

# Gyrofluid for ETG

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## Gyrokinetic equation for electron

Ordering:

$$\frac{\omega}{\Omega_e} \sim \frac{k_{\parallel} v_{te}}{\Omega_e} \sim \frac{e\phi}{T} \sim \frac{\delta B}{B_0} \sim \frac{F_1}{F_0} \sim \frac{\rho_e}{L} \sim \epsilon \ll 1, \quad \rho_e k_{\perp} \sim 1$$

Gyrokinetic Equation:

$$\frac{\partial F(\mathbf{X}, v_{\parallel}, \mu, t)}{\partial t} + \dot{\mathbf{X}} \cdot \nabla F + \dot{v}_{\parallel} \frac{\partial F}{\partial v_{\parallel}} = C(F)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \dot{\mathbf{X}} = v_{\parallel} (\mathbf{b}_0 + \frac{\langle \delta \mathbf{B} \rangle}{B_0}) + \mathbf{v}_E + \mathbf{v}_d \\ \dot{v}_{\parallel} = -\frac{e}{m} \tilde{E}_{\parallel} - \mu \tilde{\mathbf{b}} \cdot \nabla B + v_{\parallel} \kappa \cdot \mathbf{v}_E \end{array} \right\} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{v}_d = \frac{v_{\parallel}^2 + \mu B}{\Omega B^2} \mathbf{B} \times \nabla B, \quad low \beta \\ \mathbf{v}_E = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b}_0 \times \nabla \langle \phi + \phi_0 \rangle, \quad \langle \delta \mathbf{B} \rangle = -\mathbf{b}_0 \times \nabla \langle A_{\parallel} \rangle \\ \tilde{E}_{\parallel} = -\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \langle A_{\parallel} \rangle}{\partial t} - \mathbf{b} \cdot \nabla \langle \phi + \phi_0 \rangle, \quad \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{b}_0 + \delta \mathbf{b} \\ \langle \phi + \phi_0 \rangle = J_0(\alpha) (\phi + \phi_0), \quad \alpha = -i \frac{\sqrt{2\mu B}}{\Omega} \nabla_{\perp} = \frac{\sqrt{2\mu B}}{v_{ti}} \rho_i k_{\perp} \end{array} \right.$$

Gyroaverage operator (only operates on  $\phi$  and  $A_{\parallel}$ ):

$$J_0(\alpha) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n!)^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\mu B}}{2\Omega} \right)^{2n} \nabla_{\perp}^{2n}$$

Notations:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} i\omega_d = \frac{v_{\parallel}^2}{\Omega B^2} \mathbf{B} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla & \Rightarrow B \mathbf{v}_d \cdot \nabla F = i\omega_d [FB(v_{\parallel}^2 + \mu B)] \\ \nabla_{\parallel} = \mathbf{b} \cdot \nabla & \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{b}_0 + \frac{\langle \delta \mathbf{B} \rangle}{B} \\ \mathbf{v}_{\phi} = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla (\phi + \phi_0) & \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla A_{\parallel} \end{array} \right.$$

Get ride of the lowest and first order terms, then the gyrokinetic equation is  $O(\epsilon^2)$  equation evolving  $\tilde{f}$ ,  $\phi$  and  $A_{\parallel}$ .  
Local Maxwellian distribution(with parallel flow for electron):

$$F_0 = F_M = \frac{n_0}{(2\pi v_t^2)^{3/2}} e^{-(v_{\parallel} - u_{0\parallel})^2 / 2v_t^2 - \mu B / v_t^2}$$

$$T = mv_t^2, \quad T_{\perp 0} = 2T_{\parallel 0} = mv_t^2 = T_0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial}{\partial t} B \tilde{f} + B \nabla_{\parallel} \tilde{f} v_{\parallel} + \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla [(F_0 + \tilde{f}) B J_0] - \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} \cdot \nabla [(F_0 + \tilde{f}) B \frac{v_{\parallel}}{c} J_0] \\
& - 2 F_0 B J_0 i \omega_d \frac{e \phi}{T} + 2 F_0 B \frac{v_{\parallel}}{c} J_0 i \omega_d \frac{e A_{\parallel}}{T} - F_0 B J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2} i \omega_d \frac{e \phi}{T} + F_0 B \frac{v_{\parallel}}{c} J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2} i \omega_d \frac{e A_{\parallel}}{T} \\
& + \frac{i \omega_d}{v_t^2} [f \tilde{B} (v_{\parallel}^2 + \mu B)] + \frac{e}{m c} \frac{\partial F_0}{\partial v_{\parallel}} B J_0 \frac{\partial A_{\parallel}}{\partial t} \\
& + \frac{e}{m} \nabla_{\parallel} \left( \frac{\partial F_0}{\partial v_{\parallel}} B J_0 \phi \right) - \frac{e}{m} J_0 \phi \frac{\partial F_0}{\partial v_{\parallel}} B \left( 1 - \frac{\mu B}{v_t^2} \right) \nabla_{\parallel} \ln B \\
& - \frac{e}{m} \frac{\partial F_0}{\partial v_{\parallel}} J_0 A_{\parallel} J_0 \phi (\hat{\mathbf{b}} \times \nabla A_{\parallel}) \cdot \nabla \phi - \mu B^2 \frac{\partial \tilde{f}}{\partial v_{\parallel}} \nabla_{\parallel} \ln B \\
& + \frac{\partial F_0}{\partial v_{\parallel}} B J_0 \frac{\mu B}{c} i \omega_d \frac{e A_{\parallel}}{T} + \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{\parallel}} (F_0 B J_0 v_{\parallel}) i \omega_d \frac{e \phi}{T} - \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{\parallel}} (F_0 B J_0 v_{\parallel}^2) i \omega_d \frac{e A_{\parallel}}{c T} = 0
\end{aligned}$$

- Meaning of terms: **parallel motion**,  **$\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B}$  drift**, curvature and  $\nabla B$  drift, **electric acceleration**, **mirror force acceleration**, **phase conservation term**
  - part of the phase conservation term is  $F_0 B J_0 i \omega_d \frac{e \phi}{T}$  which is absorbed in  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B}$  drift term
  - to keep phase space conservation, the corresponding term is added

## Electron gyrofluid equation

- Definitions

$$\begin{aligned}
F &= F_{0M} + \tilde{f} \\
\begin{cases} \tilde{n} = \int \tilde{f} d^3 v \\ \tilde{P}_{\parallel} = m \int \tilde{f} v_{\parallel}^2 d^3 v \end{cases} & \quad \begin{cases} n_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel} = \int \tilde{f} v_{\parallel} d^3 v \\ \tilde{P}_{\perp} = m \int \tilde{f} \mu d^3 v \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

Where  $d^3 v = 2\pi B dv_{\parallel} d\mu$ .

- Moment
  - Take moments of gyrokinetic equation to get gyrofluid equation. Define  $\langle A \rangle = 2\pi \int A dv_{\parallel} B d\mu$
- Electron continuity equation (parallel acceleration terms disappear except part of phase conservation term)

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{n}}{\partial t} + B \nabla_{\parallel} \frac{n_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B} + \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \langle F J_0 \rangle - \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_{\parallel} J_0 \rangle - \left\langle F_0 \left( 2 J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) \right\rangle i \omega_d \frac{e \phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{T_0} i \omega_d (\tilde{p}_{\parallel} + \tilde{p}_{\perp}) = 0$$

- Finite Lamor Radius terms: Terms contain  $J_0$  need special treatment

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle F_0 J_0 \rangle &= n_0 \Gamma_0^{1/2} \\
\langle F_0 v_{\parallel} J_0 \rangle &= 0 \\
\langle F_0 J_1 \alpha \rangle &= -\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \\
\mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \langle F J_0 \rangle &= \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla (n \Gamma_0^{1/2}(b)) \\
&= n_0 i \omega_* \Gamma_0^{1/2} \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \frac{n_0}{2} \eta_i \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i \omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - n_0 \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i \omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + NL \\
NL &= \mathbf{v}_{\Phi} \cdot \nabla \tilde{n} + \frac{n_0}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\Phi}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} \\
\mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_{\parallel} J_0 \rangle &= \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} \cdot \nabla (n \Gamma_0^{1/2}(b)) \\
&= \frac{1}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \langle F B J_0 \rangle &= \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla (n B \Gamma_0^{1/2}(b)) \\
&= n_0 i \omega_* \Gamma_0^{1/2} \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \frac{n_0}{2} \eta_i \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i \omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - n_0 \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i \omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + NL
\end{aligned}$$

\*  $\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \Phi = 2b \frac{\partial \Gamma_0^{1/2}}{\partial b} \phi$ ,  $b = \frac{1}{\Omega} \sqrt{\frac{T_{\perp}}{m}}$ ,  $\eta_i = L_n / L_T$

\* Diamagnetic frequency  $i\omega_* = (cT_0 / eBn_0) \nabla n_0 \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \nabla$

– Substitute FLR terms

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial \tilde{n}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{v}_{\Phi} \cdot \nabla \tilde{n} + B \tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} \frac{n_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B} + \frac{n_0}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\Phi}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} - \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp} + n_0 (1 + \frac{1}{2} \eta_i \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2) i \omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} \\
- n_0 (2 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2) i \omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{T_0} i \omega_d (\tilde{p}_{\parallel} + \tilde{p}_{\perp}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

\* last term contains curvature drift via  $i\omega_d \tilde{p}_{\parallel}$  and  $\nabla B$  drift via  $i\omega_d \tilde{p}_{\perp}$

Where  $\frac{d}{dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V}_{\Phi} \cdot \nabla$ ,  $\mathbf{V}_{\Phi} = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla (\Gamma_0^{1/2} \phi)$ ,  $i\omega_* = (cT_0 / eBn_0) \nabla n_0 \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \nabla$ ,  $i\omega_d = \frac{v_{ti}^2}{\Omega_e B^2} \mathbf{B} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla$ ,  $\tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} = \nabla_{\parallel} - \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} \cdot \nabla = \nabla_{\parallel} - \hat{\mathbf{b}} \times \nabla \bar{A}_{\parallel} \cdot \nabla$ . Already consider electron charge

• Electron parallel momentum equation

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial n_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + \frac{B}{m} \nabla_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{B} + \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_{\parallel} J_0 \rangle - \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{v}_{A_{\parallel}} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_{\parallel}^2 J_0 \rangle - \langle F_0 v_{\parallel}^2 (2J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \rangle i \omega_d \frac{eA_{\parallel}}{cT_0} \\
+ \frac{1}{T_0} i \omega_d (\tilde{q}_{\parallel} + \tilde{q}_{\perp} + 4p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) + \langle F_0 J_0 \rangle \frac{e}{mc} \frac{\partial A_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + \frac{e}{m} \nabla_{\parallel} \langle F_0 J_0 \rangle \phi - \frac{e}{m} \phi \left\langle F_0 J_0 (1 - \frac{\mu B}{v_t^2}) \right\rangle \nabla_{\parallel} \ln B \\
- \frac{e}{mB} \langle F_0 J_0 A_{\parallel} J_0 \phi \rangle \mathbf{b} \times \nabla A_{\parallel} \cdot \nabla \phi + \frac{\tilde{p}_{\perp}}{m} \nabla_{\parallel} \ln B + \langle F_0 \mu B J_0 \rangle i \omega_d \frac{eA_{\parallel}}{cT_0} - \langle F_0 B J_0 v_{\parallel}^2 \rangle i \omega_d \frac{eA_{\parallel}}{cT} = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1) & \mathbf{v}_\phi \cdot \nabla \langle F v_\parallel J_0 \rangle = NL(v_\parallel) = \mathbf{v}_\Phi \cdot \nabla n_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel + \frac{1}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp \\
2) & \mathbf{v}_{A_\parallel} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_\parallel^2 J_0 \rangle = \mathbf{v}_{A_\parallel} \cdot \nabla \langle n_0 v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2} \rangle + NL(v_\parallel^2) \\
& = -n_0 v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2} i\omega_* \frac{eA_\parallel}{T_0} - \frac{1}{2} n_0 v_t^2 \eta_i \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 i\omega_* \frac{eA_\parallel}{T_0} + n_0 \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 i\omega_d \frac{eA_\parallel}{T_0} + \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\parallel + \frac{n_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp \\
3) & \langle F_0 v_\parallel^2 (2J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \rangle i\omega_d \frac{eA_\parallel}{cT_0} = 2n_0 v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2} i\omega_d \frac{eA_\parallel}{cT_0} - \frac{v_t^2}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 i\omega_d \frac{eA_\parallel}{cT_0} \\
4) & \langle F_0 J_0 \rangle \frac{e}{mc} \frac{\partial A_\parallel}{\partial t} = \frac{n_0 e}{mc} \frac{\partial \bar{A}_\parallel}{\partial t} \\
5) & \frac{e}{m} \nabla_\parallel \langle F_0 J_0 \rangle \phi = \frac{e}{m} \nabla_\parallel n_0 \Phi \\
6) & \frac{e}{m} \phi \left\langle F_0 J_0 (1 - \frac{\mu B}{v_t^2}) \right\rangle \nabla_\parallel \ln B = \frac{e}{m} n_0 \Phi \nabla_\parallel \ln B - \frac{n_0 e}{2m} (2\Phi + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi) \nabla_\parallel \ln B = -\frac{n_0 e}{2m} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi \nabla_\parallel \ln B \\
7) & \frac{e}{mB} \langle F_0 J_{0A_\parallel} J_{0\phi} \rangle \mathbf{b} \times \nabla A_\parallel \cdot \nabla \phi = \frac{n_0 e}{mB} \Gamma_{0A_\parallel}^{1/2} \Gamma_{0\phi}^{1/2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla A_\parallel \cdot \nabla \phi \\
8) & \langle F_0 \mu B J_0 \rangle i\omega_d \frac{eA_\parallel}{cT_0} = \frac{v_t^2}{2} (2\Gamma_0^{1/2} + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{eA_\parallel}{cT_0}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& n_0 \frac{\partial \tilde{u}_\parallel}{\partial t} + n_0 \mathbf{v}_\Phi \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel - \frac{n_0 e}{m} \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \Phi + \frac{B}{m} \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{p}_\parallel}{B} + \frac{1}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp - \frac{n_0}{2m} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp \\
& - \frac{n_0 e}{mc} \frac{\partial \bar{A}_\parallel}{\partial t} - n_0 v_t^2 (1 + \eta_e + \frac{\eta_e}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\bar{A}_\parallel}{cT_0} + (\frac{\tilde{p}_\perp}{m} - \frac{n_0 e}{2m} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi) \nabla_\parallel \ln B + \frac{1}{T_0} i\omega_d (\tilde{q}_\parallel + \tilde{q}_\perp + 4p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

- electron parallel pressure equation

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \tilde{p}_\parallel}{\partial t} + B \nabla_\parallel \frac{\tilde{q}_\parallel + 3p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B} + m \mathbf{v}_\phi \cdot \nabla \langle F v_\parallel^2 J_0 \rangle - \frac{m}{c} \mathbf{v}_{A_\parallel} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_\parallel^3 J_0 \rangle - m \langle F_0 v_\parallel^2 (2J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \rangle i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
& + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel,\parallel} + \tilde{r}_{\parallel,\perp}) + 2(\tilde{q}_\perp + p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel) \nabla_\parallel \ln B - 2m \langle F_0 v_\parallel^2 J_0 \rangle i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} = 0
\end{aligned}$$

Gyroaveraged terms

$$\begin{aligned}
1. & m_e \mathbf{v}_\phi \cdot \nabla \langle F v_\parallel^2 J_0 \rangle = m_e \mathbf{v}_\phi \cdot \nabla (n_0 v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2}) + NL \\
& = m_e n_0 v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2} i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + m_e n_0 \eta_e b \frac{\partial(v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2})}{\partial b} i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} - 2m_e n_0 b \frac{\partial(v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2})}{\partial b} i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \mathbf{v}_\Phi \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\parallel + \frac{n_0}{2} [\nabla_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp \\
2. & \frac{m_e}{c} \mathbf{v}_{A_\parallel} \cdot \nabla \langle F v_\parallel^3 J_0 \rangle = NL \\
& = \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\parallel + \frac{1}{c} 3p_0 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel + \frac{3}{2c} [\nabla_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp \\
3. & m \langle F_0 v_\parallel^2 (2J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \rangle i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} = 2mn_0 v_t^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - \frac{m}{2} n_0 v_t^2 \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
4. & 2m \langle F_0 v_\parallel^2 J_0 \rangle i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} = 2mn_0 v_t^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0}
\end{aligned}$$

Add gyroaveraged terms

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + B \nabla_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{q}_{\parallel} + 3p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B} + m_e n_0 v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2} i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + m_e n_0 \eta_e b \frac{\partial(v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2})}{\partial b} i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} - 2m_e n_0 b \frac{\partial(v_t^2 \Gamma_0^{1/2})}{\partial b} i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \mathbf{v}_{\Phi} \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\parallel} \\
& + \frac{n_0}{2} [\nabla_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\Phi}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} - \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\parallel} - \frac{1}{c} 3p_0 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_{\parallel} - \frac{3}{2c} [\nabla_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp} - 2mn_0 v_t^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + \frac{m}{2} v_t^2 \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
& + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \parallel} + \tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp}) + 2(\tilde{q}_{\perp} + p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) \nabla_{\parallel} \ln B - 2mn_0 v_t^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} = 0 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{d\tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{dt} + B \tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{q}_{\parallel} + 3p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B} + \frac{m_e n_0}{2} [\nabla_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\Phi}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} + 2(\tilde{q}_{\perp} + p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) \nabla_{\parallel} \ln B \\
& + m_e n_0 v_t^2 (1 + 2\eta_e + \frac{\eta_e}{2} \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - mn_0 v_t^2 (4 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \parallel} + \tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$-\frac{3m_e}{2c} [\nabla_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp}$  is neglected.

- electron perpendicular pressure equation

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \tilde{p}_{\perp}}{\partial t} + B^2 \nabla_{\parallel} \left[ \frac{1}{B^2} (\tilde{q}_{\perp} + p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) \right] + mB \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \langle F\mu J_0 \rangle \\
& - \frac{mB}{c} \mathbf{v}_{A\parallel} \cdot \nabla \langle F\mu v_{\parallel} J_0 \rangle - mB \left\langle F_0 \mu (2J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \right\rangle i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp} + \tilde{r}_{\perp, \perp}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

Gyroaveraged terms

$$\begin{aligned}
1. & mB \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \langle F\mu J_0 \rangle = mB \mathbf{v}_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \left[ \frac{n_0 v_t^2}{B} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b\Gamma_0^{1/2}) \right] + NL \\
& = mn_0 v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b\Gamma_0^{1/2}) i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + mn_0 \eta_e b \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b\Gamma_0^{1/2})) i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} - 2mn_0 b \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b\Gamma_0^{1/2})) i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
& + \mathbf{v}_{\Phi} \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\perp} + \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\Phi}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\perp} \\
2. & \frac{mB}{c} \mathbf{v}_{A\parallel} \cdot \nabla \langle F\mu v_{\parallel} J_0 \rangle = NL \\
& = \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp} + \frac{1}{c} p_0 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}} \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_{\parallel} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{p_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_{\parallel} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp} + \frac{1}{c} [\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \mathbf{v}_{\bar{A}}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_{\perp} \\
3. & mB \left\langle F_0 \mu (2J_0 + J_1 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \right\rangle i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} = 2mB \frac{n_0 v_t^2}{B} \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b\Gamma_0^{1/2}) i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} - mB \frac{v_t^2}{B} \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
& = mn_0 v_t^2 (2 + \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - mn_0 v_t^2 \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0}
\end{aligned}$$

Add gyroaveraged term we get

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \tilde{p}_\perp}{\partial t} + B^2 \nabla_\parallel \left[ \frac{1}{B^2} (\tilde{q}_\perp + p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel) \right] + mn_0 v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b \Gamma_0^{1/2}) i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + mn_0 \eta_e b \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b \Gamma_0^{1/2})) i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
& - 2mn_0 b \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b \Gamma_0^{1/2})) i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \mathbf{v}_\Phi \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\perp + \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\perp \\
& - \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{v}_A \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp - \frac{1}{c} p_0 \mathbf{v}_A \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel - \frac{1}{c} \frac{p_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel - \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp - \frac{1}{c} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp \\
& - mn_0 v_t^2 (2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + mn_0 v_t^2 \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp} + \tilde{r}_{\perp, \perp}) = 0 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{d\tilde{p}_\perp}{dt} + B^2 \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{q}_\perp + p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B^2} + \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\perp - \frac{1}{c} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp \\
& - \frac{1}{c} \frac{p_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel - \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp \\
& + mn_0 v_t^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \eta_e (2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) \right] i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} - 2mn_0 v_t^2 (4 + 2\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp} + \tilde{r}_{\perp, \perp}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$b \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (v_t^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial b} (b \Gamma_0^{1/2})) = v_t^2 (2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2)$$

## Final equations

- Original

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d\tilde{n}}{dt} + B \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{n_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B} + \frac{n_0}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp - \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_{A\parallel}] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp \\
& + n_0 (1 + \frac{1}{2} \eta_e \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - n_0 (2 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{T_0} i\omega_d (\tilde{p}_\parallel + \tilde{p}_\perp) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& n_0 \frac{d\tilde{u}_\parallel}{dt} - \frac{n_0 e}{m} \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \Phi + \frac{B}{m} \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{p}_\parallel}{B} + \frac{1}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp - \frac{n_0}{2m} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp \\
& - \frac{n_0 e}{mc} \frac{\partial \tilde{A}_\parallel}{\partial t} - n_0 v_t^2 (1 + \eta_e + \frac{\eta_e}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\tilde{A}_\parallel}{cT_0} + (\frac{\tilde{p}_\perp}{m} - \frac{n_0 e}{2m} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi) \nabla_\parallel \ln B + \frac{1}{T_0} i\omega_d (\tilde{q}_\parallel + \tilde{q}_\perp + 4p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d\tilde{p}_\parallel}{dt} + B \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{q}_\parallel + 3p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B} + \frac{n_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp + 2(\tilde{q}_\perp + p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel) \nabla_\parallel \ln B \\
& + m_e n_0 v_t^2 (1 + 2\eta_e + \frac{\eta_e}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - mn_0 v_t^2 (4 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \parallel} + \tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d\tilde{p}_\perp}{dt} + B^2 \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{q}_\perp + p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B^2} + \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\perp - \frac{n_0}{c} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp \\
& - \frac{1}{c} \frac{p_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel - \frac{1}{c} \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{q}_\perp + mn_0 v_t^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \eta_e (2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) \right] i\omega_* \frac{e\phi}{T_0} \\
& - 2mn_0 v_t^2 (4 + 2\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{v_t^2} i\omega_d (\tilde{r}_{\parallel, \perp} + \tilde{r}_{\perp, \perp}) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

Where  $\frac{d}{dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V}_\Phi \cdot \nabla$ ,  $\mathbf{V}_\Phi = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi$ ,  $\mathbf{V}_{\bar{A}\parallel} = \frac{c}{B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \bar{A}_\parallel$ ,  $(\Phi, \bar{A}_\parallel) = \Gamma_0^{1/2}(\phi, A_\parallel)$ ,  $i\omega_* = \frac{cT_0}{eBn_0} \nabla n_0 \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \nabla$ ,  $i\omega_d = \frac{v_i^2}{\Omega_e B^2} \mathbf{B} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla$ ,  $\tilde{\nabla}_\parallel = \nabla_\parallel - \frac{1}{c} \mathbf{V}_{\bar{A}\parallel} \cdot \nabla$ ,  $\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi = 2b \frac{\partial \Gamma_0^{1/2}}{\partial b} \phi$ ,  $\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi = b \frac{\partial^2}{\partial b^2} (b \Gamma_0^{1/2}) \phi$ ,  $\Omega_e = -\frac{eB}{m_e}$ ,  $\eta_e = L_n/L_T$ ,  $T_0 = T_{\perp 0} = 2T_{\parallel 0}$

- Closures

Drop mirror closure terms  $i\omega_d(\tilde{r}_{\parallel,\perp} + \tilde{r}_{\perp,\perp})$ ,  $i\omega_d(\tilde{r}_{\parallel,\parallel} + \tilde{r}_{\parallel,\perp})$  and only keep  $\tilde{q}_\parallel, \tilde{q}_\perp$  in parallel derivative.

$$\tilde{q}_\parallel = -n_0 \sqrt{\frac{8}{\pi}} v_{t\parallel} \frac{ik_\parallel \tilde{T}_\parallel}{|k_\parallel|}$$

$$\tilde{q}_\perp = -n_0 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} v_{t\parallel} \frac{ik_\parallel \tilde{T}_\perp}{|k_\parallel|}$$

- Simplified and use SI units (include resistivity)

$$\frac{d\tilde{n}}{dt} + B\tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{n_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B} + \frac{n_0}{2T_0} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp + n_0(1 + \frac{1}{2}\eta_e \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - n_0(2 + \frac{1}{2}\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} + \frac{1}{T_0} i\omega_d (\tilde{p}_\parallel + \tilde{p}_\perp) = 0$$

$$n_0 \frac{d\tilde{u}_\parallel}{dt} - \frac{n_0 e}{m} \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \Phi + \frac{B}{m} \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{p}_\parallel}{B} - \frac{n_0}{2m} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp - \frac{n_0 e}{m} \frac{\partial \bar{A}_\parallel}{\partial t}$$

$$- n_0 v_t^2 (1 + \eta_e + \frac{\eta_e}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\bar{A}_\parallel}{cT_0} + (\frac{\tilde{p}_\perp}{m} - \frac{n_0 e}{2m} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \Phi) \nabla_\parallel \ln B + \frac{4}{T_0} i\omega_d (p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel) = \frac{en_e \eta}{m_e} J_\parallel$$

$$\frac{d\tilde{p}_\parallel}{dt} + \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \tilde{q}_\parallel + B\tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{3p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B} + \frac{n_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp + 2p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel \nabla_\parallel \ln B$$

$$+ m_e n_0 v_t^2 (1 + 2\eta_e + \frac{\eta_e}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - mn_0 v_t^2 (4 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} = 0$$

$$\frac{d\tilde{p}_\perp}{dt} + B^2 \tilde{\nabla}_\parallel \frac{\tilde{q}_\perp + p_0 \tilde{u}_\parallel}{B^2} + \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_\perp - n_0 [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_\Phi] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_\perp - \frac{p_0}{2} [\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 \mathbf{v}_A] \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_\parallel$$

$$+ mn_0 v_t^2 \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{2} \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \eta_e (2 + \hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\hat{\nabla}}_\perp^2) \right] i\omega_* \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} - 2mn_0 v_t^2 (4 + 2\hat{\nabla}_\perp^2 + \hat{\hat{\nabla}}_\perp^2) i\omega_d \frac{e\Phi}{T_0} = 0$$

## Ion equation, Poisson's Equation and Ampere's Law

- Adiabatic ion

$$\tilde{n}_i = -n_{i0} \frac{Ze\phi}{T_{0i}}$$

- For ETG ( $k_\perp \lambda_D \ll 1$ ), quasi-neutrality

$$\bar{n}_e + n_{e0}(1 - \Gamma_0) \frac{e\phi}{T_{e0}} = \tilde{n}_i$$

– Simple Pade approximation

$$\bar{n}_e = \frac{1}{1+b/2}\tilde{n}_e - \frac{n_{e0}2b}{T_0(2+b)^2}\tilde{T}_{\perp e}$$

where  $b = k_{\perp}^2 \rho_e^2 = -\rho_e^2 \nabla_{\perp}^2$  and  $k_{\perp} = -i\nabla_{\perp}$ .

- Ampere's law

$$\nabla_{\perp}^2 A_{\parallel} = -\mu_0 e n_0 \bar{u}_{\parallel e}$$

Pade approximation:

$$\bar{u}_{\parallel e} = \Gamma_0^{1/2}(b)\tilde{u}_{\parallel e} - \frac{2b}{(2+b)^2}\tilde{q}_{\perp e}$$



## Normalization and implementation

- Normalization parameters  $(\bar{L}, \bar{T}, \bar{N}, \bar{B})$ ,  $\Phi_c = \Phi/B$ ,  $\psi = A_{\parallel}/B$ ,  $\Psi = \bar{A}_{\parallel}/B$ ,  $\Phi_c^a = \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \Phi_c, \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \Psi = \Psi^a$ ,  $\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \Psi = \Psi^b$ ,  $V_{Ae}^2 = \bar{B}^2/\mu_0 m_e \bar{N}$ ,  $\bar{\Omega}_e = e\bar{B}/m_e$ ,  $J_{\parallel c} = -\frac{\mu_0 J_{\parallel}}{B} = \nabla_{\perp}^2 \psi$   
 $\tilde{n}_e = \hat{n}_e \bar{N}$ ,  $\Phi_c = \bar{L}^2 \hat{\Phi}_c / \bar{T}$ ,  $\Psi = \hat{\Psi} \bar{L}$ ,  $T_0 = \hat{T}_0 m_e \bar{v}_{th}^2$ ,  $\Omega_e = -\frac{e\bar{B}}{m_e} \hat{\Omega}_e$ ,  $\tilde{P} = \bar{N} m_e \bar{v}_{th}^2 \hat{P}_1$ ,  $\Lambda = \bar{v}_{th}(\hat{u}_{\parallel e} - \frac{\bar{L}\bar{\Omega}_e}{\bar{v}_{th}} \hat{B} \hat{\Psi}) = \bar{v}_{th} \hat{\Lambda}$ ,  
 $J_{\parallel c} = \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \hat{\psi} / \bar{L}$ ,  $\eta = \hat{\eta} \bar{L}^2 \mu_0 / \bar{T}$

$$\tilde{T}_{\perp} = \frac{\tilde{p}_{\perp} - T_0 \tilde{n}}{n_0} = m_e \bar{v}_{th}^2 \frac{\hat{p}_{\perp} - \hat{T}_0 \hat{n}}{\hat{n}_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial \tilde{n}_e}{\partial t} + \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \tilde{n}_e + B \partial_{\parallel} \frac{n_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel e}}{B} - \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla n_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel} + \frac{n_0}{2T_0} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} - \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c - \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^a \\ & - \frac{2n_0 v_t^2}{\Omega_e} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \frac{e\Phi_c}{T_0} - \frac{n_0 v_t^2}{2\Omega_e} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \frac{e\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \Phi_c}{T_0} + \frac{v_t^2}{T_0 \Omega_e B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla (\tilde{p}_{\parallel} + \tilde{p}_{\perp}) = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & \frac{\partial \hat{n}_e}{\partial \hat{t}} + \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_e + \hat{B} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \frac{\hat{n}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}}{\hat{B}} - \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e} + \frac{\hat{n}_0}{2\hat{T}_0} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{T}_{\perp} - \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_0 \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \\ & - \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_0 \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a + \frac{2\hat{n}_0}{\hat{\Omega}_e} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c + \frac{\hat{n}_0}{2\hat{\Omega}_e} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a - \frac{1}{\hat{T}\hat{\Omega}_e} \frac{1}{\hat{\Omega}_e \hat{B}} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} (\hat{p}_{\parallel} + \hat{p}_{\perp}) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Rewrite parallel motion equation  $\Lambda = \tilde{u}_{\parallel e} - \frac{Be}{m_e} \Psi \rightarrow \Lambda + \frac{Be}{m_e} \Psi = \tilde{u}_{\parallel e}$

$$\begin{aligned} & n_0 \frac{\partial \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + n_0 \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_{\parallel e} - \frac{n_0 e}{m_e} \partial_{\parallel} \Phi + \frac{n_0 e}{m_e} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla (\Phi_c B) + \frac{B}{m_e} \partial_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{B} \\ & - \frac{1}{m_e} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\parallel} - \frac{n_0 e}{2m_e} [\mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi^a] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} - \frac{n_0 e}{m_e} \frac{\partial \tilde{A}_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + v_t^2 (1 + \eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Psi + v_t^2 \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Psi^a \\ & + \frac{\tilde{p}_{\perp}}{B m_e} \partial_{\parallel} B - \frac{n_0 e}{2m_e} \Phi_c^a \partial_{\parallel} B + \frac{4}{T_0} \frac{v_t^2}{\Omega_e B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla (p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) = \frac{e n_e \eta}{m_e} J_{\parallel} \\ \Rightarrow & \frac{\partial \Lambda}{\partial t} + \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \Lambda + \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \left( \frac{Be}{m_e} \Psi \right) - \frac{e}{m_e} \partial_{\parallel} \Phi + \frac{1}{n_{0e}} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla (\Phi_c B) + \frac{B}{m_e n_{0e}} \partial_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{B} \\ & - \frac{1}{m_e n_{0e}} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\parallel} - \frac{1}{2m_e} [\mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi^a] \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} + \frac{1}{n_{e0}} v_t^2 (1 + \eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Psi + \frac{1}{n_{e0}} v_t^2 \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Psi^a \\ & + \frac{\tilde{p}_{\perp}}{n_{e0} B m_e} \partial_{\parallel} B - \frac{e}{2m_e} \Phi_c^a \partial_{\parallel} B + \frac{4}{n_{e0} T_0} \frac{v_t^2}{\Omega_e B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla (p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) = -\frac{Be\eta}{\mu_0 m_e} J_{\parallel c} \\ \Rightarrow & \frac{\partial \hat{\Lambda}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Lambda} + \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \cdot \hat{\nabla} (\hat{B} \hat{\Psi}) - \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} (\hat{\Phi}_c \hat{B}) + \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi} \cdot \hat{\nabla} (\hat{\Phi}_c \hat{B}) + \frac{\hat{B}}{\hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \frac{\hat{p}_{\parallel}}{\hat{B}} \\ & - \frac{1}{\hat{n}_{e0}} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{p}_{\parallel} - \frac{1}{2} [\mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi}^a] \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{T}_{\perp} + \frac{\hat{T}_0}{\hat{n}_{e0}} (1 + \eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_{0e} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi} + \frac{\hat{T}_0}{\hat{n}_{e0}} \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_{0e} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi}^a \\ & + \frac{\hat{p}_{\perp}}{\hat{n}_{e0} \hat{B}} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \hat{B} - \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \frac{1}{2} \hat{\Phi}_c^a \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \hat{B} - \frac{1}{\bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T}} \frac{4}{\hat{n}_{e0}} \frac{1}{\hat{\Omega}_e \hat{B}} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} (\hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}) = -\bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \hat{B} \hat{\eta} \hat{J}_{\parallel c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\parallel} + \tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} \tilde{q}_{\parallel} + B \partial_{\parallel} \frac{3p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B} - 3\mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel} + \frac{n_0}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c^a \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} + \frac{2p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel e}}{B} \partial_{\parallel} B \\
& - m_e v_t^2 (1 + 2\eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c - m_e v_t^2 \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^a - \frac{4n_0 e v_t^2}{\Omega_e} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \Phi_c - \frac{n_0 e v_t^2}{2\Omega_e} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^a = 0 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\partial \hat{p}_{\parallel}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{p}_{\parallel} + \tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} \tilde{q}_{\parallel} + \hat{B} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \frac{3\hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}}{\hat{B}} - 3\mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e} + \frac{\hat{n}_0}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{T}_{\perp} + \frac{2\hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}}{\hat{B}} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \hat{B} \\
& - \hat{T}_0 (1 + 2\eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_{0e} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c - \hat{T}_0 \frac{\eta_e}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_{0e} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a + \frac{4\hat{n}_{0e} \hat{T}_0}{\hat{B}} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c + \frac{\hat{n}_{0e} \hat{T}_0}{2\hat{B}} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial \tilde{p}_{\perp}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\perp} + B^2 \tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{q}_{\perp}}{B^2} + B^2 \partial_{\parallel} \frac{p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B^2} - B^2 \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi \cdot \nabla \frac{p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{B^2} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c^a \cdot \nabla \tilde{p}_{\perp} \\
& - n_0 \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c^b \cdot \nabla \tilde{T}_{\perp} - \frac{p_0}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Psi_c^a \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_{\parallel} - T_0 (1 + 2\eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c - T_0 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \eta_e\right) \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^a \\
& - T_0 \eta_e \mathbf{b} \times \nabla n_0 \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^b + \frac{2}{B} n_0 T_0 (4\mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \Phi_c + 2\mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^a + \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla \Phi_c^b) = 0 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\partial \hat{p}_{\perp}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{p}_{\perp} + B^2 \tilde{\nabla}_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{q}_{\perp}}{B^2} + \hat{B}^2 \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \frac{\hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}}{\hat{B}^2} - \hat{B}^2 \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \frac{\hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}}{\hat{B}^2} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{p}_{\perp} \\
& - \hat{n}_0 \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^b \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{T}_{\perp} - \frac{\hat{p}_0}{2} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Psi}_c^a \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{u}_{\parallel e} - \hat{T}_0 (1 + 2\eta_e) \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_0 \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c - \hat{T}_0 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \eta_e\right) \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_0 \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a \\
& - \hat{T}_0 \eta_e \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{n}_0 \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^b + \frac{2}{\hat{B}} \hat{n}_0 \hat{T}_0 (4\mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c + 2\mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^a + \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c^b) = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\tilde{q}_{\parallel} &= -n_0 \sqrt{\frac{8}{\pi}} v_{t\parallel} \frac{ik_{\parallel} \tilde{T}_{\parallel}}{|k_{\parallel}|} \\
\tilde{q}_{\perp} &= -n_0 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} v_{t\parallel} \frac{ik_{\parallel} \tilde{T}_{\perp}}{|k_{\parallel}|}
\end{aligned}$$

- Get electric field from quasi-neutrality

Padé approximation,  $\Gamma_0^{1/2}(b) = 1/(1 + b/2)$ ,  $\Gamma_0(b) = 1/(1 + b)$ ,  $b = k_{\perp}^2 \rho_i^2 = -\rho_i^2 \nabla_{\perp}^2 = -(\rho_i^2 / \bar{L}^2) \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2$

$$Step3 : \hat{n}_e = \frac{1}{1 + b/2} \hat{n}_e - \frac{\hat{n}_{e0} 2b}{\hat{T}_0 (2 + b)^2} \hat{T}_{\perp e} = \hat{n}_s - \frac{\hat{n}_{e0}}{\hat{T}_0} \hat{T}_s$$

$$step1a : (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{n}_s = \hat{n}_e$$

$$step1b : (2 + b) \hat{T}_{s1} = -4 \hat{T}_{\perp e}$$

$$step2 : (2 + b) \hat{T}_s = \hat{T}_{s1} + 2 \hat{T}_{\perp e}$$

$$\hat{n}_i = -\frac{\bar{L}}{\rho_e} \hat{n}_{i0} \frac{Z \hat{\phi}}{\hat{T}_{0i}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{n}_e + \frac{\bar{L}}{\bar{\rho}_e} \hat{n}_{e0} (1 - \Gamma_0) \frac{\hat{\phi}}{\hat{T}_{e0}} &= \hat{n}_i \\
\Rightarrow \hat{n}_e + \frac{\bar{L}}{\bar{\rho}_e} \frac{\hat{n}_{e0}}{\hat{T}_{e0}} \left( \frac{b}{1+b} + \frac{1}{\tau} \right) \hat{\phi} &= 0 \\
\Rightarrow [1 + (\tau + 1)b] \left( \frac{\tau}{\tau + 1} \frac{\bar{\rho}_e \hat{T}_{e0}}{\bar{L} \hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{n}_e + \hat{\phi} \right) &= -\frac{\tau^2}{\tau + 1} \frac{\bar{\rho}_e \hat{T}_{e0}}{\bar{L} \hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{n}_e \\
\phi_{sour} &= -\frac{\tau^2}{\tau + 1} \frac{\bar{\rho}_e \hat{T}_{e0}}{\bar{L} \hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{n}_e \\
\hat{\phi}_i &= \frac{\tau}{\tau + 1} \frac{\bar{\rho}_e \hat{T}_{e0}}{\bar{L} \hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{n}_e + \hat{\phi} \\
\hat{\phi}_c &= \frac{1}{\hat{B}} \left( \hat{\phi}_i - \frac{\tau}{\tau + 1} \frac{\bar{\rho}_e \hat{T}_{e0}}{\bar{L} \hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{n}_e \right)
\end{aligned}$$

where  $\omega_{pe}^2 = Ne^2/m_e \epsilon_0$ ,  $\bar{\rho}_e = m_e \bar{v}_{th}/e\bar{B}$ ,  $\tau = T_{i0}/T_{e0}$ . For simplicity, assume  $\tau = 1$  now.

- Get magnetic field

$$\begin{aligned}
step2 : \hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 (\hat{\psi} \hat{B}) &= -\frac{\bar{v}_{th} \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{L}}{V_{Ae}^2} \hat{n}_{0e} \hat{u}_{\parallel e} \\
\bar{u}_{\parallel e} &= \Gamma_0^{1/2} (b) \tilde{u}_{\parallel e} - \frac{2b}{(2+b)^2} \tilde{q}_{\perp e} \\
step1 : (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{u}_{\parallel e} &= \hat{u}_{\parallel e}
\end{aligned}$$

- Gyroaveraged quantities

$$\begin{aligned}
\Phi_c &= \Gamma_0^{1/2} \phi \Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Phi}_c = \hat{\phi}_c \\
\Psi &= \Gamma_0^{1/2} \psi \Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Psi} = \hat{\psi} \\
\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \phi &= \Phi_c^a = 2b \frac{\partial \Gamma_0^{1/2}}{\partial b} \phi_c \Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) (2\phi_c - (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \Phi_c^a) = 2\phi_c \\
&\Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Phi}_s^a = 2\hat{\phi}_c \\
&\Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Phi}_c^a = 2\hat{\phi}_c - \hat{\Phi}_s^a \\
\hat{\nabla}_{\perp}^2 \phi &= \Phi_c^b = b \frac{\partial^2}{\partial b^2} (b \Gamma_0^{1/2}) \phi \Rightarrow \Phi_c^b = \Phi_c^a + \Phi_s^b \\
&\Rightarrow \Phi_s^b = \frac{1}{2(1 + \frac{b}{2})^3} \phi_c \\
&\Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Phi}_{s2}^b = \frac{1}{2} \hat{\phi}_c \\
&\Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Phi}_{s1}^b = \hat{\Phi}_{s2}^b \\
&\Rightarrow (1 + \frac{b}{2}) \hat{\Phi}_s^b = \hat{\Phi}_{s1}^b
\end{aligned}$$

## Electrostatic virsion

In density, parallel and perpendicular pressure equation, just drop terms associated with  $\Psi$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
& n_0 \frac{\partial \tilde{u}_{\parallel}}{\partial t} + n_0 \mathbf{b} \times \nabla \Phi_c \cdot \nabla \tilde{u}_{\parallel e} - \frac{n_0 e}{m_e} \partial_{\parallel} \Phi + \frac{B}{m_e} \partial_{\parallel} \frac{\tilde{p}_{\parallel}}{B} \\
& + \frac{\tilde{p}_{\perp}}{B m_e} \partial_{\parallel} B - \frac{n_0 e}{2 m_e} \Phi_c^a \partial_{\parallel} B + \frac{4}{T_0} \frac{v_t^2}{\Omega_e B} \mathbf{b} \times \nabla B \cdot \nabla (p_0 \tilde{u}_{\parallel}) = \frac{e n_e \eta}{m_e} J_{\parallel} \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\parallel e}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Phi}_c \cdot \hat{\nabla} \hat{u}_{\parallel e} - \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} (\hat{\Phi}_c \hat{B}) + \frac{\hat{B}}{\hat{n}_{e0}} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \frac{\hat{p}_{\parallel}}{\hat{B}} \\
& + \frac{\hat{p}_{\perp}}{\hat{n}_{e0} \hat{B}} \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \hat{B} - \bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \frac{1}{2} \hat{\Phi}_c^a \hat{\partial}_{\parallel} \hat{B} - \frac{1}{\bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T}} \frac{4}{\hat{n}_{e0}} \frac{1}{\hat{\Omega}_e \hat{B}} \mathbf{b} \times \hat{\nabla} \hat{B} \cdot \hat{\nabla} (\hat{p}_0 \hat{u}_{\parallel e}) = -\bar{\Omega}_e \bar{T} \hat{B} \hat{\eta} \hat{J}_{\parallel c}
\end{aligned}$$

Don't need Ampere's law anymore, so current is calculated from parallel velocity

$$\begin{aligned}
J_{\parallel} &= -e n_{e0} u_{\parallel e} \\
J_{\parallel c} &= \frac{\mu_0 e n_{e0}}{B} u_{\parallel e} \\
\hat{J}_{\parallel c} &= \frac{\bar{L} \bar{V} \bar{\Omega}_e}{\bar{V}_{Ae}^2} \frac{\hat{n}_{e0}}{\hat{B}} \hat{u}_{\parallel e}
\end{aligned}$$