### **RH Series Compact Power Relays**

### **Key features**

- SPDT through 4PDT, 10A contacts
- Compact power type relays
- Miniature power relays with a large capacity
- 10A contact capacity
- Compact size saves space











### **Part Number Selection**

		Part N	Number	
Contact	Model	Blade Terminal	PCB Termi- nal	Coil Voltage Code (Standard Stock in bold)
	Standard	RH1B-U □	RH1V2-U □	
SPDT	With Indicator	RH1B-UL □	_	AC6V, AC12V, <b>AC24V</b> , AC110V, <b>AC120V</b> ,
166	With Check Button	RH1B-UC □	_	AC220V, <b>AC240V</b> DC6V, <b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> ,
	With Indicator and Check Button	RH1B-ULC □	_	DC48V, DC110V
	Top Bracket Mounting	RH1B-UT □	_	
100	With Diode (DC coil only)	RH1B-UD □	RH1V2-UD □	DC6V, <b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> , DC48V, DC110V
	With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only)	RH1B-ULD □	_	<b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> , DC48V, DC110V
	Standard	RH2B-U □	RH2V2-U □	
DPDT	With Indicator	RH2B-UL □	RH2V2-UL □	AC6V, AC12V, <b>AC24V</b> , <b>AC110-120V</b> ,
TVATE OF	With Check Button	RH2B-UC □	_	AC220-240V
TO STATE OF THE ST	With Indicator and Check Button	RH2B-ULC □	_	DC6V, <b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> , DC48V, DC100-110V
	Top Bracket Mounting	RH2B-UT □	_	
Man day	With Diode (DC coil only)	RH2B-UD □	RH2V2-UD □	DOOL DOOL DOOL DOOL DOOL DOOL AND
	With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only)	RH2B-ULD □	RH2V2-ULD □	DC6V, <b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> , DC48V, DC100-110V
ODDT	Standard	RH3B-U □	RH3V2-U □	
3PDT	With Indicator	RH3B-UL □	RH3V2-UL □	AC6V, AC12V, <b>AC24V</b> , AC110V, <b>AC120V</b> ,
N COLUMN	With Check Button	RH3B-UC □	_	AC220V, <b>AC240V</b> DC6V, <b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> ,
	With Indicator and Check Button	RH3B-ULC □	_	DC48V, DC110V
The state of the s	Top Bracket Mounting	RH3B-UT □	_	
or life of	With Diode (DC coil only)	RH3B-UD □	_	DOOL DOADL DOADL DOADL DOADL
	With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only)	RH3B-ULD □	_	DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC110V
	Standard	RH4B-U □	RH4V2-U □	
4PDT	With Indicator	RH4B-UL □	RH4V2-UL □	AC6V, AC12V, <b>AC24V</b> , AC110V, <b>AC120V</b> ,
Wir Gland	With Check Button	RH4B-UC □	_	AC220V, <b>AC240V</b> DC6V, <b>DC12V</b> , <b>DC24V</b> , DC48V,
	With Indicator and Check Button	RH4B-ULC □	_	DC110V
The state of	Top Bracket Mounting	RH4B-UT □	_	
	With Diode (DC coil only)	RH4B-UD □	RH4V2-UD □	DCCV DC12V DC24V DC49V DC440V
	With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only)	RH4B-ULD □	_	DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC110V



PCB terminal relays are designed to mount directly to a circuit board without any socket.

### **Ordering Information**

When ordering, specify the Part No. and coil voltage code:

(example) RH3B-U

Part No.

Coil Voltage Code

**AC120V** 

### Sockets (for Blade Terminal Models)

Relays	Standard DIN Rail Mount 1	Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount <sup>1</sup>	Through Panel Mount	PCB Mount
RH1B	SH1B-05	SH1B-05C	SH1B-51	SH1B-62
RH2B	SH2B-05	SH2B-05C	SH2B-51	SH2B-62
RH3B	SH3B-05	SH3B-05C	SH3B-51	SH3B-62
RH4B	SH4B-05	SH4B-05C	SH4B-51	SH4B-62
	8 1	Te.		



1. DIN Rail mount socket comes with two horseshoe clips. Do not use unless you plan to insert pullover wire spring. Replacement horseshoe clip part number is Y778-011.

### **Hold Down Springs & Clips**

Appearance	Item	Relay	For DIN Mount Socket	For Through Panel & PCB Mount Socket
$\wedge$		RH1B	SY2S-02F1 <sup>2</sup>	
_	Pullovar Wire Carina	RH2B	SY4S-02F1 <sup>2</sup>	CV4C E1F1
1 ,	Pullover Wire Spring	RH3B	SH3B-05F1 <sup>2</sup>	SY4S-51F1
		RH4B	SH4B-02F1 <sup>2</sup>	
16	Leaf Spring (side latch)	RH1B, RH2B, RH3B, RH4B	SFA-202 <sup>3</sup>	SFA-302 <sup>3</sup>
1	Leaf Spring (top latch)	RH1B, RH2B, RH3B, RH4B	SFA-101 <sup>3</sup>	SFA-301 <sup>3</sup>



- 2. Must use horseshoe clip when mounting in DIN mount socket. Replacement horseshoe clip part number is Y778-011.

  3. Two required per relay.

### **AC Coil Ratings**

		Rated Current (mA) ±15% at 20°C						Coil Resistance (Ω) ±10% at 20°C			)	Operation Characteristics (against rated values at 20°C)			
Voltage	AC 50Hz			AC 60Hz											
(V)	SPDT	DPDT	3PDT	4PDT	SPDT	DPDT	3PDT	4PDT	SPDT	SPDT DPDT 3PDT 4I			Max. Continuous Applied Voltage	Pickup Voltage	Dropout Voltage
6	170	240	330	387	150	200	280	330	330	9.4	6.4	5.4			
12	86	121	165	196	75	100	140	165	165	39.3	25.3	21.2			
24	42	60.5	81	98	37	50	70	83	83	153	103	84.5			
110	9.6	_	18.1	21.6	8.4	_	15.5	18.2	18.2	_	2,200	1,800			30% minimum
110-120	_	9.4- 10.8	_	_	_	8.0-9.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	110%		
120	8.6	_	16.4	19.5	7.5	_	14.2	16.5	16.5	_	10,800	7,360			
220	4.7	_	8.8	10.7	4.1	_	7.7	9.1	9.1	_	10,800	7,360			
220-240	_	4.7-5.4	_	_	_	4.0-4.6	_		_	18,820	_	_			
240	4.9	_	8.2	9.8	4.3	_	7.1	8.3	8.3	_	12,100	9,120			

### **DC Coil Ratings**

Voltage	Rated Current (mA) ±15% at 20°C			Coil Resistance (Ω) ±10% at 20°C			Operation Characteristics (against rated values at 20°C)				
(V)	SPDT	DPDT	3PDT	4PDT	SPDT	DPDT	3PDT	4PDT	Max. Continuous Applied Voltage	Pickup Voltage	Dropout Voltage
6	128	150	240	250	47	40	25	24			
12	64	75	120	125	188	160	100	96		80%	10%
24	32	36.9	60	62	750	650	400	388	1100/		
48	18	18.5	30	31	2,660	2,600	1,600	1,550	110%	maximum	minimum
100-110	_	8.2-9.0	_	_	_	12,250	_	_			
110	8	_	12.8	15	13,800	_	8,600	7,340			



Standard coil voltages are in BOLD.



### **Contact Ratings**

	Maximum Contact Capacity									
	Continuous Current	Allowable Co	ontact Power	Rated Load						
Model		Resistive Load	Inductive Load	Voltage (V)	Res. Load	Ind. Load				
				110 AC	10A	7A				
SPDT	10A	1540VA 300W	990VA 210W	220 AC	7A	4.5A				
				30 DC	10A	7A				
DPDT				110 AC	10A	7.5A				
3PDT	10A	1650VA 300W	1100VA 225W	220 AC	7.5A	5A				
4PDT		30000	22000	30 DC	10A	7.5A				
A No	to: Inductive load:	for the rated load	coc a = 0.2 L/B.	- 7 mc						

Note: Inductive load for the rated load —  $\cos \emptyset = 0.3$ , L/R = 7 ms

### **UL Ratings**

	Resistive			General Use			Horsepower Rating		
Voltage	RH1 RH2	RH3	RH4	RH1 RH2	RH3	RH4	RH1 RH2	RH3	RH4
240V AC	10A	7.5A	7.5A	7A	6.5A	5A	1/3 HP	1/3 HP	_
120V AC	_	10A	10A	_	7.5A	7.5A	1/6 HP	1/6 HP	_
30V DC	10A	10A	_	7A	_	_	_	_	_
28V DC	_	_	10A	_	_	_	_	_	_

### **CSA Ratings**

	Voltage		Resi	stive		General Use				Horse- power Rating
ı		RH1	RH2	RH3	RH4	RH1	RH2	RH3	RH4	RH1, 2, 3
	240V AC	10A	10A	_	7.5A	7A	7A	7A	5A	1/3 HP
	120V AC	10A	10A	10A	10A	7.5A	7.5A	_	7.5A	1/6 HP
	30V DC	10A	10A	10A	10A	7A	7.5A	_	_	_

## **TÜV Ratings**

Voltage	RH1	RH2	RH3	RH4
240V AC	10A	10A	7.5A	7.5A
30V DC	10A	10A	10A	10A



AC: cos ø = 1.0, DC: L/R = 0 ms

### **Socket Specifications**

Socket Spe	cifications				
	Sockets	Terminal	Electrical Rating	Wire Size	Torque
DIN Rail	SH1B-05	(Coil) M3 screws (contact) M3.5 screws with captive wire clamp	250V, 10A	Maximum up to 2—#12AWG	5.5 - 9 in • lbs 9 - 11.5 in • lbs
Mount Sockets	SH2B-05 SH3B-05 SH4B-05	M3.5 screws with captive wire clamp	300V, 10A	Maximum up to 2—#12AWG	9 - 11.5 in • lbs
Finger-safe	SH1B-05C	(coil) M3 screws (contact) M3.5 screws with captive wire clamp, fingersafe	250V, 10A	Maximum up to 2—#12AWG	5.5 - 9 in • lbs 9 - 11.5 in • lbs
DIN Rail Mount	SH2B-05C SH3B-05C SH4B-05C	M3.5 screws with captive wire clamp, fingersafe	300V, 10A	Maximum up to 2–#12AWG	9 - 11.5 in • lbs
Through Panel Mount Socket	SH1B-51 SH2B-51 SH3B-51 SH4B-51	Solder	300V, 10A	-	_
	SH1B-62	PCB mount	250V, 10A	_	_
PCB Mount Socket	SH2B-62 SH3B-62 SH4B-62	PCB mount	300V, 10A	_	_

### **Accessories**

Item	Appearance	Use with	Part No.	Remarks
Aluminum DIN Rail (1 meter length)		All DIN rail sockets	BNDN1000	The BNDN1000 is designed to accommodate DIN mount sockets. Made of durable extruded aluminum, the BNDN1000 measures 0.413 (10.5mm) in height and 1.37 (35mm) in width (DIN standard). Standard length is 39" (1,000mm).
DIN Rail End Stop	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	DIN rail	BNL5	9.1 mm wide.
Replacement Hold-Down Spring Anchor		DIN mount sockets and hold down springs.	Y778-011	For use on DIN rail mount socket when using pullover wire hold down spring. 2 pieces included with each socket.

Specifications								
Contact Material		Silver cadmium oxide						
Contact Resistance 1		50mΩ maximum						
Minimum Applicable Loa	d	24V DC, 30 mA; 5V DC,	100 mA (refe	rence value)				
Operating Time <sup>2</sup>	SPDT DPDT	20ms maximum	20ms maximum					
Operating fillie	3PDT 4PDT	25ms maximum	25ms maximum					
Release Time <sup>2</sup>	SPDT DPDT	20ms maximum						
nelease IIIIle -	3PDT 4PDT	25ms maximum						
	SPDT	AC: 1.1VA (50Hz), 1VA (6	60Hz)	DC: 0.8W				
Power Consumption	DPDT	AC: 1.4VA (50Hz), 1.2VA	(60Hz)	DC: 0.9W				
(approx.)	3PDT	AC: 2VA (50Hz), 1.7VA (6	60Hz)	DC: 1.5W				
	4PDT	AC: 2.5VA (50Hz), 2VA (6	60Hz)	DC: 1.5W				
Insulation Resistance		100MΩ minimum (500V	DC megger)					
	SPDT	Between live and dead p Between contact and co Between contacts of the	il:	2,000V AC, 1 minute 2,000V AC, 1 minute 1,000V AC, 1 minute				
Dielectric Strength <sup>3</sup>	DPDT 3PDT 4PDT	Between live and dead parts: Between contact and coil: Between contacts of different poles: Between contacts of the same pole:		•				
Operating Frequency		Electrical: Mechanical:		ntions/hour maximum rations/hour maximum				
Vibration Resistance		Damage limits: Operating extremes:		amplitude 0.5 mm amplitude 0.5 mm				
Shock Resistance		Damage limits: Operating extremes:		100G) 9G - SPDT, DPDT) 9G - 3PDT, 4PDT)				
Mechanical Life		50,000,000 operations n	ninimum					
	DPDT	500,000 operations mini	mum (120V /	AC, 10A)				
Electrical Life	SPDT 3PDT 4PDT	200,000 operations mini	imum (120V /	AC, 10A)				
Operating Temperature <sup>4</sup>	SPDT DPDT 3PDT 4PDT	–25 to +70°C (no freezing	ng)					
Operating Humidity		45 to 85% RH (no conde	nsation)					
Weight (approx.)		SPDT: 24g, DPDT: 37g, 3	PDT: 50g, 4P	DT: 74g				



- Measured using 5V DC, 1A voltage drop method
- 2. Measured at the rated voltage (at 20°C), excluding contact bouncing Release time of relays with dode 20 ms maximum

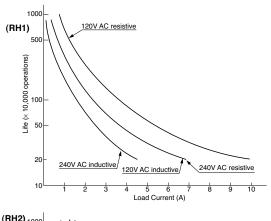
  Release time of relays with dode 20 ms maximum
- 3. Relays with indicator or diode: 1000V AC, 1 minute
- 4. For use under different temperature conditions, refer to Continuous Load Current vs. Operating Temperature Curve. The operating temperature range of relays with indicator or diode is -25 to +40°C.

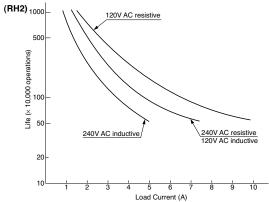


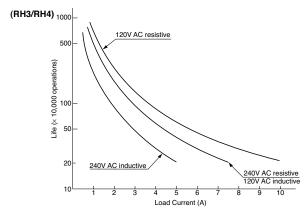
### **Characteristics (Reference Data)**

### **Electrical Life Curves**

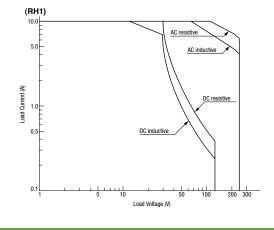




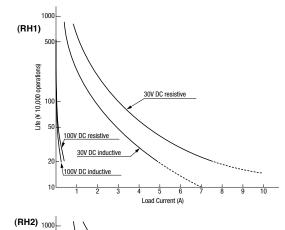


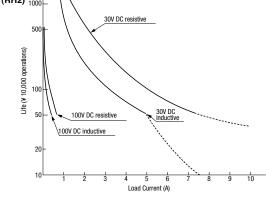


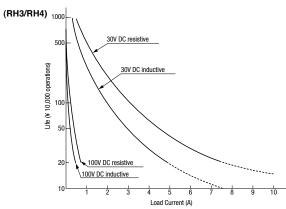
### **Maximum Switching Capacity**



### DC Load







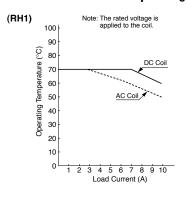
(RH2/RH3/RH4)

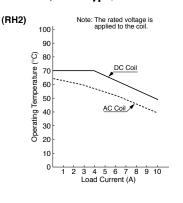
# AC resistive AC inductive DC resistive

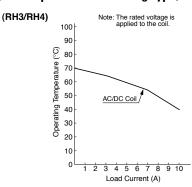
Load Voltage (V)

Timers

### Continuous Load Current vs. Operating Temperature Curve (Basic Type, With Check Button, and Top Bracket Mounting Type)

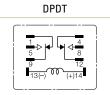


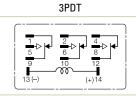


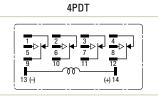


# Internal Connection (View from Bottom) Basic Type







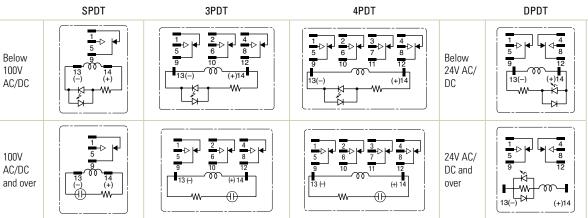


With Check Button



Contacts can be operated by pressing the check button.

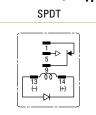
### With Indicator (-L type)

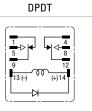


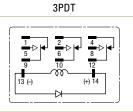
When the relay is energized, the indicator goes on.

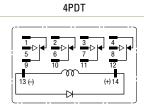
- Relay coils less than 100V DC do not contain a protection diode (except DPDT).
- Relay coils below 100V use LED indicator, coils above 100V use neon lamp indicator.
- LED color of DPDT model is green

### With Diode (-D type)





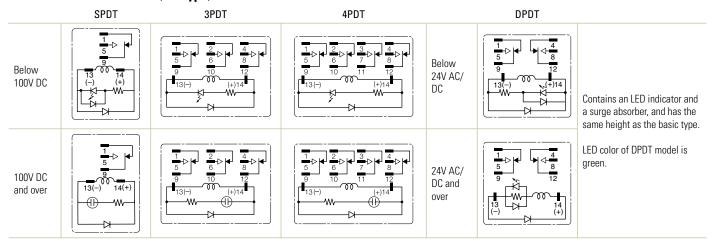




Contains a diode to absorb the back emf generated when the coil is de-energized. The release time is slightly longer. Available for DC coil only.

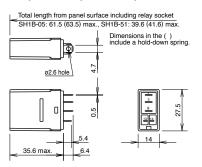
Diode Characteristics
 Reverse withstand voltage: 1,000V
 Forward current: 1A

### With Indicator LED & Diode (-LD type)

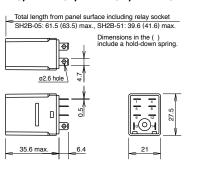


### **Dimensions (mm)**

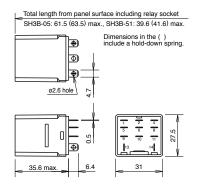
### RH1B-U/RH1B-UL/RH1B-UD/RH1B-ULD



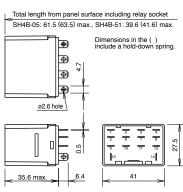
### RH2B-U/RH2B-UL/RH2B-UD/RH2B-ULD



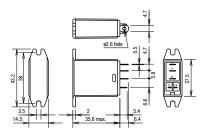
### RH3B-U/RH3B-UL/RH3B-UD/RH3B-ULD



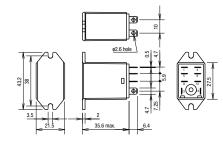
### RH4B-U/RH4B-UL/RH4B-UD/RH4B-ULD



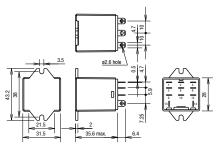
### RH1B-UT



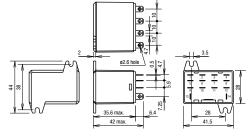
### RH2B-UT



### RH3B-UT



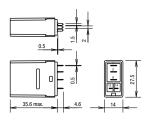
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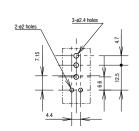


Timers

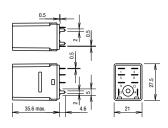
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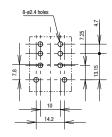
### RH1V2-U/RH1V2-UD



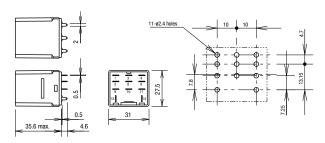


### RH2V2-U/RH2V2-UL/RH2V2-UD

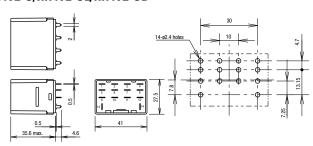




### RH3V2-U/RH3V2-UL/RH3V2-D

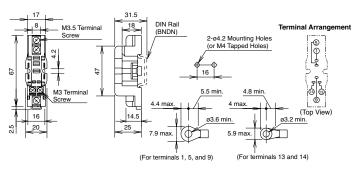


### RH4V2-U/RH4V2-UL/RH4V2-UD

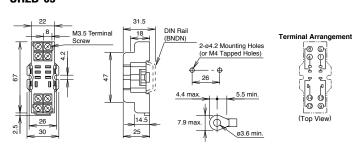


### **Standard DIN Rail Mount Sockets**

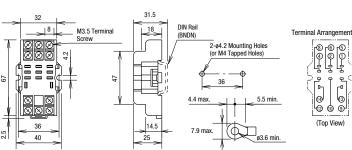
### SH1B-05



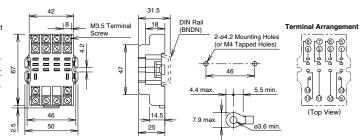
### SH2B-05



### SH3B-05



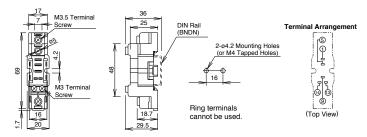




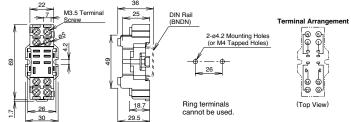
### Dimensions con't (mm)

### **Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount Sockets**

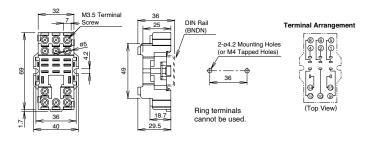
### SH1B-05C



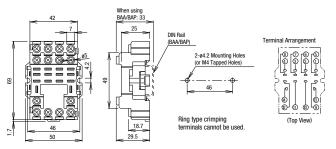
### SH2B-05C



### **SH3B-05C**

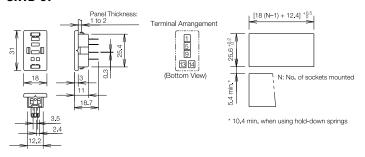


### **SH4B-05C**

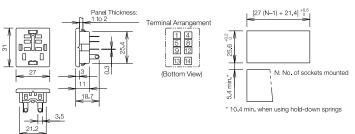


### **Through Panel Mount Socket**

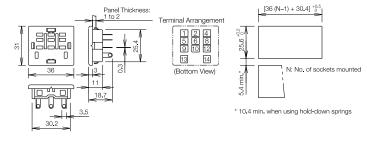
### SH1B-51



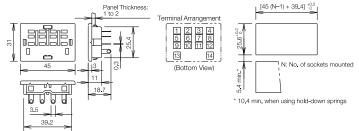
### SH2B-51



### SH3B-51



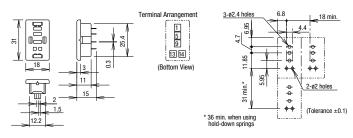
### SH4B-51



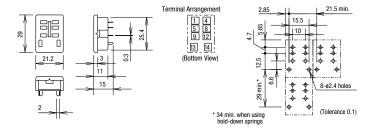
### Dimensions con't (mm)

### **PCB Mount Sockets**

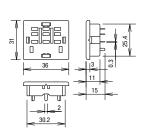
### SH1B-62

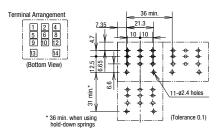


### SH2B-62

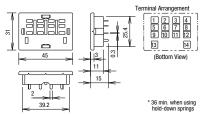


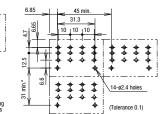
### SH3B-62





### SH4B-62





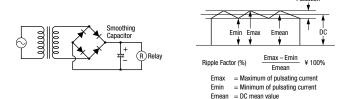
### **Operating Instructions**

**Relays & Sockets** 

### **Driving Circuit for Relays**

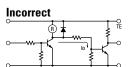
- 1. To ensure correct relay operation, apply rated voltage to the relay coil.
- 2. Input voltage for the DC coil:

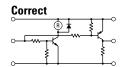
A complete DC voltage is best for the coil power to make sure of stable relay operation. When using a power supply containing a ripple voltage, suppress the ripple factor within 5%. When power is supplied through a rectification circuit, the relay operating characteristics, such as pickup voltage and dropout voltage, depend on the ripple factor. Connect a smoothing capacitor for better operating characteristics as shown below.



3. Leakage current while relay is off:

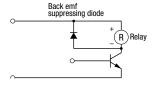
When driving an element at the same time as the relay operation, special consideration is needed for the circuit design. As shown in the incorrect circuit below, leakage current (lo) flows through the relay coil while the relay is off. Leakage current causes coil release failure or adversely affects the vibration resistance and shock resistance. Design a circuit as shown in the correct example.





4. Surge suppression for transistor driving circuits:

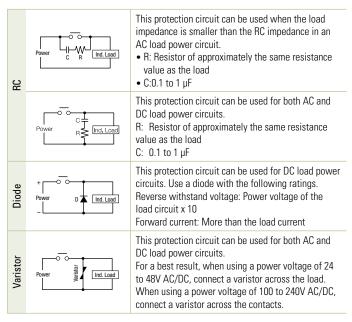
When the relay coil is turned off, a high-voltage pulse is generated, causing a transistor to deteriorate and sometimes to break. Be sure to connect a diode to suppress the back electromotive force. Then, the coil release time becomes slightly longer. To shorten the coil release time, connect a Zener diode between the collector and emitter of the transistor. Select a Zener diode with a Zener voltage slightly higher than the power voltage.



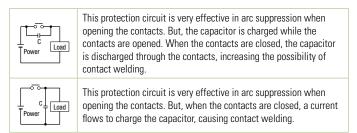
### **Protection for Relay Contacts**

- The contact ratings show maximum values. Make sure that these values are not exceeded. When an inrush current flows through the load, the contact may become welded. If this is the case, connect a contact protection circuit, such as a current limiting resistor.
- 2. Contact protection circuit:

When switching an inductive load, arcing causes carbides to form on the contacts, resulting in increased contact resistance. In consideration of contact reliability, contact life, and noise suppression, use of a surge absorbing circuit is recommended. Note that the release time of the load becomes slightly longer. Check the operation using the actual load. Incorrect use of a contact protection circuit will adversely affect switching characteristics. Four typical examples of contact protection circuits are shown in the following table:



3. Do not use a contact protection circuit as shown below:



Generally, switching a DC inductive load is more difficult than switching a DC resistive load. Using an appropriate arc suppressor, however, will improve the switching characteristics of a DC inductive load.

### **Soldering**

- 1. When soldering the relay terminals, use a soldering iron of 30 to 60W, and quickly complete soldering (within approximately 3 seconds).
- 2. Use a non-corrosive rosin flux.



Signaling Lights

### Operating Instructions con't

**Relays & Sockets** 

### **Other Precautions**

1. General notice:

To maintain the initial characteristics, do not drop or shock the relay.

The relay cover cannot be removed from the base during normal operation. To maintain the initial characteristics, do not remove the relay cover.

Use the relay in environments free from condensation, dust, sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), and hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S).

Make sure that the coil voltage does not exceed applicable coil voltage range.

- 2. UL and CSA ratings may differ from product rated values determined by IDEC.
- 3. Do not use relays in the vicinity of strong magnetic field, as this may affect relay operation.

### **Safety Precautions**

- Turn off the power to the relay before starting installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, and inspection of the relays. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shock or fire hazard.
- Observe specifications and rated values, otherwise electrical shock or fire hazard may be caused.
- Use wires of the proper size to meet voltage and current requirements. Tighten the terminal screws on the relay socket to the proper tightening torque.
- Surge absorbing elements on AC relays with RC or DC relays with diode are
  provided to absorb the back electromotive force generated by the coil. When
  the relay is subject to an excessive external surge voltage, the surge absorbing element may be damaged. Add another surge absorbing provision to the
  relay to prevent damage.

### **Precautions for the RU Relays**

- Before operating the latching lever of the RU relay, turn off the power to the RU relay. After checking the circuit, return the latching lever to the original position.
- Do not use the latching lever as a switch. The durability of the latching lever is a minimum of 100 operations.
- When using DC loads on 4PDT relays, apply a positive voltage to terminals of neighboring poles and a negative voltage to the other terminals of neighboring poles to prevent the possibility of short circuits.
- DC relays with a diode have a polarity in the coil terminals. Apply the DC voltage to the correct terminals.

