

Grading, Packaging, and Transport Management System for Meat-Based Products

Tashdid Enamul Parom
Department of CSE
Independent University, Bangladesh
Dhaka, Bangladesh
2010677@iub.edu.bd

Ashraful Alam Bappy
Department of CSE
Independent University, Bangladesh
Dhaka, Bangladesh
1910424@iub.edu.bd

Ummay Habiba Juti
Department of CSE
Independent University, Bangladesh
Dhaka, Bangladesh
2230071@iub.edu.bd

Md. Siam Shikder
Department of CSE
Independent University, Bangladesh
Dhaka, Bangladesh
2321070@iub.edu.bd

Abstract

The meat industry is constantly confronted with challenges in ensuring quality, traceability, and efficiency in the supply chain. The current project puts forward the concept of developing an advanced database management system with the aim of overcoming such challenges through the integration of quality analysis, tracking of packages, and management of transports through a central platform. Leveraging frontier technological advancements such as the Internet of Things (IoT), automation, as well as real-time analytics, the system will make the grading of meat products standardized, track conditions of packets in real time, and monitor transports in real time. The holistic method in this integrated approach allows for real-time environmental conditions tracking, adherence to safety standards, as well as increased transparency of the supply chain. Improved traceability, elimination of waste, as well as increased efficiency of operations, will make the system contribute greatly toward ensuring food safety, sustainability as well as the competitiveness of the meat industry. The system is an integrated solution for the inefficient as well as disjointed processes that characterize the current industry, guaranteeing an efficient, sustainable, as well as secure meat supply chain.

Index Terms

Meat Industry, Database Management System, Quality Assessment, Grading System, IoT, Automation, Real-Time Monitoring, Packaging Tracking, Supply Chain Efficiency, Food Safety, Sustainability, Traceability, Food Industry Optimization

I. INTRODUCTION

The meat industry is a critical component of the global food supply chain, but it faces numerous challenges in maintaining quality, ensuring safety, and reducing waste. Key issues include inconsistent grading standards, poor packaging oversight, and lack of real-time transportation tracking. These challenges lead to inefficiencies, quality inconsistencies, and increased risks of contamination. The goal of this project is to address these issues by developing a comprehensive database management system that integrates grading, packaging, and transport management into a single platform. The system will utilize automation, IoT, and real-time tracking technologies to improve meat quality, reduce spoilage, and enhance supply chain transparency.

*Facilitated by the Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Independent University, Bangladesh (IUB)

- Meat industry challenges include inconsistent grading, poor packaging oversight, and lack of transportation tracking.
- The goal is to enhance meat safety, reduce waste, and improve efficiency using automation, IoT, and real-time tracking.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The literature review highlights the importance of standardized grading criteria, advanced packaging technologies, and real-time transport monitoring in improving meat quality and supply chain efficiency.

A. Grading of Meat Products

Grading is a critical process in the meat industry, as it determines the quality and value of meat products. However, current grading systems often suffer from inconsistencies due to manual processes and a lack of standardized criteria.

[3] proposed an automated meat inspection system using advanced sensors and real-time data analysis to improve hygiene and inspection efficiency. The study found that automation reduces human error and enhances pathogen detection, leading to better compliance with hygiene standards.

[7] explored the use of computer vision technology for assessing meat quality. The study concluded that computer vision is effective for non-destructive, rapid, and accurate evaluation of meat quality parameters such as color, texture, and marbling. These studies highlight the potential of automation and advanced technologies to standardize grading processes and improve accuracy.

B. Packaging Technologies

Packaging plays a crucial role in preserving meat quality and extending shelf life. Recent research has focused on active and intelligent packaging technologies to address spoilage and contamination risks.

[4] investigated the role of active packaging in extending the shelf life of meat. The study found that active packaging technologies, such as oxygen scavengers and antimicrobial agents, significantly reduce microbial growth and oxidation, thereby extending shelf life.

[6] reviewed the application of active packaging technologies to muscle foods. The study concluded that active packaging, including oxygen scavengers and moisture regulators, effectively controls oxidation and prevents microbial growth, maintaining the quality of meat products.

C. Transport Management

Efficient transportation is essential for maintaining meat quality and reducing spoilage during transit. However, current transport systems often lack real-time monitoring, leading to delays and contamination risks.

[5] reviewed cold chain logistics for fresh agricultural products, highlighting the challenges of maintaining temperature control and reducing spoilage. The study suggested that IoT and blockchain technologies could address these challenges by providing real-time monitoring and traceability.

[9] proposed a framework for mitigating contamination risks in the meat supply chain. The study identified critical points where contamination is most likely to occur and recommended improved sanitation protocols, rapid microbial testing, and controlled atmosphere packaging to reduce risks.

D. Integration of Grading, Packaging, and Transport Systems

To address the challenges in the meat industry, there is a growing need for integrated systems that combine grading, packaging, and transport management.

[2] investigated the effects of packaging type and aging on meat quality. The study found that modified atmosphere packaging (MAP) and dry aging improved tenderness, flavor, and overall quality, highlighting the importance of integrating packaging and aging processes.

[10] examined quality perceptions across the chicken meat supply chain. The study found significant differences in quality priorities among stakeholders, emphasizing the need for integrated systems that align with consumer preferences and industry requirements.

III. PROBLEM STATEMENT

- The meat industry faces significant challenges in maintaining consistent quality standards, ensuring proper packaging, and managing efficient transportation. Current systems for grading, packaging, and transport management are fragmented, leading to inefficiencies, quality inconsistencies, and increased risks of contamination.

Key issues include:

- **Grading Challenges:** Inconsistent criteria across regions and suppliers, manual processes, and lack of a centralized grading system.
- **Inspector Records & Reports:** Paper-based inspection reports make tracking and analyzing quality trends difficult.
- **Supply Chain Tracking:** Lack of real-time monitoring from grading to retail leads to inefficiencies.
- **Packaging Monitoring:** Packaging inconsistencies increase spoilage risk and waste.
- **Transportation Management:** No real-time tracking of vehicles, leading to delays, storage condition fluctuations, and spoilage.

Project Goal: To develop a comprehensive database management system that:

- Standardizes quality assessment and grading of meat products.
- Tracks graded meat through the supply chain in real-time.
- Provides real-time monitoring of packaging and transportation.
- Includes reporting features to analyze quality trends and identify problem areas.

A. Existing System (Rich Picture As-Is)

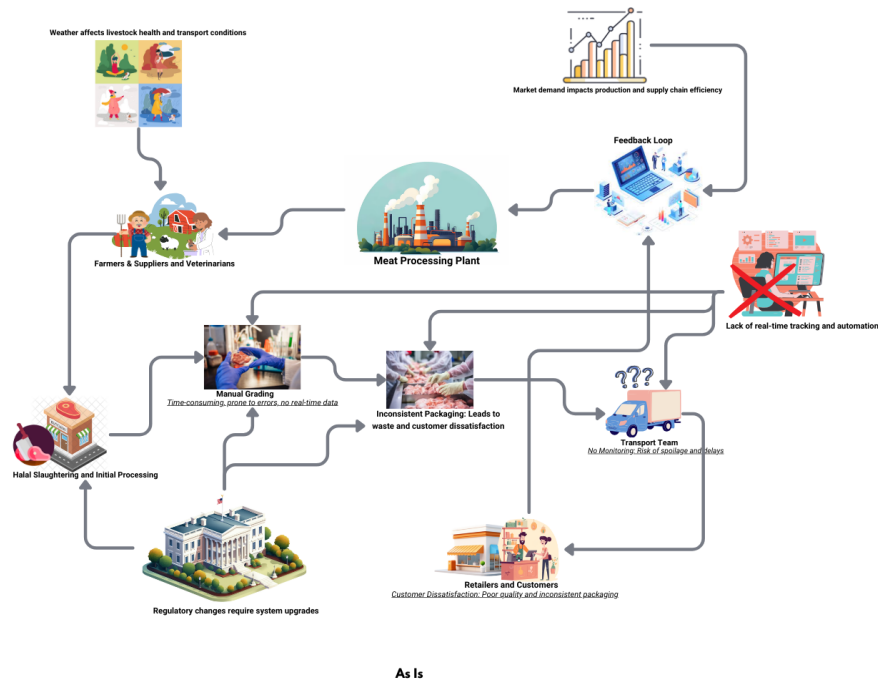


Fig. 1. As-Is Rich Picture for Current Meat Supply Chain

The current meat supply chain is fragmented and inconsistent:

- Grading is often subjective and lacks standardization.
- Manual records increase the risk of errors and reduce data accessibility.
- Cold chain interruptions due to unmonitored vehicles and storage lead to product spoilage.
- Packaging is inconsistent and lacks smart monitoring features.
- Transportation teams do not have integrated digital communication.
- Customers are unaware of meat source, freshness, or quality.

B. Gap Analysis

The gap analysis below highlights the shortcomings in the current meat supply chain system and how the proposed system will address these issues. The table identifies the stakeholders, the problems with the current system, and the improvements made in the proposed system.

TABLE I
GAP ANALYSIS

Stakeholder	Existing System	Proposed System
Processor	Manual grading and paper logs	AI-assisted grading, secure digital logs
Logistics	No temp/humidity tracking	Real-time IoT monitoring during transit
Retailer	Poor visibility on product freshness	Full traceability, dynamic shelf-life updates
Inspector	Difficult audit trail	Blockchain-enabled quality history per batch
Consumer	Limited product info	Access to batch details, origin, grade, expiry via QR

IV. METHODOLOGY

A. Proposed System (*Rich Picture To Be*)

- **EXPLANATION**

The **Proposed System** represents the ideal, future state of the meat industry management system. It integrates key stakeholders such as farmers, food inspectors, processing plants, packaging, logistics teams, and retailers into one cohesive platform. The system aims to enhance transparency, automation, and real-time tracking to improve overall efficiency and meat product quality. By using IoT sensors, AI, and blockchain, this system enables better monitoring of meat products from production through to delivery.

The system will provide real-time data on livestock health, product grading, packaging integrity, and transportation conditions (temperature, humidity) during transit, ensuring food safety and compliance with regulatory standards.

The figure below (Fig. 2) depicts the various components of the proposed system, where each stakeholder is connected, improving communication and minimizing inefficiencies across the meat supply chain.

- **FIGURE**

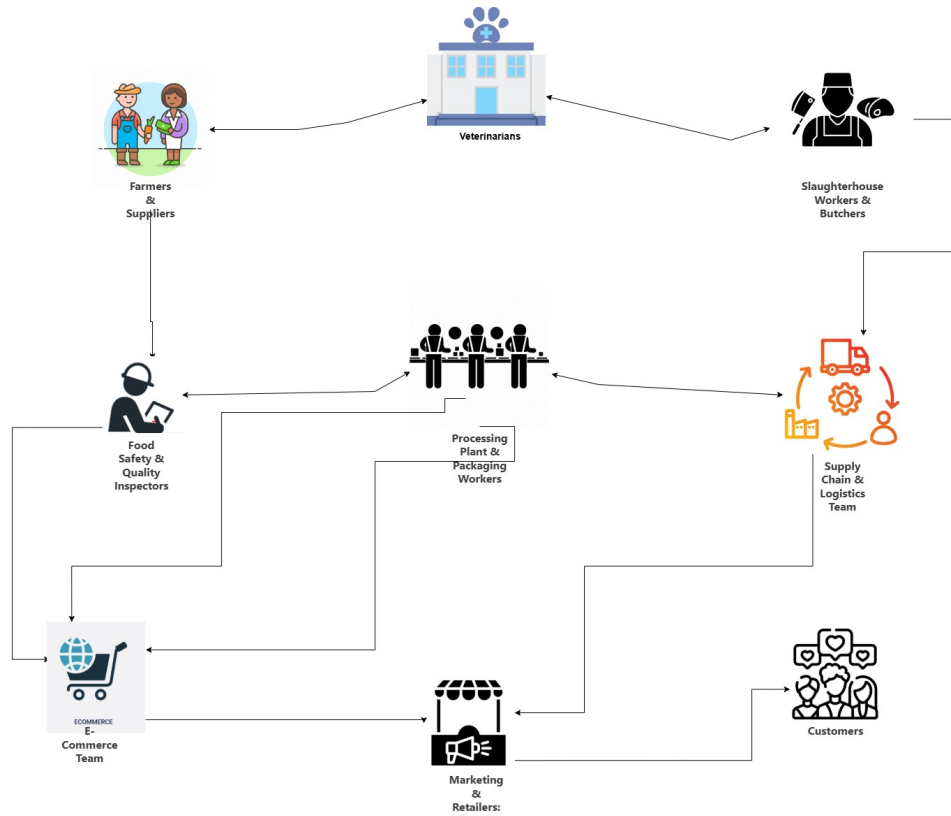


Fig. 2. Proposed System (Rich Picture To Be)

B. ERD

• EXPLANATION

The **Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD)** shown below (Fig. 3) illustrates the database schema for the proposed system. It shows the entities involved, such as ‘MeatProducts’, ‘Inspector’, ‘PackagingUnit’, and ‘QualityTrend’, along with the relationships between them. The ERD is designed to ensure seamless data flow between grading, packaging, and transportation processes while maintaining consistency and integrity across the database.

The key entities in the diagram are:

- **MeatProducts**: Contains details about the meat products such as product name, category, and quality grades.
- **Inspector**: Responsible for grading the meat and ensuring compliance with food safety regulations.
- **PackagingUnit**: Holds information about packaging details, including material, dimensions, and packaging dates.
- **QualityTrend**: Tracks the quality of products over time to detect recurring issues or improvements in meat processing.
- **Delivery**: Monitors logistics and transportation, ensuring that meat products are delivered under safe conditions.

The relationships between these entities are crucial to the system. For example, the ‘MeatProducts’ entity is related to the ‘Inspector’ entity through the grading process, and it is linked to ‘QualityTrend’ to track quality changes over time. This ERD serves as a guide for the database structure that will support real-time monitoring and reporting.

• **FIGURE**

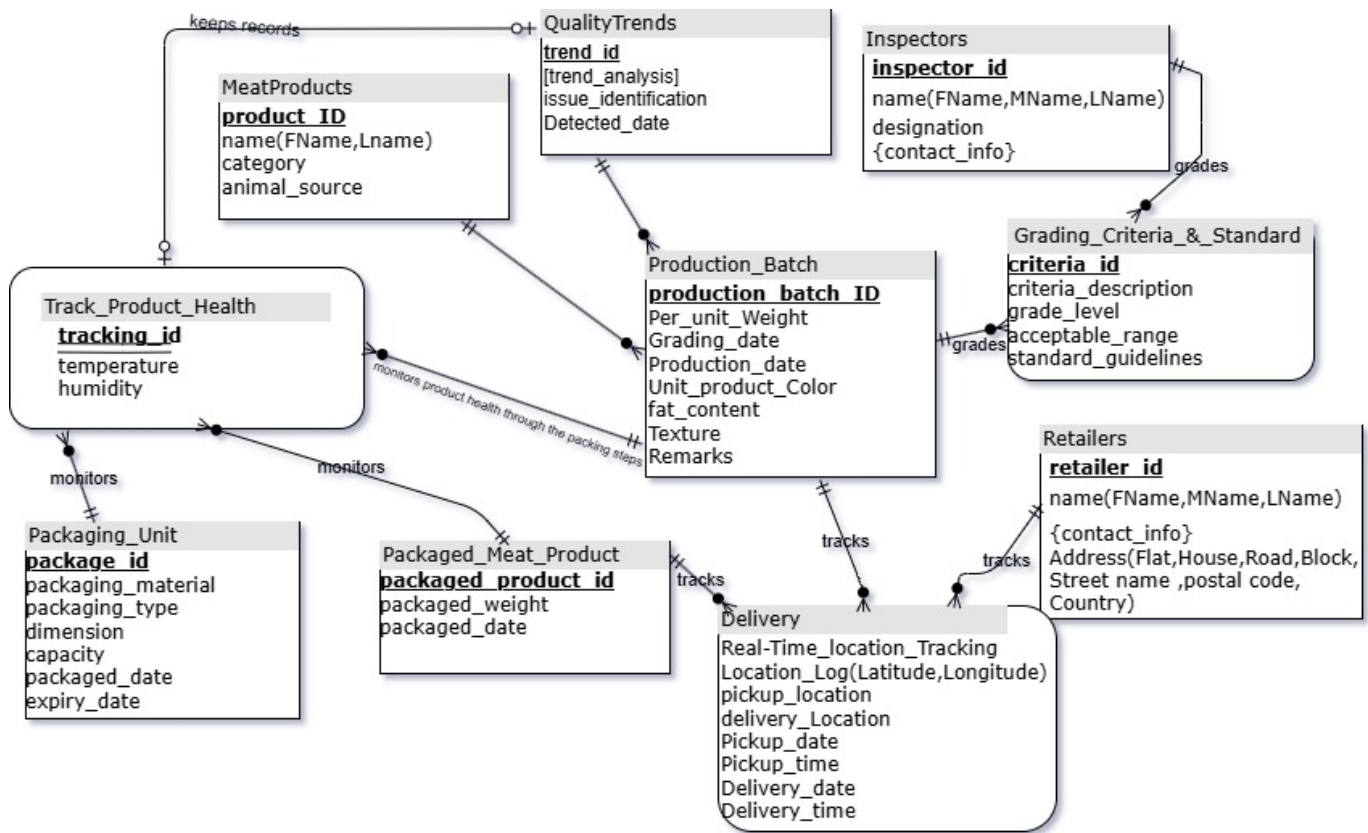


Fig. 3. Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD)

C. Schema Design

- **EXPLANATION** The **Schema Design** shown below (Fig. 4) is a relational database schema that defines the structure of the data and the relationships between different entities. This schema supports the functionality of the proposed system by organizing data into several tables, such as MeatProducts, Inspector, TrackProductHealth, and Delivery.

The schema design ensures data is stored in a structured manner that supports efficient queries for real-time tracking, monitoring, and reporting. This design will also enable the system to manage the meat supply chain and allow for tracking of the product at every stage, from grading through transportation to retail.

The key tables defined in the schema include:

- **MeatProducts Table:** Stores attributes such as product_id, name, category, and source. This table serves as the primary record for each product.
- **Inspector Table:** Stores details of inspectors including inspector_id, name, and contact_info, linking each inspector to the grading process.
- **ProductionBatch Table:** Groups meat products by batch, including details like batch_id, grading_date, and associated MeatProducts.
- **PackagingUnit Table:** Tracks packaging details like package_id, type, capacity, and expiry_date, linked to MeatProducts.

- **TrackProductHealth Table:** Monitors conditions like temperature and humidity during transportation, ensuring cold chain integrity.
- **Delivery Table:** Manages transport and logistics data, including `delivery_id`, `vehicle_number`, `driver_name`, and `delivery_status`.

This relational schema supports the functionality of the system by ensuring data integrity and providing efficient query processing capabilities for real-time tracking and reporting.

• **FIGURE**

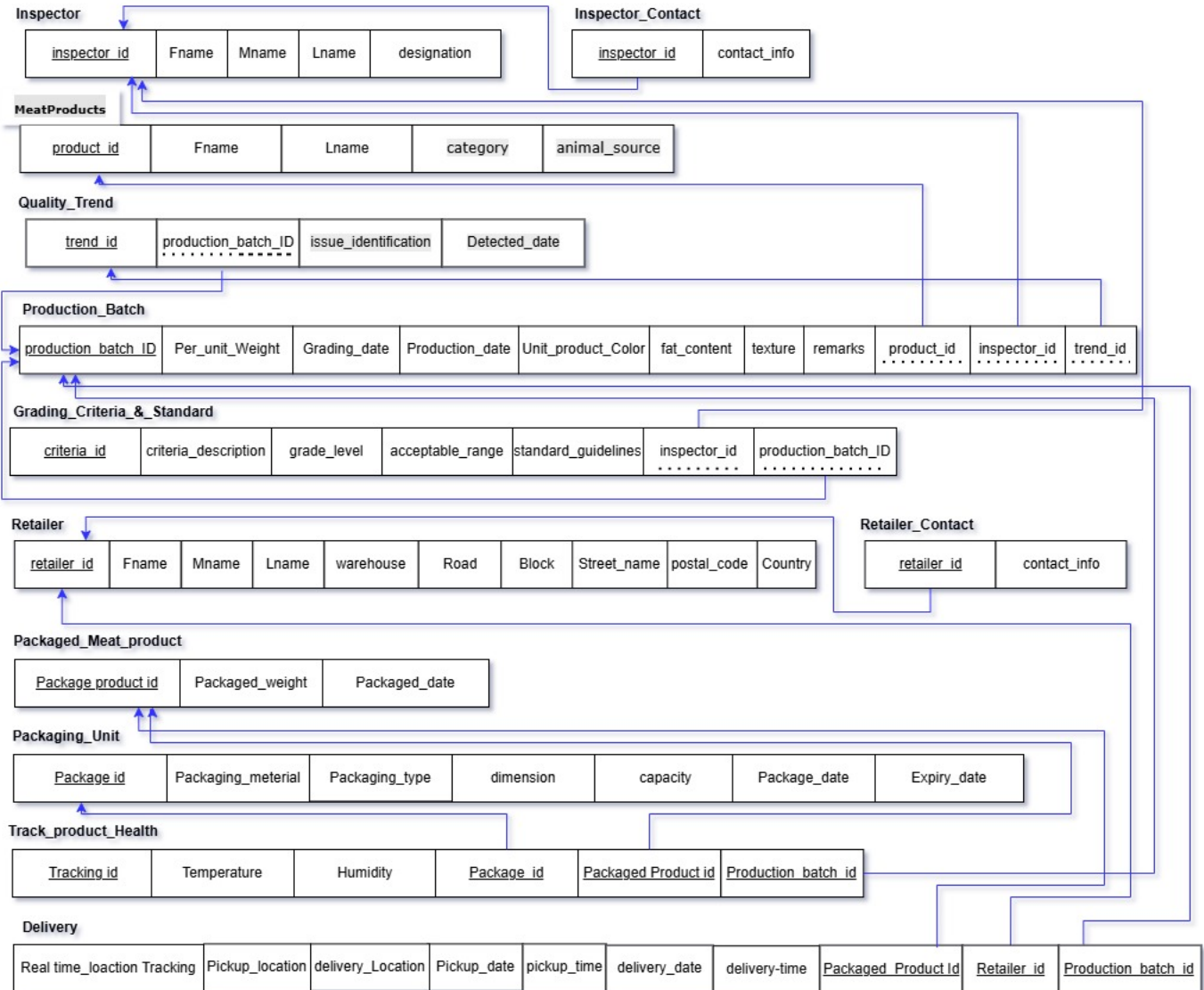


Fig. 4. Relational Schema Design

D. Front End UI

• **EXPLANATION**

The front-end UI of the system is designed to provide an intuitive and visually engaging experience for the users. The dashboard interfaces shown below are equipped with various features that cater to different user roles such as Admin and Retailers. These dashboards are designed to display key

metrics and real-time tracking data related to meat production, packaging, transportation, and more. Each dashboard enables efficient management and data-driven decision-making in a seamless manner. Fig. 1, given below, depicts the **Homepage** where users can browse by categories like Beef, Mutton, Poultry, and check best-selling products.

- **FIGURE(s)**

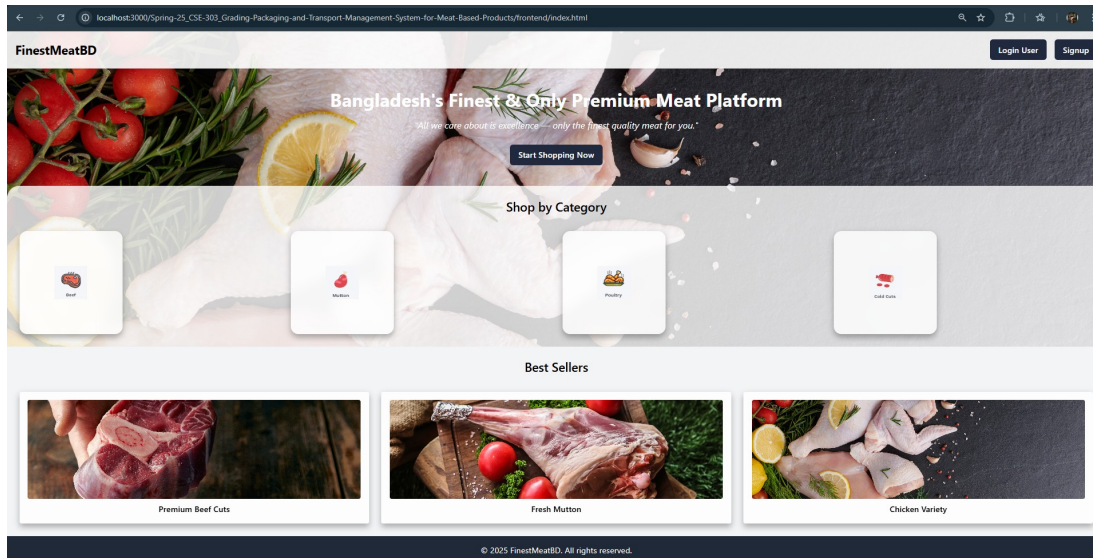


Fig. 5. Homepage

Features:

- Displays categories like Beef, Mutton, and Poultry for easy navigation.
- Showcases best-selling products like Premium Beef Cuts and Fresh Mutton.
- Provides a "Start Shopping Now" option for users to browse products.

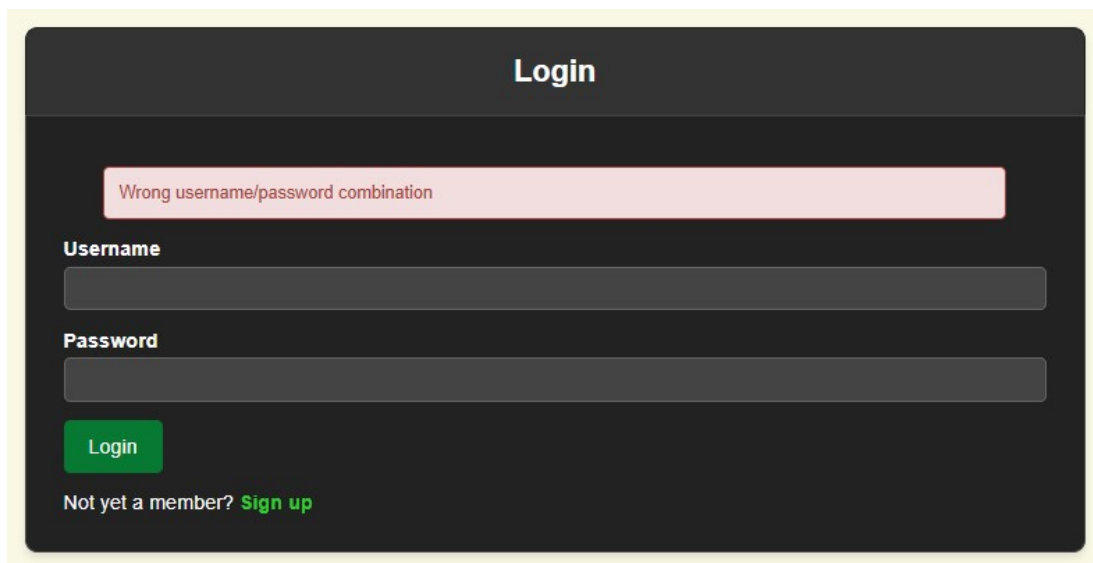


Fig. 6. Login Page

Features:

- Users can input their username and password.
- Displays a warning message if the username/password combination is incorrect.
- Provides an option to sign up if the user does not have an account.

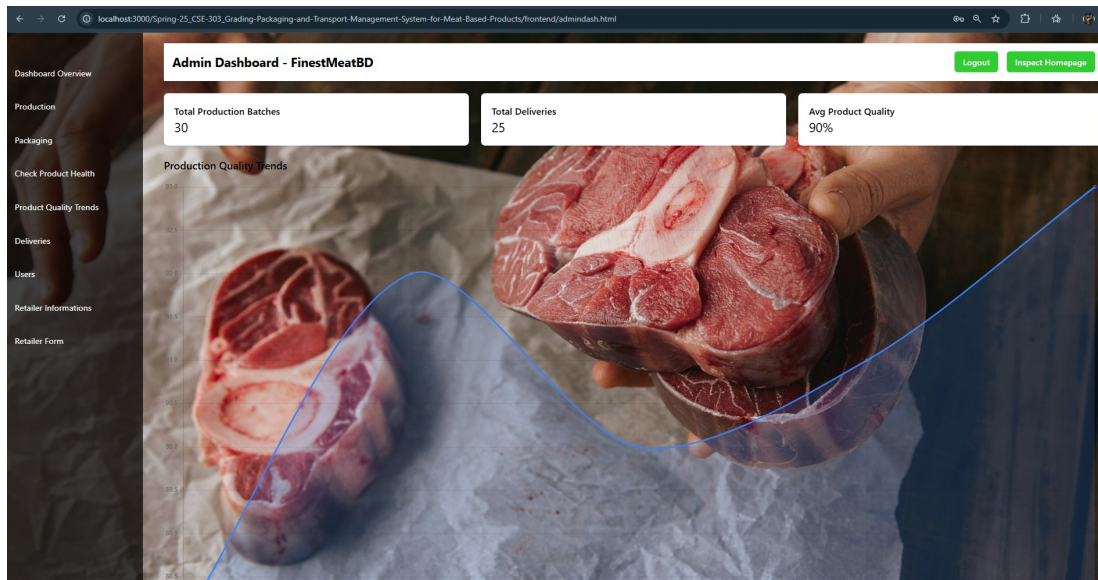


Fig. 7. Admin Dashboard

Features:

- Displays the total number of production batches and deliveries.
- Visualizes product quality trends over time.
- Provides insights into the status of production and deliveries for effective management.

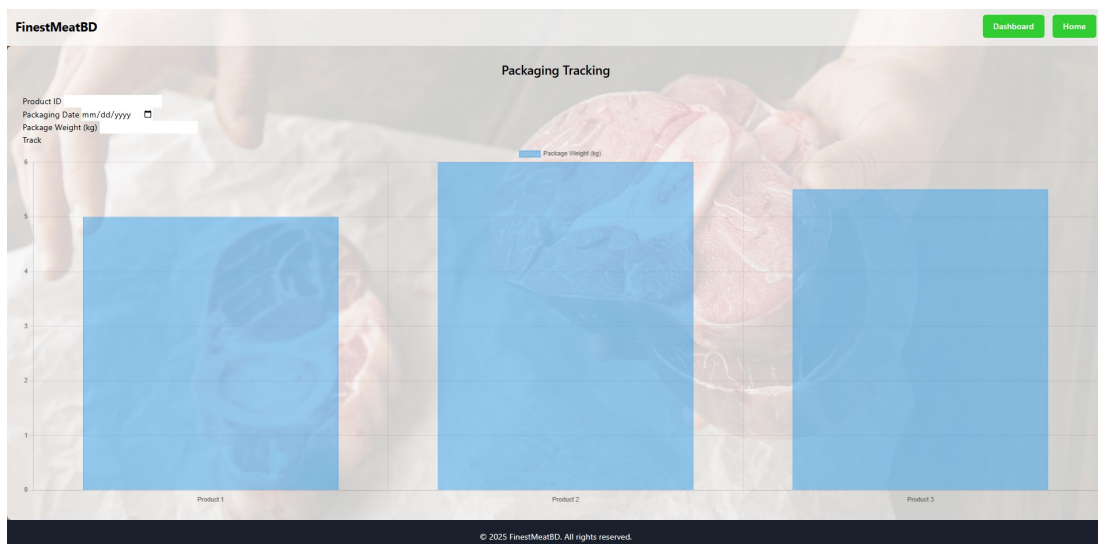


Fig. 8. Packaging Tracking

Features:

- Allows users to input product IDs, packaging dates, and package weights.

- Enables tracking of meat product packaging through visual graphs.
- Displays graphical representation of packaging weight (kg) for different products.

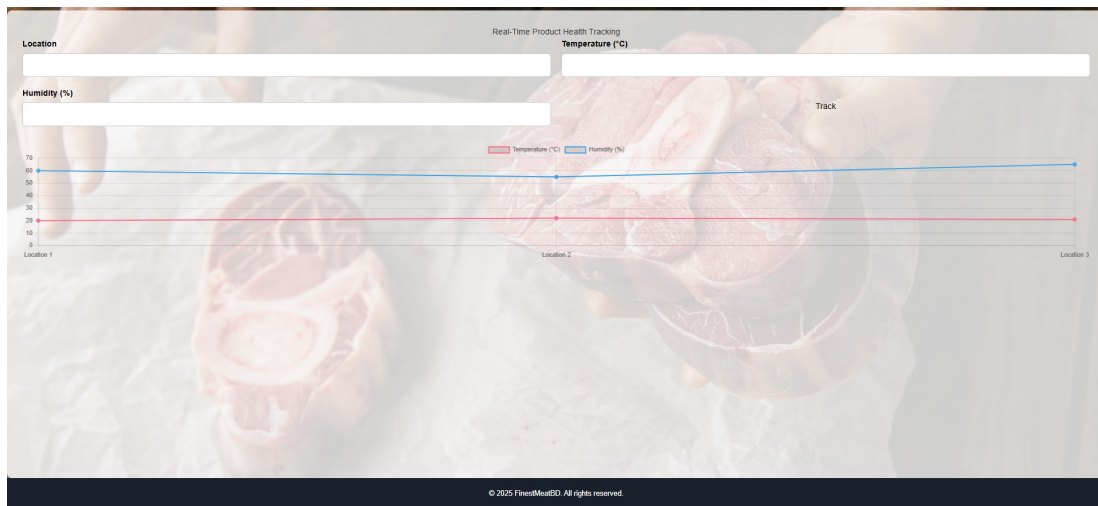


Fig. 9. Real-Time Product Health Monitoring

Features:

- Tracks real-time temperature and humidity for different product locations.
- Visualizes health conditions of meat products with line graphs for temperature and humidity.
- Enables the user to input data and check the health status of the products.

Production Tracking			
Batch ID	Product Name	Grading	
Batch 101	Premium Beef	A+	

Fig. 10. Production Tracking

Features:

- Allows the user to track meat production batches.
- Displays product names and grading information for different batches.
- Provides detailed information about each production batch.

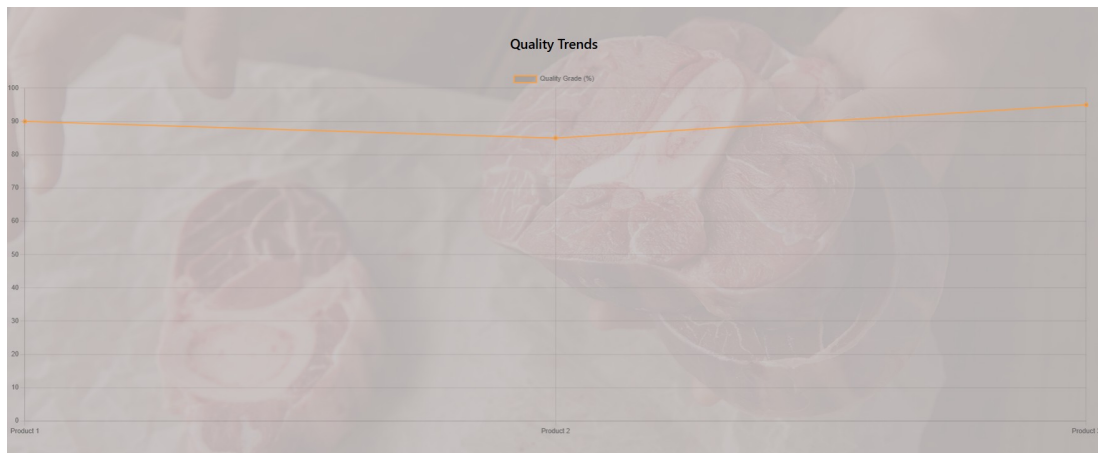


Fig. 11. Quality Trend

Features:

- Displays a graph showing quality trends over time for various products.
- Monitors and visualizes product quality percentage.
- Tracks improvements or declines in product quality over a period of time.

Finest Meat BD		Add Retailer	Admin Dashboard
Retailer List			
Search by Name or Warehouse...			
Search			
First Name	Last Name	Warehouse	Actions
Fahim	Shamim	wh282	Edit Delete
Sakib	Hossain	wh42	Edit Delete
Ariful	Hossain	wh52	Edit Delete
Shamim	Khan	wh62	Edit Delete
Rumana	Akter	wh72	Edit Delete
Mehedi	Chowdhury	wh82	Edit Delete
Aminul	Mollah	wh92	Edit Delete
Biplob	Paul	wh102	Edit Delete
Nazma	Begum	wh112	Edit Delete
Kamrul	Talukder	wh122	Edit Delete
Ayesha	Rashid	wh132	Edit Delete
Zakir	Patwary	wh142	Edit Delete
Mahi	Miah	wh152	Edit Delete

Fig. 12. Retailer Information

Features:

- Displays a list of retailers, their information, and associated warehouses.
- Allows searching by retailer name or warehouse.
- Enables the admin to edit or delete retailer information.

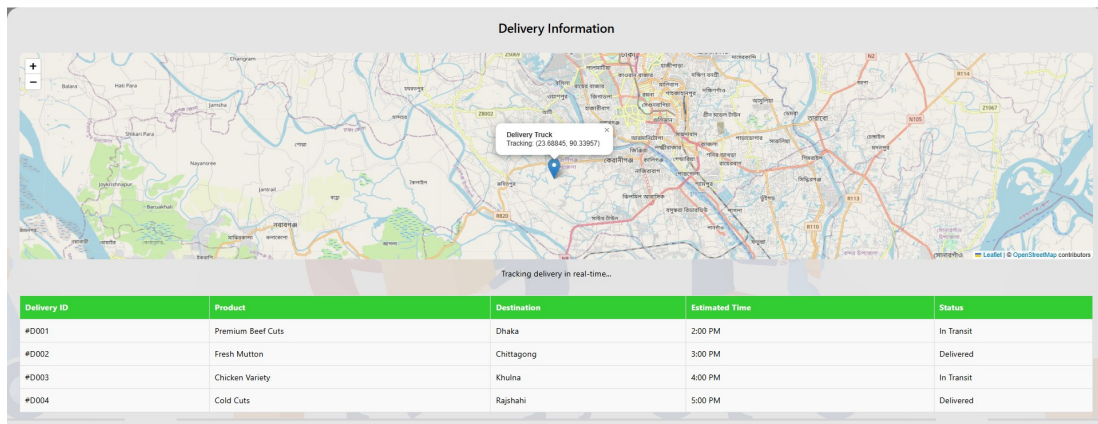


Fig. 13. Delivery Real-Time Tracking

Features:

- Tracks deliveries in real-time with live location tracking on a map.
- Displays delivery information such as delivery ID, product, destination, estimated time, and status.
- Provides detailed tracking of each delivery with updates on its status.

CRUD System Home

Edit Retailer

First Name
Fahim

Middle Name
Anwar

Last Name
Shaon

Warehouse
wh282

Road
13

Block
Z

Street Name
Kamarpada, Block Z, Dhaka

Postal Code
1211

Country
Bangladesh

[Update Retailer](#)

Fig. 14. Edit Retailer Information

Features:

- Allows the admin to edit retailer information including names, warehouse, and contact details.
- Provides a form for modifying retailer details such as road, block, street, and postal code.
- Enables the admin to update retailer records and ensure data consistency.

E. Normalization

- **EXPLANATION**

Normalization is a process used in database design to eliminate redundancy and ensure that the data is stored efficiently without unnecessary duplication. The process involves organizing the attributes of the data into separate tables to reduce data redundancy and improve data integrity. Normalization is achieved through several normal forms, with the most common being:

- **1NF (First Normal Form)**: Ensures that all the columns contain atomic (indivisible) values and there are no repeating groups of data.
- **2NF (Second Normal Form)**: Builds on 1NF by ensuring that all non-key attributes are fully dependent on the primary key.
- **3NF (Third Normal Form)**: Ensures that all attributes are not only functionally dependent on the primary key, but are also non-transitively dependent on it.
- **BCNF (Boyce-Codd Normal Form)**: A stricter version of 3NF that addresses certain types of anomalies that 3NF doesn't cover.

The goal of normalization is to eliminate anomalies during data insertion, deletion, and updates, while ensuring that the database schema remains flexible and easy to manage.

The figure below (Fig. 4) represents the Normalization process for the system, showing how data tables evolve as they progress from 1NF to 3NF and BCNF.

- **FIGURE**

1NF

R11	product_id	product_name	category	animal_source								
R12	production_batch_id	per_unit_weight	grading_date	production_date	batch_number	unit_product_color	fat_content	texture	remarks	product_id	inspector_id	trend_id
R13	criteria_id	criteria_description	grade_level	acceptable_range	standard_guidelines							
R14	inspector_id	inspector_fname	inspector_mname	inspector_lname	inspector_designation	inspector_contact						
R15	trend_id	issue_identification	detected_date	production_batch_id								
R16	package_id	packaging_material	packaging_type	dimension	package_date	expiry_date	capacity					
R17	packaged_product_id	packaged_weight	package_id	packaged_date	product_id							
R18	tracking_id	temperature	humidity	packaged_product_id								
R19	delivery_id	pickup_location	delivery_location	pickup_date	delivery_date	pickup_time	delivery_time	packaged_product_id	retailer_id			
R20	retailer_id	retailer_fname	retailer_lname	retailer_contact	retailer_address							

2NF

R171	packaged_product_id	packaged_weight	package_id	packaged_date	product_id				
R182	tracking_id	temperature	humidity	packaged_product_id					
R193	delivery_id	pickup_location	delivery_location	pickup_date	delivery_date	pickup_time	delivery_time	packaged_product_id	retailer_id

R11,R12,R13,R14,R15,R16,R20 are already in 2NF

3NF

R1111	<u>product_id</u>	<u>product_name</u>	<u>category</u>	<u>animal_source</u>								
R1412	<u>inspector_id</u>	<u>inspector_fname</u>	<u>inspector_mname</u>	<u>inspector_lname</u>	<u>inspector_designation</u>	<u>inspector_contact</u>						
R2013	<u>retailer_id</u>	<u>retailer_fname</u>	<u>retailer_lname</u>	<u>retailer_contact</u>	<u>retailer_address</u>							
R1214	<u>production_batch_id</u>	<u>per_unit_weight</u>	<u>grading_date</u>	<u>production_date</u>	<u>batch_number</u>	<u>unit_product_color</u>	<u>fat_content</u>	<u>texture</u>	<u>remarks</u>	<u>product_id</u>	<u>inspector_id</u>	<u>trend_id</u>

R13,R15,R16,R17,R18,R19 are already in 3NF

BCNF

All Relations are already in BCNF

Fig. 15. Normalization Process

V. DISCUSSION

A. Finest Meat BD Dashboard Overview

The **Finest Meat BD** dashboard provides a comprehensive, user-friendly interface that facilitates real-time tracking and monitoring across the entire meat supply chain. The dashboard includes the following key features:

- **Grading Criteria and Standards for Different Meat Products:** The dashboard enables the inspection of meat products with a clear set of grading criteria that includes visual and sensory checks, along with measurable metrics like marbling and color.
- **Inspector Records and Quality Reports:** Each inspector's grading record is stored digitally, reducing human error and creating an auditable trail for compliance.

- **Tracking of Graded Meat Through the Supply Chain:** The dashboard enables real-time tracking of graded meat from production to transportation, ensuring quality is maintained at each stage.
- **Packaging Tracking and Quality Trends:** Packaging is tracked to ensure that all meat products are handled according to food safety standards. Quality trends provide insights into the meat products' ongoing condition and help prevent issues before they arise.
- **Map-Based Transportation Tracking:** A real-time map-based feature tracks delivery vehicles to ensure timely arrivals and monitor cold chain conditions.

B. Analytics Highlighting the Benefits of Using It

Finest Meat BD offers a robust analytics tool that enhances the meat supply chain's efficiency. Key benefits include:

- **Data-Driven Insights for Grading and Quality Trends:** Continuous analysis helps identify bottlenecks and quality degradation, enabling proactive improvements.
- **Supply Chain Optimization:** Real-time tracking ensures that all logistics processes are optimized, minimizing delays and reducing spoilage.
- **Packaging Efficiency and Waste Reduction:** Detailed reports on packaging performance help identify inefficiencies and reduce waste.
- **Transportation Monitoring:** Real-time tracking of delivery routes ensures products reach retailers without delays, and the cold chain remains intact.

C. Implementation of Finest Meat BD in Real-Life Scenarios

The system addresses real-life challenges such as inconsistent grading, packaging issues, and transportation delays:

- **Grading and Quality Control:** The AI-assisted grading system eliminates subjective assessments, ensuring all meat products are consistently graded according to industry standards.
- **Packaging and Spoilage Reduction:** Real-time tracking ensures packaging integrity, while also reducing spoilage caused by improper packaging and storage.
- **Transportation and Cold Chain Integrity:** Real-time monitoring of transportation conditions, including temperature and humidity, ensures that products are kept under optimal conditions throughout transit.

D. Implementation of Finest Meat BD in Organizations and Stakeholders

The system serves multiple stakeholders across the meat supply chain:

- **Processors and Inspectors:** Real-time access to grading and inspection data ensures compliance and reduces the risk of errors.
- **Packaging Teams:** Packaging teams use the system to ensure compliance with food safety standards and optimize packaging processes.
- **Logistics and Transport Teams:** With real-time transportation tracking, logistics teams can avoid delays and ensure meat products are handled safely.
- **Retailers and Consumers:** Retailers can access detailed product data, and consumers can scan QR codes to verify product quality and traceability.

VI. CONCLUSION

The **Grading, Packaging, and Transport Management System for Meat-Based Products**, branded as **Finest Meat BD**, represents a comprehensive, integrated solution aimed at transforming the meat supply chain. The system addresses key issues in the meat industry, including inconsistent grading, inefficient packaging, poor transport practices, and lack of real-time tracking, which can result in spoilage, quality variation, and waste.

A. Quality Control and Standardization

A primary objective was to standardize meat grading. The AI-based grading system ensures consistent and accurate product classification, reducing human error. Blockchain integration secures inspector records, providing a transparent audit trail for each product batch.

B. Real-Time Tracking and Transparency

Finest Meat BD enables real-time tracking from grading through to delivery, ensuring temperature and humidity control throughout transport via IoT sensors. This feature, combined with map-based tracking, optimizes logistics, minimizes delays, and guarantees fresh deliveries to retailers.

C. Packaging and Waste Reduction

Packaging plays a crucial role in extending meat shelf-life. The system monitors packaging standards, reduces inefficiencies, and promotes sustainability by minimizing waste. Real-time monitoring helps identify and resolve packaging issues proactively.

D. Stakeholder Benefits

The system benefits all supply chain stakeholders. Processors and inspectors benefit from digital systems that reduce manual tasks and improve grading accuracy. Logistics teams efficiently manage deliveries with live tracking. Retailers gain insights into product origins and shelf-life, while consumers can verify product authenticity and quality through QR codes, boosting trust.

E. Analytics and Continuous Improvement

Analytics in **Finest Meat BD** continuously improve the supply chain by analyzing grading and quality trends. The system identifies improvement areas, detects recurring issues, and evolves based on real-time data, allowing stakeholders to make informed, proactive decisions.

F. Impact on the Meat Industry

Finest Meat BD modernizes the meat industry by bridging traditional practices with innovative solutions. It ensures better consistency, quality, and efficiency across the supply chain, eliminating key issues like inconsistent grading, packaging errors, and temperature fluctuations during transit, reducing waste and ensuring product quality.

G. Future Prospects

Future expansions could include predictive analytics for demand forecasting, enhanced mobile consumer engagement, and further integration with automated processing systems. As it evolves, **Finest Meat BD** has the potential to set new global standards for meat supply chain quality and traceability.

In conclusion, **Finest Meat BD** is a robust, scalable solution addressing the meat industry's challenges. Focused on quality control, real-time tracking, and waste reduction, it promises a lasting impact on the supply chain, ensuring safer, fresher, and higher-quality products for consumers.

REFERENCES

- [1] Essential oils as natural antimicrobials applied in meat and meat products - a review. Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition, Q1. [Link](#)
- [2] Effect of Packaging Type and Aging on the Meat Quality Characteristics of Water Buffalo Bulls. Animals, Q1. [Link](#)
- [3] Meat inspection and hygiene in a Meat Factory Cell - An alternative concept. Food Control, Q1. [Link](#)
- [4] Active Packaging for the Extended Shelf-Life of Meat: Perspectives from Consumption Habits, Market Requirements and Packaging Practices in China and New Zealand. Foods, Q1. [Link](#)
- [5] A comprehensive review of cold chain logistics for fresh agricultural products: Current status, challenges, and future trends. Food Control, Q1. [Link](#)
- [6] A comprehensive review on the application of active packaging technologies to muscle foods. Food Packaging and Shelf Life, Q1. [Link](#)

- [7] Recent advances in the use of computer vision technology in the quality assessment of fresh meats. Meat Science, Q1. [Link](#)
- [8] An overview of smart packaging technologies for monitoring safety and quality of meat and meat products. Packaging Technology and Science, Q2. [Link](#)
- [9] Mitigating Spread of Contamination in Meat Supply Chain. Scientific Reports, Q3. [Link](#)
- [10] Transformation of quality aspects throughout the chicken meat supply chain. British Food Journal, Q1. [Link](#)