SIEMENS



BACnet PTEC Controller

Unit Conditioner - Fan Coil Unit Two-Stage Cooling and Electric Heat, Application 6646

Application Note

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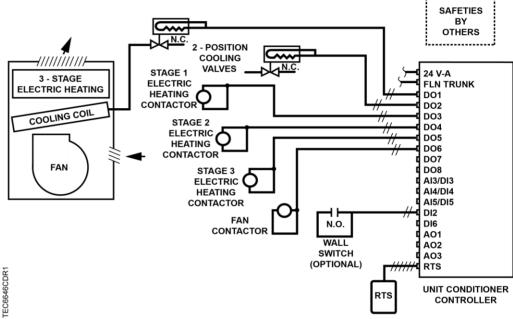
Overview



NOTE:

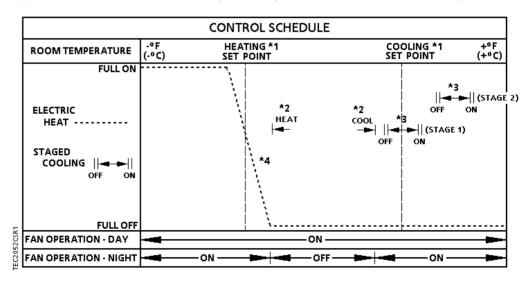
For information on applications with Firmware Revision B*x*40 or earlier, see InfoLink and/or Asset Portal for documentation.

In Application 6646, the controller energizes a maximum of two stages of cooling and a maximum of three stages of electric heat in the fan coil unit. The fan coil unit also has a fan to circulate room air.



Room unit can also provide monitoring for humidity and/or CO2

Application 6646 Fan Unit Two-Stage Cooling and Electric Heat Control Diagram.



Application 6646 Control Schedule.

BACnet

The controller communicates using BACnet MS/TP protocol for open communications on BACnet MS/TP networks.

| Product | Supported BIBBs | BIBB Name |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| BTEC/PTEC | DS-RP-B B | Data Sharing-Read Property-B |
| | DS-RPM-B | Data Sharing-Read Property Multiple-B |
| | DS-WP-B | Data Sharing-Write Property-B |
| | DM-DDB-B | Device Management-Dynamic Device Binding-B |
| | DM-DOB-B | Device Management-Dynamic Object Binding-B |
| | DM-DCC-B | Device Management-Device Communication Control-B |
| | DM-RD-B | Device Management-Reinitialize Device-B |
| | DM-BR-B | Device Management-Backup and Restore-B |
| | DM-OCD-B | Device Management-Object Creation and Deletion-B |

Hardware Inputs

Analog

- Supply temperature sensor
- Room temperature sensor
- Room temperature setpoint dial (optional)
- Spare analog voltage/current sensor

Digital

- Night mode override (optional)
- Wall switch (optional)
- Spare digital



NOTE:

Digital Room Units (Firmware Revision 26 and later) will update their controlled inputs without putting them Out Of Service. However, a command from an external source through the digital room unit will put the associated BACnet Input point Out Of Service.

Room Unit Identification

- For Analog Room Units The revision number is visually identified by its case.
- For Digital Room Units (Firmware Revision 25 or earlier) The revision number displays for 5 seconds when the room unit is first powered up. These room units will display laptop when a laptop is connected and will no longer update room temperature sensor values.
- For Digital Room Units (Firmware Revision 26 and later) The revision number displays for 5 seconds when the room unit is first powered up or when a laptop is disconnected. These room units will continue to display and update the room temperature sensor values when a laptop is connected.

Hardware Outputs

Analog

Spare AO 1, AO 2, and AO 3 (0-10V)

Digital

- Spare digital
- Stage 1 cooling (2-position valve actuator or cooling compressor)
- Stage 2 cooling (2-position valve actuator or cooling compressor)
- Heating stages (1 to 3)

Ordering Notes

550-496PA Siemens BACnet PTEC Unit Conditioner Controller

Sequence of Operation

The following paragraphs present the sequence of operation for the Siemens BACnet PTEC Unit Conditioner Controller.

Control Temperature Setpoints

This application has a number of different room temperature setpoints (DAY HTG STPT, NGT CLG STPT, RM STPT DIAL, etc.). The application actually controls using the CTL STPT. CTL STPT is set to different values depending on its override status, the time of day, whether or not a temperature deadband (zero energy band) has been configured, and the type of RTS used.

CTL STPT is Overridden:

If CTL STPT is overridden, that value is used regardless of any other settings. This disables the setpoint deadband feature.

CTL STPT in Night Mode:

The controller is in Night Mode if DAY.NGT = NGT and NGT OVRD = NGT.

When the controller is in night mode, CTL STPT holds the value of NGT CLG STPT or NGT HTG STPT depending on the value of HEAT.COOL. When the controller is in night mode, the value of RM STPT DIAL is ignored.

CTL STPT in Day Mode:

The controller is in Day Mode if DAY.NGT = DAY or NGT OVRD = DAY.

Without setpoint dial:

When the controller is in day mode and STPT DIAL = NO, CTL STPT holds the value of DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT depending on the value of HEAT.COOL.

With setpoint dial:

When the controller is in day mode and STPT DIAL = YES, CTL STPT holds a value based on RM STPT DIAL depending on your room unit model/revision.

The following sections describe the value of CTL STPT based on room unit type and configuration:

- CTL STPT using Standard/Absolute Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later)
- CTL STPT using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later)
- CTL STPT using Standard/Absolute Mode (Analog or Digital Room Unit)
- CTL STPT using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Analog Room Unit Only)



NOTE:

If RM STPT DIAL is failed, it maintains the last known value.

CTL STPT Using Standard/Absolute Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later)

Digital Room Unit (2200/2300 Series Firmware Revision 26 and later)

For all new digital room units, the value displayed and reported by the room unit is linked to the current heat/cool mode. When the mode changes, the value is automatically updated based on the new heat/cool mode.

When STPT SPAN is set to 0, the room setpoint adjustment on the digital room unit will function in a standard mode. The range of the adjustment will be based on RM STPT MIN and RM STPT MAX.

CTL STPT is set equal to RM STPT DIAL. The values for RM STPT MIN and RM STPT MAX will be applied to limit RM STPT DIAL before it is copied into CTL STPT.

CTL STPT Using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later)

Digital Room Unit (2200/2300 Series Firmware Revision 26 and later)



NOTE:

The warmer-cooler function is only available with BACnet PTEC controllers (standard 66xx apps).

When STPT SPAN is set to a value > 0, the room setpoint adjustment on the digital room unit will function in a warmer/cooler mode. The range of the adjustment will be calculated based on the current DAY CLG STPT or DAY HGT STPT and the STPT SPAN value. This will allow the Room Setpoint Dial to be incremented up or down from these setpoints by STPT SPAN.

CTL STPT is set equal to RM STPT DIAL. The values for RM STPT MIN and RM STPT MAX will be applied to limit RM STPT DIAL before it is copied into CTL STPT.

When SPTP SPAN > 0, the minimum and maximum values for RM STPT DIAL are calculated as follows:

- Minimum lowest adjusted setpoint value is equal to DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT - STPT SPAN
- Maximum highest adjusted setpoint value is equal to DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT + STPT SPAN

Example in Cooling Mode

If the STPT SPAN is set to 2.0 degrees, and the DAY CLG STPT is 76°F, you can step up or down the room unit to adjust the RM STPT DIAL from 74°F to 78°F.

CTL STPT Using Standard/Absolute Mode (Analog or Digital Room Unit)

Analog (Series 1000) or Digital Room Units (Firmware Revision 25 or earlier)



NOTE:

2200/2300 digital room units with Firmware Revision 25 or earlier are only compatible with standard room unit functionality (no warmer/cooler).

When STPT SPAN is set to 0, CLT STPT is set based on the value of the setpoint dial and the setpoint deadband.

The setpoint deadband exists to allow the controller to provide a separation of the heating and cooling temperature setpoints when a setpoint dial is enabled.

The setpoint deadband is the difference between the cooling and heating day setpoints (DAY CLG STPT DAY – HTG STPT). The setpoint deadband can be disabled by setting DAY HTG STPT equal to DAY CLG STPT. When DAY HTG STPT does not equal DAY CLG STPT, a setpoint deadband (or zero energy band) is used.

The following values are used in the calculation of CTL STPT:

- Deadband is the value of the difference between DAY CLG STPT and DAY HTG STPT and is used to establish the current heating and cooling setpoints.
- Deadband = (DAY CLG STPT DAY HTG STPT)

CTL STPT is calculated as follows:

With Deadband disabled:

CTL STPT = RM STPT DIAL

With Deadband enabled in Heat Mode:

CTL STPT = RM STPT DIAL - 0.5 * Deadband

With Deadband enabled in Cool Mode:

CTL STPT = RM STPT DIAL + 0.5 * Deadband

CTL STPT is limited between the value of RM STPT MIN and RM STPT MAX

CTL STPT Using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Analog Room Unit Only)

Analog Room Unit (Series 1000)



NOTE:

The warmer-cooler function for analog room units (Series 1000) use the warmer/cooler scale of units with a warmer/cooler housing.

When SPTP SPAN > 0, the minimum and maximum values for RM STPT DIAL are calculated as follows:

- Minimum lowest adjusted setpoint value is equal to DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT - STPT SPAN
- Maximum highest adjusted setpoint value is equal to DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT + STPT SPAN

The full range of the analog room unit slider will be mapped to a range of minimum setpoint value to maximum setpoint value.

CTL STPT is set equal to RM STPT DIAL. The values for RM STPT MIN and RM STPT MAX will be applied to limit RM STPT DIAL before it is copied into CTL STPT.

Example in Cooling Mode

If the STPT SPAN is set to 2.0 degrees, and the DAY CLG STPT is 76°F, the room unit slider will adjust the cooling setpoint from 74°F to 78°F.

Heating/Cooling Switchover

If the following conditions are met for the length of time set in SWITCH TIME, the controller switches from heating to cooling mode by setting HEAT.COOL to COOL.

- HTG LOOPOUT < SWITCH LIMIT
- CTL TEMP > CTL STPT by at least the value set in SWITCH DBAND
- CTL TEMP > the appropriate cooling setpoint minus SWITCH DBAND

If the following conditions are met for the length of time set in SWITCH TIME, the controller switches from cooling to heating mode by setting HEAT.COOL to HEAT.

- CLG LOOPOUT < SWITCH LIMIT
- CTL TEMP < CTL STPT by at least the value set in SWITCH DBAND
- CTL TEMP < the appropriate heating setpoint minus SWITCH DBAND

When the STPT DIAL = NO, the heating/cooling switchover values are determined by DAY HTG STPT and DAY CLG STPT.

When the STPT DIAL = YES, the following sections describe the values used for the heating/cooling switchover points based on room unit type and configuration.

See the appropriate sections:

- Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Standard/Absolute Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later) [→ 11]
- Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later) [→ 12]
- Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Standard/Absolute Mode (Analog Room Unit)
 [→ 12]
- Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Analog Room Unit)
 [→ 13]

Heating/Cooling Switchover using Standard/Absolute Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later)

Recommended Configuration: Digital Room Units (2200/2300 Series Firmware Revision 26 and later)

For new digital room units, the graphic or actual value displayed and reported by the room unit is linked to the current heat/cool mode. When the mode changes, the value is automatically updated based on the new heat/cool mode.

- When the controller is in cooling mode, the heating switchover setpoint is as follows:
 - Heating switchover point is equal to RM STPT DIAL DAY CLG STPT + DAY HTG STPT
- When the controller is in heating mode, the cooling switchover setpoint is as follows:
 - Cooling switchover point is equal to RM STPT DIAL DAY HTG STPT + DAY CLG STPT

Example

DAY CLG STPT = 74 and DAY HTG STPT = 70

In cooling mode, when the user adjusts the setpoint value on the room unit to 76, the heating switchover point will equal 72 - SWITCH DBAND.

Heating switchover point: 76 – 74 + 70 = 72 - SWITCH DBAND

When the room temperature drops below heating switchover point and the switchover conditions are met, the controller switches to heating mode, the new value for the setpoint displays and RM STPT DIAL is 72 degrees.

Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Digital Room Unit, Revision 26 and later)

Digital Room Unit (2200/2300 Series Firmware Revision 26 and later)

For new digital room units, the graphic or actual value displayed and reported by the room unit is linked to the current heat/cool mode. When the mode changes, the value is automatically updated based on the new heat/cool mode.

The RM STPT DIAL will display the current temperature setpoint based on a plus or minus position or increment entered by the user at the room unit.

When SPTP SPAN > 0, the minimum and maximum values for RM STPT DIAL are calculated as follows:

- Minimum lowest adjusted setpoint value is equal to DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT - STPT SPAN
- Maximum highest adjusted setpoint value is equal to DAY CLG STPT or DAY HTG STPT + STPT SPAN

The heat/cool switchover mechanism is the same as in standard/absolute mode.

- When the controller is cooling mode, the heating switchover setpoint is as follows: Heating switchover point is equal to RM STPT DIAL – DAY CLG STPT + DAY HTG STPT
- When the controller is heating mode, the cooling switchover setpoint is as follows:
 Cooling switchover point is equal to RM STPT DIAL DAY HTG STPT + DAY CLG STPT

Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Standard/Absolute Mode (Analog Room Unit)

Analog (Series 1000) or Digital Room Units (Firmware Revision 25 or earlier)

The difference between day heating and day cooling setpoint establishes the separation for heat/cool switchover points (deadband = DAY CLG STPT – DAY HTG STPT).

- When the controller is in cooling mode, the heating switchover setpoint is as follows:
 - Heating switchover point is equal to RM STPT DIAL 0.5 * the deadband
- When the controller is in heating mode, the cooling switchover setpoint is as follows:
 - Cooling switchover point is equal to RM STPT DIAL + 0.5 * the deadband

Heating/Cooling Switchover Using Warmer/Cooler Mode (Analog Room Unit)

Analog Room Unit (Series 1000)

The RM STPT DIAL will display the current temperature setpoint based on a plus or minus position or increment entered by the user at the room unit.

The amount of offset that can be entered with the analog room unit is limited to a value of minus STPT SPAN to plus STPT SPAN.

- When the controller is in cooling mode, the heating switchover setpoint is as follows:
 - Heating switchover point is equal to DAY CLG STPT, plus the amount of offset entered
- When the controller is in heating mode, the cooling switchover setpoint is as follows:
 - Cooling switchover point is equal to DAY HTG STPT, plus the amount of offset entered

Room Temperature, Room Temperature Offset and CTL TEMP

ROOM TEMP is the temperature that is being sensed by the room temperature sensor (RTS).

RMTMP OFFSET (or TEMP OFFSET) is a user-adjustable offset that will compensate for deviations between the value of ROOM TEMP and the actual room temperature.

CTL TEMP is the room temperature that is used for control purposes. In other words, what the application is trying to do is to maintain CTL TEMP at the control setpoint.

When CTL TEMP is not overridden, CTL TEMP and ROOM TEMP are related by the following equation:

CTL TEMP = ROOM TEMP + RMTMP OFFSET (or TEMP OFFSET)

If CTL TEMP is not overridden, then:

- The current value of ROOM TEMP (normal or overridden) is used to determine the value of CTL TEMP.
- If ROOM TEMP has a status of Failed, then last known good value of ROOM TEMP is used to determine the value of CTL TEMP.

Day and Night Modes

The day/night status of the space is determined by the status of DAY.NGT. The control of this point differs depending on whether the controller is monitoring the status of a wall switch or if the controller is connected to a field panel.

When a wall switch is physically connected to the termination strip on the controller DI 2 (see the *Control Diagram* in the *Overview* section), and WALL SWITCH = YES, the controller monitors the status of DI 2.) When the status of DI 2 is ON (the switch is closed), then DAY.NGT is set to DAY indicating that the controller is in day mode. When the status of DI 2 is OFF (the switch is open), then DAY.NGT is set to NIGHT indicating that the controller is in night mode.

When WALL SWITCH = NO, the controller does not monitor the status of the wall switch, even if one is connected to it. In this case, if the controller is operating standalone, then the controller stays in day mode all the time. If the controller is operating with centralized control (that is, it is connected to a field panel), then the field panel can send an operator or PPCL command to override the status of DAY.NGT. See *Powers Process Control Language (PPCL) User's Manual* (125-1896) and *Field Panel User's Manual* (125-3019) or *BACnet Field Panel User's Manual* (125-3020) for more information.

Night Mode Override Switch

If an override switch is present on the room temperature sensor and a value (in hours) other than zero has been entered into OVRD TIME, pressing the override switch will reset the controller to DAY operational mode for the time period that is set in OVRD TIME. The status of NGT OVRD changes to DAY. After the override time elapses, the controller returns to night mode and the status of NGT OVRD changes back to NIGHT.

The override switch on the room sensor will only affect the controller when it is in night mode.

Control Loops

The Siemens BACnet PTEC Unit Conditioner Controller is controlled by two Proportional, Integral, and Derivative (PID) temperature loops.

The two temperature loops are a cooling loop and a heating loop. The active temperature loop maintains room temperature at the value in CTL STPT. See Control Temperature Setpoints.

Cooling Operation

In cooling mode, the controller uses CTL STPT and CTL TEMP as inputs for the cooling loop.

The cooling loop controls up to two stages of cooling as defined by the value of CLG STG CNT.

The staged cooling operates as follows:

- CLG STG 1 will turn ON when CLG LOOPOUT > CLG 1 ON, provided that CLG STG 1 has been OFF for at least the time set in CLG MIN OFF.
- CLG STG 2 will turn ON when CLG LOOPOUT > CLG 2 ON, provided that CLG STG 2 has been OFF for at least the time set in CLG MIN OFF.
- CLG STG 2 will turn OFF, when CLG LOOPOUT < CLG 2 OFF, provided that CLG STG 2 has been ON for at least the time set in CLG MIN ON.
- CLG STG 1 will turn OFF, when CLG LOOPOUT < CLG 1 OFF, provided that CLG STG 1 has been ON for at least the time set in CLG MIN ON.
- HTG LOOPOUT = 0%.

When in heating mode, both stages of cooling are OFF.

Heating Operation

In heating mode, the controller uses CTL STPT and CTL TEMP as inputs for the heating loop.

The output of the heating loop, HTG LOOPOUT, modulates the electric reheat in order to warm up the space. CLG LOOPOUT is set to 0%.

When in cooling mode, all stages of heating are OFF.

Staged Heating Coil



CAUTION

Verify that the equipment is supplied with safeties by others.

Ensure that there is airflow across the heating coils when they are to be energized.

The heating loop controls up to three stages of electric reheat to warm up the room. The electric reheat is time modulated using a duty cycle as shown in the following example. When the controller is in cooling mode, the electric heat is OFF at all times.

Example

If the duty cycle is 10 minutes (HTG STG TIME = 10 minutes) and the heating loop is calling for 60% of heating (HTG LOOPOUT = 60%) for every 10-minute period, the stages of electric auxiliary heat cycle are as follows:

| | Stage 1: minutes ON OFF | Stage 2: minutes ON OFF | Stage 3: minutes ON OFF | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| With 1 stage of electric heat: | 6 4 | | | |
| With 2 stages of electric heat: | 10 0 | 2 8 | | |
| With 3 stages of electric heat: | 10 0 | 8 2 | 0 10 | |

Fan Operation



NOTE:

If this application is controlling a damper instead of a cooling valve, the fan operation is not applicable because there is no fan.

Day Mode – The fan may be set to stay ON at all times or to cycle to save energy. If CYCLE FAN = NO, the fan will be ON during the day. If CYCLE FAN = YES, the fan will cycle according to the following conditions:

- 1. If the first heating stage, the first cooling stage, or the second cooling stage is ON, the fan will turn ON.
- 2. If the first heating stage is OFF and has been OFF for a complete duty cycle, HTG STG TIME, and the first and second cooling stages are OFF and have been OFF for the minimum off time, the fan will turn OFF.
- 3. If neither of the above two conditions is met, the condition of the fan remains unchanged.

Night Mode – The fan cycles using the same three conditions described in the day mode section above, regardless of the setting of CYCLE FAN. If NGT OVRD = DAY (indicating that the night mode override button has been pressed), the fan is controlled as in day mode.

Calibration

The controller regularly calibrates the valve(s) based on the value of CAL TIMER. A value of 12 indicates that the controller will calibrate the valve(s) once every 12 hours.

The calibration consists of driving the valve(s) closed, and then resetting the value of VLV 1 POS to 0. If a second valve is used, VLV 2 POS is also set to 0. The actuators are then released to normal control.

Floating Control Actuation Auto-correct

In addition to the existing options for floating control actuator full stroke actions, all floating control actuators are provided with additional logic to fully drive open or closed when commanded to 100% or 0%.

Room Unit Operation

Sensor Select

SENSOR SEL is a configurable, enumerated point (values are additive). This point tells the controller what type of room unit is being used and how to handle loss of data. It also provides the ability to enable the optional RH, and CO2 sensors and which thermistor type is connected.

Room Temperature, Setpoint, RH and CO2

- When the digital room unit (Series 2200/2300) is used, SENSOR SEL selects the source temperature and setpoint and enables a loss of communications indication:
 - Temperature/Setpoint enable and supervision for fail communications (temperature) with a value of 1.
 - Relative humidity enable and supervision for fail communications with a value of 2.
 - CO2 enable and supervision for fail communications with a value of 4.
- When the analog room unit (Series 1000/2000) is used, default temperature sensing (0) from an analog room unit is enabled (relative humidity and CO2 sensing are not available and should not be selected).

Thermistor Inputs

- Default for either input is 10K.
- To enable 100K thermistor on input, see the following table for additive values of 8 or 16.

Other Inputs (only available on Digital Room Unit)

 Use the following table to select and enable communications supervision of room temperature/setpoint dial, relative humidity or CO2 for additive values of 1, 2 and 4.

| SENSOR SEL Value * (additive) | Description (include values to enable feature) |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Select Digital Room Unit (for temperature sensing and setpoint dial) |
| 2 | Relative Humidity (RH) sensing |
| 4 | CO ₂ sensing |
| 8 | If short board: 100K Ω thermistor on Al 3 (else input is 10K Ω) If long board: 100K Ω thermistor on Al 5 (else input is 10K Ω) |
| 16 | Long board only: 100K Ω thermistor on Al 4 (else input is 10K Ω) |

Room CO2

RM CO2 displays the CO₂ value in units of parts-per-million (PPM). RM CO2 (from the digital 2200/2300 room units) can be used with PPCL in the PTEC controller or unbundled for control or monitoring purposes.

Room RH

RM RH displays the relative humidity value in percent. RM RH can be used for PPCL in the PTEC or unbundled for control or monitoring purposes.

Room DEW POINT

The controller provides a calculation for DEW POINT temperature in Fahrenheit degrees (or Celsius degrees) using room temperature (using CLT TEMP) and room humidity (using RM RH). This calculation is valid for ranges of 55°F (12.8°C) to 95°F (35°C) and 20 to 100% relative humidity.

Auto Discovery

Auto Discovery allows you to automatically discover and identify PTEC controller devices on the BACnet MS/TP Network. There are two basic configurations:

- Devices not configured with an address. (Devices are discovered by their unique serial number.)
- Devices configured with an address and available for modification.

Auto Addressing

Auto Addressing allows you to automatically assign device addresses to a PTEC controller on the BACnet MS/TP Network. If a controller is not configured with a MAC address, you have the option to auto-address or manually address the controller. During this time the baud rate is automatically detected by the controller.

Controller(s) must be connected on the BACnet/IP network in order for automatic addressing to occur.

PPCL STATUS

PPCL STATUS displays LOADED or EMPTY.

- LOADED = PPCL programming is present in the controller. A new application number must be assigned (12000 through 12999).
- EMPTY = NO PPCL programming is present.

The maximum number of PPCL dynamic points is 15.

Fail Mode Operation

If the room temperature sensor fails, the controller operates using the last known temperature value.

Application Notes

- The controller keeps all associated equipment OFF. See the appropriate *Start-up Procedures* for information on how to release the controller and its equipment to application control.
- Spare DOs can be used as auxiliary points that are controlled by the field panel
 after being defined in the field panel's database. DO 3, DO 4, and DO 5 control the
 stages of electric heat. If less than three stages are being controlled by the
 application, the DOs that are not used will be spare.

See the Start-up Procedures on Asset Portal or InfoLink for more information.

Wiring Diagram



CAUTION

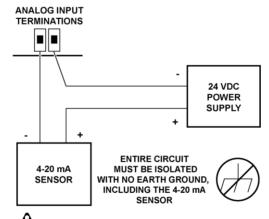
The controller's DOs control 24 Vac loads only. The maximum rating is 12 VA for each DO. An external interposing relay is required for any of the following:

- · VA requirements higher than the maximum
- 110 or 220 Vac requirements
- DC power requirements
- Separate transformers used to power the load (for example part number 540-147, Terminal Equipment Controller Relay Module)



NOTE:

Thermistor inputs are 10K (default) or 100K software selectable (AUX TEMP AI X).



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CAUTION:

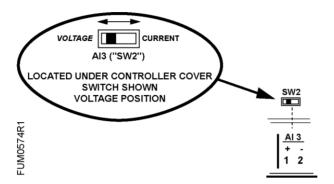
Each 4-20 mA sensor requires a SEPARATE, dedicated power limited 24 VDC power supply. DO NOT use the same transformer to power both the sensor and controller.

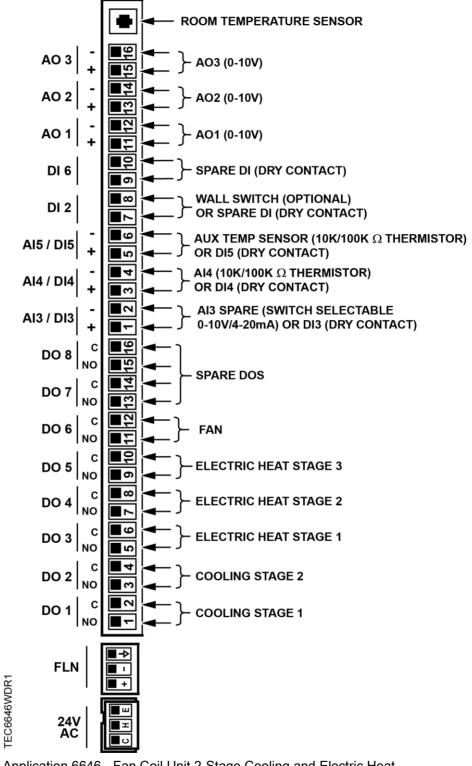
Wiring for AI with a 4 to 20 mA Sensor.



NOTE:

If the voltage/current switch is set to current and a 4 to 20 mA sensor is connected to an AI, then special wiring requirements must be followed.





Application 6646 - Fan Coil Unit 2-Stage Cooling and Electric Heat.

Application 6646 Point Database

| Object Type ¹ | Object Instance (Point Number) | Object Name (Descriptor) | Factory Default (SI Units) ² | Eng Units (SI Units) | Range | Active Text | Inactive Text |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|
| AO | 1 | CTLR ADDRESS | 255 | | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 2 | APPLICATION | 6691 | | 0-32767 | | |
| AO | 3 | RMTMP OFFSET | 0.0 (0.0) | DEG F (DEG C) | -31.75-32 | | |
| Al | {04} | ROOM TEMP | 74.0 (23.44888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| ВО | {05} | HEAT.COOL | COOL | | Binary | HEAT | COOL |
| AO | 6 | DAY CLG STPT | 74.0 (23.44888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | 7 | DAY HTG STPT | 70.0 (21.20888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | 8 | NGT CLG STPT | 82.0 (27.92888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | 9 | NGT HTG STPT | 65.0 (18.40888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | 11 | RM STPT MIN | 55.0 (12.80888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | 12 | RM STPT MAX | 90.0 (32.40888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| Al | {13} | RM STPT DIAL | 74.0 (23.44888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| ВО | 14 | STPT DIAL | NO | | Binary | YES | NO |
| Al | {15} | AUX TEMP | 74.0 (23.495556) | DEG F (DEG C) | 37.5-165 | | |
| ВО | 18 | WALL SWITCH | NO | | Binary | YES | NO |
| BI | {19} | DI OVRD SW | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| AO | 20 | OVRD TIME | 0 | HRS | 0-255 | | |
| ВО | {21} | NGT OVRD | NIGHT | | Binary | NIGHT | DAY |
| BI | {24} | DI 2 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| BI | {25} | DI 3 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| BI | {26} | DI 4 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| BI | {27} | DI 5 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| BI | {28} | DI 6 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {29} | DAY.NGT | DAY | | Binary | NIGHT | DAY |
| Al | {30} | Al 3 | 0 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| Al | {31} | Al 4 | 74.0 (23.495556) | DEG F (DEG C) | 37.5-165 | | |

| Object Type ¹ | Object Instance (Point Number) | Object Name (Descriptor) | Factory Default (SI Units) ² | Eng Units (SI Units) | Range | Active Text | Inactive Text |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|
| AO | {32} | AOV1 | 0 | VOLTS | 0-10.23 | | |
| AO | {33} | AOV2 | 0 | VOLTS | 0-10.23 | | |
| AO | {34} | AOV3 | 0 | VOLTS | 0-10.23 | | |
| ВО | {41} | CLG STG 1 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {42} | CLG STG 2 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {43} | HTG STG 1 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {44} | HTG STG 2 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {45} | HTG STG 3 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {46} | FAN | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {47} | DO 7 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| ВО | {50} | DO 8 | OFF | | Binary | ON | OFF |
| AO | 58 | MTR SETUP | 0 | | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 59 | DO DIR. REV | 0 | | 0-255 | | |
| ВО | 60 | CYCLE FAN | NO | | Binary | YES | NO |
| AO | 63 | CLG P GAIN | 20.0 (36.0) | | 0-63.75 | | |
| AO | 64 | CLG I GAIN | 0.01 (0.018) | | 0-1.023 | | |
| AO | 65 | CLG D GAIN | 0 (0.0) | | 0-510 | | |
| AO | 66 | CLG BIAS | 0 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 67 | HTG P GAIN | 10.0 (18.0) | | 0-63.75 | | |
| AO | 68 | HTG I GAIN | 0.01 (0.018) | | 0-1.023 | | |
| AO | 69 | HTG D GAIN | 0 (0.0) | | 0-510 | | |
| AO | 70 | HTG BIAS | 0 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 71 | CLG 1 ON | 40 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 72 | CLG 1 OFF | 20 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 73 | CLG 2 ON | 80 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 74 | CLG 2 OFF | 60 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 75 | CLG STG CNT | 2 | | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 76 | CLG MIN ON | 120 | SEC | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 77 | CLG MIN OFF | 120 | SEC | 0-255 | | |
| AO | {78} | CTL TEMP | 74.0 (23.44888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | {79} | CLG LOOPOUT | 0 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | {80} | HTG LOOPOUT | 0 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | {81} | AVG HEAT OUT | 0 | PCT | 0-409.2 | | |
| AO | 82 | HTG STG MAX | 90 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 83 | HTG STG MIN | 10 | PCT | 0-102 | | |

| Object Type ¹ | Object Instance (Point Number) | Object Name (Descriptor) | Factory Default (SI Units) ² | Eng Units (SI Units) | Range | Active Text | Inactive Text |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|
| AO | 84 | STAGE FAN | 10 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 85 | SWITCH LIMIT | 5.2 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| AO | 86 | SWITCH TIME | 10 | MIN | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 88 | HTG STG CNT | 1 | | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 89 | HTG STG TIME | 10 | MIN | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 90 | SWITCH DBAND | 1.0 (0.56) | DEG F (DEG C) | 0-63.75 | | |
| AO | {92} | CTL STPT | 74.0 (23.44888) | DEG F (DEG C) | 48-111.75 | | |
| AO | 98 | LOOP TIME | 5 | SEC | 0-255 | | |
| AO | {99} | ERROR STATUS | 0 | | 0-255 | | |
| AO | 106 | STPT SPAN | 0.0 (0.0) | DEG F (DEG C) | 0-63.75 | | - |
| Al | {121} | DEW POINT | 0 | DEG F (DEG C) | 48.111.75 | | |
| AO | 124 | SENSOR SEL | 0 | | 0-255 | | |
| Al | {125} | RM CO2 | 1000 | PPM | 0-8191 | | |
| Al | {126} | RM RH | 50 | PCT | 0-102 | | |
| ВО | {127} | PPCL STATE | EMPTY | | Binary | LOADED | EMPTY |

Object Types are; Analog Input (AI), Analog Output (AO), Binary Input (BI) and Binary Output (BO).

²⁾ A single value in a column means that the value is the same in English units and in SI units.

Point numbers that appear in brackets { } may be unbundled at the field panel.

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