Proposal for PhD Research: Quantifying the Uncertainty in both On and Off-target Activity of Prime Editing

My previous work on the master's thesis focused on the on target prediction of prime editing efficiency, however, the off-target activity of prime editing is still a major concern.

With the recent development of a number of off-target site detection protocols supporting prime editors, it is now possible to quantify their off target activity using big data and deep learning techniques[1, 2].

Although majority of the existing solution (including my master's thesis) was aiming at producing a point estimation as the predicted editing efficiency [3, 4, 5], prime editing itself must be viewed as a stochastic process due to the physical complexity of the molecular interactions involved. Thus, instead of producing a point estimation, it could be more informative to model the posterior distribution of the activity of prime editing given the target loci and pegRNA sequence.

A reasonable starting point would be to investigate Some preliminary study has been done on the MC dropout/Deep ensemble

References

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