

<b>Document Title</b>	Specification of PDU Router
<b>Document Owner</b>	AUTOSAR
<b>Document Responsibility</b>	AUTOSAR
<b>Document Identification No</b>	035
<b>Document Classification</b>	Standard

<b>Document Version</b>	3.2.0
<b>Document Status</b>	Final
Part of Release	4.0
Revision	3

	Document Change History			
Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description	
02.11.2011	3.2.0	AUTOSAR Administration	<ul> <li>clarifications regarding non-TP PDU routing</li> <li>new feature: non-TP PDU routing idependent of the Pdu lengh</li> <li>FIFO handling for non-TP PDU routing clarified / improved</li> <li>Service ID's for generic serivices introduced</li> <li>clarification regarding multicast routing of TP-PDU's</li> <li>DEM error reporting removed</li> </ul>	
26.10.2010	3.1.0	AUTOSAR Administration	<ul> <li>Introduced new version check</li> <li>Added Std_ReturnType to     PduR_<lo>TriggerTransmit</lo></li> <li>Added functionality of     PduR_<lotp>CopyTxData when     TsSduLength is zero</lotp></li> </ul>	



11.12.2009	3.0.0	AUTOSAR Administration	<ul> <li>The PDU Router module is made generic to allow any combination of busses, TPs and upper modules. The upper and lower modules are modeled generic and handled by the configuration.</li> <li>The Transport Protocol API has been redesgined. Compatibility between TP in AR3.x and AR4.0 is described.</li> <li>Cancel transmission of communication interface I-PDUs has been added.</li> <li>Cancel reception of Transport Protocol I-PDUs has been added.</li> <li>Change parameter of Transport Protocol parameters has been extended.</li> </ul>
			Legal disclaimer revised
23.08.2009	2.2.2	AUTOSAR	Legal disclaimer revised
00.04.0000	0.0.1	Administration	
22.01.2008	2.2.1	AUTOSAR Administration	Correction figure 3
13.11.2007	2.2.0	AUTOSAR Administration	<ul> <li>Variants have been renamed.</li> <li>New Callbacks PduR_LinTpChangeParameterConfirmation, PduR_FrTpChangeParameterConfirmation</li> <li>PduR_CanTpChangeParameterConfirmatio n has been added.</li> <li>New API's PduR_ChangeParameterRequest, PduR_CancelTransmitRequest has been added</li> <li>New Typedefines PduR_ParameterValueType, PduR_CancelReasonType has been added</li> <li>Document meta information extended</li> <li>Small layout adaptations made</li> </ul>
31.01.2007	2.1.0	AUTOSAR Administration	<ul> <li>Clarifications added (FIFO, TxConf,)</li> <li>Unnecessary development errors removed</li> <li>SchM_PduR.h and MemMap.h added</li> <li>Corrections of configuration parameters</li> <li>More details in Chapter 13</li> <li>Legal disclaimer revised</li> <li>Release Notes added</li> <li>"Advice for users" revised</li> <li>"Revision Information" added</li> </ul>



## Specification of PDU Router V3.2.0 R4.0 Rev 3

28.04.2006	2.0.0	AUTOSAR Administration	Document structure adapted to common Release 2.0 SWS Template.
			<ul><li>Major changes in chapter 10</li><li>Structure of document changed partly</li><li>Other changes see chapter</li></ul>
20.06.2005	1.0.0	AUTOSAR Administration	Initial Release



#### **Disclaimer**

This specification and the material contained in it, as released by AUTOSAR is for the purpose of information only. AUTOSAR and the companies that have contributed to it shall not be liable for any use of the specification.

The material contained in this specification is protected by copyright and other types of Intellectual Property Rights. The commercial exploitation of the material contained in this specification requires a license to such Intellectual Property Rights.

This specification may be utilized or reproduced without any modification, in any form or by any means, for informational purposes only.

For any other purpose, no part of the specification may be utilized or reproduced, in any form or by any means, without permission in writing from the publisher.

The AUTOSAR specifications have been developed for automotive applications only. They have neither been developed, nor tested for non-automotive applications.

The word AUTOSAR and the AUTOSAR logo are registered trademarks.

#### Advice for users

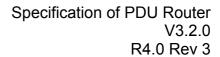
AUTOSAR Specification Documents may contain exemplary items (exemplary reference models, "use cases", and/or references to exemplary technical solutions, devices, processes or software).

Any such exemplary items are contained in the Specification Documents for illustration purposes only, and they themselves are not part of the AUTOSAR Standard. Neither their presence in such Specification Documents, nor any later documentation of AUTOSAR conformance of products actually implementing such exemplary items, imply that intellectual property rights covering such exemplary items are licensed under the same rules as applicable to the AUTOSAR Standard.



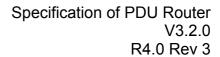
# **Table of Contents**

1	Intro	oduction and functional overview	10
	1.1	AUTOSAR architecture	11
	1.2	PDU Router module function overview	11
	1.3	I-PDU handling	13
2	Acro	onyms and abbreviations	15
3	Rela	ated documentation	17
	3.1	Input documents	17
4	Con	nstraints and assumptions	18
	4.1	Limitations	18
	4.1.	1 Limitations on supported functionality	18
	4.2	Applicability to car domains	19
5	Dep	pendencies to other modules	20
	5.1	File structure	20
	5.1.	1 Code file structure	20
	5.1.	2 Header file structure	21
	5.2	Version check	22
6	Red	quirements traceability	24
7	Fun	ctional Specification	33
	7.1	I-PDU handling	33
	7.1.		
	7.	.1.1.1 Communication Interface	
	7.	.1.1.2 Transport Protocol	36
	7.1.		
	7.	.1.2.1 Multicast	38
	7.	.1.2.2 Communication Interface	40
	7.	.1.2.3 Transport Protocol	42
	7.1.	3 I-PDU Gateway	44
	7.	.1.3.1 Communication interface modules	46
	7.	.1.3.2 Transport Protocol	50
	7.2	Cancel transmission	53
	7.2.	1 Request	54
	7.2.	2 Confirmation	55



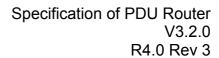


	7.3	Canc	el reception	56
	7.3.	1 F	Request	56
	7.3.	2 l	ndication	56
	7.4	Chan	ge transport protocol parameter	57
	7.4.	1 F	Request	57
	7.5	Zero	Cost Operation	57
	7.6	Minin	num Routing	58
	7.7	Reen	trancy of API calls	58
	7.8	State	Management	59
	7.9	Routi	ng path groups	61
	7.10	Comp	olex Device Driver Interaction	61
	7.11	Error	classification	62
	7.12	Error	detection	65
	7.13	Error	notification	65
	7.14	API p	arameter checking	66
	7.15	Debu	gging	66
3	API	specif	fication	68
	8.1	Impoi	rted types	68
	8.2	Type	definitions	68
	8.2.	1 F	PduR_PBConfigType	68
	8.2.	2 F	PduR_ConfigIdType	69
	8.2.	3 F	PduR_RoutingPathGroupIdType	69
	8.2.	4 F	PduR_StateType	70
	8.3	Funct	tion definitions	70
	8.3.	1 (	General functions provided by the PDU Router	70
	8	.3.1.1	PduR_Init	70
	8	.3.1.2	PduR_GetVersionInfo	71
	8	.3.1.3	PduR_GetConfigurationId	72
	8	.3.1.4	PduR_EnableRouting	72
	8	.3.1.5	PduR_DisableRouting	73
	8.4	Sche	duled functions	74
	8.5	Expe	cted Interfaces	74
	8.5.	1 N	Mandatory Interfaces	74
	8.5.	2 (	Optional Interfaces	75
	8.5.	3 (	Configurable interfaces definitions for interaction with upper	· laye
	mod	dule 7	'6	
	8	.5.3.1	PduR_ <up>Transmit</up>	76



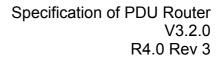


8.5.3.2	PduR_ <up>CancelTransmit</up>	77
8.5.3.3	PduR_ <up>ChangeParameter</up>	77
8.5.3.4	PduR_ <up>CancelReceive</up>	78
8.5.4	Configurable interfaces definitions for lower layer commu	unication
interface	module interaction	79
8.5.4.	1 PduR_ <lo>RxIndication</lo>	79
8.5.4.2	PduR_ <lo>TxConfirmation</lo>	80
8.5.4.3	B PduR_ <lo>TriggerTransmit</lo>	80
8.5.5	Configurable interfaces definitions for lower layer transport	protocol
module i	nteraction	81
8.5.5.	1 PduR_ <lotp>CopyRxData</lotp>	82
8.5.5.2	PduR_ <lotp>RxIndication</lotp>	83
8.5.5.3	B PduR_ <lotp>StartOfReception</lotp>	83
8.5.5.4	PduR_ <lotp>CopyTxData</lotp>	84
8.5.5.	PduR_ <lotp>TxConfirmation</lotp>	86
9 Sequenc	ce diagrams	87
9.1 I-PE	OU Reception	88
9.1.1	CanIf module I-PDU reception	88
9.1.2	Frlf module I-PDU reception	89
9.1.3	LinIf module reception of I-PDU	90
9.1.4	CanTp module reception of I-PDU	91
9.2 I-PD	OU transmission	92
9.2.1	CanIf module transmission of I-PDU	92
9.2.2	FrIf module transmission of I-PDU	93
9.2.3	LinIf module transmission of I-PDU	94
9.2.4	CanTp module transmission of I-PDU	96
9.2.5	Multicast transmission of I-PDU on transport protocol modules	97
9.3 Gat	eway of I-PDU	98
9.3.1	Gateway between two Canlfs	98
9.3.2	Gateway from CAN to FlexRay	99
9.3.3	Gateway from CAN to LIN	100
9.3.4	Gateway from CAN to CAN and received by the COM module	101
9.3.5	Gateway I-PDU using transport protocol modules	102
9.3.6	Gateway I-PDU from CAN1 to DCM and CAN2	103
10 Config	uration specification	104
10.1 How	v to read this chapter	104





10.1.1 C	Configuration and configuration parameters	104
10.1.2 V	/ariants	105
10.1.3 C	Containers	106
10.1.4 S	Specification template for configuration parameters	106
10.2 Conta	ainers and configuration parameters	107
10.2.1 V	/ariants	107
10.2.2 P	PduR	108
10.2.3 P	duRBswModules	109
10.2.4 P	duRGeneral	115
10.2.5 P	duRRoutingTables	116
10.2.6 P	duRRoutingPathGroup	118
10.2.7 P	PduRRoutingTable	120
10.2.8 P	duRRoutingPath	121
10.2.9 P	duRDestPdu	122
10.2.10	PduRSrcPdu	125
10.2.11	PduRDefaultValue	126
10.2.12	PduRDefaultValueElement	127
10.2.13	PduRTpBufferTable	128
10.2.14	PduRTpBuffer	128
10.2.15	PduRTxBufferTable	129
10.2.16	PduRTxBuffer	130
10.3 Publis	shed Information	131
11 PDU Ro	outer module design notes	132
11.1 Backv	wards compatibility	132
11.1.1 A	AUTOSAR 4.0 upper layer and AUTOSAR 3.1 (or older) TP	132
11.1.2 A	AUTOSAR 3.1 (or older) TP and AUTOSAR 4.0 upper layer	135
11.2 Config	guration parameter considerations	139
11.3 Gene	ric interfaces concept	139
11.4 Exam	ple structure of Routing tables	140
11.4.1 T	ransmission and multicast via communication interface modules	140
11.4.2 R	Reception and gateway via communication interface modules	141
11.5 Config	guration generator	141
11.5.1 C	CanIf and COM routing path example	143
11.6 Post-l	build considerations	144
12 Generic	COM services	145
12.1 Impor	ted types	145





12.2	Interfaces implemented in upper layer modules	145
12.2	2.1 <up>_CopyRxData</up>	146
12.2	2.2 <up>_CopyTxData</up>	146
12.2	2.3 <up>_RxIndication</up>	147
12.2	2.4 <up>_StartOfReception</up>	147
12.2	2.5 <up>_TpRxIndication</up>	148
12.2	2.6 <up>_TpTxConfirmation</up>	149
12.2	2.7 <up>_TriggerTransmit</up>	149
12.2	2.8 <up>_TxConfirmation</up>	150
12.3	Interfaces implemented in lower layer modules	150
12.3	3.1 <lo>_Transmit</lo>	151
12.4	Interfaces implemented in lower layer communication interface modules	151
12.4	4.1 <lo>_CancelTransmit</lo>	151
12.5	Interfaces implemented in lower layer transport layer modules	152
12.	5.1 <lotp>_CancelTransmit</lotp>	152
12.	5.2 <lotp>_CancelReceive</lotp>	153
12.	5.3 <lotp>_ChangeParameter</lotp>	153
13 C	Changes to Release 3.1	155
13.1	Deleted SWS Items	155
13.2	Replaced SWS Items	156
13.3	Changed SWS Items	156
13.4	Added SWS Items	158
14 C	Changes during SWS Improvements by Technical Office	160
14.1	Deleted SWS Items	160
14.2	Replaced SWS Items	
14.3	Changed SWS Items	
14.4	Added SWS Items	
15 N	lot applicable requirements	167



### 1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality and API for the AUTOSAR PDU Router (PduR) module.

The PDU Router module provides services for routing of I-PDUs (Interaction Layer Protocol Data Units) using the following module types:

- Communication interface modules (e.g. Com, Linlf, Canlf, CanNm, Frlf and FrNm)
- Transport Protocol modules (e.g. J1939, LinTp [part of LinIf], CanTp, FrTp)

The routing of I-PDUs are made statically by the I-PDU identifier, no I-PDUs are routed dynamically in run-time or dependent on contents.

The location of the modules can be upper module (e.g. DCM, COM, IpduM) or a lower module (Canlf, Frlf, LinTp, IpduM, CanNm, FrNm). Note that the IpduM is listed as upper and lower module because it has two different roles (upper: Communication between COM module and IpduM module, lower: communication between IpduM module and communication interface module)

The PDU Router module is based on a generic approach of interfaced modules. The module that is interfaced is configured in the PDU Router module configuration. The listed modules in parenthesis in the previous paragraph are just examples, and not an exhaustive list. The PDU Router can be easily configured to support other upper and lower layer modules.

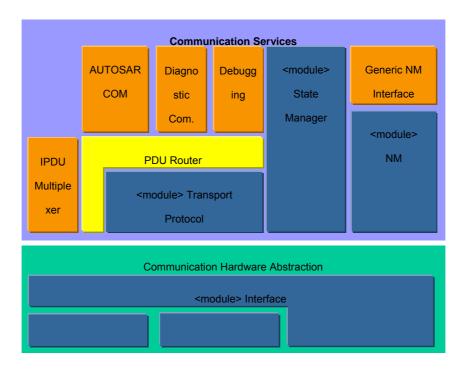
The list of users of the PDU Router module is not fixed. The most common combination of upper and lower layer pairs is listed below:

- AUTOSAR Diagnostic Communication Manager (DCM) and Transport Protocol modules
- AUTOSAR COM and communication interface modules, Transport protocol modules or I-PDU Multiplexer
- I-PDU Multiplexer and communication interface modules



### 1.1 AUTOSAR architecture

The PDU Router module is a central module in the AUTOSAR communication structure [1]. The Figure 1 gives an overview of the AUTOSAR communication structure.



**Figure 1: Communication Structure** 

### 1.2 PDU Router module function overview

The PDU Router module is part of the AUTOSAR Basic SW, and is mandatory instantiated in every AUTOSAR ECU.



The detailed PDU Router module structure is shown in Figure 2.

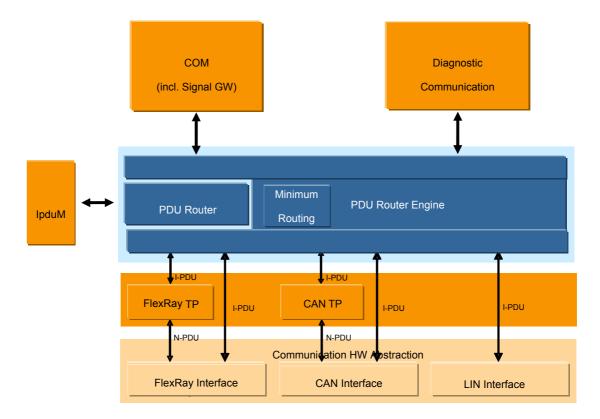


Figure 2: Detailed PDU Router Structure showing FlexRay, CAN and LIN

The PDU Router module mainly consists of two parts:

- The PDU Router routing tables: static routing tables describing the routing attributes for each I-PDU to be routed. The routing tables can be (if supported) updated post-build loadable in the programming state of the ECU or selected when initializing the PDU router by post-build selectable (see section 10.1.2).
- The PDU Router Engine: the actual code performing routing actions according to the PDU Router routing tables. The router engine has to deal with:
  - Route the I-PDU from source to destination(s).
  - Translating the source I-PDU ID to the destination (e.g. PduR\_Transmit to CanIf\_Transmit, PduR\_CanIfTxConfirmation to Com TxConfirmation).

Additionally the PDU Router Engine provides a minimum routing capability that is



configured at pre-compile or link-time. Thus access to the DCM for the activation of the ECU bootloader may be supported even when the post-build time configurable PDU Router routing tables are corrupted or not programmed. The minimum routing settings are separated from the PDU Router routing tables and cannot be changed after build-time.

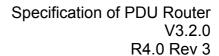
### 1.3 I-PDU handling

I-PDUs are identified by static I-PDU IDs. The PDU Router module determines the destination of an I-PDU by using the I-PDU ID in a static configuration table. I-PDUs are used for the data exchange of the modules directly above the PDU Router module, e.g. the COM module and DCM module. The routing operation of the PDU Router module does not modify the I-PDU, it simply forwards the I-PDU to the destination module. In case of TP routing, forwarding of the I-PDU may start before the full I-PDU is received ("gatewaying-on-the-fly").

The I-PDU ID is set in the configuration that also implements the API. This will allow an efficient implementation of look-up tables in each module receiving an I-PDU ID (e.g. the PDU Router module's configuration contains the I-PDU ID for the PduR\_CanIfTxConfirmation).

### The PDU Router module can:

- Singlecast (1:1) an I-PDU from a local module to a communication interface module.
- Multicast (1:n) an I-PDU from a local module to communication interfaces.
- Singlecast (1:1) an I-PDU (Single Frame (SF) or Multiple frames (FF and CFs)) from a local module to a transport protocol module.
- Multicast (1:n) an I-PDU (Single Frame (SF)) from a local module to transport protocol module(s).
- Gateway (1:1) an I-PDU from a communication interface module to a communication interface module.
- Gateway (1:n) an I-PDU from a communication interface module to communication interface modules.
- Gateway (1:1) an I-PDU (Single Frame (SF) or Multiple frames (FF and CFs))
   from a transport protocol module to a transport protocol module.
- Gateway (1:n) an I-PDU (Single Frame (SF)) from a transport protocol module to transport protocol module(s).





For Network Management data exchange the PDU Router module is bypassed.



# 2 Acronyms and abbreviations

The following acronyms and abbreviations have a local scope and are therefore not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary.

Acronym:	Description:
Upper Layer	Modules above the PDU Router. This layer usually includes COM and Diagnostic
Modules (Up)	Communication Manager (DCM). The upper layer modules are configured in the
	configuration.
Lower Layer	Modules below the PDU Router. This layer may include CAN, LIN, FlexRay,
Modules (Lo)	Ethernet communication interface modules and the respective TP modules.
	Modules used are configured in the configuration
PDU Router	Module that transfers I-PDUs from one module to another module. The PDU Router
	module can be utilized for gateway operations and for internal routing purposes.
gatewaying-on-	Gateway capability; routing between two TP modules where forwarding of data is
the-fly	started (when a specified threshold is reached) before all data have been received.
	If larger amount of data is transported between two interfaces it is desirable to be
	able to start the transmission on the destination network before receiving all data
	from the source network. This saves memory and time.
multicast	Simultaneous transmission of PDUs to a group of receivers, i.e. 1:n routing.
operation	
data provision	Provision of data to interface modules.
	(a) direct data provision: data to be transmitted are provided directly at the transmit
	request. The destination communication interface may behave in two ways, either
	copy the data directly or defer the copy to a trigger transmit.
	(b) trigger transmit data provision: data to be transmitted are not provided at the
	transmit request, but will be retrieved by the interface module via a callback function

Abbreviation:	Description:
I-PDU ID	PDU Identifier
I-PDU	Interaction Layer PDU. An I-PDU consists of data (buffer), length and I-PDU ID. The
	PDU router will mainly route I-PDUs (exception is routing-on-the-fly)
N-PDU	Network Layer PDU. Used by transport protocol modules to fragment an I-PDU
L-PDU	Data Link Layer PDU. One or more I-PDUs are packed into one L-PDU. The L-PDU
	is bus specific, e.g. CAN frame.
SF	Single Frame, Transport Protocol term



Abbreviation:	Description:
FF	First Frame, Transport Protocol term
CF	Consecutive Frame, Transport Protocol term
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
BSW	Basic Software
<srclo></srclo>	Lower layer communication interface module acting as a source of the I-PDU. The SrcLo is always one.
<dstlo></dstlo>	Lower layer communication interface module acting as a destination of the I-PDU.  The DstLo may by one to many.
<srclotp></srclotp>	Lower layer transport protocol module acting as a source of the I-PDU. The SrcLoTp is always one.
<dstlotp></dstlotp>	Lower layer transport protocol module acting as a destination of the I-PDU. The DstLoTp may by one to many.
<l0></l0>	Lower layer communication interface module
<up></up>	Upper layer module
<lotp></lotp>	Lower layer transport protocol module
<module></module>	Any type of module <>



### 3 Related documentation

## 3.1 Input documents

- [1] Layered Software Architecture AUTOSAR\_EXP\_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf,
- [2] Requirements on Gateway,AUTOSAR SRS Gateway.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR SRS BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Specification of Communication Stack Types
  AUTOSAR\_SWS\_CommunicationStackTypes.pdf
- [5] Specification of Development Error Tracer AUTOSAR\_SWS\_DevelopmentErrorTracer.pdf
- [6] Specification of Diagnostic Event Manager AUTOSAR\_SWS\_DiagnosticEventManager.pdf
- [7] Specification of ECU Configuration
  AUTOSAR\_TPS\_ECUConfiguration.pdf
- [8] Specification of I-PDU Multiplexer AUTOSAR\_SWS\_IPDUMultiplexer.pdf
- [9] Basic Software Module Description Template,AUTOSAR TPS BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [10] List of Basic Software Modules
  AUTOSAR TR BSWModuleList



## 4 Constraints and assumptions

### 4.1 Limitations

The PDU Router module does **not**:

- 1. Have mechanisms for signal extraction or conversion.
- 2. Have mechanisms for data integrity checking (like checksums).
- 3. Change or modify the I-PDU.
- 4. Make any PDU payload dependent routing decisions.
- 5. Support routing between TP modules and communication interface modules or vice versa.
- 6. Support 1:n routing of I-PDUs which are sent or received via a TP module and require multiple N-PDUs for transmission.
- 7. Support routing of I-PDUs between communication interface modules with rate conversion. (This functionality will be supported in cooperation with an upper layer module, e.g. the COM module).

### 4.1.1 Limitations on supported functionality

The PDU Router module supports fan-out of I-PDUs transmitted from a local module (e.g. COM module). There are some limitations if the I-PDU will be transmitted to more than one destination (i.e. fan-out 1:n; n>1). This limitation is because the COM module is not aware how many destinations there are:

- Update bits will not work
- I-PDU sequence counter will not work
- The tx confirmation will be handled in the way that the local module (e.g. COM module) will be informed when all destinations has confirmed the transmission. This means that deadline monitoring is made on all I-PDUs (i.e. it is no difference if one I-PDU was erroneous or if all where erroneous).



Note that above limitations are not set as requirements in since they are not functionality provided by the PDUR module. But implication of the use of the PDUR module will affect these functionalities.

## 4.2 Applicability to car domains

The PDU Router is used in all ECUs where communication is necessary.

The PDU Router module has not been specified to work with MOST communication network. Thus the applicability to multimedia and telematic car domains may be limited.



## 5 Dependencies to other modules

The PDU Router module depends on the API and capabilities of the used communication hardware abstraction layer modules and the used communication service layer modules. Basically the API functions required by the PDU Router module are:

#### Communication interface modules:

- <Lo>\_Transmit (e.g. Canlf\_Transmit, Frlf\_Transmit, Linlf\_Transmit)
- <Lo>\_CancelTransmit (e.g. Canlf\_CancelTransmit, Frlf\_CancelTransmit, Linlf\_CancelTransmit)

### **Transport Protocol Modules:**

- <LoTp>\_Transmit (e.g. CanTp\_Transmit, FrTp\_Transmit, LinTp\_Transmit)
- <LoTp>\_CancelTransmit (e.g. CanTp\_CancelTransmit, FrTp\_CancelTransmit, LinTp\_CancelTransmit)

Upper layer modules which use transport protocol modules:

- <Up>\_StartOfReception (e.g. Dcm\_StartOfReception)
- <Up> CopyRxData (e.g. Dcm CopyRxData)

Upper layer modules which process I-PDUs originating from communication interface modules:

- <Up> RxIndication (e.g. Com RxIndication),
- <Up> TxConfirmation (e.g. Com TxConfirmation),
- <Up> TriggerTransmit (e.g. Com TriggerTransmit)

### 5.1 File structure

#### 5.1.1 Code file structure

The code file structure is not defined within this specification completely. However to allow integration to other modules the following structure is needed.

[PDUR226] [The code-file structure shall include the following files named:

PduR\_Cfg.c – for pre-compile time configurable parameters,



• PduR\_PBcfg.c – for post build time configurable parameters. J (BSW00345, BSW00380, BSW00419, BSW00381)

### 5.1.2 Header file structure

**[PDUR292]** [General PDU Router module definitions shall be defined in PduR.h. ] (

**[PDUR293]** [Type definitions of the PDU Router module shall be defined in PduR\_Types.h.]()

**[PDUR216]** The PDU Router module shall provide the functions used by the different modules in separate header files. ] ( )

Example: If CanIf, CanTp and FrIf are used then the PDU Router module shall provide PduR CanIf.h, PduR CanTp.h and PduR FrIf.h

**[PDUR132]** [The include file structure regarding the specifics of the PDU Router module shall be constructed as following list:

- PduR.h shall include PduR\_Types.h, MemMap.h, PduR\_Cfg.h, PduR\_Lcfg.h and PduR\_PBcfg.h
- PduR\_Cfg.h shall include the <module>\_PduR.h and <module>\_Cbk.h.

  The <module> is set by the configuration. The <module>\_PduR.h included the APIs for the interacted modules, and <module>\_Cbk.h the callbacks.
- The PduR implementation shall include Dem.h
- The PduR implementation shall include Det.h if the related pre-compile time configuration parameter is enabled.

The include relations for the PDU Router module is depicted in Figure 3. ] (BSW00415)

[PDUR0762] [All PDU Router header files shall contain a software and specification version number. ] (BSW00379, BSW003)

**[PDUR0748]** [The following header files shall include the PDU Router module configuration definitions:

PduR\_Cfg.h shall include all pre-compile parameters



• PduR PBcfg.h shall include all post-build parameters (BSW00345, BSW00412)

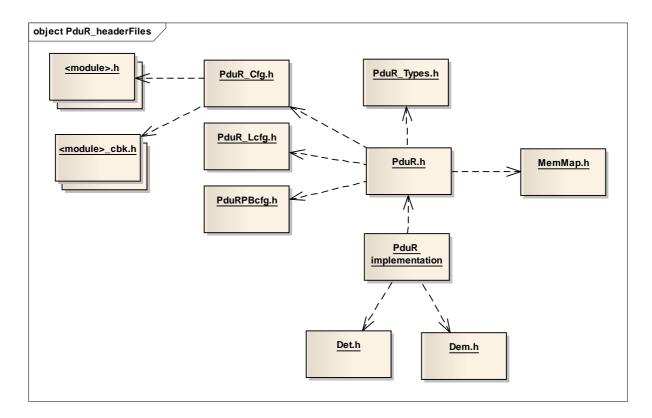


Figure 3: File Structure

This structure allows the separation between platform, compiler and implementation specific definitions and declarations from general definitions as well as the separation of source code and configuration.

By the inclusion of <code>Dem.h</code> file the APIs to report errors as well as the required Event Id symbols are included. This specification defines the name of the Event Id symbols which are provided by XML to the DEM configuration tool. The DEM configuration tool assigns ECU dependent values to the Event Id symbols and publishes the symbols in Dem IntErrId.h.

### 5.2 Version check

**[PDUR0774]** [The PDU router module shall perform Inter Module Checks to avoid integration of incompatible files. The imported included files shall be checked by preprocessing directives. The following version numbers shall be verified (see **PDUR0778**):



- <MODULENAME> AR RELEASE MAJOR VERSION
- <MODULENAME>\_AR\_RELEASE\_MINOR\_VERSION

Where <MODULENAME> is the module short name of the other (external) modules which provide header files included by the PduR module. If the values are not identical to the expected values, a compile error shall be reported. J (BSW004)



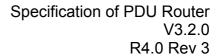
# 6 Requirements traceability

Document: General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3]

Requirement	Satisfied by
-	PDUR0667
-	PDUR0732
-	PDUR164
-	PDUR488
-	PDUR381
-	PDUR299
-	PDUR0779
-	PDUR435
-	PDUR375
-	PDUR0771
-	PDUR233
-	PDUR429
-	PDUR433
-	PDUR0670
-	PDUR333
-	PDUR0689
-	PDUR0781
-	PDUR518
-	PDUR551
-	PDUR232
-	PDUR0784
-	PDUR632
-	PDUR633
-	PDUR0745
-	PDUR0731



-	PDUR0715
-	PDUR287
-	PDUR101
-	PDUR643
-	PDUR0675
-	PDUR285
-	PDUR432
-	PDUR0727
-	PDUR0780
-	PDUR256
-	PDUR623
-	PDUR490
-	PDUR0740
-	PDUR0697
-	PDUR626
-	PDUR227
-	PDUR0687
-	PDUR649
-	PDUR319
-	PDUR286
-	PDUR0788
-	PDUR638
-	PDUR0783
-	PDUR430
-	PDUR662
-	PDUR0690
-	PDUR428
-	PDUR362
-	PDUR0766





	PDUR306
-	
-	PDUR231
-	PDUR436
-	PDUR161
-	PDUR303
-	PDUR627
-	PDUR621
-	PDUR629
-	PDUR280
-	PDUR0708
-	PDUR0736
-	PDUR0747
-	PDUR406
-	PDUR487
-	PDUR622
-	PDUR0765
-	PDUR100
-	PDUR504
-	PDUR0710
-	PDUR0683
-	PDUR648
-	PDUR301
-	PDUR624
-	PDUR549
-	PDUR324
-	PDUR218
-	PDUR0716
-	PDUR0767
-	PDUR0726



-	PDUR0665
-	PDUR654
-	PDUR0696
-	PDUR0714
-	PDUR0776
-	PDUR0707
-	PDUR635
-	PDUR424
-	PDUR217
-	PDUR645
-	PDUR619
-	PDUR0744
-	PDUR657
-	PDUR0773
-	PDUR293
-	PDUR0785
-	PDUR0746
-	PDUR0782
-	PDUR329
-	PDUR630
-	PDUR663
-	PDUR0733
-	PDUR482
-	PDUR331
-	PDUR327
-	PDUR326
-	PDUR661
-	PDUR307
-	PDUR0749



-	PDUR241
-	PDUR0772
-	PDUR489
-	PDUR0669
-	PDUR0676
-	PDUR0718
-	PDUR369
-	PDUR0787
-	PDUR365
-	PDUR0717
-	PDUR618
-	PDUR330
-	PDUR0673
-	PDUR0666
-	PDUR644
-	PDUR625
-	PDUR0725
-	PDUR507
-	PDUR216
-	PDUR325
-	PDUR0734
-	PDUR317
-	PDUR634
-	PDUR255
-	PDUR103
-	PDUR292
-	PDUR106
-	PDUR0709
-	PDUR308



	DDUD6705
-	PDUR0705
-	PDUR423
-	PDUR0769
-	PDUR0786
-	PDUR328
-	PDUR647
-	PDUR512
-	PDUR332
-	PDUR631
-	PDUR207
-	PDUR234
-	PDUR104
-	PDUR0661
-	PDUR434
-	PDUR640
-	PDUR637
-	PDUR646
BSW003	PDUR0762
BSW00325	PDUR0777
BSW00326	PDUR0777
BSW00334	PDUR0777
BSW00335	PDUR0777
BSW00336	PDUR0777
BSW00341	PDUR0777
BSW00343	PDUR0777
BSW00345	PDUR226, PDUR0748
BSW00347	PDUR0777
BSW00348	PDUR0777
BSW00353	PDUR0777



BSW00357	PDUR0777
BSW00358	PDUR334
BSW00361	PDUR0777
BSW00373	PDUR0777
BSW00375	PDUR0777
BSW00376	PDUR0777
BSW00379	PDUR0762
BSW00380	PDUR226
BSW00381	PDUR226
BSW00386	PDUR0777
BSW00398	PDUR0777
BSW004	PDUR0774
BSW00400	PDUR0743
BSW00406	PDUR119
BSW00407	PDUR338
BSW00409	PDUR0777
BSW00411	PDUR338
BSW00412	PDUR0748
BSW00413	PDUR0777
BSW00414	PDUR334
BSW00415	PDUR132
BSW00416	PDUR0777
BSW00417	PDUR0777
BSW00419	PDUR226
BSW00422	PDUR0777
BSW00423	PDUR0777
BSW00424	PDUR0777
BSW00425	PDUR0777
BSW00428	PDUR0777



BSW00432	PDUR0777
BSW00433	PDUR0777
BSW00437	PDUR0777
BSW00438	PDUR0743
BSW00439	PDUR0777
BSW00441	PDUR0742
BSW00443	PDUR0777
BSW00444	PDUR0777
BSW00445	PDUR0777
BSW00446	PDUR0777
BSW00447	PDUR0777
BSW00449	PDUR0777
BSW00450	PDUR0777
BSW005	PDUR0777
BSW06003	PDUR162
BSW06012	PDUR437
BSW06020	PDUR0764
BSW06049	PDUR160
BSW06055	PDUR0777
BSW06056	PDUR0777
BSW06061	PDUR0777
BSW06064	PDUR0777
BSW06077	PDUR0777
BSW06089	PDUR0777
BSW06097	PDUR341
BSW06098	PDUR0777
BSW06099	PDUR0777
BSW06103	PDUR221
BSW06119	PDUR589



## Specification of PDU Router V3.2.0 R4.0 Rev 3

BSW06120	PDUR615, PDUR617
BSW101	PDUR334
BSW160	PDUR0777
BSW161	PDUR0777
BSW162	PDUR0777
BSW164	PDUR0777
BSW168	PDUR0777
BSW170	PDUR0777
BSW172	PDUR0777



## 7 Functional Specification

The PDU Router module is an I-PDU transfer unit placed above interface modules and transport protocol modules (lower layer modules) and below COM and DCM (upper layer modules), see Figure 2.

Beside the PDU Router module is the I-PDU Multiplexer (IpduM) module [8] that provides support for multiplexed I-PDUs. The IpduM has to be considered as an upper layer module when it calls the PDU Router module to transmit multiplexed I-PDUs or when it is called by the PDU Router module for the reception or transmit confirmation of multiplexed I-PDUs or to provide data via trigger transmit. In case the IpduM calls the PDU Router module to forward a transmit confirmation or a receive indication to an upper layer (e.g. COM) or when it is called by the PDU Router module to update an I-PDU belonging to a multiplexed I-PDU it has to be considered as lower layer module.

From the ECU point of view, the PDU Router module can perform three different classes of operations:

- PDU Reception to local module(s): receive I-PDUs from lower layer modules and forward them to upper layer modules,
- PDU Transmission from local module(s): transmit I-PDUs to lower layer modules on request of upper layer modules,
- PDU Gateway:
  - (1) receive I-PDUs from an interface module and transmit the I-PDUs immediately via the same or other communication interface module(s)
  - (2) receive I-PDUs from a transport protocol module and transmit the I-PDUs via the same or other transport protocol module(s).

The combination PDU Reception and PDU Gateway is allowed. Example: The COM module is receiving an I-PDU in the same time that it is gatewayed to another lower layer module.

## 7.1 I-PDU handling

**[PDUR160]** [The PDU Router module shall transfer an I-PDU without modification in a consistent manner from the source module to the destination module(s). |



(BSW06049)

An I-PDU is identified by the I-PDU ID and/or the symbolic name (i.e. the SymbolicNameValue of the container of the I-PDU) [7]. For debugging and post-build the I-PDU ID is required because the I-PDU must be identified after the PDU Router module is compiled. If the PDU router module is pre-compile (i.e. in source code) the symbolic names may be used, see Specification of ECU Configuration [7].

Each BSW module that handles I-PDUs and provides an API for I-PDUs must contain a list of I-PDU IDs [7]. This means that each called module will have a look-up table identifying the I-PDU.

Example: The COM module calls PduR\_ComTransmit (here the PDU Router module will list the I-PDU ID), the PDU Router module will call CanIf\_Transmit (here the CanIf module configuration will list the I-PDU ID), the CanIf will call PduR\_CanIfTxConfirmation (here the PDU Router module configuration will list the I-PDU ID), and PDU Router module will call Com\_TxConfirmation (here the COM module configuration will list the I-PDU ID). The example is illustrated in the following Figure 4 (only I-PDU ID is shown as parameter):

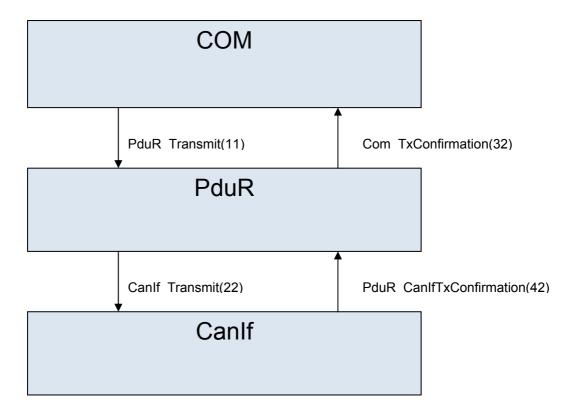


Figure 4 - I-PDU ID example



**[PDUR161]** [The PDU Router module shall identify routing path uniquely by the combination of source module I-PDU ID (located in the PDU Router configuration) and destination I-PDU IDs (located in the called destination module configurations).]
()

**[PDUR0766]** [The PDU Router module shall convert the I-PDU ID to the destination module(s) for both transmission path and confirmation/indication path. ] ( )

Example: The COM module transmits an I-PDU to CanIf and LinIf. The PduR\_ComTransmit is called. The PDU Router module will convert the source I-PDU ID (PDU Router module configuration) to one I-PDU ID for LinIf (LinIf module configuration) and one I-PDU ID for CanIf (CanIf module configuration). The PduInfoType value received from the COM module is copied to the CanIf and LinIf modules without change.

Example: When the LinIf have successfully transmitted an L-PDU it will call PduR\_LinIfTxConfirmation with a I-PDU ID, then the PDU Router module will convert this I-PDU ID and forward the call to COM using Com\_TxConfirmation with the converted I-PDU ID.

**[PDUR162]** [The PDU Router module shall only route I-PDUs according to the static routing paths in the configuration. No dynamical routing shall be used. ] (BSW06003)

**[PDUR618]** [In case an I-PDU is multicasted or gatewayed to more than one destination, the configuration parameter Routing path's Handleld denotes the order in which the destinations are served. The lowest Handleld will be served first. | ( )

Note: minimum routing routing tables will always be prioritized, see 7.6.

### 7.1.1 I-PDU Reception to upper module(s)

The receive operation of the PDU Router module is always be finalized by an indication (PduR\_<Lo>RxIndication or PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication) from a lower layer module (communication interface module or transport protocol module). The indication function is executed by the lower layer either in the context of a cyclic function after polling a communication driver or in the context of an interrupt.



#### 7.1.1.1 Communication Interface

The source communication interface module indicates a received I-PDU by calling PduR\_<Lo>RxIndication. The I-PDU may have multiple destination local modules as configured by the routing path.

**[PDUR164]** [The PDU Router module shall provide 1:n routing for an I-PDU received from a communication interface module and routed to upper layer module(s).

Example: An I-PDU is received on CanIf and forwarded to COM.

Note: An I-PDU may be received by one or more upper modules in the same time as gatewayed to one or more communication interfaces, see 7.1.3. ] ( )

**[PDUR621]** [When the PduR\_<Lo>RxIndication is called the PDU Router module shall call <Up>\_RxIndication for each destination upper module. ] ( )

**[PDUR0744]** [If the I-PDU is received by a local module the PDU Router shall not check the length of the I-PDU, just forward the indication to the upper layer module.

Since the PDU Router module will not buffer this I-PDU it does not have to reject I-PDU that are longer/shorter than configured. | ( )

### 7.1.1.2 Transport Protocol

In case of the transport protocol module the PDU Router module is first notified with a start of reception notification when receiving a first frame (FF) or single frame (SF). This call is be forwarded to the related upper layer module by calling <Up>\_StartOfReception. The payload of each segment (N-PDU) is to be copied in the destination upper layer module by the within subsequent <Lo>\_CopyRxData calls. After reception of the last N-PDU the transport protocol module will indicate the PDU Router module that the complete I-PDU has been received and the PDU Router module will forward this indication to the related upper layer module by calling <Up>\_TpRxIndication.



Reception of I-PDU through Transport Protocol module may have only one upper layer module configured by the routing paths.

**[PDUR0673]** [The PDU Router module shall provide 1:1 routing for an I-PDU received from a source transport protocol module and routed to one destination upper module.

Example: A functional addressed request (in a SF) is received from the CanTp module and routed to the DCM module. ] ( )

**[PDUR549]** [When a source transport protocol module indicates the start of a reception using PduR\_<Lo>StartOfReception, the PDU Router module shall forward the request to the destination upper layer module by calling <Up>\_StartOfReception. ] ()

**[PDUR0749]** [If the upper layer returns with an error in the <Up>\_StartOfReception the PDU Router shall not expect a PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication from the lower layer transport protocol module. ] ( )

**[PDUR623]** [The PDU Router shall forward the return value of the <Up>\_StartOfReception to the source transport protocol. ] ( )

**[PDUR428]** [When a source transport protocol module requests the PDU Router module to copy the received data using PduR\_<LoTp>CopyRxData, the PDU Router module forward the request to the destination upper layer module by calling <Up> CopyRxData. ] ( )

[PDUR429] [When a source transport protocol module calls PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication indicating reception of the complete I-PDU, the PDU Router module shall forward the indication to the destination upper layer module by calling <Up>\_TpRxIndication. ] ( )

**[PDUR207]** [If the source transport protocol module reports an error using PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication, the PDU Router module shall not perform any error handling other than forwarding the indication to the upper layer module. | ( )

The PDU Router assumes the Transport Protocol behaves correctly therefore no



explicit error handling is needed for production code. However it may be helpful to have errors reported to DET in certain cases:

**[PDUR624]** [If the PduR\_<Lo>StartOfReception is called with an I-PDU ID that is already in process, the PDU Router module shall forward the call to the upper module and report PDUR\_E\_DUPLICATE\_IPDU\_ID to DET, when PduRDevErrorDetect is enabled. ] ( )

#### 7.1.2 I-PDU Transmission from upper module(s)

The transmit operations of the destination lower layer modules are always asynchronous. This means that a transmission service request returns immediately after the I-PDU has been passed by the PDU Router module to the destination lower layer module. If the PDU Router module is notified by destination lower layer modules via PduR <Lo>TxConfirmation (communication interface) PduR <LoTp>TxConfirmation (transport protocol) after the I-PDU has been transmitted the PDU Router module will forward this indication to the upper layer module via <Up> TxConfirmation (communication interface) <Up> TpTxConfirmation (transport protocol).

The transmit operation of the PDU Router module is triggered by a PDU transmit request from a source upper layer source module and forwards the request to a destination lower layer module.

**[PDUR629]** [The I-PDU shall not be buffered in the PDU Router module in case of PDU transmission from a source upper layer module. ] ( )

#### 7.1.2.1 Multicast

The multicast feature is separated to an own section since there are issues using this feature as described in section 4.1.1 and also below.

The PDU router is capable of multicast (1:n;n>1) an I-PDU transmitted by a local module (e.g. COM module) to one or more communication interface modules or transport protocol modules. This introduces some limitations since the local module is not aware to how many destinations the I-PDU will be transmitted to.



Multicast of I-PDU has the following restrictions (note that these are not requirements since the features are in other documents):

- No update-bits can be used
- No sequence counters can be used
- If deadline monitoring is used then all destinations must provide transmit confirmations

Further requirements that are directly handled by the PDU Router module:

**[PDUR218]** [If the provided I-PDU ID represents a group of PDUs (multicast transmit request) and at least one of the forwarded transmit requests returns with an error, the function PduR ComTransmit shall return E NOT OK.

Note that communication interfaces returning with E\_OK will transmit their data either directly or via trigger transmit. ] ( )

**[PDUR633]** [If there are more than one lower layer destination modules in a transmission request (1:n, n>1), all of these modules must either be communication interface modules or transport protocol modules. Not a mix of them. ] ()

Example: Above requirement means basically that the COM module cannot request a transmission, and then the PDU Router module routes the transmission to CanTp module and CanIf module using the same I-PDU.

**[PDUR635]** [If there is a multicast (1:n, n>1) transmission the PDU Router module shall call them in routing-path ID order with lowest ID first. ] ()

To allow upper layer modules to have timeout monitoring and release locked buffers the following apply:

**[PDUR589]** [In case of a multicast (1:n, n>1), communication interface transmission, the PDU Router shall forward the transmit confirmation to the upper layer module for the last I-PDU transmitted, i.e. the last transmission confirmation received from the communication interface module. | (BSW06119)

Note: Above requirement can only work if the all the destinations will provide with tx confirmations.



Implementation note: When the source module requests a transmission and the PduR will make a multicast (1:n, n>1), all the I-PDUs in the request and the multicast will have different I-PDU IDs. Therefore the PduR must remember the I-PDU ID from the transmission request so the transmission can be confirmed correctly.

#### 7.1.2.2 Communication Interface

There are three ways that I-PDUs can be transmitted on the communication interface:

- Direct data provision where the upper module is calling the PduR\_<Up>Transmit function, the PDU Router module forwards the call to <Lo>\_Transmit and the data is copied by the lower communication interface module in the call.
- 2. Trigger transmit data provision where the lower communication interface module requests transmission of an I-PDU by using the PduR\_<Lo>TriggerTransmit, and PDU Router module forwards the call to PduR\_<Up>TriggerTransmit and the data is copied by the upper module.
- 3. Where the upper module is calling the PduR\_<Up>Transmit function, the PDU Router module forwards the call to PduR\_<Lo>Transmit and the data is <u>not</u> copied by the lower module (communication interface module). The data will later be requested by the lower layer using PduR\_<Lo>TriggerTransmit.

The confirmation of the transmission of the I-PDU is the same for the direct and trigger transmit data provisions:

[PDUR627] [When the communication interface module calls PduR\_<Lo>TxConfirmation the PDU Router shall call <Up>\_TxConfirmation in the upper module. ] ( )

**[PDUR0745]** [If the I-PDU is transmitted by an upper layer module the PDU Router module shall not check the length of the I-PDU. | ( )



**[PDUR625]** [When source upper layer module calls PduR\_<Up>Transmit the PDU Router shall call <Lo>\_Transmit for each destination communication interface module. ] ( )

**[PDUR626]** [If singlecast (1:1) the return value of the <Lo>\_Transmit call shall be forwarded to the source upper layer module. ] ()

#### Trigger transmit data provision

The upper layer module must be informed if it has to reset the update-bits or not and handle the I-PDU counter in a proper way.

**[PDUR430]** [The PDU Router module shall forward a PduR\_<Lo>IfTriggerTransmit request by the communication interface module to the upper module by calling <Up>\_TriggerTransmit. ] ( )

**[PDUR661]** The PDU Router module shall copy the return value from the <up>TriggerTransmit to the lower layer module. ] ( )

**[PDUR0773]** [After calling <Lo>\_Transmit and the destination communication interface is using trigger transmit data provision the PDU router shall return E\_OK if all communication interface modules return E\_OK. | ( )

#### **Multicast**

Following requirements apply if the I-PDU is multicasted 1:n; n>1:

**[PDUR0675]** [If multicast (1:n, n>1) then E\_OK shall be returned if all destination communication interfaces return E\_OK (pessimistic approach).  $\rfloor$  ( )

**[PDUR0718]** [In case of a multicast transmission request and at least one destination communication interface module returns E\_NOT\_OK after calling <Lo>\_Transmit the PDU Router shall return E\_NOT\_OK. ] ()

**[PDUR0772]** [After calling <Lo>\_Transmit and in case of multicast and at least one destination communication interface is using trigger transmit data provision the PDU router shall return E\_OK if all communication interface modules return E\_OK. ] ()



#### **Error handling**

For errors occurred using singlecast or multicast over communication interface modules, no specific error handling is done. Errors in return values are forwarded to the source upper layer module.

#### 7.1.2.3 Transport Protocol

Transmitting I-PDU using transport protocol has two flavors, singlecast and multicast. A singlecast (1:1) transmission consists of one source upper layer module and one destination lower layer transport protocol module. A multicast (1:n, n>1) transmission consists of more than one destination lower layer transport protocol module. The PDU Router module will not check if the transmission request contains a single N-PDU (SF) or multiple N-PDU (FF, CF, ...), though multicast transport protocol transmissions are restricted to SF transmissions.

Initiation of transmission of I-PDU is made by a PduR\_<Up>Transmit request by an upper layer source module. The PduR will forward the request to one or more destination lower layer transport protocol modules using <Lo>\_Transmit according to the routing paths. Note that the <Lo> Transmit may or may not contain data.

The destination module(s) will request data by calling the PduR\_<LoTp>CopyTxData. Retransmission (if supported by the transport protocol) of data is made by the RetryInfoType parameter. Finalizing the transmission the destination module(s) calls the PduR\_<LoTp>TxConfirmation, which is forwarded to the source upper layer module.

**[PDUR634]** [When an upper layer module calls the PduR\_<Up>Transmit the PDU Router module shall call <LoTp>\_Transmit for each destination transport protocol module. ] ( )

**[PDUR299]** [When a destination transport protocol module calls PduR\_<LoTp>CopyTxData the PDU Router module shall call <Up>\_CopyTxData in the source upper layer module. ] ( )

[PDUR0676] [The return value from the <Up>\_CopyTxData shall be forwarded to



the calling destination lower layer transport protocol module. ] ( )

**[PDUR301]** In case of singlecast the PDU Router module shall forward the confirmation PduR\_<LoTp>TxConfirmation from the lower layer transport protocol module to upper layer module using <Up>\_TpTxConfirmation. ] ( )

**[PDUR432]** [In case of singlecast and after calling <Lo>\_Transmit then the PDU Router module shall return with the same return value to the calling PduR <Up>Transmit from source upper layer module. ] ( )

[In [PDUR435] case а transport protocol module reports PduR <LoTp>TxConfirmation with result other than NTFRSLT OK the PDU Router shall forward the result in the <Up> TpTxConfirmation to the source upper layer module. Further calls from transport protocol module(s) calling PduR <LoTp>CopyTxData the PDU Router module shall return directly with BUFREQ E NOT OK. | ()

#### **Multicast transmission**

This subsection contains specific requirements for the multicast transmission of I-PDU using transport protocol modules.

Since the 1:n, n>1 routing is made in the PDU Router module the PDUR Router module must request the same data several times from the source upper layer module. Also the confirmation of the multicast must be handled specifically.

As the upper layer shall copy the same data several times, the PDU Router will use the RetryInfoPtr [4] in order to query the same data several times. The RetryInfoPtr contains a state type called TpDataState.

**[PDUR631]** [The first request of PduR\_<LoTP>CopyTxData in a multicast session shall be forwarded with TpDataState set to TP\_CONFPENDING. | ( )

**[PDUR632]** [All following calls of PduR\_<LoTp>CopyTxData requests shall be forwarded with TP\_DATARETRY to allow the same data to be copied.

After all transport protocols have received their data the PDU Router module may



confirm the data to the upper layer module. | ( )

**[PDUR0765]** [In case of multicast and when receiving the last confirmation PduR\_<LoTp>TxConfirmation from the lower layer transport protocol module, the PDU Router module shall call upper layer module using <Up>\_TpTxConfirmation. ] ( )

**[PDUR433]** [In case of a multicast transmission request and at least one destination transport protocol module returns E\_NOT\_OK after calling <LoTp>\_Transmit then the PDU Router module shall return with the same code to the calling source upper layer module. ] ( )

The other transport protocol modules may return E\_OK, and therefore these modules will call the PduR\_<LoTp>CopyTxData. Since the source upper layer module has been informed the transmission was a failure the other transport protocol modules should stop as soon as possible.

**[PDUR434]** [In case of a multicast transmission request and at least one destination transport protocol module returns E\_NOT\_OK after calling <LoTp>\_Transmit the PDU Router shall return BUFREQ\_E\_NOT\_OK if other modules are calling PduR <Lo>CopyTxData. | ( )

#### **Error handling**

**[PDUR0779]** [If PduR\_<LoTP>CopyTxData is called with TpDataState TP\_DATARETRY and TxTpDataCnt  $\neq$  0 in case of a multicast transmission request, the PDU Router shall raise the development error PDUR\_E\_PARAM\_INVALID.] ()

The PDU Router module will not take specific actions on errors occurred, the errors will be forwarded to the source upper layer module. Appropriate error handling is in the responsibility of the upper layer module.

#### 7.1.3 I-PDU Gateway

The PDU Router module supports gatewaying of I-PDUs from one source bus to one or more destination busses. The difference from a transmission and reception from/to a local module is that the PDU Router module must be a receiver and transmitter at



the same time, and in some cases also provides buffering for the I-PDU.

The gateway requirements are deliberately separated to allow an efficient implementation of the PDU Router module in case gatewaying is not needed. In case the PDU Router module allows gatewaying of I-PDUs, these requirements are seen as additional and not replacing previous requirements.

Following list gives an overview of the features of the I-PDU gateway:

- I-PDUs may be gatewayed from a source communication interface module to one (1:1) or more destination communication interface modules (1:n I-PDU gateway)
  - For each destination the PDU Router module may buffer each destination of an I-PDU in configurable depth (i.e. FIFO if more than one I-PDU).
  - An I-PDU may be received by an upper layer module in the same time as gatewayed to n destination communication interface(s).
- I-PDUs transported using TP may be gatewayed to one or more destination TP modules, with following scope:
  - Only Single Frames (SF) may be gatewayed to more than one destination TP module or local module (e.g. DCM).
  - I-PDU transported in multiple N-PDUs may be gatewayed "on-the-fly" to one destination, meaning that complete I-PDU does not need to be received before starting transmission on the destination TP module
  - I-PDU transported in multiple N-PDUs may be gatewayed to another TP module or received by a local module, not both.
  - I-PDUs transported using TP module may not be FIFO buffered, i.e. the PDU Router may not buffer more than one I-PDU.
- I-PDUs can only be gatewayed between communication interface modules or TP modules, not a mix of them. For example an I-PDU cannot be received from CanIf and gatewayed to LinTp.

This means the PDU Router module shall forward an I-PDU received from one lower layer module (source network) to lower layer modules (destination networks) identified by the provided I-PDU ID.

Note that in this section "Src" and "Dst" are used for the configurable APIs. This is just to be clear which call belongs to the source module and destination module.



**[PDUR638]** [An I-PDU may only be gatewayed between communication interfaces or TPs, not a mix of them.

Example: An I-PDU received from Frlf may not be gatewayed to CanTp. ] ()

#### 7.1.3.1 Communication interface modules

An I-PDU can be configured to be received on one communication interface module and gatewayed to n communication interface modules including local module(s), i.e. 1:n gatewaying. For gatewaying it is also possible to configure a FIFO for each destination communication interface module (not local module however).

**[PDUR436]** [The PDU Router module shall support routing of I-PDUs between a source communication interface module and one or more destination communication interface modules (1:n gatewaying). ] ()

**[PDUR437]** [ The PDU Router module shall support routing of I-PDUs between communication interface modules with immediate transmission (without rate generation by PDU Router) | (BSW06012)

Routing of I-PDUs between communication interface modules with different period or rate (rate conversion) is not supported, this can be done via the COM module using signal gateway. In this case the I-PDU has to be routed to the COM module.

There are two flavors of gatewaying an I-PDU depending on the the destination interface module. The used flavor is controlled by the configuration:

- **[PDUR303]** [Direct data provision: The PduRDestPduDataProvision of the destination I-PDU is configured to PDUR\_DIRECT. When <DstLo>\_Transmit is called the <DstLo> module copies the data and the PDU Router does not buffer the transmitted I-PDU any longer. ] ( )
- **[PDUR306]** [Trigger transmit data provision: The PduRDestPduDataProvision of the destination I-PDU is configured to PDUR\_ TRIGGERTRANSMIT. When <DstLo>\_Transmit is called the <DstLo> module does not copy the data and the PDU Router module shall buffer the I-PDU and wait for the PduR <DstLo>TriggerTransmit call from the <DstLo> module. | ( )



**[PDUR0661]** [The PDU Router shall buffer the latest I-PDU in case of a trigger transmit data provision. ] ()

The reason why it must be stored for trigger transmit data provision is that the destination communication interface may transmit the I-PDU according to a schedule. Then the communication interface will call the PduR\_<DstLo>TriggerTransmit without a preceding <DstLo> Transmit call.

**[PDUR662]** [If the destination communication interface module is requesting the I-PDU buffer using PduR\_<DstLo>TriggerTransmit and the buffer is not available the return value E\_NOT\_OK shall be used. ] ( )

Note that for a gateway of an I-PDU the PduR\_<Lo>TxConfirmation is not interesting (except for FIFO of a direct data provision Pdu).

**[PDUR640]** [If the destination communication interface module confirms the transmission of the I-PDU using PduR\_<DstLo>TxConfirmation and destination is not a direct data provision Pdu with FIFO buffer the PDU Router module shall not do anything. ] ( )

Note: It is not required to have one buffer for each destination. In following cases sharing the same buffer may be meanigfull to save RAM:

- In case of multicast and buffering is needed for trigger transmit data provision (This optimization may not be possible when FIFO buffering is used)
- In case never more then one routing path to one destination Pdu is switched on at the same time (controlled by routing path groups)
- In case the user has the knowledge that at runtime never more then one routing path to one destination Pdu is triggered by a reception of a source Pdu

It is possible that an I-PDU that will be gatewayed will have different lengths. Therefore:

**[PDUR0783]** [In case the I-PDU is gatewayed without buffering in the PDU Router, the PDU Router shall forward the length without checking, just calling the transmit function(s) of the destination modules.] ()



[PDUR0746] [In case the I-PDU is buffered in the PDU Router module: The PDU Router module shall copy the data of the I-PDU up to smallest of the following values:

- the received data length (PduLength of received I-Pdu)
- the configured maximum PduLength in the buffer (PduRPduMaxLength). In this case the rest of the received I-PDU shall be dropped. | ( )

[PDUR0784] [When the I-PDU is transmited (direct data provision) or copied (trigger transmit data provision) from the PduR buffer to the destination module the PduR shall use the number of bytes which was copied to the buffer as Pdu length.] ()

Note: [PDUR0746] give the user the possibility to avoid buffer over run when PduR\_<Lo>TriggerTransmit is called. The user needs to configure PduRMaxPduLength not greater then the length of the destination I-Pdu.

#### **FIFO**

[PDUR0785] [If PduRTxBufferDepth is configured to a value greater then 1 the Tx Pdu buffer shall have a first in – first out (FIFO) behavior. | ( )

In the following chapter the term "FIFO" or "FIFO queue" is used as a synomym for the Tx I-Pdu buffer of the PduR.

The FIFO has states and these states may change when calling various PduR API's called from different contexes. E.g. a PduR\_<SrcLo>RxIndication call could be interrupted by a PduR\_<DstLo>TxConfirmation call. Thus there is a need to protect those concurrent calls.

If a FIFO is used in case of direct data provision the destination I-PDU must be configured to call the PduR\_<DstLo>TxConfirmation, see PduRTransmissionConfirmation.

[PDUR307] [It shall be possible to configure a FIFO for each destination I-PDU | ( )

**[PDUR0665]** [When PduR\_<SrcLo>RxIndication is called and the FIFO queue is empty in case of direct data provision <DstLo>\_Transmit shall be called directly. The FIFO stays empty. ] ( )



**[PDUR0786]** [When PduR\_<SrcLo>RxIndication is called and the FIFO queue is empty in case of trigger transmit data provision the received I-PDU shall be copied to the FIFO and <DstLo> Transmit shall be called. | ( )

**[PDUR0787]** [When PduR\_<SrcLo>RxIndication is called and the FIFO queue is not empty then the received I-PDU shall be copied as latest entry. ] ( )

**[PDUR0666]** [When PduR\_<DstLo>TriggerTransmit is called the oldest FIFO entry shall be copied and then removed. If afterwards the FIFO queue is not empty <DstLo>\_Transmit shall be called with the oldest I-PDU of the FIFO. ] ( )

Note: In case of the destination module is FrIf the FrIfCounterLimit of the Pdu needs to be configured > 1 because the new transmit will be called before the counter is decremented. For LinIf there is no such a constraint, however FIFO queue routing to sporadic frames is not supported.

**[PDUR0667]** [When PduR\_<DstLo>TxConfirmation is called and the FIFO queue is not empty in case of direct data provision <DstLo>\_Transmit shall be called with the oldest I-PDU of the FIFO. The transmitted I-PDU shall be removed afterwards. ] ( )

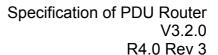
#### **Error handling**

The PDU Router module shall not perform any error handling for an I-PDU instance if an interface module rejects a transmit request which belongs to a gateway operation.

**[PDUR256]** [If the PDU Router module buffers the I-PDU and destination communication interface module returns E\_NOT\_OK after calling <DstLo>\_Transmit, the PDU Router shall discard this I-PDU. ] ( )

Here the destination returned E\_NOT\_OK for some reason, will also report this error. The PDU Router module cannot do anything else than discarding the I-PDU.

**[PDUR0788]** [If <DstLo>\_Transmit(), called with an I-PDU from the FIFO buffer, returns E\_NOT\_OK the I-PDU shall be removed from the FIFO and the next FIFO entry shall be transmitted, if available.





**[PDUR255]** [If the FIFO is full and a new PduR\_<SrcLo>RxIndication is called, the FIFO shall be flushed | ( )

Note: That means in case of PduRTxBufferDepth is configured to 1 and the PduRDestPduDataProvision is configured to PDUR\_TRIGGERTRANSMIT the new I-Pdu will be always copied within the next PduR\_<Lo>TriggerTransmit call. That is a "Last is best" behaviour.

**[PDUR0670]** [If the FIFO is flushed the PDU Router shall report PDUR\_E\_PDU\_INSTANCES\_LOST to the DET module. ] ( )

**[PDUR0669]** [If the FIFO is flushed the new I-PDU delivered by the PduR\_<SrcLo>RxIndication shall be handled as if the FIFO is empty. ] ()

The new I-PDU that causes the FIFO flush will be served and not discarded.

**[PDUR319]** In case of the destination I-PDU is configured to PDUR\_TRIGGERTRANSMIT but no buffer is configured for the routing path the PDU Router module shall not call <DstLo>\_Transmit for this routing path. ] ()

Above requirement shows that the PDU Router module is gatewaying in a best effort manner. If resources are not available then the gateway operation stops as soon as possible.

#### 7.1.3.2 Transport Protocol

Gatewaying I-PDU from a source transport protocol to one or more destination transport protocol module may either be gatewayed direct as a complete I-PDU (complete set of N-PDUs building up the I-PDU is received before transmitted) or as fragmented I-PDU (routing on-the-fly) where a configured number of bytes (threshold) are received before transmission.

The PDU Router will gateway the payload only, and will not be aware of transport protocol details such as SF, FF, CF, PCI etc.

On a transport protocol module an I-PDU can be transported in multiple N-PDUs (FF and CFs) or in a single N-PDU (SF). The typical case is that an I-PDU transported in multiple N-PDUs are not multicast (i.e. physical addressing) and in single N-PDU



may be multicast (i.e. functional addressing). This is however no restriction on the PDU router since it only gateways I-PDUs (and not N-PDUs).

It is not possible for the PDU Router module to check if the I-PDU received from the source transport protocol is really contained in a SF and if the destination transport protocol module really can be contained in a SF. It is up to the system designer to assure that the transport protocols behaves properly.

For example: A SF received on CAN and shall be transmitted on two LIN busses. The received SF can carry up to data 6 bytes but a SF on LIN only up to data 5 bytes. Therefore the SF on CAN is limited to data 5 bytes if gatewayed to the two LIN busses.

Note that an I-PDU transported over transport protocol modules may also be gatewayed frame by frame directly through the communication interfaces (i.e. by gatewaying the N-PDUs directly). This requires no special treatment here of the PDU Router module and can be handled by gatewaying through communication interface modules, see 7.1.3.1. However, this requires that the source and destination busses have exactly same packing of N-PDUs (e.g. from CAN to CAN).

#### **Direct gatewaying**

**[PDUR643]** [The PDU Router module shall receive complete I-PDU before gatewaying it to one or more destination transport protocol modules. ] ()

**[PDUR0683]** [If the I-PDU is gatewayed to one or more destination transport protocol modules, this I-PDU may be also received by one or more local upper layer modules, in this case 7.1.1.2 applies also. ] ()

**[PDUR551]** [The <DstLoTp>\_Transmit shall be called on each destination transport protocol module within the PduR\_<SrcLoTp>TpRxIndication, if result is NTFRSLT\_OK. ] ( )

**[PDUR0697]** [If PduR\_<DstLoTp>CopyTxData is called and state is TP\_CONFPENDING or TP\_DATACONF then the PDU Router shall copy data equal to the PduInfoType length value or to the available buffer if lower than the PduInfoType length value. ] ( )



**[PDUR0705]** [If PduR\_<DstLoTp>CopyTxData is called and state is TP\_DATARETRY then the PDU Router shall copy previous data according to TxTpDataCnt or to the available buffer if lower than the TxTpDataCnt. | ( )

#### Gatewaying on-the-fly

In gatewaying on-the-fly the PDU Router module will start transmission to the destination transport protocol module when a specific threshold is reached.

**[PDUR0708]** [Using gatewaying on-the-fly only one destination transport protocol module is allowed. | ( )

**[PDUR317]** [The PDU Router module shall start the TP transmission on the destination bus by calling <DstLoTp>\_Transmit as soon as the Tx threshold has been reached for the specific destination. | ( )

**[PDUR0690]** [If gatewaying on-the-fly is used the PDU Router shall not support any retransmission. If the PDU Router receives a state other than TP\_DATACONF the PDU Router shall immediately stop further processing of this I-PDU. ] ()

**[PDUR0707]** [If PduR\_<DstLoTp>CopyTxData is called and state is TP\_DATACONF then the PDU Router shall copy data equal to the PduInfoType length value or to the available buffer if lower than the PduInfoType length value. ] ()

#### **Common requirements**

Following requirements applies to both direct gatewaying and routing-on-the-fly gatewaying.

**[PDUR0696]** [If PduR\_<DstLoTp>CopyTxData is called and state is TP\_DATACONF then the PDU Router may free the already copied data. ] ( )

All destination transport protocol modules will confirm transmission of the I-PDU.

[PDUR637] [When the PDU Router module receives the PduR <DstLoTp>TxConfirmation, the PDU Router shall free the I-PDU buffer for this



destination. | ()

**[PDUR0740]** [If the transport protocol module calls PduR\_<LoTp>CopyTxData or PduR\_<LoTp>CopyRxData with length zero (PduInfoType.SduLength = 0) the PDU Router module shall return the size of the current available buffer or the current available data respectively. ] ( )

#### **Error handling**

Error handling for I-PDUs gatewayed using transport protocol modules is simple, the PDU Router module will not do anything and rely that the transport protocol modules handles the communication errors properly.

**[PDUR0687]** [If routing on-the-fly is used and PduR\_<SrcLoTp>CopyRxData is called and the provided data cannot be stored in the buffer, then BUFREQ\_E\_NOT\_OK shall be returned and the execution of the I-PDU gateway shall be stopped. ] ( )

**[PDUR0689]** [The PDU Router shall immediately stop further processing of the I-PDU if result value is not NTFRSLT OK in the PduR <SrcLoTp>RxIndication. ] ( )

If the PDU Router cannot accept the I-PDU an shall be returned in the PduR\_<LoTp>StartOfReception the PDU Router shall not expect a PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication from the lower layer transport protocol module.

#### 7.2 Cancel transmission

An upper layer module may request cancellation of an I-PDU (transported by communication interface module or transport protocol module). The PDU Router module will forward the request to either one destination module (singlecast) or multiple destination modules (multicast).

The PduR\_<Up>CancelTransmit is used to cancel communication interface I-PDU and to cancel transport protocol I-PDUs.

Cancel transmission will not be used for I-PDUs that are gatewayed from one bus to



another.

The cancel transmission is optional and enabled in the configuration per module, see PduRCancelTransmit configuration parameter.

#### 7.2.1 Request

An upper layer module requests cancellation of an I-PDU, and the PDU router will forward the request to one or more destination modules according to the routing path.

**[PDUR0725]** [If a cancel transmission is already ongoing for the same I-PDU, the old request shall be dropped and the new request shall be processed. ] ( )

**[PDUR0710]** [If the routing path for the requested I-PDUs is enabled, the I-PDU belongs to corresponding transport protocol or communication interface, and is not gatewayed, then  $PduR_{\tiny }$ =Up>CancelTransmit shall return E\_OK. In all other cases E\_NOT\_OK shall be returned. ] ( )

Following Table 1 describes the behavior in the PDU Router module when the PduR <Up>CancelTransmit is called:

	Single destination	Multiple destinations
Communication interface module	[PDUR0721] The PDU	[PDUR0723] The PDU
PduR_ <up>CancelTransmit</up>	Router module shall call the	Router module shall call the
	<lo>_CancelTransmit for</lo>	<lo>_CancelTransmit for each</lo>
	the destination module of	destination module of the I-
	the I-PDU. ] ( )	PDU. ] ( )
Transport protocol module	[PDUR0722] The PDU	[PDUR0724] The PDU
PduR_ <up>CancelTransmit</up>	Router module shall call the	Router module shall call the
	<lotp>_CancelTransmit for</lotp>	<lotp>_CancelTransmit for</lotp>
	the destination module of	each destination module of the
	the I-PDU. ] ( )	I-PDU. ] ( )

Table 1 - PduR\_<Up>CancelTransmit



Following Table 2 describes the behavior in the PDU Router module when the return value of <Lo>\_CancelTransmit or <LoTp>\_CancelTransmit is received:

	Single destination	Multiple destinations	
Communication interface module	[PDUR0700] The	[PDUR0701] [E_OK shall be	
<lo>_CancelTransmit</lo>	PDU Router module	returned to the calling upper layer	
Transport protocol module	shall return same	if all destination modules return	
<lotp>_CancelTransmit</lotp>	return value to the	E_OK, otherwise E_NOT_OK shall	
	calling upper layer	be returned. ] ( )	
	module. ] ( )		

Table 2 - Return of PduR\_<Up>CancelTransmit

#### 7.2.2 Confirmation

The cancellation of an I-PDU will be only be confirmed by the destination transport protocol module(s) using PduR\_<LoTp>TxConfirmation. The PDU Router module will forward the result to the calling upper layer module.

Following Table 3 describes the behavior in the PDU Router module when the PduR\_<LoTp>TxConfirmation is called:

	Single destination	Multiple destinations
Transport	[PDUR0728] When	[PDUR0729] [When the last
protocol	PduR_ <lotp>TxConfirmation is</lotp>	PduR_ <lotp>TxConfirmation is called</lotp>
module	called the PDU Router module	the PDU Router module shall forward
	shall forward using	using <up>_TpTxConfirmation to the</up>
	<up>_TpTxConfirmation to the</up>	calling upper layer module ] ( )
	calling upper layer module ] ( )	
		[PDUR0730] If all destination modules
		reports
		NTFRSLT_E_CANCELATION_OK then
		this value shall be forwarded upwards,
		otherwise
		NTFRSLT_E_CANCELATION_NOT_OK
		shall be forwarded ] ( )

Table 3 - PduR\_<Lo/LoTp>TxConfirmation



### 7.3 Cancel reception

An upper layer module may request cancellation of an I-PDU transported on transport protocol module(s). The PDU router module will get a request through the PduR\_<Up>CancelReceive. The confirmation of the cancellation request is made through the PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication and forwarded to <Up>\_TpRxIndication using the results NTFRSLT\_E\_CANCELATION\_OK respective NTFRSLT\_E\_CANCELATION\_NOT\_OK.

#### 7.3.1 Request

**[PDUR0731]** [If a receive cancellation is already ongoing for the same I-PDU, the old request shall be dropped and the new request shall be processed. ] ()

**[PDUR0726]** [If the routing path for the requested I-PDUs is disabled, then PduR\_<Up>CancelReceive shall return E\_NOT\_OK directly without any further action. ] ()

The flow of the I-PDU id for a received I-PDU is from lower to upper modules. Here it is used in the flow from upper to lower modules, since it is a received I-PDU.

**[PDUR0736]** [The I-PDU id provided in the call is Rx I-PDU ID and therefore the PDU Router module shall be able to identify this I-PDU correctly. ] ( )

**[PDUR0727]** [When the PduR\_<Up>CancelReceive is called the PDU Router module shall call the <LoTp>\_CancelReceive for the destination transport protocol module of the I-PDU. ] ( )

**[PDUR0732]** [The return value of the <LoTp>\_CancelReceive shall be forwarded to the upper layer module. ] ( )

#### 7.3.2 Indication

[PDUR657] [When the destination transport protocol module calls PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication the PDU router module shall call the <Up>\_RxIndication



in the calling upper layer module. | ( )

### 7.4 Change transport protocol parameter

It is possible for the upper layer modules to change a transport protocol parameter for a specific I-PDU. The upper layer will start with calling the PduR\_<Up>ChangeParameter, the PDU Router module will forward to the correct transport protocol module using <LoTp>\_ChangeParameter.

#### 7.4.1 Request

**[PDUR0733]** [When the PduR\_<Up>ChangeParameter is called the PDU Router module shall call the <LoTp>\_ChangeParameter for the destination transport protocol module of the I-PDU. | ( )

The flow of the I-PDU id for a received I-PDU is from lower to upper modules. Here it is used in the flow from upper to lower modules, since it is a received I-PDU.

**[PDUR0747]** [The I-PDU id provided in the call is Rx I-PDU ID and therefore the PDU Router module shall be able to identify this I-PDU correctly. ] ( )

**[PDUR0734]** [The return value of the <LoTp>\_ChangeParameter shall be forwarded to the upper layer module. | ( )

### 7.5 Zero Cost Operation

Zero cost operation is an optimization that may be done where source and destination modules are single and in source code (one of the modules must be in source code otherwise the PDU Router must create glue-code for the function call). For example an ECU with a COM module and a single CAN bus, the PduR\_ComTransmit may directly call the CanIf\_Transmit without any logic inside the PduR Module. The PDU Router becomes a macro layer.

This optimization is only possible where routing paths are of configuration class Pre-Compile.



**[PDUR287]** [If PduRZeroCostOperation is set to true and all routing paths are of configuration class Pre-Compile; modules directly above or below the PDU Router may directly call each other without using PduR module functions. | ( )

**[PDUR619]** [If PduRZeroCostOperation is set to true and at least one routing path is not of configuration class Pre-Compile; the PDU Router module configuration generator shall report an error. ] ()

### 7.6 Minimum Routing

Minimum routing is routing paths that are of configuration class Link-Time or Pre-Compile. The idea is to have a minimum set of routing paths that can be used for communication in case the Post-Build routing paths are erroneous. Usually TP communication is using minimum routing to enable diagnostics communication.

Use-case: Access to DCM to bring the ECU into programming mode even when the PDU Router routing tables are corrupted.

**[PDUR285]** [The minimum routing table shall be separated from the PDU Router routing tables and shall only be configurable at pre-compile time or link-time. ] ()

**[PDUR286]** [The PDU Router module shall always precede minimum routing over routing according to the normal configurable PDU Router routing tables. ] ( )

## 7.7 Reentrancy of API calls

The reentrancy of API calls is generally specified for each API call. There is some extra general requirements on the reentrancy of the API calls:

**[PDUR630]** [In case the API is reentrant and dependent on I-PDU ID the PDU Router shall not accept a new call to the same API while a former call is still ongoing. ] ()

[PDUR622] [If an I-PDU ID that is in process and a module request to process an I-



PDU with the same I-PDU ID the PDU Router module shall serve the new request and PDUR\_E\_DUPLICATE\_IPDU\_ID shall be reported to DET, when PduRDevErrorDetect is enabled. | ( )

Example: The Com modules calls PduR\_ComTransmit to be transported on the CanIf module, but the CanIf module has not confirmed the last request with the same I-PDU ID, the PduR will call CanIf\_Transmit without waiting for a confirmation for the previous transmit request.

## 7.8 State Management

The state machine of the PDU Router module is depicted in Figure 5.

**[PDUR644]** [Only one instance of the state machine shall exist in the PDUR module. ] ( )

[PDUR324] [The PDU Router module shall consist of three states, PDUR\_UNINIT, PDUR\_REDUCED and PDUR\_ONLINE.]()

[PDUR325] [The PDU Router module shall be in the state PDUR\_UNINIT after power up the PDU Router module (i.e. before calling the PduR\_Init function). ] ( )

[PDUR326] [The PDU Router module shall change to the state PDUR\_ONLINE when the PDU Router has successfully been initialized via the function PduR\_Init. ] ( )

**[PDUR327]** [The PDU Router module shall change to the state PDUR\_REDUCED in case the initialization within the function PduR\_Init did not succeed, e.g. Post-Build configuration not available. ] ( )



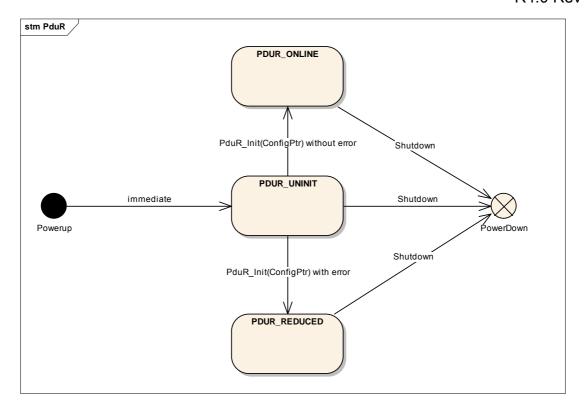


Figure 5: PDU Router states

[PDUR328] [The PDU Router module shall perform routing of PDUs according to the PDU Router routing tables only when it is in the online state (PDUR\_ONLINE). ] ( )

[PDUR329] [The PDU Router module shall perform minimum routing when it is in the online state (PDUR\_ONLINE) or reduced state (PDUR\_REDUCED). ] ()

[PDUR330] [The PDU Router module shall perform no routing when it is in the uninitialized state (PDUR\_UNINIT). ] ( )

**[PDUR645]** [The PDU Router module shall release all buffers in the PduR\_Init function. ] ( )

**[PDUR308]** [The function PduR\_Init shall initialize all configured default value to the PDU transmit buffers. ] ( )



### 7.9 Routing path groups

A routing path group is a group of I-PDUs that can be disabled and enabled during runtime. The group contains the destination I-PDUs and not the routing path itself. The reason is that it is desirable to enable disable I-PDUs for a specific bus. And a routing path can multicast an I-PDU to several busses.

Enabling and disabling of routing path groups is typically used by the BswM module.

**[PDUR0714]** [If the I-PDU ID is used in an API that leads to a multicast (e.g.  $PduR_{op}$ ) and the I-PDU ID is disabled in all destination modules  $E_{op}$ ] E\_NOT\_OK (if possible) shall be returned with no further action. ] ( )

**[PDUR0717]** [If the I-PDU ID used in an API is disabled in all destination modules E\_NOT\_OK (if possible) shall be returned with no further action. ] ( )

[PDUR0715] [Enabling of I-PDU routing path groups shall be immediate] ()

Example: A subsequent call to PduR < Up>Transmit shall serve this I-PDU directly.

**[PDUR646]** [The PDU Router shall immediately disable the routing path table, even though transmissions/receptions are ongoing. | ( )

Example: If CanTp is currently transmitting a multiple N-PDUs then PduR will reject further requests using this disabled I-PDU.

**[PDUR663]** [All buffers used in a routing path group shall be cleared when a routing path group is disabled. | ( )

Example: If a gateway operation is made and the PDU Router module has buffered an I-PDU and is waiting for the destination communication module to call trigger transmit, the buffer is cleared and the buffer not available is returned to the destination communication interface.

# 7.10 Complex Device Driver Interaction

Besides the AUTOSAR Com and Dcm modules, Complex Device Drivers (CDD) are



also possible as upper layer modules for the PduR.

The PduR provides the unique transmit function PduR\_<Cdd>Transmit for each upper layer CDD. When a callout function of the PduR is invoked from a lower layer module for a Pdu that is transmitted or received by a CDD, the PduR invokes the corresponding target function of the CDD.

To determine if a Pdu is transmitted or received by a CDD, the PduR has to examine the origin of the references to the Pdu list in the EcuC module. If the source Pdu of a routing path references a Pdu in the Pdu list that is also referenced by a CDD, the Pdu is transmitted by the CDD. If the destination Pdu of a routing path references a Pdu in the Pdu list that is also referenced by a CDD, the Pdu is received by the CDD.

A CDD can either require a communication interface API or it can require a transport protocol API but not both. The API functions provided by the PduR for the CDD interaction contain the CDD's name.

[PDUR504] [ The PduR shall use the apiServicePrefix attribute of the CDD's vendor specific module definition (EcucModuleDef element) to replace the <Lo>, <Up>, and <LoTp> tags of the GenericComServices APIs (see Section 12). The CDD's vendor specific module definition can be indirectly accessed via the configuration parameter PduRBswModuleRef which references the top-level element of the concrete configuration of the CDD (i.e., EcucModuleConfigurationValues element) which references the CDD's vendor specific module definition (EcucModuleDef element). ]

To determine if a CDD requires a communication interface API or a transport protocol API, the PduR has to examine the references to the PDU list in the EcuC module. If all PDUs transmitted or received by a CDD are referenced by communication interface modules, the CDD requires a communication interface API. If all PDUs transmitted or received by a CDD are referenced by transport protocol modules, the CDD requires a transport protocol API.

#### 7.11 Error classification



The general requirements document on AUTOSAR basic software modules [3] distinguish between two types of errors:

- (a) errors that can/shall only occur during development and whose detection and/or reporting can be statically configured (on/off). These types of errors are reported to the DET module [5].
- (b) errors and exceptions that are expected to occur also in production code. These types of errors are reported to the DEM module [6].

**[PDUR100]** [The following errors and exceptions shall be detectable by the PDU Router module depending on its build version (development/production mode):



Type or error	Relevance	Related error code	Value [hex]
Invalid configuration pointer	Development	PDUR_E_CONFIG_PTR_INVALI	0x00
API service used without module initialization or PduR_Init called in any state other than PDUR_UNINIT	Development	PDUR_E_INVALID_REQUEST	0x01
Invalid PDU identifier	Development	PDUR_E_PDU_ID_INVALID	0x02
TP module rejects a transmit request for a valid PDU identifier	Development	PDUR_E_TP_TX_REQ_REJECTE D	0x03
If any of the parameter passed is out of respective ranges	Development	PDUR_E_PARAM_INVALID	0x04
A I-PDU ID is received that is already in process	Development	PDUR_E_DUPLICATE_IPDU_ID	0x06
I-PDU buffer is longer than expected	Development	PDUR_E_IPDU_TOO_LONG	0x07
If the routing table is invalid that is given to the PduR_EnableRouting or PduR_DisableRouting functions	Development	PDUR_E_ROUTING_PATH_GROU P_ID_INVALID	0x08
Loss of a PDU instance (FIFO flushed because of an overrun)	Development	PDUR_E_PDU_INSTANCES_LOS T	0x0a
PDU Router initialization failed (PDU Router changed to PDUR_REDUCED state)	Development	PDUR_E_INIT_FAILED	0x0b
Pointer parameter is null.  Note that specific API calls may disable this error	Development	PDUR_E_NULL_POINTER	0x09

]()

**[PDUR232]** [Values for production code Event Ids are assigned externally by the configuration of the Dem. They are published in the file Dem\_IntErrId.h and included via Dem.h. ] ( )



[PDUR231] [Development error values are of type uint8. ] ( )

#### 7.12 Error detection

**[PDUR101]** [The detection of development errors is configurable (ON/OFF) at precompile time. The switch PduRDevErrorDetect (see chapter 10) shall activate or deactivate the detection of all development errors. | ( )

[PDUR227] [If the PduRDevErrorDetect switch is enabled API parameter checking is enabled. The detailed description of the detected errors can be found in chapter 7.11 and chapter 7.14. ] ()

[PDUR233] [The detection of production code errors cannot be switched off. ] ( )

[PDUR119] [If the PDU Router module has not been initialized (state PDUR\_UNINIT), all functions except PduR\_Init and PduR\_GetVersionInfo shall report the error PDUR\_E\_INVALID\_REQUEST via the DET when called, when PduRDevErrorDetect is enabled. ] (BSW00406)

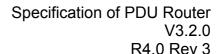
#### 7.13 Error notification

[PDUR331] [Detected development errors shall be reported to the <code>Det\_ReportError</code> service of the Development Error Tracer (DET) if the pre-processor switch <code>PduRDevErrorDetect</code> is set (see chapter 10). ] ()

[PDUR332] [When development error detection (PduRDevErrorDetect) is enabled and the PDU Router module has detected an error, it shall report the error to DET module, exit the concerned function and return an error if possible (e.g. by returning PDUR\_E\_NOT\_OK in case Std\_ReturnType is used). ] ()

When detecting a development error, the PDU Router module shall report the error to DET by using the DET function shown below:

Std\_ReturnType Det\_ReportError(ModuleId, InstanceId, ApiId, ErrorId)





ModuleId Module ID of the PDU Router: 51 decimal (see PDUR217)

InstanceId 0 (single instance module)

Apild ID of API which reports an error: Service ID defined in section 8.3 ErrorId ID of detected development error: value according to section 7.11

[PDUR103] [Production mode errors (see PDUR100) shall be reported to the Diagnostic Event Manager (DEM) by using the DEM function Dem\_ReportErrorStatus(EventId, EventStatus) specified in [6]. | ()

**[PDUR104]** [Additional errors that are detected because of specific implementation shall be added in the PDU Router module implementation specification. The classification and enumeration shall be compatible to the errors listed above [PDUR100]. ] ( )

### 7.14 API parameter checking

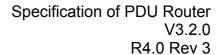
[PDUR221] [If development error detection is enabled, a PDU identifier is not within the specified range, and the PDU identifier is configured to be used by the PDU Router module either for minimum routing (PDUR\_ONLINE and PDUR\_REDUCED state) or for routing according to the post-build routing tables (PDUR\_ONLINE state), the PDU Router module shall report the error PDUR\_E\_PDU\_ID\_INVALID to the DET module, when PduRDevErrorDetect is enabled. ] (BSW06103)

# 7.15 Debugging

**[PDUR487]** [Each variable that shall be accessible by AUTOSAR Debugging, shall be defined as global variable. ] ( )

**[PDUR488]** [All type definitions of variables which shall be debugged, shall be accessible by the header file PduR.h. ] ( )

**[PDUR489]** [The declaration of variables in the header file shall be such that it is possible to calculate the size of the variables by C-"sizeof". | ( )





**[PDUR490]** [Variables available for debugging shall be described in the respective Basic Software Module Description] ()



# 8 API specification

The following paragraphs specify the API of the PDU Router module.

[PDUR217] [The Module ID of the PDU Router module shall be 51 (decimal). ] ( )

## 8.1 Imported types

In this chapter all types included from the following files are listed:

### [PDUR333] [

Module	Imported Type
ComStack_Types	BufReq_ReturnType
	NotifResultType
	PduldType
	PduInfoType
	PduLengthType
	RetryInfoType
	TPParameterType
Dem	Dem_EventIdType
	Dem_EventStatusType
Std_Types	Std_ReturnType
	Std_VersionInfoType

]()

# 8.2 Type definitions

The following PDU Router types are specified and shall be defined in PduR\_Types.h:

#### 8.2.1 PduR\_PBConfigType

The post-build-time configuration fulfills two functionalities:

Post-build selectable, where more than one configuration is located in the



ECU, and one is selected at init of the PDU Router module

 Post-build loadable, where one configuration is located in the ECU. This configuration may be reprogrammed after compile-time

Basically there is no restriction to mix both selectable and loadable. Typically the post-build loadable is located in its own flash sector where it can be reprogrammed without affecting other modules/applications.

### [PDUR0743] [

Name:	PduR_PBConfigType	
Type:	Structure	
Range:		implementation specific
Description:	Data structure containing post-build-time configuration data of the PDU Router.	

(BSW00400, BSW00438)

**[PDUR241]** The type PduR\_PBConfigType is an external data structure containing post-build-time configuration data of the PDU Router module which shall be implemented in PduR PBcfg.c (see chapter 5.1.1 and 10.2).

### 8.2.2 PduR\_ConfigldType

This type is returned by the PduR GetConfigurationId API.

#### [PDUR0771] [

Name:	PduR_PBConfigIdType
Type:	
Description:	Identification of the post-build configuration currently used for routing I-PDUs. An
	ECU may contain several configurations (post-build selectable), each have unique
	ld.

]()

#### 8.2.3 PduR\_RoutingPathGroupIdType

The routing path group ID is used for identifying a specific group of routing path destinations. The reason is that the destinations of a 1:n routing path typically belong to more than one bus, and it shall be possible to enable/disable routing per bus.



Therefore a routing path group separates 1:n routing paths into 1:1 paths.

## [PDUR654] [

Name:	PduR_RoutingPathGroupIdType	
Type:	uint16	
Description:	Identification of a Routing Table	

]()

### 8.2.4 PduR\_StateType

## [PDUR0742] [

Name:	PduR_StateType	
Type:	Enumeration	
Range:	PDUR_UNINIT	PDU Router not initialised
	PDUR_ONLINE	PDU Router initialized successfully; routing according to
		minimum routing capability and configurable routing tables
	PDUR_REDUCED	PDU Router initialization did not succeed; only minimum
		routing capability is provided
Description:	States of the PDU	Router

∫ (BSW00441)

### 8.3 Function definitions

### 8.3.1 General functions provided by the PDU Router

## 8.3.1.1 PduR\_Init

## [PDUR334] [

Service name:	PduR_Init
Syntax:	void PduR_Init(
	const PduR_PBConfigType* ConfigPtr
	)
Service ID[hex]:	0xf0
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant



Parameters (in):	ConfigPtr	Pointer to post build configuration
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Initializes the PDU	Router

(BSW101, BSW00358, BSW00414)

[PDUR106] [The function PduR\_Init shall set the state of the PDU Router module to PDUR\_REDUCED and raise the error PDUR\_E\_INIT\_FAILED to the DET if the initialization of the PDU Router module failed. ] ()

Integration note: To avoid problems calling the PDU Router module uninitialized it is important that the PDU Router module is initialized before interfaced modules.

**[PDUR0709]** [After initialization all I-PDU routing groups shall be enabled according enable at start configuration parameter. ] ()

[PDUR0776] [If the ConfigPtr parameter is null the PDUR\_E\_NULL\_POINTER shall not be sent to the DET module. ] ( )

The rationale of above requirement is that if the PduR module is implemented as precompile variant the pointer parameter will be null.

#### 8.3.1.2 PduR\_GetVersionInfo

### [PDUR338] [

Service name:	PduR_GetVersionInfo		
Syntax:	void PduR_GetVersionInfo(		
	Std_VersionInfoType* versionInfo		
Service ID[hex]:	0xf1		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		



(inout):	
Parameters (out):	versionInfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module.
Return value:	None
Description:	Returns the version information of this module.

] (BSW00407, BSW00411)

**[PDUR234]** [The function PduR\_GetVersionInfo shall return the version information of this module in the passed argument \*versionInfo. The version information includes:

- Module Id
- Vendor Id
- Vendor specific version numbers. ] ()

### 8.3.1.3 PduR\_GetConfigurationId

#### [PDUR341] [

Service name:	PduR_GetConfigurationId
Syntax:	PduR_PBConfigIdType PduR_GetConfigurationId(
	void
	)
Service ID[hex]:	0xf2
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	PduR_PBConfigIdType Identifier of the post-build time configuration
Description:	Returns the unique identifier of the post-build time configuration of the PDU Router

(BSW06097)

**[PDUR280]** [The function PduR\_GetConfigurationId shall return the unique identifier of the post-build time configuration of the PDU Router module.  $\rfloor$  ( )

#### 8.3.1.4 PduR\_EnableRouting

### [PDUR615] [



Service name:	PduR_EnableRouting		
Syntax:	void PduR_EnableRouting(		
	PduR_RoutingPathGroupIdType id		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xf3		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	idldentification of the routing path group. Routing path groups are defined in the PDU router configuration.		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Enables a routing path table.		

∫ (BSW06120)

**[PDUR647]** [If the routing path group id does not exist, then the PDU Router module shall return with no action. ] ( )

**[PDUR648]** [If the routing path group id does not exist and the PduRDevErrorDetect is enabled, the PDU Router module shall report PDUR\_E\_ROUTING\_PATH\_GROUP\_ID\_INVALID. ] ( )

#### 8.3.1.5 PduR\_DisableRouting

#### [PDUR617] [

Service name:	PduR_DisableRouting		
Syntax:	void PduR_DisableRouting(		
	PduR_RoutingPathGroupIdType id		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0xf4		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	id Identification of the routing path group. Routing path groups are defined in the PDU router configuration.		
Parameters	None		



(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	Disables a routing path table.

] (BSW06120)

**[PDUR0716]** [If the routing path group id does not exist, then the PDU Router module shall return with no action. ] ()

**[PDUR649]** [If the routing path table id does not exist and the PduRDevErrorDetect is enabled, the PDU Router module shall report PDUR\_E\_ROUTING\_PATH\_GROUP\_ID\_INVALID. ] ( )

#### 8.4 Scheduled functions

As any PDU Router operation is triggered by an adjacent communication module the PDU Router does not require scheduled functions.

## 8.5 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

#### 8.5.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

#### [PDUR423] [

API function	Description
<provider:lo>_Transmit</provider:lo>	Requests the sending of a PDU.
Dem_ReportErrorStatus	Queues the reported events from the BSW modules (API is only used by
	BSW modules). The interface has an asynchronous behavior, because
	the processing of the event is done within the Dem main function.

1()

Since the API have now a generic approach it is not relevant to list all possible



modules here. I

## 8.5.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

## [PDUR424] [

API function	Description
<provider:lo>_CancelTransmit</provider:lo>	Requests cancellation of a specific I-PDU in a lower layer
	communication interface module.
<provider:lotp>CancelReceive</provider:lotp>	Requests cancellation of an I-PDU reception in a lower layer
	transport protocol module.
<provider:lotp>CancelTransmit</provider:lotp>	Requests cancellation of a specific I-PDU in a lower layer transport
	protocol module.
<pre><provider:lotp>_ChangeParameter</provider:lotp></pre>	Request to change a specific transport protocol parameter (e.g.
	block-size).
<provider:uptp>_CopyRxData</provider:uptp>	This function is called when transport protocol module have data to
	copy to the receiving module. Several calls may be made during
	one transportation of an I-PDU.
<provider:uptp>_CopyTxData</provider:uptp>	This function is called by the transport protocol module to query
	the transmit data of an I-PDU segment.
	Each call to this function copies the next part of the transmit data
	until TpDataState indicates TP_DATARETRY. In this case the API
	restarts to copy the data beginning at the location indicated by
	TpDataCnt.
<pre><provider:uptp>_StartOfReception</provider:uptp></pre>	This function will be called by the transport protocol module at the
	start of receiving an I-PDU. The I-PDU might be fragmented into
	multiple N-PDUs (FF with one or more following CFs) or might
	consist of a single N-PDU (SF).
	The service shall provide the currently available maximum buffer
	size when invoked with TpSdulength equal to 0.
<provider:uptp>_TpRxIndication</provider:uptp>	Called by the transport protocol module after an I-PDU has been
	received successfully or when an error occurred. It is also used to
	confirm cancellation of an I-PDU.
<provider:uptp>_TpTxConfirmation</provider:uptp>	This function is called by a transport protocol module after the I-



	PDU has been transmitted on its network, the result will reveal if
	the transmission was successful or not.
Det_ReportError	Service to report development errors.

# 8.5.3 Configurable interfaces definitions for interaction with upper layer module

Since the API description now has a generic approach, the service ids of the upper layer API functions are generic as well. The generic service id of an upper layer API function consists of an upper layer module id and a service base id.

**[PDUR0780]** For the generic service Ids of the interfaces defined for interaction with upper layer modules, the following upper layer module id <UpModId> shall be used:

Upper layer module	<upmodid></upmodid>
Com	0x8
Dcm	0x9
IpduM	0xa
Dbg	0xb
CDD for interface interaction	0xc
CDD for transport protocol interaction	0xd

]()

Example: The service id of PduR ComTransmit is 0x89.

#### 8.5.3.1 PduR\_<Up>Transmit

#### [PDUR406] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:up>Transmit</user:up>		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType PduR_ <user:up>Transmit(</user:up>		
	PduIdType id,		
	PduInfoType* info		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <upmodid>9</upmodid>		
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		



Parameters (in):	id	Identification of the I-PDU.	
	info	Length and pointer to the buffer of the I-PDU	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:		E_OK - request is accepted by the destination module.  E_NOT_OK - request is not accepted by the destination module.	
Description:	Requests transmission of an I-PDU.		

## 8.5.3.2 PduR\_<Up>CancelTransmit

## [PDUR0769] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:up>CancelTransmit</user:up>		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType PduR_ <user:up>CancelTransmit(</user:up>		
	PduIdType i	d	
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <upmodid>a</upmodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	id	Identification of the I-PDU to be cancelled.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: request is accepted by the destination module	
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: request is not accepted by the destination	
		module.	
Description:	Request for cancellation of an ongoing transmission of an I-Pdu in transport		
	protocol or communication interface.		

]()

## 8.5.3.3 PduR\_<Up>ChangeParameter

## [PDUR482] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:up>ChangeParameter</user:up>	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType PduR_ <user:up>ChangeParameter(</user:up>	



	PduIdType id,		
	TPParameterType parameter,		
	uint16 valu	e	
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <upmodid>b</upmodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant		
	id	Identification of the I-PDU to which the parameter the request	
_		shall affect.	
Parameters (in):	parameter	The selected parameter that the request shall changed.	
	value	The value that the request shall change to.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
D = ( = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: request is accepted.	
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: request is not accepted.	
Description:	Request to change a specific transport protocol parameter (e.g. block-size). The		
	affected transport protocol module is selected using the I-PDU ID.		

## 8.5.3.4 PduR\_<Up>CancelReceive

# [PDUR0767] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:up>CancelReceive</user:up>	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType PduR_ <user:up>CancelReceive(</user:up>	
	PduIdType id	
	)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x <upmodid>c</upmodid>	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	id Identification of the I-PDU.	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnTypeE_OK - request accepted (but not yet performed).	
	E_NOT_OK - request not accepted (e.g. cancellation not	



	possible).
Description:	Requests for cancellation of an ongoing reception of an I-Pdu in transport protocol.

# 8.5.4 Configurable interfaces definitions for lower layer communication interface module interaction

Since the API description now has a generic approach, the service ids of the lower layer communication interface API functions are generic as well. The generic service id of lower layer communication interface API function consists of lower layer interface module id and a service base id.

**[PDUR0781]** For the generic service Ids of the interfaces defined for interaction with lower layer communication interface modules, the following lower layer interface module id <LolfModId> shall be used:

Lower layer communication interface module	<lolfmodid></lolfmodid>
CanIf/TTCanIf	0x0
CanNm	0x1
IpduM	0x2
Frlf	0x3
FrNm	0x4
LinIf	0x5
SoAdIf	0x6
CDD If	0x7

]()

Example: The service id of PduR\_FrlfRxIndication is 0x31.

#### 8.5.4.1 PduR\_<Lo>RxIndication

#### [PDUR362] [

Service name:	PduR_ <lo>RxIndication</lo>		
Syntax:	void PduR_ <lo>RxIndication(</lo>		
	PduIdType RxPduId,		
	PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr		
	)		



Service ID[hex]:	0x <lomodid>1</lomodid>	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.	
	RxPduId ID of the received I-PDU.	
Parameters (in):	PduInfoPtrContains the length (SduLength) of the received I-PDU and a pointer to	
	a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing the I-PDU.	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Indication of a received I-PDU from a lower layer communication module.	

## 8.5.4.2 PduR\_<Lo>TxConfirmation

## [PDUR365] [

Service name:	PduR_ <lo>TxConfirmation</lo>		
Syntax:	void PduR_ <lo>TxConfirmation(</lo>		
	PduIdType TxPduId		
	<u> </u>		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <lomodid>2</lomodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.		
Parameters (in):	TxPduId ID of the I-PDU that has been transmitted.		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The lower layer communication module confirms the transmission of an I-PDU.		

]()

## 8.5.4.3 PduR\_<Lo>TriggerTransmit

## [PDUR369] [

Service name:	PduR_ <lo>TriggerTransmit</lo>	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType PduR_ <lo>TriggerTransmit(</lo>	



	PduIdType TxPduId,			
	PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr			
	)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x <lomodid>3</lomodid>	0x <lomodid>3</lomodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for dif	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.		
	TxPduld	ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted.		
	PduInfoPtr	Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU		
Parameters (in):		shall be copied to. On return, the service will indicate the length of		
		the copied SDU data in SduLength.		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indicates the		
Detum value		number of copied bytes.		
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: No SDU has been copied. PduInfoPtr must not be		
		used since it may contain a NULL pointer or point to invalid data.		
Description:	The lower layer communication module requests the buffer of the SDU for			
	transmission from the upper layer module.			

# 8.5.5 Configurable interfaces definitions for lower layer transport protocol module interaction

Since the API description now has a generic approach, the service ids of the lower layer transport protocol API functions are generic as well. The generic service id of lower layer transport protocol API function consists of lower layer transport protocol module id and a service base id.

**[PDUR0782]** [For the generic service Ids of the interfaces defined for interaction with lower layer transport protocol modules, the following lower layer transport protocol module id <LoTpModId> shall be used:

Lower layer transport protocol module	<lotpmodid></lotpmodid>
CanTp	0x0
SAE J1939	0x1
FrTp	0x3
LinTp	0x5



SoAdTp	0x6
CDD Tp	0x7

Example: The service id of PduR\_FrTpRxIndication is 0x35.

## 8.5.5.1 PduR\_<LoTp>CopyRxData

## [PDUR512] [

Service name:	DaluD alla and a Trace		
	PduR_ <user:lotp></user:lotp>	CopyRxData	
Syntax:	BufReq_ReturnType PduR_ <user:lotp>CopyRxData(</user:lotp>		
	PduIdType id,		
	PduInfoType* info,		
	PduLengthType* bufferSizePtr		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <lotpmodid>4</lotpmodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	id	Identification of the received I-PDU.	
	info	Pointer to the buffer (SduDataPtr) and its length (SduLength)	
Parameters (in):		containing the data to be copied by PDU Router module in	
		case of gateway or upper layer module in case of reception.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	bufferSizePtr	Available receive buffer after data has been copied.	
	BufReq_ReturnType	BUFREQ_OK: Buffer request accomplished successfully.	
		BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK: Buffer request not successful. Buffer	
Return value:		cannot be accessed.	
		BUFREQ_E_BUSY: Temporarily no buffer available. It's up	
		the requestor to retry request for a certain time.	
Description:	This function is called when a transport protocol module has data to copy for the		
	receiving module. Several calls may be made during one transportation of an I-		
	PDU.		
	The service shall provide the currently available buffer size when invoked with		
	info.SduLength equal to 0.		
(inout): Parameters (out): Return value:	None  bufferSizePtr  BufReq_ReturnType  This function is calle receiving module. See PDU.  The service shall productions	containing the data to be copied by PDU Router module in case of gateway or upper layer module in case of reception  Available receive buffer after data has been copied.  BUFREQ_OK: Buffer request accomplished successfully.  BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK: Buffer request not successful. Buffer cannot be accessed.  BUFREQ_E_BUSY: Temporarily no buffer available. It's up the requestor to retry request for a certain time.  In the data to copy for the everal calls may be made during one transportation of an I-covide the currently available buffer size when invoked with	

]()



## 8.5.5.2 PduR\_<LoTp>RxIndication

## [PDUR375] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:lotp>RxIndication</user:lotp>			
Syntax:	void PduR_ <user:lotp>RxIndication(</user:lotp>			
	PduIdType id,			
	Notifi	NotifResultType result		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <lotpmodid>5</lotpmodid>			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
	id	Identification of the received I-PDU.		
Parameters (in):	result	Result of the reception.		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	None			
Description:	Called by the transport protocol module after an I-PDU has been received			
	successfully or when an error occurred. It is also used to confirm cancellation of an			
	I-PDU.			

]()

## 8.5.5.3 PduR\_<LoTp>StartOfReception

## [PDUR507] [

PduR_ <user:lotp>StartOfReception</user:lotp>		
BufReq_ReturnType PduR_ <user:lotp>StartOfReception(</user:lotp>		
PduIdType id,		
PduLengthType TpSduLength,		
PduLengthType* bufferSizePtr		
0x <lotpmodid>6</lotpmodid>		
Synchronous		
Reentrant		
id	Identification of the I-PDU.	
TpSduLength	Total length of the PDU to be received.	
	BufReq_ReturnType PduIdType id, PduLengthType PduLengthType )  0x <lotpmodid>6  Synchronous  Reentrant id</lotpmodid>	

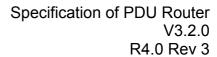


Parameters	None	
(inout):		
	bufferSizePtr	Available receive buffer in the receiving module. This
Parameters (out):		parameter will be used to compute the Block Size (BS) in
		the transport protocol module.
	BufReq_ReturnType	BUFREQ_OK: Connection has been accepted.
		RxBufferSizePtr indicates the available receive buffer.
		BUFREQ_E_BUSY: Currently no buffer of the requested
		size is available. RxBufferSizePtr remains unchanged.
Return value:		Connection has been rejected.
		BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK: Connection has been rejected.
		RxBufferSizePtr remains unchanged.
		BUFREQ_E_OVFL: No Buffer of the required length can be
		provided.
Description:	This function will be called by the transport protocol module at the start of receiving	
	an I-PDU. The I-PDU	might be fragmented into multiple N-PDUs (FF with one or
	more following CFs) o	r might consist of a single N-PDU (SF).
	The service shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size when	
	invoked with TpSduLe	ength equal to 0.

# 8.5.5.4 PduR\_<LoTp>CopyTxData

# [PDUR518] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:lotp>CopyTxData</user:lotp>		
Syntax:	BufReq_ReturnType PduR_ <user:lotp>CopyTxData(</user:lotp>		
	PduIdType i	d,	
	PduInfoType	* info,	
	RetryInfoType* retry,		
	PduLengthType* availableDataPtr		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x <lotpmodid>7</lotpmodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	id	Identification of the transmitted I-PDU.	
	info	Provides destination buffer and the number of bytes to copy.	
		In case of gateway the PDU Router module will copy,	





		the suries the second consequence of the second sec
		otherwise the source upper layer module will copy the data. If
		not enough transmit data is available, no data is copied. The
		transport protocol module will retry.
		A copy size of 0 can be used to indicate state changes in the
		retry parameter.
	retry	This parameter is used to retransmit data because problems
		during the last service call.
		If the I-PDU is transmitted from a local module (e.g. DCM) the
		PDU router module will just forward the parameter value
		without check. If the I-PDU is gatewayed from another bus,
		the PDU Router module will make the following interpretation:
		If the transmitted TP I-PDU does not support the retry feature
		a NULL_PTR is provided. It indicates that the copied transmit
		data can be removed from the buffer after it has been copied.
		If the retry feature is used by the Tx I-PDU, RetryInfoPtr must
		point to a valid RetryInfoType element.
		If TpDataState indicates TP_CONFPENDING, the previously
		copied data must remain in the TP buffer to be available for
		error recovery.
		TP_DATACONF indicates that all data that have been copied
		so far are confirmed and can be removed from the TP buffer.
		Data copied by this API call are excluded and will be
		confirmed later.
		TP_DATARETRY indicates that this API call shall copy
		already copied data in order to recover from an error. In this
		case TxTpDataCnt specifies the offset of the first byte to be
		copied by the API call.
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
	availableDataPtr	Indicates the remaining number of bytes that are available in
Dougnotous (sud)		the PduR Tx buffer. AvailableTxDataCntPtr can be used by
Parameters (out):		TP modules that support dynamic payload lengths (e.g. Iso
		FrTp) to determine the size of the following CFs.
Return value:	BufReq_ReturnType	BUFREQ_OK: Data has been copied to the transmit buffer



	completely as requested.	
	BUFREQ_E_BUSY: Request could not be fulfilled, because	
	the required amount of Tx data is not available. TP layer	
	might retry later on. No data has been copied.	
	BUFREQ_E_NOT_OK: Data has not been copied. Request	
	failed.	
Description:	This function is called by the transport protocol module to query the transmit data	
	of an I-PDU segment.	
	Each call to this function copies the next part of the transmit data until TpDataState	
	indicates TP_DATARETRY. In this case the API restarts to copy the data	
	beginning at the location indicated by TpTxDataCnt.	
	The service shall provide the size of the remaining data when invoked with	
	info.SduLength equal to 0.	

## 8.5.5.5 PduR\_<LoTp>TxConfirmation

## [PDUR381] [

Service name:	PduR_ <user:lotp>TxConfirmation</user:lotp>		
Syntax:	void PduR_ <user:lotp>TxConfirmation(</user:lotp>		
	PduIdType id,		
	Notif	ResultType result	
Service ID[hex]:	0x <lotpmodid>8</lotpmodid>		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	id	Identification of the transmitted I-PDU.	
Parameters (in):	result	Result of the transmission of the I-PDU.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This function is called by a transport protocol module after the I-PDU has been		
•	transmitted on its network, the result will reveal if the transmission was successful		
	or not.		

]()



## 9 Sequence diagrams

The goal of this chapter is to make the understanding of the PDU Router easier. For this purpose sequence diagrams which show different communication scenarios are used. Please consider that the sequence diagrams are not exhaustive and are only used to support the functional specification (chapter 7) and API specification (chapter 8).

Focus of the sequence diagrams is the PDU Router and therefore interactions between other modules (e.g. between an interface and its driver) are not shown.

Note: The sequence diagrams of the I-PDU Multiplexer are shown in [8]. Depending on the interaction scenario the IpduM has to be considered as an upper layer or a lower layer module of the PDU Router.

Note: The diagrams in this chapter are to show specific use-cases. They are not requirements for an implementation of the PDU Router module.



## 9.1 I-PDU Reception

The reception of an I-PDU received from a communication interface module or from transport protocol module and forwarded to the COM module.

Note that the PDU Router is not the only customer for the communication interface modules and I-PDUs. Other modules such as NM and TP modules receive PDUs directly from the communication interface modules.

#### 9.1.1 CanIf module I-PDU reception

Following Figure 6 shows reception of I-PDU from the Canlf module to the COM module.

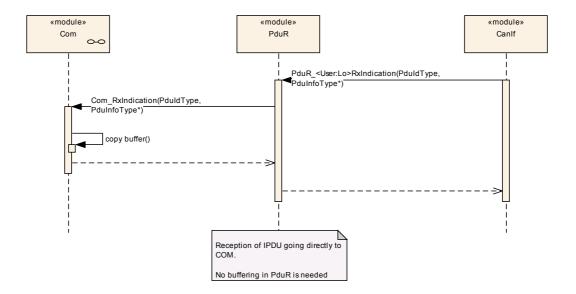


Figure 6: - Canlf I-PDU reception



## 9.1.2 Frlf module I-PDU reception

Following Figure 7 shows reception of I-PDU from the Frlf module to the COM module.

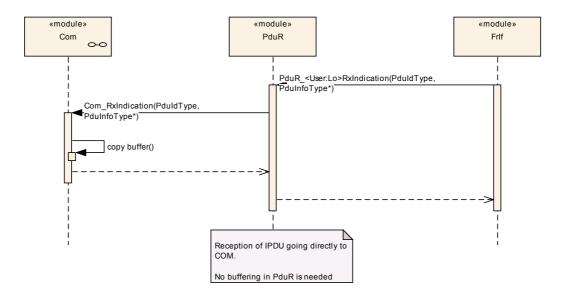


Figure 7: - Frlf I-PDU reception



## 9.1.3 LinIf module reception of I-PDU

Following Figure 8 shows reception of I-PDU from the LinIf module to the COM module.

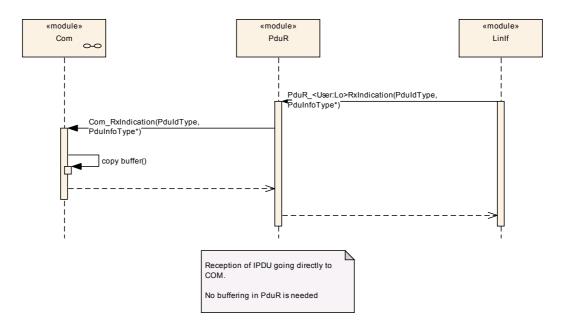


Figure 8: - LinIf I-PDU reception



### 9.1.4 CanTp module reception of I-PDU

Following Figure 9 shows reception of I-PDU from the CanTp module to the DCM module. The reception is made using the transport protocol APIs.

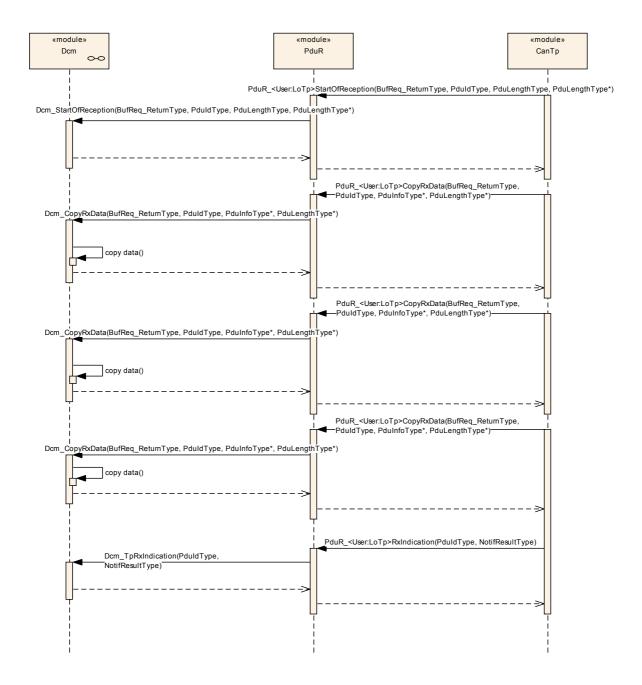


Figure 9 - CanTp I-PDU reception



### 9.2 I-PDU transmission

The transmission of an I-PDU transmitted from the COM module to a communication interface module or a transport protocol module.

#### 9.2.1 Canlf module transmission of I-PDU

Following Figure 10 shows transmission of I-PDU from the COM module to the Canlf module.

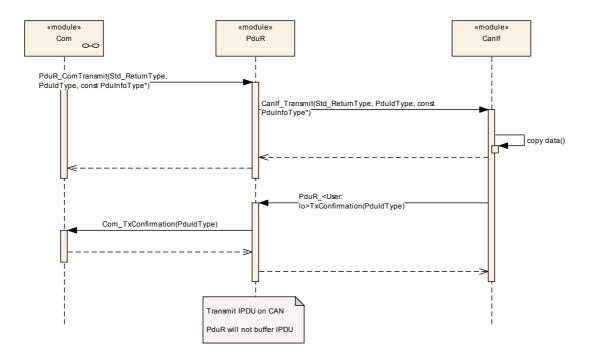


Figure 10: - Canlf I-PDU transmission



#### 9.2.2 Frlf module transmission of I-PDU

Following Figure 11 shows transmission of I-PDU from the COM module to the FrIf module using trigger transmit.

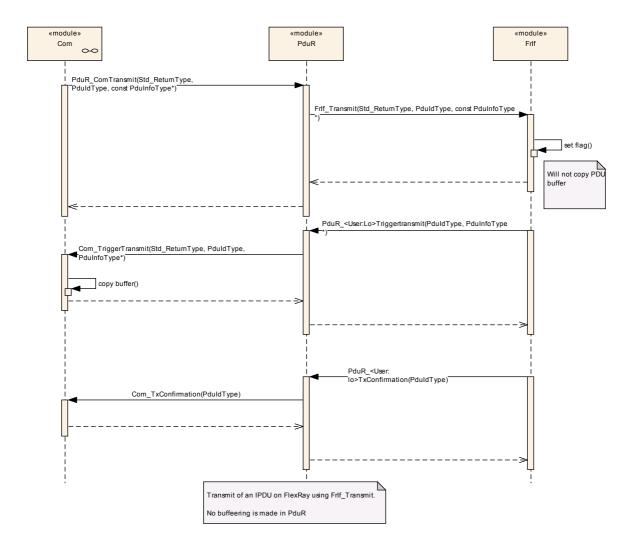


Figure 11: - Frlf I-PDU transmission



#### 9.2.3 Linlf module transmission of I-PDU

Following Figure 12 shows transmission of I-PDU from the COM module to the LinIf module using transmit and later trigger transmit functions. In this case the I-PDU is a LIN sporadic frame.

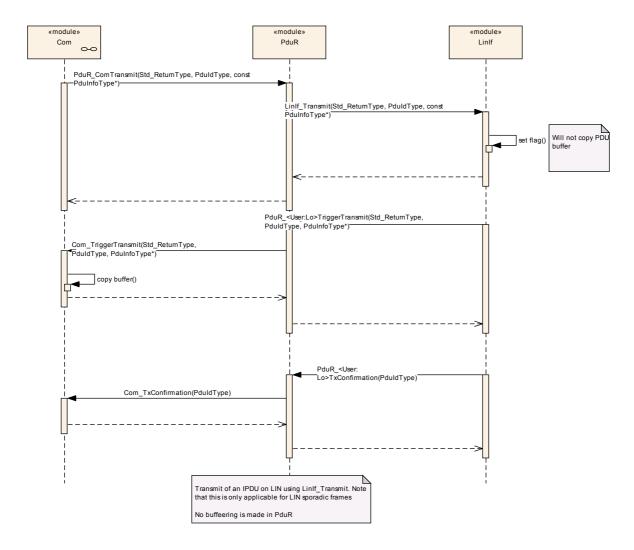


Figure 12: - LinIf I-PDU transmission (LIN sporadic frame)



Following Figure 13 shows transmission of I-PDU from the COM module to the LinIf module using trigger transmit. In this case the I-PDU is all other types except LIN sporadic frame.

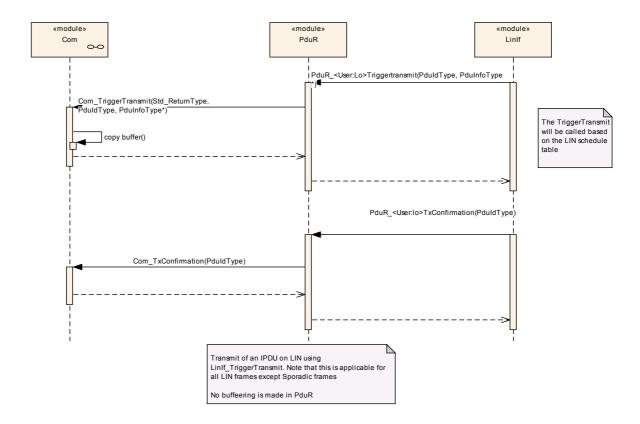


Figure 13: - LinIf I-PDU transmission (non LIN sporadic frame)



#### 9.2.4 CanTp module transmission of I-PDU

Following Figure 14 shows transmission of I-PDU from the DCM module to the CanTp module using the transport protocol API.

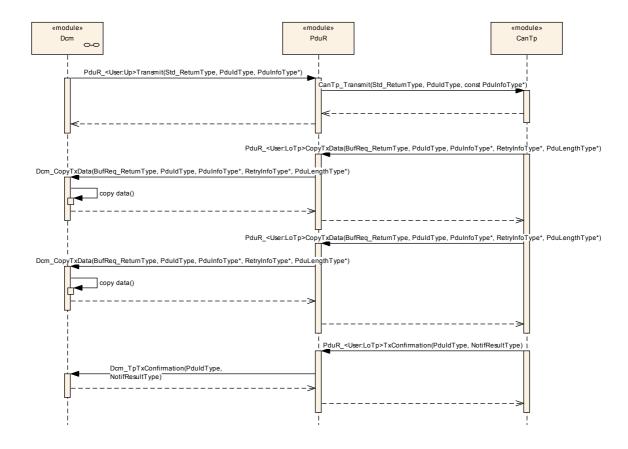


Figure 14: - CanTp I-PDU transmission



#### 9.2.5 Multicast transmission of I-PDU on transport protocol modules

Following Figure 15 shows transmission of I-PDU from the DCM module to the CanTp, FrTp and LinTp (LinIf includes the transport protocol module) module using the transport protocol API.

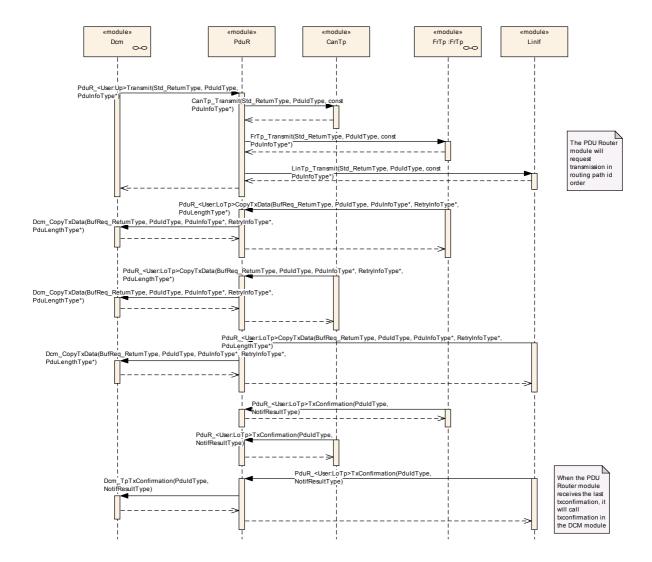


Figure 15 – I-PDU transmission on transport protocol on CAN, FlexRay and LIN



## 9.3 Gateway of I-PDU

Following use-cases shows how the PDU Router modules will gateway I-PDUs.

#### 9.3.1 Gateway between two Canlfs

Following Figure 16 shows how an I-PDU is gatewayed between two CAN networks (CAN1 and CAN2) using CanIf.

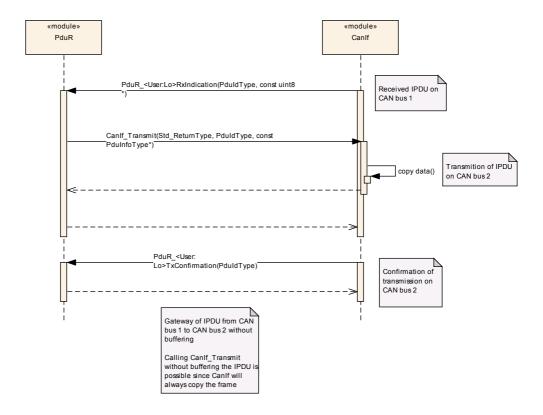


Figure 16: - Gateway of I-PDU from CAN1 to CAN2



#### 9.3.2 Gateway from CAN to FlexRay

Following Figure 17 shows how an I-PDU is gatewayed between CAN and FlexRay, using trigger transmit (with buffering and without buffering).

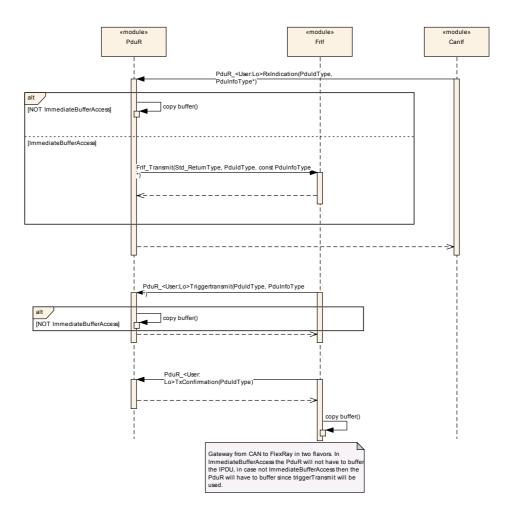


Figure 17: - Gateway of I-PDU from CAN to FlexRay



#### 9.3.3 Gateway from CAN to LIN

Following Figure 18 shows how an I-PDU is gatewayed from CAN to LIN, using trigger transmit (LIN sporadic frame and all other LIN frame types).

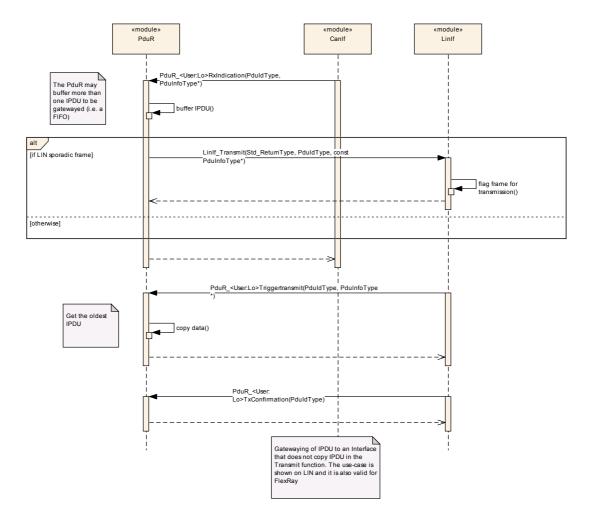


Figure 18: - Gateway of I-PDU from CAN to LIN



#### 9.3.4 Gateway from CAN to CAN and received by the COM module

Following Figure 19 shows how an I-PDU is gatewayed from CAN1 to CAN2 and also received locally by the COM module.

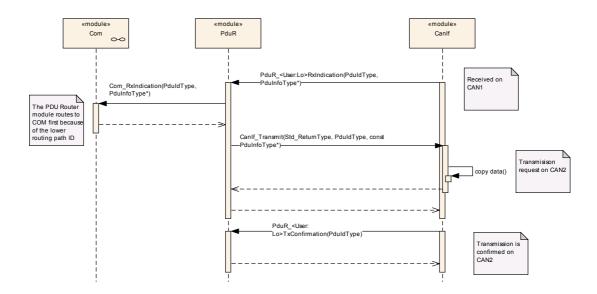


Figure 19: - Gateway of I-PDU from CAN to LIN



#### 9.3.5 Gateway I-PDU using transport protocol modules

Following Figure 20 shows how an (multi N-PDU) I-PDU is gatewayed between two CAN networks, using transport protocol module.

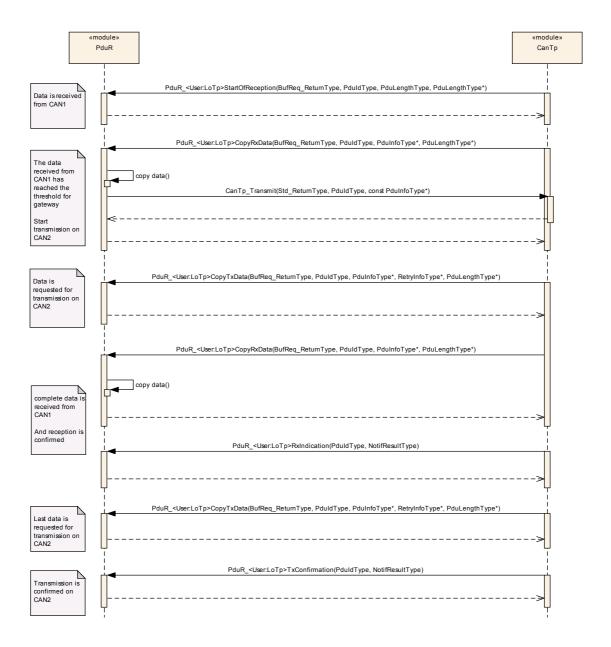


Figure 20: - Gateway of I-PDU (multi N-PDU) between two CAN networks



#### 9.3.6 Gateway I-PDU from CAN1 to DCM and CAN2

The following use-case, Figure 21, shows an I-PDU (contained in a SF) received from CAN1 transport protocol and gatewayed to DCM (internal) and gatewayed to CAN2 transport protocol.

The I-PDU must be buffered in the PDU Router since the DCM module is not aware of that it will be gatewayed to CAN2. Such gatewaying is controlled by the configuration and cannot be processed by the DCM.

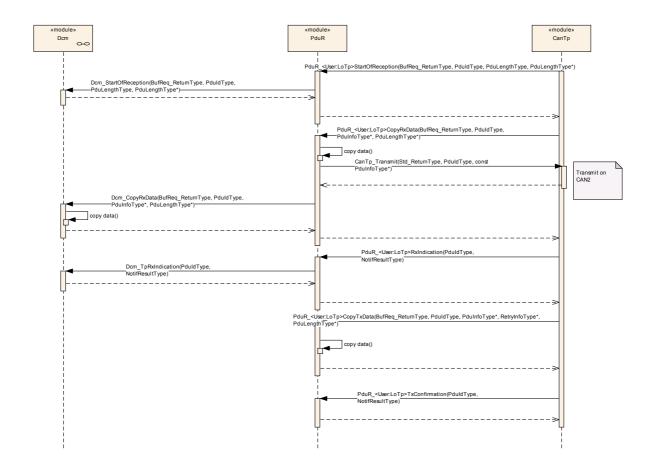


Figure 21: - Gateway of I-PDU to DCM and CAN



## 10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification. We intend to leave chapter 10.1 in the specification to guarantee comprehension.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module PDU Router.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information of the module PDU Router.

### 10.1 How to read this chapter

In addition to this section, it is highly recommended to read the documents:

- AUTOSAR Layered Software Architecture [1]
- AUTOSAR ECU Configuration Specification [7] This document describes the AUTOSAR configuration methodology and the AUTOSAR configuration metamodel in detail.

The following is only a short survey of the topic and it will not replace the ECU Configuration Specification document.

#### 10.1.1 Configuration and configuration parameters

Configuration parameters define the variability of the generic part(s) of an implementation of a module. This means that only generic or configurable module implementation can be adapted to the environment (software/hardware) in use during system and/or ECU configuration.

The configuration of parameters can be achieved at different times during the software process: before compile time, before link time or after build time. In the following, the term "configuration class" (of a parameter) shall be used in order to refer to a specific configuration point in time.



#### 10.1.2 Variants

Variants describe sets of configuration parameters. E.g., Variant PreCompile: only pre-compile time configuration parameters. In one variant a parameter can only be of one configuration class.

**[PDUR295]** [The PDU Router module shall support the update of the routing configuration (i.e. the PDU Router routing tables) at post build-time if this variant is supported. ] ()

Support of post-build update of the routing table is not always desired. Therefore post-build update of the routing table is only supported in the variant post-build of the PDU Router module, see further section 10.1.2.

The post-build comes in two flavors: Selectable and Loadable, there is no restriction on using any of them in the PDU Router module or even a combination of them.

**[PDUR296]** [If the variant post-build is supported, the update of the routing tables shall only be possible when the PDU Router module is uninitialized. ] ( )

Remark: The process how the update of the routing tables is performed is not restricted. Most likely a reflashing of the memory segment that holds the table will be done by the bootloader - a separate program which may be loaded after a reboot to update the ECU.

**[PDUR281]** The post-build time configuration of the PDU Router module shall be identifiable by the unique configuration identifier: PduRConfigurationId. ] ( )

Remark: The unique configuration identifier is not used to select one of multiple post-build configuration sets of the PDU Router module, but for unique identification of the current PDU Router module post-build configuration, e.g. for Diagnostics or for checking at runtime that the post-build configurations of related communication modules match. The configuration identifier can be read via the API PduR GetConfigurationId, see section 8.3.1.3.



#### 10.1.3 Containers

Containers structure the set of configuration parameters. This means:

- all configuration parameters are kept in containers.
- (sub-) containers can reference (sub-) containers. It is possible to assign a multiplicity to these references. The multiplicity then defines the possible number of instances of the contained parameters.

#### 10.1.4 Specification template for configuration parameters

The following tables consist of three sections:

- the general section
- the configuration parameter section
- the section of included/referenced containers

Pre-compile time

 specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Pre-compile time* or not

Label	Description
Х	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Pre-compile time</i> .
	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class <i>Pre-compile time</i> .

Link time

 specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Link time* or not

Label	Description
Х	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Link time</i> .
	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class <i>Link time</i> .

Post Build

 specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Post Build or not

Label	Description
x	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Post Build</i> and supports both Loadable and Selectable flavors.
	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class <i>Post Build</i> .



### 10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters are described in chapter 7 and chapter 8. An overview of the top-level PDU Router configuration container PduR is shown in Figure 22.

#### 10.2.1 Variants

There are three configuration parameter sets defined for the PDU Router. If the configuration class of a configuration parameter is the same for all configuration parameter sets, the term "all Variants" is used instead of listing all possible variants.

**[PDUR425]** [VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE: The configuration parameter set for the PDU Router module contains only pre-compile time configuration parameters. ] (BSW00397)

The zero cost operation is valid only for pre-compile variant.

**[PDUR427]** [VARIANT-POST-BUILD: The configuration parameter set for the PDU Router module contains a mix of pre-compile time, link time and post-build time configuration parameters. ] (BSW00399)



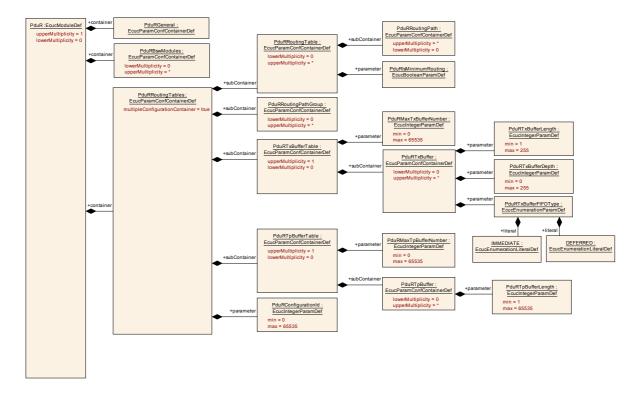


Figure 22: PDU Router Configuration Overview - PduR

#### 10.2.2 PduR

SWS Item	PDUR293_Conf :
Module Name	PduR
Module Description	Configuration of the PduR (PDU Router) module.

Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
		Each container describes a specific BSW module  (upper/CDD/lower/lpduM) that the PDU Router shall interface to. The reason to have it as own configuration container instead of implication of	
PduRBswModules	0*	the routing path is to be able to configure CDD:s properly and to force module's to be used in a post-build situation even though no routing is made to/from this module (future configurations may include these modules).	
PduRGeneral	1	This container is a subcontainer of PduR and specifies the general configuration parameters of the PDU Router.	
PduRRoutingTable s	1 1	Represents one table of routing paths. This routing table allows multiple configurations that can be used to create several routing tables in the	



same configuration. This is mainly used for post-build (e.g. post-build selectable) but can be used by pre-compile and link-time for variant handling.

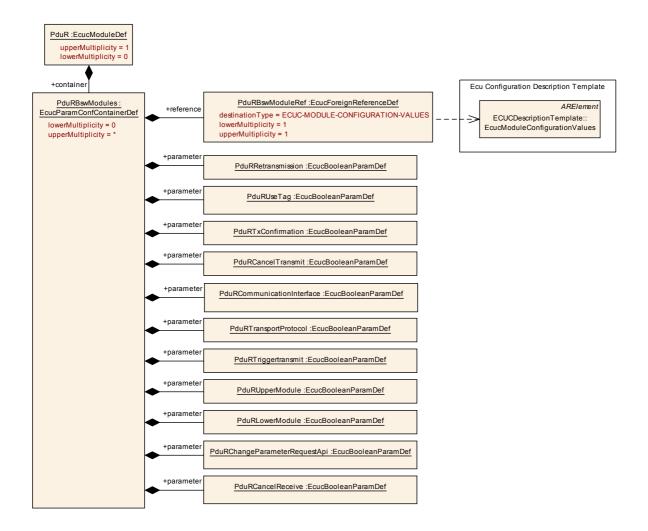


Figure 23 - PduRBswModules

#### 10.2.3 PduRBswModules

SWS Item	PDUR295_Conf :
Container Name	PduRBswModules
	Each container describes a specific BSW module
Description	(upper/CDD/lower/IpduM) that the PDU Router shall interface to.
	The reason to have it as own configuration container instead of



	implication of the routing path is to be able to configure CDD:s
	properly and to force module's to be used in a post-build situation
	even though no routing is made to/from this module (future
	configurations may include these modules).
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR340_Conf:		
Name	PduRCancelReceive		
·	Specifies if the Transport protocol module supports the CancelReceive API or not. Value true the API is supported.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR297_Conf :	PDUR297_Conf :		
Name	PduRCancelTransmit	PduRCancelTransmit		
Description		Specifies if the BSW module supports the		
	CancelTransmit API or supported.	CancelTransmit API or not. Value true the API is supported.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDe	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	PDUR326_Conf:	
Name	PduRChangeParameterRequestApi	
Description	This parameter, if set to true, enables the	
	PduR_ <up>ChangeParameterRequest Api for this Module.</up>	



Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value	<del></del>				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants				
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR298_Conf :		
Name	PduRCommunicationInterface		
Description	Specifies if the BSW module supports the Communication		
	Interface APIs or not. Value	true th	ne APIs are supported. A
	module can have both Comn	nunic	ation Interface APIs and
	Transport Protocol APIs (e.g. the COM module).		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR307_Conf :			
Name	PduRLowerModule			
Description	The PduRLowerModule will decide who will call the APIs and who will implement the APIs. For example, if the CanIf module is referenced then the PDU Router module will implement the PduR_CanIfRxIndication API. And the PDUR module will call the CanIf_Transmit API. Other APIs are of course also covered. An upper module can also be an lower module (e.g. the IpduM module).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time			



### Specification of PDU Router V3.2.0 R4.0 Rev 3

	Post-build time	
Scope / Dependency		

SWS Item	PDUR332_Conf :		
Name	PduRRetransmission		
Description	If set to true this means that the destination transport		
	protocol module will use the retransmission feature.		
	This parameter might be set to false if the		
	retransmission feature is not used, even though the		
	destination transport protocol is supporting it. This		
	parameter is only valid for transport protocol modul		
	and gateway operations. If transmission from a local		
	upper layer module this module will handle the		
	retransmission.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR312_Conf :	PDUR312_Conf :		
Name	PduRTransportProtoco	PduRTransportProtocol		
Description		The PDU Router module shall use the API parameters specified for transport protocol interface.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDe	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	PDUR313_Conf:
Name	PduRTriggertransmit



Description	Specifies if the BSW module supports the TriggerTransmit API or not. Value true the API is supported.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	PDUR314_Conf :	PDUR314_Conf :				
Name	PduRTxConfirmation	PduRTxConfirmation				
Description	·	Specifies if the BSW module supports the TxConfirmation API or not. Value true the API is supported.				
Multiplicity	1	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value						
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants			
	Link time					
	Post-build time	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency						

SWS Item	PDUR338_Conf :			
Name	PduRUpperModule			
Description	The PduRUpperModule will decide who will call the			
	APIs and who will implement the APIs. For example, if			
	the COM module is referenced then the PDU Router			
	module will implement the PduR_Transmit API. And			
	the PDUR module will call the Com_RxIndication API.			
	Other APIs are of course also covered. An upper			
	module can also be an lower module (e.g. the IpduM			
	module).			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			



Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR319_Conf :				
Name	PduRUseTag				
Description	This parameter, if set to true, er	This parameter, if set to true, enables the usage of the tag ( <up>) in</up>			
	the following API calls: * PduR_	<up></up>	CancelReceiveRequest *		
	PduR_ <up>CancelTransmitRed</up>	quest	*		
	PduR_ <up>ChangeParameterF</up>	Reque	st Example: If used by COM		
	and the parameter is enabled th	ie			
	PduR_ComCancelTransmitRequest is used. The background is that				
	upper layer modules differ in usage of this tag (e.g. COM is using				
	the tag, DCM is not).				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants		
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR294_Conf :				
Name	PduRBswModuleRef				
Description	This is a reference to one BSW module's configuration (i.e. not the ECUC parameter definition template). Example, there could be several configurations of LinIf and this reference selects one of them.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	Foreign reference to [ ECUC-MODULE- CONFIGURATION-VALUES ]				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants Link time				



	Post-build time	
Scope / Dependency		

# No Included Containers

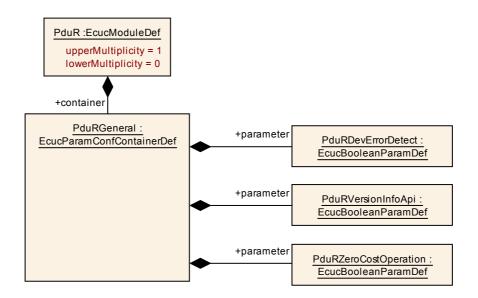


Figure 24 - PduRGeneral

#### 10.2.4 PduRGeneral

SWS Item	PDUR305_Conf :
Container Name	PduRGeneral
Description	This container is a subcontainer of PduR and specifies the general configuration parameters of the PDU Router.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR302_Conf :
Name	PduRDevErrorDetect {PDUR_DEV_ERROR_DETECT}
Description	If true then PDU Router will enable the error-reporting to the
	Development Error Tracer (DET).
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef
Default value	



ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time	1	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR316_Conf :	PDUR316_Conf :			
Name	PduRVersionInfoApi {PD	PduRVersionInfoApi {PDUR_VERSION_INFO_API}			
Description	If true the PduR_GetVers	If true the PduR_GetVersionInfo API is available.			
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR317_Conf :			
Name	PduRZeroCostOperation {PDUR_ZERO_COST_OPERATION}			
•	If set the PduR configuration generator will report an error if zero- cost-operation cannot be fulfilled. This parameter shall be seen as			
	an input requirement to the con	figura	tion generator.	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers		

# 10.2.5 PduRRoutingTables

SWS Item	PDUR310 Conf:	

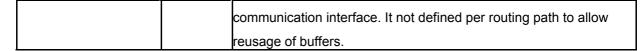


Container Name	PduRRoutingTables [Multi Config Container]		
	Represents one table of routing paths.		
	This routing table allows multiple configurations that can be used		
Description	to create several routing tables in the same configuration. This is		
	mainly used for post-build (e.g. post-build selectable) but can be		
	used by pre-compile and link-time for variant handling.		
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	PDUR327_Conf :	PDUR327_Conf :			
Name	PduRConfigurationId	PduRConfigurationId			
Description		Identification of the configuration of the PduR configuration. This identification can be read using the			
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 65535	0 65535			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants		
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
PduRRoutingPathGrou p	0*	This container groups routing path destinations. Destinations are used instead of routing paths since a routing path can be 1:n. It is desirable to be able to enable/disable a specific bus (i.e. a destination) rather than a routing path. Of course it is possible to create groups that covers specific routing paths as well. Enabling and disabling of routing path groups are made using the PduR API
PduRRoutingTable	0*	Represents one container of routing paths. Each container is either minimum routing or not.
PduRTpBufferTable	01	This container will specify the needed buffers for gatewaying using TP. It is not connected to the specific routing path destination to allow a more efficient buffer handling.
PduRTxBufferTable	01	This container will specify the needed buffers for gatewaying using





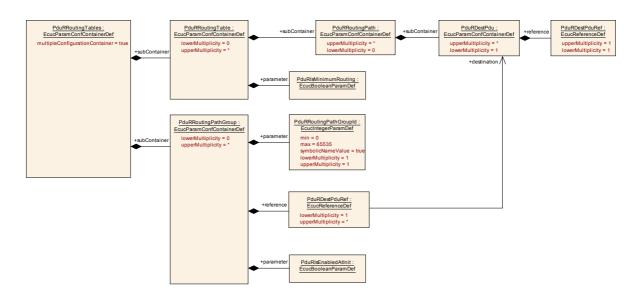


Figure 25 - PduRRoutingPathGroup

#### 10.2.6 PduRRoutingPathGroup

SWS Item	PDUR308_Conf :
Container Name	PduRRoutingPathGroup
	This container groups routing path destinations. Destinations are
	used instead of routing paths since a routing path can be 1:n. It is
	desirable to be able to enable/disable a specific bus (i.e. a
Description	destination) rather than a routing path. Of course it is possible to
	create groups that covers specific routing paths as well.
	Enabling and disabling of routing path groups are made using the
	PduR API
Configuration Parameter	rs

SWS Item	PDUR329_Conf :	
Name	PduRIsEnabledAtInit	
Description	If set to true this routing path group will be enabled	
	after initializing the PDU Router module (i.e. enabled in	
	the PduR_Init function).	



Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR309_Conf :				
Name	PduRRoutingPathGro	PduRRoutingPathGroupId			
Description		Identification of the routing group. The identification will be used by the disable/enable API in the PDU Router module API.			
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDet parameter)	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 65535	0 65535			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR301_Conf :	PDUR301_Conf :			
Name	PduRDestPduRef	PduRDestPduRef			
Description	This reference select	This reference selects one destination of the routing			
	path.	path.			
Multiplicity	1*	1*			
Туре	Reference to [ PduRI	Reference to [ PduRDestPdu ]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency					

# No Included Containers



# 10.2.7 PduRRoutingTable

SWS Item	PDUR247_Conf:
Container Name	PduRRoutingTable
Description	Represents one container of routing paths. Each container is either minimum routing or not.
Configuration Parameters	-

SWS Item	PDUR306_Conf :	PDUR306_Conf :			
Name	PduRIsMinimumRoutin	PduRIsMinimumRouting			
Description	Specifies if the contain	Specifies if the container contains routing paths that are			
	of the type minimum ro	of the type minimum routing or not.			
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDe	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants		
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
PduRRoutingPat	0*	This container is a subcontainer of PduRRoutingTable and specifies the	
h	0	routing path of a PDU.	



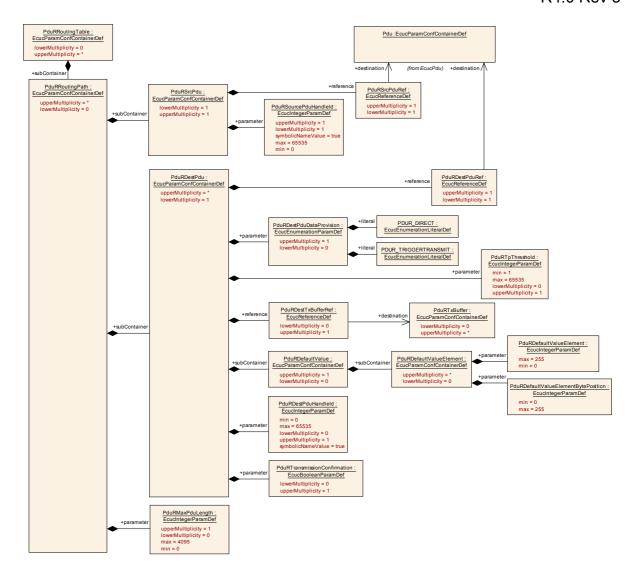


Figure 26 - PduRRoutingPath

#### 10.2.8 PduRRoutingPath

SWS Item	PDUR248_Conf:
Container Name	PduRRoutingPath
	This container is a subcontainer of PduRRoutingTable and
Description	specifies the routing path of a PDU.
Configuration Parameters	

Included Containers			
Container	Multiplicity	Soone / Dependency	
Name	wuuupiicity	Scope / Dependency	



PduRDestPd	1*	This container is a subcontainer of PduRRoutingPath and specifies one
u	1	destination for the PDU to be routed.
PduRSrcPdu	1	This container is a subcontainer of PduRRoutingPath and specifies the source
r dultSici du	ı	of the PDU to be routed.

#### 10.2.9 PduRDestPdu

SWS Item PDUR249_Conf :	
Container Name	PduRDestPdu
Description	This container is a subcontainer of PduRRoutingPath and specifies one destination for the PDU to be routed.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR289_Conf :		
Name	PduRDestPduDataProvision		
Description	Specifies how data are provided: direct (as part of the Transmit call) or via the TriggerTransmit callback function. Only required for non-TP I-PDUs (local and gatewayed).		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef		
Range	PDUR_DIRECT	The PDU Router module shall call the transmit function in the destination module and not buffer the I-PDU	
	PDUR_TRIGGERTRANSMIT	The PDU Router module shall call the transmit function in the destination module. The destination module will request the I-PDU using the triggerTransmit function. The I-PDU is shall be buffered.	
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-PRE-	



### Specification of PDU Router V3.2.0 R4.0 Rev 3

			COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-
			BUILD
Scope / Dependency		_	

SWS Item	PDUR322_Conf :	PDUR322_Conf :			
Name	PduRDestPduHandle	PduRDestPduHandleId			
Description	communication interfa	PDU identifier assigned by PDU Router. Used by communication interface and transport protocol modules for confirmation.			
Multiplicity	01	01			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDe this parameter)	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 65535	0 65535			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR320_Conf :		
Name	PduRTpThreshold		
Description	Defines the number of bytes which shall be received before transmission on the destination bus may start.  Only required for routing-on-the-fly TP gateway		
	PDUs. The threshold shall not be larger than the length of the related TP Buffer.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 65535		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time	1	
Scope / Dependency			



SWS Item	PDUR339_Conf :	PDUR339_Conf :			
Name	PduRTransmissionConfirmation	PduRTransmissionConfirmation			
	{PDUR_TRANSMISSION_CON	{PDUR_TRANSMISSION_CONFIRMATION}			
Description	This parameter is only for comm	This parameter is only for communication interfaces. Transport protocol			
	modules will always call the Tx0	Confirm	ation function. If set the		
	destination communication inter	face m	odule will call the		
	TxConfirmation. However the Tx	TxConfirmation. However the TxConfirmation may be not called due to			
	error. So the PduR shall not blo	error. So the PduR shall not block until the TxConfirmation is called.			
	One background for this parame	One background for this parameter is for the PduR to know when all			
	modules have confirmed a mult	modules have confirmed a multicast operation.			
Multiplicity	01	01			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR291_Conf :	PDUR291_Conf :		
Name	PduRDestPduRef	PduRDestPduRef		
Description		Destination PDU reference; reference to unique PDU identifier which shall be used by the PDU		
	Router instead of the source PDU ID when cal the related function of the destination module.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to [ Pdu ]	Reference to [ Pdu ]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	PDUR304_Conf:	
Name	PduRDestTxBufferRef	
<b>Description</b> Reference to a buffer that is allocated in the		
	PduRTxBuffer. Having a global (for PduR) list of	



	buffers allows reusage and hence less memory consumption.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	Reference to [ PduRTxBuffer ]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency			

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
		Specifies the default value of the I-PDU. Only required for gateway		
PduRDefaultValu		operation and if at least one PDU specified by PduRDestPdu uses		
е	01	TriggerTransmit Data provision. Represented as an array of		
		IntegerParamDef.		

#### 10.2.10 PduRSrcPdu

SWS Item	PDUR288_Conf :
Container Name	PduRSrcPdu
Description	This container is a subcontainer of PduRRoutingPath and specifies the source of the PDU to be routed.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR311_Conf :
Name	PduRSourcePduHandleId
Description	PDU identifier assigned by PDU Router.
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)
Range	0 65535
Default value	
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time



	Post-build time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	PDUR318_Conf :	PDUR318_Conf :				
Name	PduRSrcPduRef	PduRSrcPduRef				
Description	Source PDU reference; reference to unique PDU identifier which shall be used for the requested P					
	Router operation.	Router operation.				
Multiplicity	1	1				
Туре	Reference to [ Pdu ]	Reference to [ Pdu ]				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMP	ILE				
	Link time					
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUIL	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency						

#### 10.2.11 PduRDefaultValue

SWS Item	PDUR299_Conf :
Container Name	PduRDefaultValue
	Specifies the default value of the I-PDU. Only required for
	gateway operation and if at least one PDU specified by
Description	PduRDestPdu uses TriggerTransmit Data provision.
	Represented as an array of IntegerParamDef.
Configuration Parameters	

Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
PduRDefaultValueElemen	0*	Each value element is represented by the element and the	
t		position in an array.	



#### 10.2.12 PduRDefaultValueElement

SWS Item	PDUR300_Conf :
Container Name	PduRDefaultValueElement
Description	Each value element is represented by the element and the position in an array.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR290_Conf :				
Name	PduRDefaultValueElement				
Description	The default value consis	The default value consists of a number of elements. Each			
	element is one byte long	element is one byte long and the number of elements is			
	specified by SduLength.	The	position of this parameter in		
	the container is specified	d by t	the PduRElementBytePosition		
	parameter.	parameter.			
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	0 255				
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	PDUR292_Conf :				
Name	PduRDefaultValueElementBytePosition				
Description	This parameter specifies the byte position of the element within the				
	default value	default value			
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	0 255				
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency					



No Included Containers		

# 10.2.13 PduRTpBufferTable

SWS Item	PDUR335_Conf :
Container Name	PduRTpBufferTable
	This container will specify the needed buffers for gatewaying
Description	using TP. It is not connected to the specific routing path
	destination to allow a more efficient buffer handling.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR330_Conf :			
Name	PduRMaxTpBufferNumb	er		
Description	maximum number of TP	maximum number of TP buffers.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 65535	0 65535		
Default value		,		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

Included Con	Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
PduRTpBuffe r	0*	Specifies a buffer used for gatwaying through TP.		

# 10.2.14 PduRTpBuffer

SWS Item	PDUR334_Conf:



Container Name	PduRTpBuffer
Description	Specifies a buffer used for gatwaying through TP.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR325_Conf :		
Name	PduRTpBufferLength		
Description	Length of the TP buffer	r in nur	nber of bytes
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 65535		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

# 10.2.15 PduRTxBufferTable

SWS Item	PDUR337_Conf :
Container Name	PduRTxBufferTable
	This container will specify the needed buffers for gatewaying
Description	using communication interface. It not defined per routing path to
	allow reusage of buffers.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR331_Conf :
Name	PduRMaxTxBufferNumber
Description	maximum number of Tx buffers.
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef
Range	0 65535
Default value	



ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time	1	
	Post-build time	1	
Scope / Dependency			

Included Con	Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
PduRTxBuffe r		Specifies a buffer used for gatwaying through communication interface.	

#### 10.2.16 PduRTxBuffer

SWS Item	PDUR336_Conf :
Container Name	PduRTxBuffer
Description	Specifies a buffer used for gatwaying through communication interface.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	PDUR324_Conf :	PDUR324_Conf :		
Name	PduRPduMaxLength	PduRPduMaxLength		
Description	Length of the Tx buffer	Length of the Tx buffer in number of bytes.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 255	1 255		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	PDUR323_Conf :	
Name	PduRTxBufferDepth	
Description	Number of Pdus that can be stored in the buffer. If	



	value is 1 then the buffer semantic is "last is best". If the value is greater then 1 then the buffer semnatic is a FiFo.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 255		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

No Included Containers		

#### 10.3 Published Information

**[PDUR0778]** The standardized common published parameters as required by BSW00402 in the General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3] shall be published within the header file of this module and need to be provided in the BSW Module Description. The according module abbreviation can be found in the List of Basic Software Modules [10]. ] ( )

Additional module-specific published parameters are listed below if applicable.



# 11 PDU Router module design notes

This chapter collects a set of notes that describes features of this document.

# 11.1 Backwards compatibility

The APIs for the Transport Protocol modules was redesigned in AUTOSAR release 4.0. Therefore the APIs are not directly backwards compatible with AUTOSAR release 3.1 and older releases. To be able to use modules from different AUTOSAR releases then a compatible layer is needed. This chapter will describe how such layer may be designed.

The basic idea of the new TP API is that the copying of data is moved from the TP modules to the PDU Router module (in case of gateway) or upper layer receiver/transmitter module.

The background for the change was to solve two issues:

- Gatewaying-on-the-fly could not be implemented efficiently.
- The retransmission needed by specific busses (e.g. FlexRay).

Following to sections describe a possible solution for using either an AUTOSAR 3.1 (or older) upper layer, or an AUTOSAR 3.1 (or older) lower layer.

The upper layer module may be a PDU Router module, COM, DCM or other upper layer module that operates the TP API.

#### 11.1.1 AUTOSAR 4.0 upper layer and AUTOSAR 3.1 (or older) TP

Following two figures shows where an AUTOSAR 4.0 upper layer is used together with a lower layer 3.1 TP.

The Figure 27 shows a use-case where the upper layer is receiving the I-PDU.



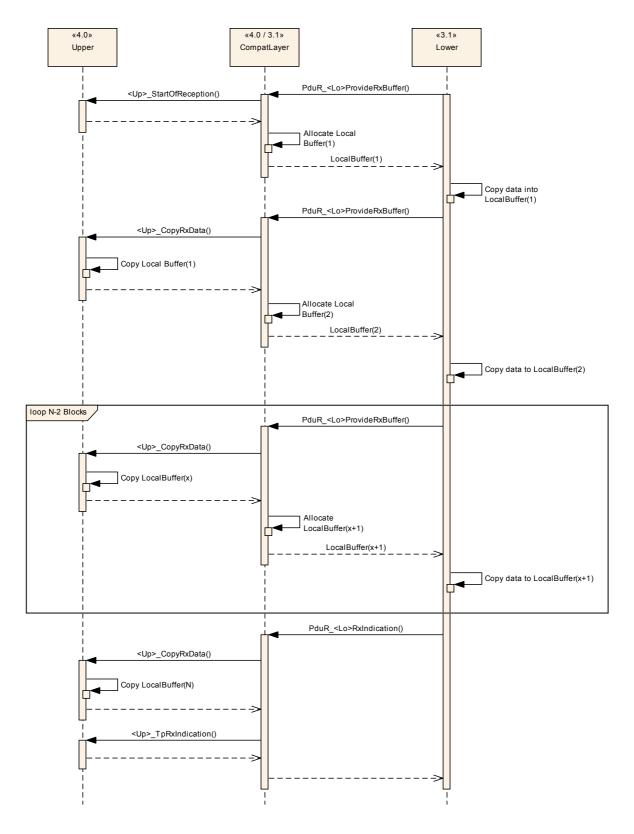


Figure 27 - Reception-Lower3.1-Upper4.0

The Figure 28 shows a use-case where the upper layer is transmitting the I-PDU.



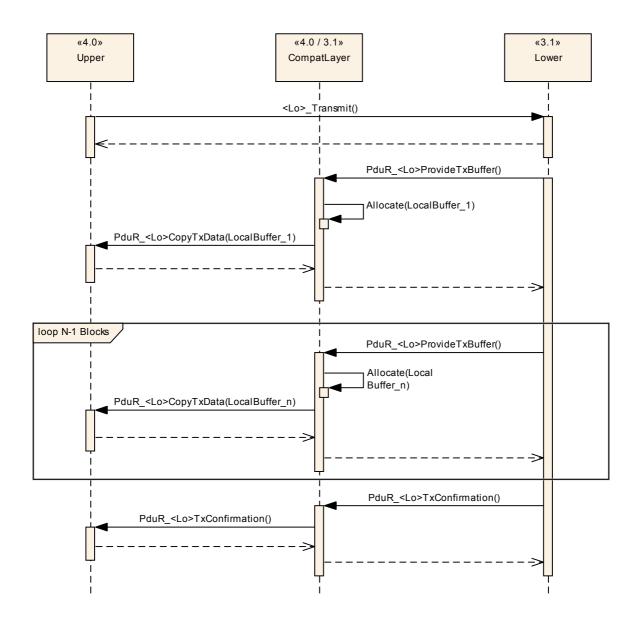


Figure 28 - Transmission-Upper4.0-Lower3.1



# 11.1.2 AUTOSAR 3.1 (or older) TP and AUTOSAR 4.0 upper layer

Following two figures show where an AUTOSAR 3.1 upper layer is used together with a lower layer 4.0 TP.

The Figure 29 shows a use-case where the upper layer is receiving the I-PDU.



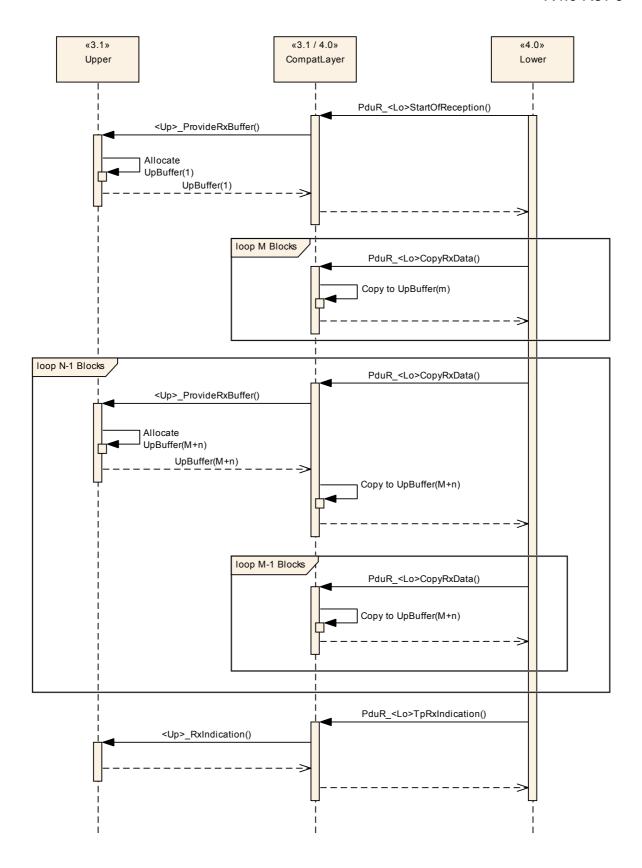


Figure 29 - Reception-Lower4.0-Upper3.1



The Figure 30 shows a use-case where the upper layer is transmitting the I-PDU.

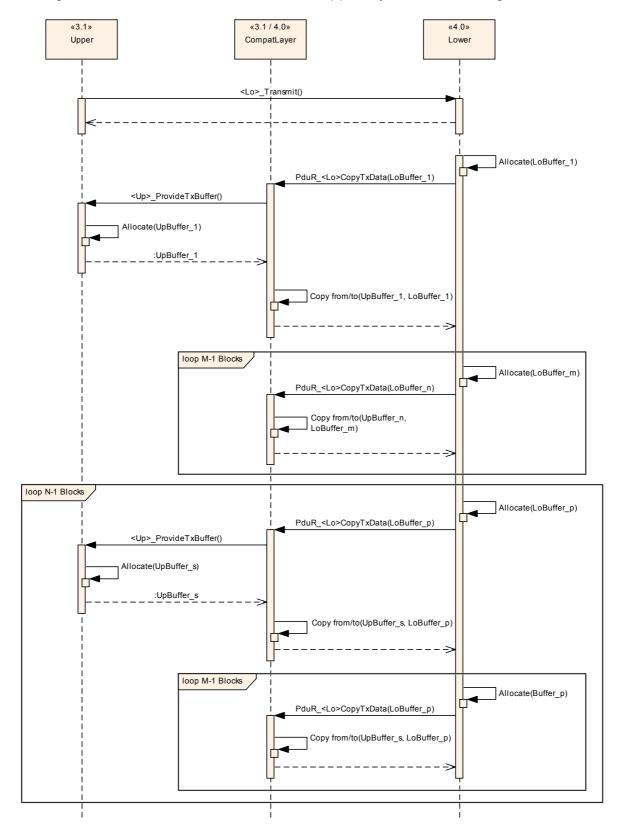
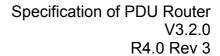


Figure 30 - Transmission-Upper3.1-Lower4.0







### 11.2 Configuration parameter considerations

The configuration parameters listed in chapter 10 contain restrictions for the parameters themselves. But no restrictions are set that affects more than one parameter. The intention of this section is to list some of these to better understand the configuration parameters and also to allow a simpler configuration generator tool for the PDU Router module.

The buffers needed for gatewaying (communication interface and transport protocol) are specified per destination in the configuration. Since no specific traffic shaping can be specified it is assumed that worst case where all I-PDUs are gatewayed at the same time. It is possible to extend the configuration with parameters that allow more efficient usage of buffers.

#### 11.3 Generic interfaces concept

The provided and used APIs of the PDU Router module are not connected to specific busses. The API names in chapter 8.3 have a generic part (<Up>, <Lo>, etc) that will be exchanged with the name of the module using or implementing the API.

The way to identify the name is using the reference to an ECUC description, see Figure 31. The short-name will be used in the referenced ECUC description.

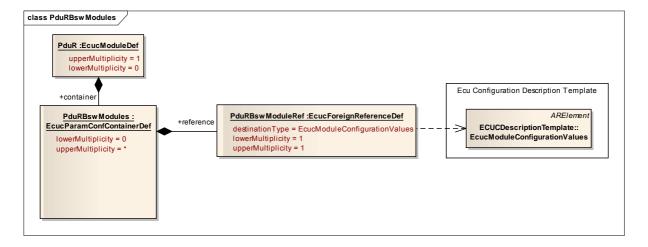


Figure 31 - Generic interface configuration

The PduRBswModules container contain parameters that describe the supported functionality (if it is communication interface, transport layer, upper layer, lower layer,



etc.) of the BSW module.

The connection between the generic interface configuration of a BSW module and the I-PDUs are made using the routing paths and the I-PDU configuration in the ECUC module.

#### 11.4 Example structure of Routing tables

This chapter shows <u>example</u> structures of routing tables that contain the properties of each I-PDU. It does not specify the internals of the PDU Router but shall rather serve as example for better understanding of APIs and I-PDUs.

The IpduM is not considered by these examples.

Note: This chapter is by no means the recommended implementation way. The chapter focuses more on understandability than optimizing implementation.

#### 11.4.1 Transmission and multicast via communication interface modules

Routing table used by PduR ComTransmit for I-PDUs transmitted by COM:

	PduR_ComTransmit (PduldType id, PdulnfoType* info)				
id	TargetFctPtr	TargetPduld	Description		
0	CanIf_Tansmit	0	Transmission on CanIf		
1	Frlf_Transmit	0	Transmission on FrIf		
2	CanIf_Tansmit	1	Transmission on CanIf		
3	CanIf_Transmit	0	Multicast using CanIf on two CAN busses		
	CanIf_Transmit	2			
4	LinIf_Transmit	2	Multicast using Canlf and Linlf. Note that for		
	CanIf_Transmit	3	LinIf this is a sporadic frame (will later be a		
			TriggerTransmit call).		

The first three entries represent normal PDU transmit operations from Com via Canlf or FrIf respectively, the remaining two entries are related to multicast PDU transmit operations from COM module to two different CAN busses and COM module to LinIf



and Canlf. For the latter an internal PDU Router function (Multilf\_Transmit) and an additional routing table is used.

The destination module will confirm the transmission of the I-PDU using the configured I-PDU id, and it might not be the same as in the transmit call.

#### 11.4.2 Reception and gateway via communication interface modules

Routing table used by PduR\_<Lo>RxIndication for receiving I-PDUs received from the lower layer communication interfaces:

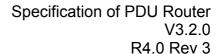
PduR_ <lo>RxIndication (PduldType id, PdulnfoType* info)</lo>					
id	TargetFctPtr1	TargetPduld	Description		
0	Com_RxIndication	0	Routed to COM module		
1	Com_RxIndication	0	Routed to COM and gatewayed to		
	CanIf_Transmit	1	Canlf		
2	CanIf_Transmit	1	Gatewayed to CanIf and to LinIf. In		
	LIN	2	the LinIf case the LinIf will later call		
			TriggerTransmit. The PDU Router ill		
			not call LinIf_Transmit		

# 11.5 Configuration generator

The PDU Router configuration generator will take the ECU configuration description XML file containing the PDU Router configuration as input. And the generator will produce .c and .h files containing the configuration.

One aim of the configuration generator is to allow the generator to produced an efficient PDU Router module implementation. Since the PDU Router module is a central module it is important that the final executable including configuration is efficient as possible:

**[PDUR0764]** [The PDU Router module generator shall be able to optimize away features based on if they are used or not. At least following features shall be considered:





- Transport protocol
- Communication interfaces
- Gateway
- FIFO queue handling

One part of the job made by the generator is to lookup all routing paths and produces the correct look-up tables and the correct APIs to be used. Here are some examples how the generator may handle the routing paths. ] (BSW06020)



### 11.5.1 Canlf and COM routing path example

This is an example that shows how an I-PDU received by the CanIf module and forwarded by the COM module is handled.

In Figure 32 the configuration of Canld, COM and PDU Router is shown. The PDU Router has a routing path with a source I-PDU (SrcPduRef) and destination I-PDU (DestPduRef). When following the I-PDU SrcPduRef it is found that the Canlf PduldRef is pointing at the same I-PDU in the ECUC. The DestPduRef is followed and it is found that COM PduldRef is pointing at the same I-PDU in the ECUC.

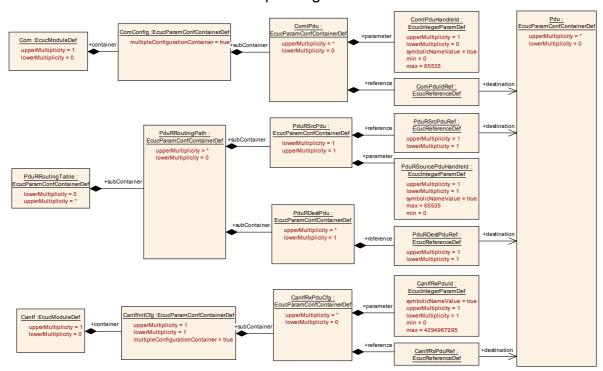


Figure 32: PDU Router, Canlf and COM configuration example

The CanIfCanRxPduId reveals the I-PDU ID for the source I-PDU and the ComIPduHandleId reveals the I-PDU ID for the destination I-PDU.

The shortname of the Canlf module and the COM module (and that the I-PDU is transported on a communication interface module) will generate the routing table and APIs to be used:



PduR_ <user>lfRxIndication (PduIdType id, PduInfoType* info)</user>			
id	Source	Destination	
12	CanIf_RxIndication	13	Com_RxIndication

PduR COM.h

void PduR ComRxIndication(PduIdType id, PduInfoType\* info);

PduR Canlf.h

void PduR CanlfRxIndication(PduIdType id, PduInfoType\* info);

If the zero-cost-operation is enabled and the Canld module is only forwarding (through PDU Router module) to the COM module, the generator may generate the optimization (if source code is used):

#define PduR CanlfRxIndication PduR ComRxIndication

#### 11.6 Post-build considerations

This section describes some important behavior when using the post-build variant of the PDU Router. It contains no requirements, just important issues that need to be considered.

NVRAM and RAM memory size can potentially grow if a new post-build configuration is downloaded into the ECU. Estimation at design time must be done to allow such grow so other areas are not overwritten (in case of RAM) or memory borders are not crossed.

It is not possible to configure restrictions/locations/etc of memory in the PDUR module configuration since this is implementation specific and relitevly difficult to implement (pre-compile and link-time does not really need this). It is recommended for implementations of PDUR module generators to extend the configuration with specific memory constraints if needed.



#### 12 Generic COM services

The PDU router module is modeled as a generic module that can interface to different upper and lower modules. The approach taken to model this generic approach is to have a virtual module called GenericComServices. This virtual module contains a set of APIs that the PDU router will call in upper layer or lower layer modules. Thes APIs are generic in the way that they contain a tag <Lo>, <Up> and <LoTp> that is replaced with the interfaced module. The tag is set by the configuration in the PduRBSWModules container using the PduRBswModuleRef reference parameter.

The following subchapters describe the APIs that are realized by this virtual module GenericComServices.

No requirement tags are put on the interfaces since they are implemented in other BSW modules than the PDU router module.

#### 12.1 Imported types

The GenericComServices will use the following types:

Module	Imported Type
ComStack_Types	BufReq_ReturnType
	NotifResultType
	PduldType
	PduInfoType
	PduLengthType
	RetryInfoType
	TPParameterType
Std_Types	Std_ReturnType

## 12.2 Interfaces implemented in upper layer modules



## 12.2.1 < Up>\_CopyRxData

Service name:	<provider:uptp>_CopyRxData</provider:uptp>			
Syntax:	BufReq_ReturnType GenericComServices_CopyRxData(			
	PduIdType id,			
	PduInfoType* info,			
	PduLengthType* length			
	)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x32			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
_	id -	-		
Parameters (in):	info -	-		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	length			
Return value:	BufReq_ReturnType			
Description:	This function is called when transport protocol module have data to copy to the			
	receiving module. Several calls may be made during one transportation of an I-			
	PDU.			

#### 12.2.2 < Up>\_CopyTxData

Service name:	<provider:uptp>_CopyTxData</provider:uptp>		
Syntax:	BufReq_ReturnType GenericComServices_CopyTxData(		
	PduIdType id,		
	PduInfoType* info,		
	RetryInfoType* retry,		
	PduLengthType* length		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x36		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	d		
	info		



	retry	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	length	
Return value:	BufReq_ReturnType	
Description:	This function is called by the transport protocol module to query the transmit da	ıta
	of an I-PDU segment.	
	Each call to this function copies the next part of the transmit data until TpDataS	state
	indicates TP_DATARETRY. In this case the API restarts to copy the data	
	beginning at the location indicated by TpDataCnt.	

## 12.2.3 < Up>\_RxIndication

Service name:	GenericComServices_RxIndication			
Syntax:	void Gen	void GenericComServices_RxIndication(		
	PduI	dType RxPduId,		
	PduI	nfoType* PduInfoPtr		
	)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x42			
Sync/Async:	Synchrono	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.			
	RxPduld	ID of the received I-PDU.		
Parameters (in):	PduInfoPtr	Contains the length (SduLength) of the received I-PDU and a pointer to		
		a buffer (SduDataPtr) containing the I-PDU.		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
_	None			
Description:	Indication of a received I-PDU from a lower layer communication module.			

#### 12.2.4 < Up>\_StartOfReception

Service name:	<provider:uptp>_StartOfReception</provider:uptp>		
Syntax:	BufReq_ReturnType GenericComServices_StartOfReception(		



	PduIdType id,		
	PduLengthType TpSduLength,		
	PduLengthType* length		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x34		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	id		
Parameters (in):	TpSduLength		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	length		
Return value:	BufReq_ReturnType		
Description:	This function will be called by the transport protocol module at the start of receiving		
	an I-PDU. The I-PDU might be fragmented into multiple N-PDUs (FF with one or		
	more following CFs) or might consist of a single N-PDU (SF).		
	The service shall provide the currently available maximum buffer size when		
	invoked with TpSdulength equal to 0.		

## 12.2.5 < Up>\_TpRxIndication

Service name:	<provider:uptp>_TpRxIndication</provider:uptp>			
Syntax:	void GenericComServices_TpRxIndication(			
	PduIdType id,			
	NotifResultType result			
	)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x33	0x33		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	id			
	result			
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	None			



Description:	Called by the transport protocol module after an I-PDU has been received
	successfully or when an error occurred. It is also used to confirm cancellation of an
	I-PDU.

## 12.2.6 < Up>\_TpTxConfirmation

Service name:	<provider:uptp>_TpTxConfirmation</provider:uptp>		
Syntax:	void GenericComServices_TpTxConfirmation(		
	PduIdType id,		
	NotifResultType result		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x37		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
_	id		
Parameters (in):	result		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	This function is called by a transport protocol module after the I-PDU has been		
	transmitted on its network, the result will reveal if the transmission was successful		
	or not.		

#### 12.2.7 < Up>\_TriggerTransmit

Service name:	GenericComServices_TriggerTransmit		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType GenericComServices_TriggerTransmit(		
	PduIdType TxPduId,		
	PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr		
Service ID[hex]:	0x41		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.		



	TxPduld	ID of the SDU that is requested to be transmitted.	
Parameters (in):	PduInfoPtr	Contains a pointer to a buffer (SduDataPtr) to where the SDU	
raiameters (m).		shall be copied to. On return, the service will indicate the length of	
		the copied SDU data in SduLength.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: SDU has been copied and SduLength indicates the	
Detum velve		number of copied bytes.	
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: No SDU has been copied. PduInfoPtr must not be	
		used since it may contain a NULL pointer or point to invalid data.	
Description:	The lower layer communication module requests the buffer of the SDU for		
	transmission from the upper layer module.		

#### 12.2.8 < Up>\_TxConfirmation

Service name:	GenericComServices_TxConfirmation		
Syntax:	void GenericComServices_TxConfirmation(		
	PduIdTyp	pe TxPduId	
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x40		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant for different Pdulds. Non reentrant for the same Pduld.		
Parameters (in):	TxPduId	ID of the I-PDU that has been transmitted.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	The lower layer communication module confirms the transmission of an I-PDU.		

## 12.3 Interfaces implemented in lower layer modules

Following interfaces are interfaces that may be implemented by the lower layer communication interface and transport protocol modules. The PDU router will,



dependent on its configuration, use these interfaces.

#### 12.3.1 <Lo>\_Transmit

Service name:	<provider:lo>_Transmit</provider:lo>		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType GenericComServices_Transmit(		
	PduIdType TxPduId,		
	const PduInfoType* PduInfoPtr		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x00		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant		
	TxPduld		
Parameters (in):	PduInfoPtr		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType		
Description:	Requests the sending of a PDU.		

## 12.4Interfaces implemented in lower layer communication interface modules

Following interfaces are interfaces that may be implemented by the lower layer communication interface modules. The PDU router will, dependent on its configuration, use these interfaces.

#### 12.4.1 <Lo>\_CancelTransmit

Service name:	<provider:lo>_CancelTransmit</provider:lo>	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType GenericComServices_CancelTransmit(	
	PduIdType id	



	)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x15	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	id	-
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	-
Description:	Requests cancellation of a specific I-PDU in a lower layer communication interf	face
	module.	

## 12.5 Interfaces implemented in lower layer transport layer modules

Following interfaces are interfaces that may be implemented by the lower layer transport protocol modules. The PDU router will, dependent on its configuration, use these interfaces.

#### 12.5.1 <LoTp>\_CancelTransmit

Service name:	<provider:lotp>CancelTransmit</provider:lotp>		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType GenericComServicesCancelTransmit(		
	PduIdType	e id	
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x00		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	id Identifiaction of the I-PDU to be cancelled.		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: request accepted (but not yet performed).	
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: request not accepted (e.g. cancellation not	
	possible).		



Description:	Requests cancellation of a specific I-PDU in a lower layer transport protocol
	module.

#### 12.5.2 <LoTp>\_CancelReceive

Service name:	<provider:lotp>CancelReceive</provider:lotp>				
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType GenericComServicesCancelReceive( PduIdType id				
Service ID[hex]:	0x00				
Sync/Async:	Synchronous				
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant				
Parameters (in):	id	Identifiaction of the I-PDU to be cancelled.			
Parameters	None				
(inout):					
Parameters (out):	None				
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: request accepted (but not yet performed).			
Return value:	E_NOT_OK: request not accepted (e.g. cancellation not				
	possible).				
Description:	Requests cancellation of an I-PDU reception in a lower layer transport protocol				
	module.				

## 12.5.3 <LoTp>\_ChangeParameter

Service name:	<provider:lotp>_ChangeParameter</provider:lotp>		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType GenericComServices_ChangeParameter(		
	PduIdType id,		
	TPParameterType parameter,		
	uint16 value		
	)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x00		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	id Identifiaction of the I-PDU which the parameter change request		



#### Specification of PDU Router V3.2.0 R4.0 Rev 3

		shall affect.
	parameter	The selected parameter that the request shall change.
	value	The new value of the parameter
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: request is accepted.
Return value.		E_NOT_OK: request is not accepted.
Description:	Request to char	nge a specific transport protocol parameter (e.g. block-size).



## 13 Changes to Release 3.1

#### 13.1 Deleted SWS Items

SWS Item	Rationale	
PDUR321		
PDUR322		
PDUR323		
PDUR165		
PDUR426	Variant 2	
PDUR224		
PDUR478	This is a design note and not a requirement	
PDUR252	Obvious that the integrator shall configure the FIFO	
PDUR253	Implementation	
PDUR310	Implementation	
PDUR312	Implementation	
PDUR258	Implementation	
PDUR259	Implementation	
DDI IDOCOA	The same API name for transmit cancellation is used for Tp and non-Tp	
PDUR0681	routing paths	
PDUR484	ChangeParameter API is synchronous, a confirmation is no longer needed	
PDUR0735	ChangeParameter API is synchronous, a confirmation is no longer needed	
PDUR0770	The return value E_PENDING is removed; PduR_ReturnType is no longer	
PDURUTTU	needed	
PDUR0712	Restricted multicast Tp transmission to single frames.	
PDUR0713	Restricted multicast Tp transmission to single frames.	
PDUR341_Conf,	Production errors PDUR E PDU INSTANCE LOST and	
PDUR342_Conf,	Production errors PDUR_E_PDU_INSTANCE_LOST and PDUR_E_INIT_FAILED changed to development errors.	
PDUR343_Conf	PDON_E_INIT_PAILED Changed to development entits.	
PDUR0768	Changed from a requirement to a configuration note because it is a	
FDOR0700	requirement to a user, not to the implementation of the PduR	
PDUR305, PDUR0663,		
PDUR0664,	Reworked for RfC #50682 (FIFO Handling, no Immediate FIFO anymore	
PDUR0662,	Treworked for the #30002 (i ii o Handling, no infinediate i ii o anymore	
PDUR0668		



## 13.2 Replaced SWS Items

SWS Item of Release 1	replaced	by	Rationale
	SWS Item		
PDUR291	PDUR425,	PDUR426,	Definitions separated to single requirements
	PDUR427		

## 13.3 Changed SWS Items

SWS Item	Rationale				
PDUR167	Clarification				
PDUR171	Clarification				
PDUR242	Correction (BooleanParamDef instead of StringParamDef)				
PDUR255	FIFO of size 1 shall be considered as a single buffer				
	FIFO of size 1 shall be considered as a single buffer				
PDUR258	Clarification for rule (a): TxConfP shall only be set if <user>If_Transmit</user>				
	returns with success				
DDI IDO 44	FIFO of size 1 shall be considered as a single buffer (parameter depth);				
PDUR244	Clarification (parameter length)				
	Development error PDUR_E_IF_TX_BUFFER_MISMATCH and				
PDUR100	PDUR_E_TP_ BUFFER_SIZE_LIMIT removed, "idle" removed at				
	PDUR_E_TP_TX_REQ_REJECTED				
PDUR225	Plausibility check for TpChunkSize added				
PDUR248	Correction (SduLength required for gateway operation)				
PDUR132	SchM_PduR.h, MemMap.h added to include file structure				
PDUR142	Clarification: Transmit confirmation is configurable for unbuffered I-PDUs				
DDI IDAOA	Clarification: this function must not be called in the context of				
PDUR194	CanIf_Transmit.				
DDI ID 400	Clarification: this function must not be called in the context of				
PDUR196	Frlf_Transmit.				
DDI ID400	Clarification: this function must not be called in the context of				
PDUR198	LinIf_Transmit.				
PDUR102	Correction: Det_ReportError parameter InstanceId added				



PDUR425	Reference to ZERO_COST_OPERATION removed	
PDUR352	Redundant requirement with no additional functionality was Removed.	
PDUR374	Redundant requirement with no additional functionality was Removed.	
PDUR396	Redundant requirement with no additional functionality was Removed.	
PDUR425	Container names changed to VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
PDUR427	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
PDUR424,PDUR0769,		
PDUR482,PDUR0767,		
PDUR0710,		
PDUR0722,		
PDUR0724,	<lotp>_CancelTransmitRequest renamed: <lotp>_CancelTransmit</lotp></lotp>	
<u>PDUR0726</u> ,	<pre><lotp>_CancelReceiveRequest renamed: <lotp>_CancelReceive</lotp></lotp></pre>	
<u>PDUR0727</u> ,	<lotp>_ChangeParameterRequest renamed: <lotp>_ChangeParameter</lotp></lotp>	
<u>PDUR0732</u> ,	Synchronicity and reeantrancy corrected	
<u>PDUR0700</u> ,		
<u>PDUR0701</u> ,		
PDUR0733,		
<u>PDUR0734, PDUR338</u>		
PDUR119	PduR_GetVersionInfo can be called before the PduR is initialized	
PDUR551	Correction: <dstlotp_transmit> must be called</dstlotp_transmit>	
PDUR654	Renamed PduR_RoutingTableIdType as PduR_RoutingPathGroupIdType	
<u>PDUR406</u> ; <u>PDUR0772</u> ,	Demoved return value F. DENDING	
PDUR0773	Removed return value E_PENDING	
PDUR332 Conf	Multiplicity of PduRDestPduHandleId changed to 01	
PDUR339_Conf	Spelling errors corrected	
PDUR631, PDUR632	Restricted multicast Tp transmission to single frames.	
PDUR504	Clarification of CDD support	
PDUR0670, PDUR100,	Production errors PDUR_E_PDU_INSTANCE_LOST and	
PDUR106	PDUR_E_INIT_FAILED changed to development errors.	
PDUR437	Clarification	
PDUR512, PDUR507	Move return value BUFREQ_E_OVFL from PduR_ <lotp>CopyRxData to</lotp>	
	PduR_ <lotp>StartOfReception</lotp>	
PDUR518	Removed retry value TP_NORETRY	
PDUR334, PDUR338,		
<u>PDUR341</u> , <u>PDUR615</u> ,	Changed service ids to generic service ids	
PDUR617, PDUR406,		



PDUR0769, PDUR482,	
PDUR0767, PDUR507,	
PDUR518, PDUR381	
PDUR303, PDUR306,	
PDUR640, PDUR307,	
PDUR0665, PDUR0666,	Reworked for RfC #50682 (FIFO Handling)
PDUR0667, PDUR255,	
PDUR0670, PDUR0669	
PDUR0746	Reworked for RfC #48071

#### 13.4 Added SWS Items

SWS Item	Rationale	
PDUR479	New typedefine PduR_CancelReasonType is added.	
PDUR480	New typedefine PduR_ParameterValueType is added.	
PDUR481	New API PduR_CancelTransmitRequest is added.	
PDUR482	New API PduR_ChangeParameterRequest is added.	
PDUR483	New Callback PduR_CanTpChangeParameterConfirmation is added.	
PDUR484	New Callback PduR_FrTpChangeParameterConfirmation is added.	
PDUR485	New Callback PduR_LinTpChangeParameterConfirmation is added.	
PDUR486	New requirement is added to Minimum Routing section.	
DDI ID 400	UML model linking of PduR_LinTpTxConfirmation, Result values are	
PDUR403	updated.	
<u>PDUR397</u>	UML model linking of PduR_LinTpRxIndication, Result values are updated	
DDI IDOM	UML model linking of PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation, Result values are	
<u>PDUR381</u>	updated.	
<u>PDUR375</u>	UML model linking of PduR_FrTpRxIndication, Result values are updated.	
DDUDOFO	UML model linking of PduR_CanTpTxConfirmation, Result values are	
PDUR359	updated.	
DDUD252	UML model linking of PduR_CanTpRxIndication, Result values are	
PDUR353	updated.	
PDUR0778	Rework of Published Information	
DDI IDOZZO	Development error for wrong retry parameters in case of a multicast Tp	
PDUR0779	transmission.	
PDUR0780,	Introduced generic service ids	
<u>PDUR0781,</u>		



#### Specification of PDU Router V3.2.0 R4.0 Rev 3

PDUR0782		
PDUR346_Conf	New configuration parameter PduRMaxPduLength	
PDUR0783,		
PDUR0784	for RfC #48071	
PDUR0785, PDUR0786,		
PDUR0787, PDUR0788	RfC #50682 (FIFO Handling)	



# 14 Changes during SWS Improvements by Technical Office

#### 14.1 Deleted SWS Items

SWS Item	Rationale
PDUR169	Requirement on the PDU Router module's environment.
PDUR171	No requirement on the module.
PDUR239	No requirement but information
PDUR251	No requirement on the module.
PDUR165	Requirement on Zero Cost Operation
PDUR159	Superfluous, covered by PDUR226
PDUR300	Already covered by PDUR299
PDUR304	No need to require multiple buffers in multicast
PDUR163	Already covered by PDUR161
PDUR297	Meaningless requirement
PDUR298	Not a requirement, each API will specify synch/asynch
PDUR250	Not needed since it is base requirements of the configuratrion
PDUR285	Removed requirement tag since already covered by the configuration requirements
PDUR201	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168
PDUR407	Configuration parameter not needed
PDUR554	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job
PDUR590, PDUR593,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
PDUR594, PDUR595,	
PDUR596, PDUR591,	
PDUR597, PDUR598,	These requirements are affecting the Dbg interface. Since the APIs are
PDUR599, PDUR600,	now generic specific Dbg interfaces are not needed.
PDUR592, PDUR601,	
PDUR602, PDUR603,	
PDUR604, PDUR605	
PDUR413, PDUR237,	
PDUR238, PDUR414,	
PDUR415, PDUR416,	These requirements are affecting the IpduM interface. Since the APIs are
PDUR417, PDUR418,	now generic specific IpduM interfaces are not needed.
PDUR419, PDUR420,	
PDUR421, PDUR422	



PDUR408, PDUR409,	These requirements are affecting the DCM interface. Since the APIs are	
PDUR410, PDUR411,	now generic specific DCM interfaces are not needed.	
PDUR206, PDUR412		
PDUR448	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR449	No need to reference other requirements	
PDUR364	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR608	Already covered by PDUR608	
PDUR450	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR451	No need to reference other requirements	
PDUR368	TxConfirmation is a mandatory function	
PDUR452	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR453	Already covered by the gateway section	
PDUR371	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR513	Repetition of PDUR512	
PDUR514	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR515	Already covered by the gateway section	
PDUR517	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR456	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR457	Already covered by the gateway section	
PDUR609	Already covered by the I-PDU reception section	
PDUR377	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR508	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR509	Already covered by the gateway section	
PDUR511	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR519	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR520	Already covered by the gateway section	
PDUR548	Replaced by PduR_ <bus>TpGetAvailableTxBuffer</bus>	
PDUR523	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR460	Already covered by PDUR166 and PDUR168	
PDUR461	Already covered by the gateway section	
PDUR462	Already covered by PDUR302	
PDUR383	No need for configuration parameter that is doing linker job	
PDUR105	No requirement	
PDUR240	PduR_ReturnType not used	
PDUR284	PduR_StateType not used	



## 14.2 Replaced SWS Items

SWS Item	replaced by	Rationale
	SWS Item	
PDUR102	PDUR331, PDUR332	Made requirement atomic
PDUR108	PDUR335, PDUR336,	Made requirement atomic
	<u>PDUR337</u>	
PDUR134	PDUR295, PDUR295	Made requirement atomic
PDUR142	PDUR301, PDUR302	Made requirement atomic
PDUR143	PDUR432, PDUR433	Made requirement atomic
PDUR158	PDUR292, PDUR293	Made requirement atomic
PDUR167	PDUR428, PDUR429	Made requirement atomic
PDUR170	<u>PDUR436</u> , <u>PDUR437</u>	Made requirement atomic
PDUR172	<u>PDUR314</u> , <u>PDUR315</u> ,	Made requirement atomic
	<u>PDUR316</u> , <u>PDUR317</u> ,	
	PDUR318, PDUR438	
PDUR174	PDUR324, PDUR325,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR326, PDUR327	
PDUR175	PDUR297, PDUR298	Made requirement atomic
PDUR178	PDUR319, PDUR320	Made requirement atomic
PDUR181	PDUR439, PDUR440	Made requirement atomic
PDUR182	PDUR454, PDUR455	Made requirement atomic
PDUR183	PDUR469, PDUR470	Made requirement atomic
PDUR184	PDUR441, PDUR442	Made requirement atomic
PDUR185	PDUR456, PDUR457	Made requirement atomic
PDUR186	PDUR471, PDUR472	Made requirement atomic
PDUR187	PDUR443, PDUR444	Made requirement atomic
PDUR188	PDUR458, PDUR459	Made requirement atomic
PDUR189	PDUR473, PDUR474	Made requirement atomic
PDUR190	PDUR445, PDUR446,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR447	
PDUR191	PDUR460, PDUR461,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR462	
PDUR192	PDUR475, PDUR476,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR477	
PDUR195	PDUR448, PDUR449	Made requirement atomic
PDUR196	PDUR450, PDUR451	Made requirement atomic



PDUR197	PDUR463, PDUR464	Made requirement atomic
PDUR198	<u>PDUR465, PDUR466</u>	Made requirement atomic
PDUR199	PDUR452, PDUR453	Made requirement atomic
PDUR200	PDUR467, PDUR468	Made requirement atomic
PDUR202	PDUR409, PDUR410,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR411	
PDUR203	PDUR328, PDUR329,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR330	
PDUR208	PDUR434, PDUR435	Made requirement atomic
PDUR209	PDUR430, PDUR431	Made requirement atomic
PDUR210	PDUR299, PDUR300	Made requirement atomic
PDUR211	PDUR303, PDUR304,	Made requirement atomic
	PDUR305, PDUR306,	
	PDUR307	
PDUR254	PDUR310, PDUR311	Made requirement atomic
PDUR257	PDUR312, PDUR313	Made requirement atomic
PDUR260	PDUR308, PDUR309	Made requirement atomic

## 14.3 Changed SWS Items

Many requirements have been changed to improve understandability without changing the technical contents.

SWS Item	Rationale
PDUR216	Changed to be independent of bus
PDUR132	Changed to be independent of bus
PDUR161	The PduR shall convert I-PDU IDs not keep a list of I-PDU IDs

#### 14.4 Added SWS Items

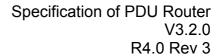
SWS Item	Rationale
PDUR333	UML model linking of imported types
PDUR334	UML model linking of PduR_Init
PDUR338	UML model linking of PduR_GetVersionInfo
PDUR339	Requirement on PduR_GetVersionInfo



PDUPO (C	D : 1 D D O 01 : 1 1
PDUR340	Requirement on PduR_GetVersionInfo
PDUR341	UML model linking of PduR_GetConfigurationId
PDUR342	Requirement on PduR_GetConfigurationId
PDUR343	UML model linking of PduR_CanlfRxIndication
PDUR344	Requirement on PduR_CanIfRxIndication
PDUR345	Requirement on PduR_CanIfRxIndication
PDUR346	UML model linking of PduR_CanIfTxConfirmation
PDUR347	Requirement on PduR_CanIfTxConfirmation
PDUR348	Requirement on PduR_CanIfTxConfirmation
PDUR349	Requirement on PduR_CanIfTxConfirmation
PDUR350	UML model linking of PduR_CanTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR351	Requirement on PduR_CanTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR352	Requirement on PduR_CanTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR354	Requirement on PduR_CanTpRxIndication
PDUR355	Requirement on PduR_CanTpRxIndication
PDUR356	UML model linking of PduR_CanTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR357	Requirement on PduR_CanTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR358	Requirement on PduR_CanTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR360	Requirement on PduR_CanTpTxConfirmation
PDUR361	Requirement on PduR_CanTpTxConfirmation
PDUR362	UML model linking of PduR_FrlfRxIndication
PDUR363	Requirement on PduR_FrlfRxIndication
PDUR364	Requirement on PduR_FrlfRxIndication
PDUR365	UML model linking of PduR_FrlfTxConfirmation
PDUR366	Requirement on PduR_FrlfTxConfirmation
PDUR367	Requirement on PduR_FrlfTxConfirmation
PDUR368	Requirement on PduR_FrlfTxConfirmation
PDUR369	UML model linking of PduR_FrlfTriggerTransmit
PDUR370	Requirement on PduR_FrlfTriggerTransmit
PDUR371	Requirement on PduR_FrlfTriggerTransmit
PDUR372	UML model linking of PduR_FrTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR373	Requirement on PduR_FrTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR374	Requirement on PduR_FrTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR376	Requirement on PduR FrTpRxIndication
PDUR377	Requirement on PduR_FrTpRxIndication
PDUR378	UML model linking of PduR_FrTpProvideTxBuffer



PDUR379	Requirement on PduR_FrTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR380	Requirement on PduR_FrTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR382	Requirement on PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation
PDUR383	Requirement on PduR_FrTpTxConfirmation
PDUR384	UML model linking of PduR_LinlfRxIndication
PDUR385	Requirement on PduR_LinIfRxIndication
PDUR386	Requirement on PduR_LinIfRxIndication
PDUR387	UML model linking of PduR_LinlfTxConfirmation
PDUR388	Requirement on PduR_LinIfTxConfirmation
PDUR389	Requirement on PduR_LinIfTxConfirmation
PDUR390	Requirement on PduR_LinIfTxConfirmation
PDUR391	UML model linking of PduR LinlfTriggerTransmit
PDUR392	Requirement on PduR LinIfTriggerTransmit
PDUR393	Requirement on PduR_LinIfTriggerTransmit
PDUR394	UML model linking of PduR_LinTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR395	Requirement on PduR_LinTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR396	Requirement on PduR_LinTpProvideRxBuffer
PDUR398	Requirement on PduR_LinTpRxIndication
PDUR399	Requirement on PduR_LinTpRxIndication
PDUR400	Requirement on PduR_LinTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR401	UML model linking of PduR_LinTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR402	UML model linking of PduR_LinTpProvideTxBuffer
PDUR404	Requirement on PduR_LinTpTxConfirmation
PDUR405	Requirement on PduR_LinTpTxConfirmation
PDUR406	UML model linking of PduR_ComTransmit
PDUR407	Requirement on PduR_ComTransmit
PDUR408	UML model linking of PduR_DcmTransmit
PDUR412	Requirement on PduR DcmTransmit
PDUR413	UML model linking of PduR IpduMTransmit
PDUR414	Requirement on PduR_lpduMTransmit
PDUR415	UML model linking of PduR_lpduMTxConfirmation
PDUR416	Requirement on PduR_lpduMTxConfirmation
PDUR417	Requirement on PduR_lpduMTxConfirmation
PDUR418	Requirement on PduR_lpduMTxConfirmation
PDUR419	UML model linking of PduR_lpduMRxIndication
PDUR420	Requirement on PduR_lpduMRxIndication
1 2014-20	1 Acquirement of 1 durit_spacini (Amaioation





PDUR421	Requirement on PduR_IpduMRxIndication
PDUR422	Requirement on PduR_IpduMRxIndication
PDUR423	UML model linking of mandatory interfaces
PDUR424	UML model linking of optional interfaces
PDUR425	Every variant gets a requirement ID
PDUR426	Every variant gets a requirement ID
PDUR427	Every variant gets a requirement ID
PDUR478	An Integrator's remark added for the implementation of critical sections
PDUR487	Added requirement for Debugging concept
PDUR488	Added requirement for Debugging concept
PDUR489	Added requirement for Debugging concept
PDUR490	Added requirement for Debugging concept
PDUR651	Added requirement because of duplicate req number (PDUR507)
PDUR652	Added requirement because of duplicate req number (PDUR507)



### 15 Not applicable requirements

[PDUR0777] [These requirements are not applicable to this specification.] (BSW170, BSW00398, BSW00375, BSW00416, BSW00437, BSW168, BSW00423, BSW00424, BSW00425, BSW00428, BSW00432, BSW00433, BSW00450, BSW00336, BSW00422, BSW00417, BSW00409, BSW00386, BSW161, BSW162, BSW005, BSW164, BSW00325, BSW00326, BSW00343, BSW160, BSW00413, BSW00347, BSW00373, BSW00335, BSW00447, BSW00348, BSW00353, BSW00361, BSW00439, BSW00449, BSW00357, BSW00376, BSW00443, BSW00444, BSW00445, BSW00446, BSW172, BSW00341, BSW00334, BSW06055, BSW06056, BSW06061, BSW06098, BSW06099, BSW06077, BSW06064, BSW06089)