

# Something about NP-complete problems

Chris S. Student  
Division of Science and Mathematics  
University of Minnesota, Morris  
Morris, Minnesota, USA 56267  
cssxxxx00000@morris.umn.edu

## ABSTRACT

This paper discusses new results in NP-complete problems and the use of distributed networks to solve certain partial cases of NP-complete problems.

## Categories and Subject Descriptors

H.4 [Information Systems Applications]: Miscellaneous;  
D.2.8 [Software Engineering]: Metrics—complexity measures, performance measures

## General Terms

Delphi theory

## Keywords

ACM proceedings, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, text tagging

## 1. INTRODUCTION

I will focus on using the approach Blah for solving partial cases of NP-complete problems on distributed networks.

I plan to use the following sources:

- I expect [6] to be one of my main sources, and I'm still looking for another two "core" papers to build on.
- I may use [2] for comparison.
- I'll use [1, 7] and possibly selected chapters of [5] as background.

As mentioned above I need two other "core" papers, and I'm still looking for good examples that I can use to explain the

I was initially considering algorithms on compete graphs as a possible topic, and looked over [8, 3, 4] before I settled on my current topic.

This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Share Alike 3.0 United States License. To view a copy of this license, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/us/> or send a letter to Creative Commons, 171 Second Street, Suite 300, San Francisco, California, 94105, USA.

UMM CSci Senior Seminar Conference, December 2013 Morris, MN.

## 2. REFERENCES

- [1] S. Aaronson. Guest column: NP-complete problems and physical reality. *SIGACT News*, 36:30–52, March 2005. *This is a great background resource. It covers the approach Blah that I plan to focus on.*
- [2] Y. Brun. Solving NP-complete problems in the tile assembly model. *Theor. Comput. Sci.*, 395:31–46, April 2008. *This is an alternative approach that I am likely to use for comparison of approaches and results. The approach seems slightly less efficient than Blah, expect for cases with a small number of nodes ( $< 100$ ).*
- [3] D. P. Dobkin, S. J. Friedman, and K. J. Supowit. Delaunay graphs are almost as good as complete graphs. In *Foundations of Computer Science, 1987., 28th Annual Symposium on*, pages 20–26. IEEE, 1987. *Won't be using this since my topic isn't complete graphs anymore.*
- [4] J. Folkman. Graphs with monochromatic complete subgraphs in every edge coloring. *SIAM Journal on Applied Mathematics*, 18(1):19–24, 1970. *Won't be using this since my topic isn't complete graphs anymore.*
- [5] M. R. Garey and D. S. Johnson. *Computers and Intractability: A Guide to the Theory of NP-Completeness*. W. H. Freeman & Co., New York, NY, USA, 1979. *This is an old book, but it is referenced in most papers I have looked at as the primary background source on NP-complete problems. I am very likely to use it.*
- [6] M. Oltean and O. Muntean. Solving NP-complete problems with delayed signals: An overview of current research directions. In *Proceedings of the 1st international workshop on Optical SuperComputing, OSC '08*, pages 115–127, Berlin, Heidelberg, 2008. Springer-Verlag. *This paper has the key result that I am interested in presenting.*
- [7] Wikipedia. NP-complete — Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia, 2013. [Online; accessed 20-September-2013]. *Provides some useful background on NP completeness and an example that I think I may use in my introduction.*
- [8] P. M. Winkler. Isometric embedding in products of complete graphs. *Discrete Applied Mathematics*, 7(2):221–225, 1984. *Won't be using this since my topic isn't complete graphs anymore.*