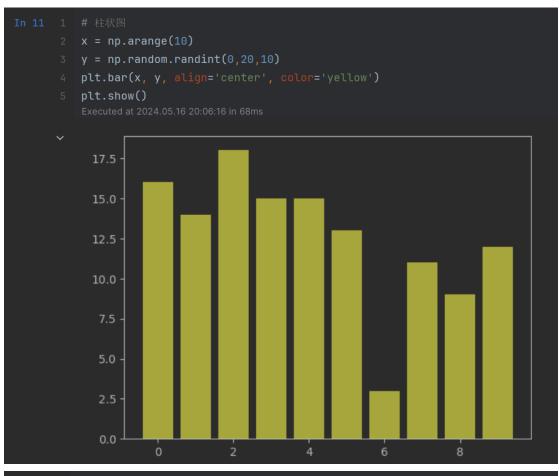
plt.show()

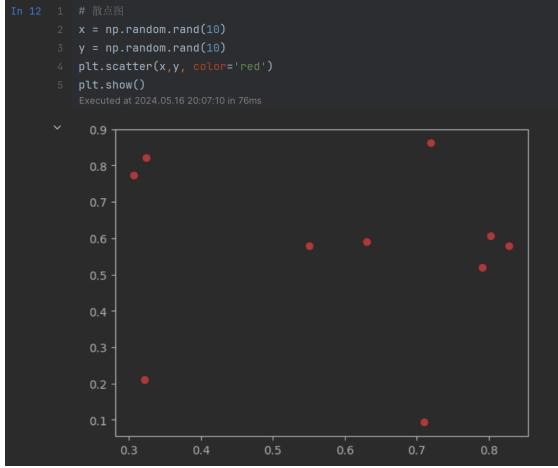
Executed at 2024.05.16 20:01:32 in 91ms
```



```
In 9 1 # 使用子图
2 ax1 = plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
3 plt.plot(x,np.sin(x), 'k')
4
5 ax2 = plt.subplot(2, 2, 2, sharey=ax1) # 与 ax1 共享y轴
6 plt.plot(x, np.cos(x), 'g')
7
8 ax3 = plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
9 plt.plot(x,x, 'r')
10
11 ax4 = plt.subplot(2, 2, 4, sharey=ax3) # 与 ax3 共享y轴
12 plt.plot(x, 2*x, 'y')
13
14
Executed at 2024.05.16 20:05:51 in 197ms
```







```
1 # 绘制箱型图
2 np.random.seed(100)#生成随机数
3 data=np.random.normal(size=1000,loc=0,scale=1)
4 # sym: 异常值的形状; whis: 用于调节上下垂直线的长度
5 plt.boxplot(data,sym='o',whis=1.5)
6 plt.show()
7 # 多个箱型图
9 np.random.seed(100)#生成随机数
10 data=np.random.normal(size=(1000,4),loc=0,scale=1) #1000个值得4维数组
11 lables = ['A','B','C','D']
12 plt.boxplot(data,labels=lables)
13 plt.show()
Executed at 2024.05.16 20:15:00 in 107ms
```

