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Known Limitations

- Run / PostRun Request Handling should be addressed in the context of flexible ECU management (see section 1.1 Backwards Compatibility to Previous ECU Manager Module Versions)
- The ECU Manager module interfaces must be specified as reentrant in the Multi-Core context.



1 Introduction and Functional Overview

The ECU Manager module (as specified in this document) is a basic software module (see [1]) that manages common aspects of ECU states. Specifically, the ECU Manager module

- Initializes and de-initializes the OS, the SchM and the BswM as well as some basic software driver modules.
- configures the ECU for SLEEP and SHUTDOWN when requested.
- manages all wakeup events on the ECU

The ECU Manager module provides the wakeup validation protocol to distinguish 'real' wakeup events from 'erratic' ones.

There are actually two variants of AUTOSAR ECU management: flexible and fixed.

Flexible ECU management is much more powerful than in previous versions of the ECU Manager. Most notably, the fixed schema of ECU states and transitions between them has been eliminated to allow the following additional scenarios:

- Partial or fast startup where he ECU starts up with limited capabilities and later, as determined by the application, continues startup step by step.
- Interleaved startup where the ECU starts minimally and then starts the RTE to
 execute functionality in SW-Cs as soon as possible. It then continues to start
 further BSW and SW-Cs, thus interleaving BSW and application functionality...
- Multiple operational states where the ECU has more than one RUN state.
 This, among other things, refines the notion of a spectrum of SLEEP states to
 RUN states. There can now be a continuum of operational states spanning
 from the classic RUN (fully operational) to the deepest SLEEP (processor
 halted).
- Multi-Core ECUs: STARTUP, SHUTDOWN, SLEEP and WAKEUP are coordinated on all cores of the ECU.

Flexible ECU management employs the generic mode management facilities provided by the following modules:

- RTE and BSW Scheduler module [14] are now amalgamated into one module: This module supports freely configurable BSW and application modes and their mode-switching facilities.
- BSW Mode Manager module [21]: This module implements configurable rules and action lists to evaluate the conditions for switching ECU modes and to implement the necessary actions to do so.

Thus with Flexible ECU Management, most ECU states are no longer implemented in the ECU Manager module itself. In general, the ECU Manager module is only active when the generic mode management facilities are unavailable in:

- Early STARTUP phases,
- Late SHUTDOWN phases,
- SLEEP phases where the facilities are locked out by the scheduler.

Fixed ECU Management continues ECU management in the form of previous AUTOSAR releases. It has a fixed set of ECU states and transistions between them and is sufficient for conventional ECUs that do not have special requirements such



as partial or fast startup, interleaved startup, and multiple operational states (multiple RUN states). Fixed ECU managament does not support Multicore ECUs, among other things.

This document specifies the ECU Manager module for flexible ECU management. [22] specifies the ECU Manager module for fixed ECU management.

1.1 Backwards Compatibility to Previous ECU Manager Module Versions

Flexible ECU management is backward compatible to previous ECU Manager versions and Fixed ECU Manager if it is configured accordingly.

For more information about a configuration in respect to compatibility see the "Guide to Mode Management" [23].



2 Definitions and Acronyms

This section defines terms that are of special significance to the ECU Manager and the acronyms of related modules.

Term	Description
Callback	Refer to the Glossary [6]
Callout	'Callouts' are function stubs that the system designer can replace with code, usually at configuration time, to add functionality to the ECU Manager module. Callouts are separated into two classes. One class provides mandatory ECU Manager module functionality and serves as a hardware abstraction layer. The other class provides optional functionality.
Integration Code	Refer to the Glossary [6]
Mode	A Mode is a certain set of states of the various state machines (not only of the ECU Manager) that are running in the vehicle and are relevant to a particular entity, an application or the whole vehicle
Passive Wakeup	A wakeup caused from an attached bus rather than an internal event like a timer or sensor activity.
Phase	A logical or temporal assembly of ECU Manager's actions and events, e.g. STARTUP, UP, SHUTDOWN, SLEEP, Phases can consist of Sub-Phases which are often called Sequences if they above all exist to group sequences of executed actions into logical units. Phases in this context are not the phases of the AUTOSAR Methodology.
Shutdown Target	The ECU must be shut down before it is put to sleep, before it is powered off or before it is reset. SLEEP, OFF, and RESET are therefore valid shutdown targets. By selecting a shutdown target, an application can communicate its wishes for the ECU behavior after the next shutdown to the ECU Manager module.
State	States are internal to their respective BSW component and thus not visible to the application. So they are only used by the BSW's internal state machine. The States inside the ECU Manager build the phases and therefore handle the modes.
Wakeup Event	A physical event which causes a wakeup. A CAN message or a toggling IO line can be wakeup events. Similarly, the internal SW representation, e.g. an interrupt, may also be called a wakeup event.
Wakeup Reason	The wakeup reason is the wakeup event that is the actual cause of the last wakeup.
Wakeup Source	The peripheral or ECU component which deals with wakeup events is called a wakeup source.

Acronym	Description
BswM	Basic Software Mode Manager
DEM	Diagnostic Event Manager
DET	Development Error Tracer
EcuM	ECU Manager
GPT	General Purpose Timer
ICU	Input Capture Unit
ISR	Interrupt Service Routine
MCU	Microcontroller Unit



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NVRAM	Non-volatible random access memory
OS	Operating System
RTE	Runtime Environment
VFB	Virtual Function Bus



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

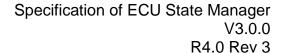
- [1] List of Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture
 AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Requirements on Mode Management AUTOSAR_SRS_ModeManagement.pdf
- [5] Specification of ECU Configuration AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration.pdf

3.2 Related standards and norms

None

3.3 Related AUTOSAR Software Specifications

- [6] Glossary
 AUTOSAR_TR_Glossary.pdf
- [7] Specification of Communication Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_COMManager.pdf
- [8] Specification of Watchdog Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_WatchdogManager.pdf
- [9] Specification of MCU Driver AUTOSAR_SWS_MCUDriver.pdf
- [10] Specification of SPI Handler/Driver AUTOSAR_SWS_SPIHandlerDriver.pdf
- [11] Specification of EEPROM Interface AUTOSAR_SWS_EEPROMDriver.pdf
- [12] Specification of Flash Interface AUTOSAR_SWS_FlashDriver.pdf
- [13] Specification of Operating System AUTOSAR_SWS_OS.pdf





- [14] Specification of RTE AUTOSAR_SWS_RTE.pdf
- [15] Specification of the Virtual Function Bus AUTOSAR_EXP_VFB.pdf
- [16] Specification of Diagnostic Event Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_DiagnosticEventManager.pdf
- [17] Specification of Development Error Tracer AUTOSAR_SWS_ DevelopmentErrorTracer.pdf
- [18] Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver AUTOSAR_SWS_CANTransceiverDriver.pdf
- [19] Specification of C Implementation Rules AUTOSAR_TR_CImplementationRules.pdf
- [20] Basic Software Module Description Template
 AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [21] Specification of BSW Mode Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWModeManager.pdf
- [22] Specification of ECU State Manager Fixed AUTOSAR_SWS_ECUStateManagerFixed.pdf
- [23] Guide to Mode Management AUTOSAR_Guide_ModeManagement.pdf



4 Constraints and Assumptions

4.1 Limitations

ECUs cannot always be switched off (i.e. zero power consumption).

Rationale: The shutdown target OFF can only be reached using ECU special hardware (e.g. a power hold circuit). If this hardware is not available, this specification proposes to issue a reset instead. Other default behaviors are permissable, however.

4.2 Hardware Requirements

In this section, the term "EcuM RAM" refers to a block of RAM reserved for use by the ECU Manager module.

The EcuM RAM shall keep contents of vital data while the ECU clock is switched off.

Rationale: This requirement is needed to implement sleep states as required in Section 7.5 SLEEP.

The EcuM RAM shall provide a no-init area that keeps contents over a reset cycle.

The no-init area of the EcuM RAM (see EcuM2869) shall only be initialized on a power on event (clamp 30).

The system designer is responsible for establishing an initialization strategy for the no init area of the ECU RAM.

4.3 Applicability to car domains

The ECU Manager module is applicable to all car domains.



5 Dependencies to other modules

The following sections outline the important relationships to other modules. They also contain some requirements that these modules must fulfill to collaborate correctly with the ECU Manager module.

If data pointers are passed to a BSW module, the address needs to point to a location in the shared part of the memory space.

5.1 SPAL Modules

5.1.1 MCU Driver

The MCU Driver is the first basic software module initialized by the ECU Manager module. When MCU_Init returns (see EcuM2858), the MCU module and the MCU Driver module are not necessarily fully initialized, however. Additional MCU module specific steps may be needed to complete the initialization. The ECU Manager module provides two callout where this additional code can be placed. Refer to section 7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence for details.

5.1.2 Driver Dependencies and Initialization Order

BSW drivers may depend on each other. A typical example is the watchdog driver, which needs the SPI driver to access an external watchdog. This means on the one hand, that drivers may be stacked (not relevant to the ECU Manager module) and on the other hand that the called module must be initialized before the calling module is initialized.

The system designer is responsible for defining the initialization order at configuration time in <code>EcuMDriverInitListZero</code> (see $\underline{EcuM114_Conf}$), <code>EcuMDriverInitListOne</code> (see $\underline{EcuM111_Conf}$) and in <code>EcuMDriverRestartList</code> (see $\underline{EcuM115_Conf}$).

5.2 Peripherals with Wakeup Capability

Wakeup sources must be handled and encapsulated by drivers.

These drivers must follow the protocols and requirements presented in this document to ensure a seamless integration into the AUTOSAR BSW. Basically, the protocol is as follows:

The driver must invoke EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) to notify the ECU Manager module that a pending wakeup event has been detected. The driver must not only invoke EcuM_SetWakeupEvent while the ECU is waiting for a wakeup event during a sleep phase but also during the driver initialization phase and during normal operation when EcuM_MainFunction is running.



The driver must provide an explicit function to put the wakeup source to sleep. This function shall put the wakeup source into an energy saving and inert operation mode and rearm the wakeup notification mechanism.

If the wakeup source is capable of generating spurious events¹ then either

- the driver or
- the software stack consuming the driver or
- another appropriate BSW module

must either provide a validation callout for the wakeup event or call the ECU Manager module's validation function. If validation is not necessary, then this requirement is not applicable for the corresponding wakeup source.

5.3 Operating System

The ECU Manager module starts the AUTOSAR OS and also shuts it down. The ECU Manager module defines the protocol how control is handled before the OS is started and how control is handled after the OS has been shut down.

5.4 BSW Scheduler

The ECU Manager module initializes the BSW Scheduler and the ECU Manager module also contains EcuM_MainFunction (see EcuM2837) which is scheduled to periodically evaluate wakeup requests and update the Alarm Clock.

5.5 BSW Mode Manager

ECU states are generally implemented as AUTOSAR modes and the BSW Mode Manager is responsible for monitoring changes in the ECU and affecting the corresponding changes to the ECU state machine as appropriate. Refer to the Specification of the Virtual Function Bus [15] for a discussion of AUTOSAR mode management and to the Guide to Mode Management [23] for ECU state machine implementation details and for guidelines about how to configure the BSW Mode Manager to implement the ECU state machine

The BSW Mode Manager can only manage the ECU state machine after mode management is operational – that is, after the SchM has been initialized and until the SchM is de-initialised or halted. The ECU Manager module takes control of the ECU when the BSW Mode manager is not operational.

The ECU Manager module therefore takes control immediately after the ECU has booted and relegates control to the BSW Mode Manager after initializing the SchM and the BswM.

The BswM passes control of the ECU back to the ECU Manager module to lock the operating system and handle wakeup events.

¹ Spurious wakeup events may result from EMV spikes, bouncing effects on wakeup lines etc.



The BswM also passes control back to the ECU Manager immediately before the OS is stopped on shutdown.

When wakeup sources are being validated, the ECU Manager module indicates wakeup source state changes to the BswM through mode switch requests.

5.6 Software Components

The ECU Manager module handles the following ECU-wide properties:

• Shutdown targets.

This specification assumes that SW-Cs set these properties (through AUTOSAR ports), typically by some ECU specific part of the SW-C. The ECU Manager does not prevent a SW-C from overrighting settings made by SW-Cs. The policy must be defined at a higher level.

The following measures might help to resolve this issue.

- The SW-C Template may contain a field to indicate whether the SW-C sets the shutdown target.
- The generation tool may only allow configurations that have one SW-C accessing the shutdown target.



5.7 File Structure

[EcuM3023][

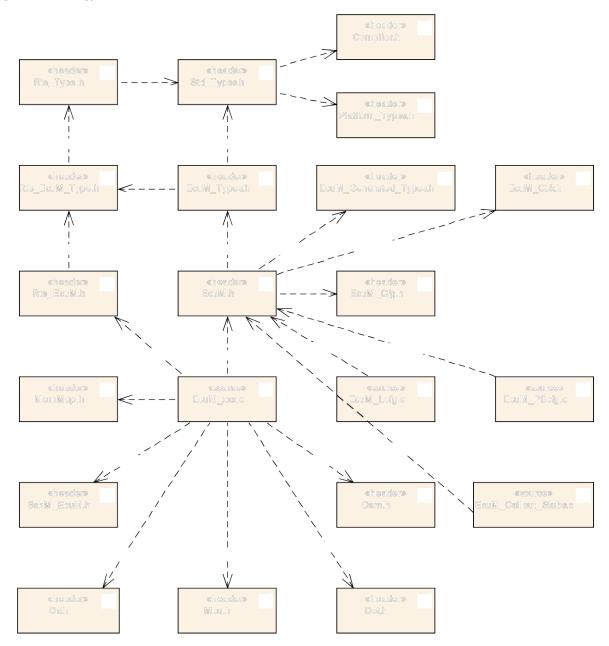


Figure 1 - ECU Manager Module Code File Structure

(BSW00300,BSW00346)

5.7.1 Code file structure

This specification does not define the code file structure completely.

[EcuM2988] [The code-file structure shall at least include files named:

- EcuM_Lcfg.c for link time configurable parameters and
- EcuM_PBcfg.c for post build time configurable parameters.

These files shall contain all link time and post-build time configurable parameters. (BSW00380)



[EcuM2989] [The module code for the entire ECU Manager module implementation, or all of its parts, shall be contained in one or more C files with names conforming to the pattern EcuM_xxx.c.]()

[EcuM2990] [The ECU Manager module implementation shall provide a single EcuM_Callout_Stubs.c file which contains the stubs of the callouts realized in this implementation (see section 8.6 Callout Definitions for a list of the callouts that could possibly be implemented)|()

Whether EcuM_Callout_Stubs.c can be edited manually or is composed only of other generated files depends on the implementation.

5.7.2 Header file structure

[EcuM2991] [The ECU Manager module implementation shall provide a file named EcuM.h which contains fix type declarations, forward declarations to generated types, and function prototypes.](BSW00447)

[EcuM2992] [The ECU Manager module implementation shall provide a EcuM_Generated_Types.h file which contains generated type declarations that fulfill the forward declarations in EcuM.h.|(BSW00447)

[EcuM2993] [The ECU Manager module implementation shall provide a EcuM_Cfg.h file which contains the configuration parameters.](BSW00412, BSW00447)

[EcuM2994] [The ECU Manager module implementation shall provide a EcuM_Cbk.h file which contains the callback/callout function prototypes.](BSW00447)

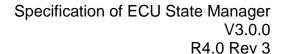
[EcuM2676] [EcuM.h shall contain API interface declarations for all ECU Manager module services.](BSW00447)

[EcuM2677] [IEcuM_Cbk.h shall contain all declarations necessary to interact with the callbacks and callouts of the ECU Manager module.](BSW00447)

[EcuM2862] [The ECU Manager module implementation shall include SchM_EcuM.h and MemMap.h.](BSW00435,BSW00436, BSW00447)

Rationale for EcuM2862: MemMap.h makes it possible to map the code and the data of the ECU Manager module into specific memory sections.

[EcuM2875] [The ECU Manager module shall include the <code>Dem.h</code> file.which contains the API and Event Id symbol definitions required to report errors. This document defines the name of the Event Id symbols which are provided by XML to the DEM configuration tool. The DEM configuration tool assigns ECU dependent values to the





Event Id symbols and publishes the symbols in Dem_IntErrId.h.|(BSW00385,BSW00409, BSW00447)

[EcuM3025] [The file EcuM_Types.h shall include Rte_EcuM_Type.h to include the types which are common used by BSW Modules and Software Components. EcuM_Types.h and EcuM.h shall only contain types, that are not already defined in Rte_EcuM_Type.h.|(BSW00447)

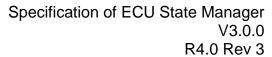
Also refer to chapter 8.7 Expected Interfaces for dependencies to other modules.



6 Requirements traceability

Document: General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3]

Requirer	ment	Satisfied by
[BSW00	Reference to link-time configuration	EcuM3007
344]		
[BSW00 404]	Reference to post build time configuration	
[BSW00 405]	Reference to multiple configuration sets	
[BSW00 345]	Pre-compile-time configuration	EcuM3007
[BSW15 9]	Tool-based configuration	not applicable (EcuM does not specify the configuration tool)
[BSW16 7]	Static configuration checking	not applicable (EcuM does not specify rules for configuration checking)
[BSW17 1]	Configurability of optional functionality	10 Introduction and Functional Overview
[BSW00 380]	Separate C-files for configuration parameters	5.7 File Structure
[BSW00 419]	Separate C-files for pre-compile-time configuration parameters	
[BSW00 381]	Separate configuration header files for precompile-time parameters	
[BSW00 412]	Separate H-file for configuration parameters	
[BSW00 383]	List dependencies to other configuration files	EcuM2875
[BSW00 384]	List dependencies to other modules	5 Dependencies to other modules 8.7 Expected Interfaces
[BSW00 387]	Specify the configuration class of a callback function	8.5 Callback Definitions
[BSW00 388] - [BSW00 400] and [BSW00 438]		10 Configuration specification
[BSW00 402]	Published information	EcuM001_PI
[BSW00 375]	Notification of wakeup reason	8.3.4 Wakeup EcumWakeupSource (EcuM150_Conf)
[BSW10 1]	Initialization interface	8.3.2.4 EcuM_Init
[BSW00 416]	Sequence of initialization	EcuM2559
[BSW00 406]	Check module initialization	not applicable (EcuM initializes the BSW, hence EcuM is always initialized from the point of view of
		any other BSW module.)
[BSW00 437]	NoInitArea in RAM	
	NoInitArea in RAM Header File Structure for the Basic Software Scheduler	any other BSW module.)





436]	Software Memory Mapping		
[BSW00	Standardizing Include file structure of BS	SW	5.7.2 Header file structure
447]	Modules Implementing Autosar Service		
[BSW16	Diagnostic Interface of SW	not a	oplicable
8]	components	(Ecul	M has no testing requirements)
[BSW00	Function to read out published	8.3.1.	1 EcuM_GetVersionInfo
407]	parameters		
[BSW00	Usage of SW-C template to describe	7 10	AUTOSAR Ports
423]	BSW modules with AUTOSAR	,,,,,,,	10100/11110110
720]	interfaces		
[BSW00	BSW main processing function task	Implo	mentation of EcuM_MainFunction (see
-			
424]	allocation		2837) according to this specification does
10014100	T. 122 (1.1.1.1		equire extended task mechanisms.
[BSW00	Trigger conditions for schedulable	8.4.1	EcuM_MainFunction
425]	objects		
[BSW00	Exclusive areas in BSW modules		oplicable
426]		(Ecul	A does not specify directly accessible global
		data.)	
[BSW00	ISR description for BSW modules	not a	oplicable
427]	•		d does not specify ISRs.)
[BSW00	Execution order dependencies of main		e are no requirements of this sort.
428]	processing functions		
[BSW00	Restricted BSW OS functionality	EcuM	I does not use any other than the allowed OS
429]	access	servic	•
[BSW00	The BSW Scheduler module		does not define any task body.
431]	implements task bodies	LCuiv	rudes not define any task body.
		not o	anliaghla
[BSW00	Modules should have separated main		oplicable
432]	processing functions for a read/receive	(Ecuiv	If does not specify RxTx functionality.)
	and write/transmit data path		
[BSW00	Calling of main processing functions	EculV	I does not call any main processing function.
433]			
[BSW00	The Schedule Module shall provide an		oplicable
434]	API for exclusive areas	(This	is not an EcuM requirement)
[BSW00	Shutdown interface	8.3.2.	6 EcuM_Shutdown
336]			
Fault Ope	ration and Error Detection		
[BSW00	Classification of errors	Table	7 - Error Classification
337]			
[BSW00	Detection and reporting of	Table	7 - Error Classification
338]	development errors	I	12983, EcuM2984
3001	act clopinion circle	Loaiv	
[BSW00	Do not return development error codes	EcuM	12086
369]	via API	Louiv	
		EcuM	11007
[BSW00	Reporting of production relevant error	Ecuiv	11987
339]	statuses		
ID C:			
[BSW00	Reporting of Error Events by Non-	not a	oplicable
417]	Basic Software		
[BSW00	Predebouncing of production	not a	oplicable
422]	relevant error status		
[BSW00	API parameter checking	API P	Parameter Checking
323]			13009
[BSW00	Version check	[
4]		•	
[BSW00	Header files for production code error	57F	le Structure
409]	IDs	0.7 1	iio Straotaro
	-	Table	7 - Error Classification
[BSW00	List possible error notifications	rable	: / - ETTOL CIASSIIICAUOTI
385] [BSW00	One financia de la lateri	7 40 '	Turan Classification
	Configuration for detecting errors	ェノガント	Error Classification



386]		
[BSW16	Microcontroller abstraction	not applicable ECUM150_Conf :
1]	-	(Requirements related to layered software
[BSW16	ECU layout abstraction	architecture are reflected by the EcuM SRS)
2]		
[BSW00	No hard coded horizontal interfaces	
5]	within MCAL	not applicable
[BSW00 415]	User dependent include files	not applicable (EcuM does not define user specific functionality)
[BSW16	Implementation of ISRs	not applicable
4]	implementation of forts	(EcuM does not specify ISRs.)
[BSW00	Runtime of ISRs	(====,
325]		
[BSW00	Transition from ISRs to OS task	
326]		
[BSW00	Usage of source code and object code.	5.7 File Structure
342]	0	F. MAL Olas I (F. MOA O
[BSW00	Specification and configuration of time	EcuMAlarmClock (<u>EcuM184_Conf</u>)
343] [BSW16	Human-readable configuration data	not applicable
[DSW16	Turnan-readable configuration data	(This specification does not define the
O _J		configuration file)
[BSW00	Harmonization of BSW Modules	not applicable
453]		
[BSW00	Header file for Harmonizing BSW	5.7 File Structure
456]	Modules	
[BSW00	Callback functions of software	8 API specification
457]	components	The ADI definition assembles with MICDA C
[BSW00 7]	HIS MISRA C	The API definition complies with MISRA C. 8 API specification
[BSW00	Module naming conventions.	5.7 File Structure
300]	Woodie Harring Conventions.	0.7 The directors
[BSW00	Accessing instances of BSW modules	not applicable
413]	Ç	(EcuM defines only one instance.)
[BSW00	Naming separation of different	
347]	instances of BSW drivers	
[BSW00	Self-defined data types naming	8.2 Type definitions
305]	Clobal variables naming convention	not applicable
[BSW00 307]	Global variables naming convention	not applicable (EcuM does not specify global variables.)
[BSW00	API naming conventions	8 API specification
310]		
[BSW00	Main processing function naming	8.4.1 EcuM_MainFunction
373]	convention	
[BSW00	Main Function Processing for Un-	not applicable
450]	Initialized Modules	T. I. 7. 5. 01. 17. 17.
[BSW00	Error values naming convention	Table 7 - Error Classification
327]	Status values naming convention	9.2 Type definitions
[BSW00 335]	Status values naming convention	8.2 Type definitions
[BSW00	Development error detection keyword	Table 7 - Error Classification
350]	:	2
[BSW00	Debugging Support in Modules	
442]		
[BSW00	Configuration parameter naming	10 Configuration specification
408]	convention	
[BSW00	Compiler switches shall have defined	not applicable
410]	values	(This specification does not define compiler switchers)
		OWITO IDIO



[BSW00 411]	Get version info keyword	EcuM2813
[BSW00 346]	Basic set of module files	5.7 File Structure
[BSW15	Separation of configuration from	5.7 File Structure
8]	implementation	10 Configuration specification
[BSW00	Separation of interrupt frames from	not applicable
314]	service routines	(EcuM does not specify ISRs.)
[BSW00	Separation of callback interface from	8 API specification
370]	API	·
	Header Files	
[BSW00	Standard header type	not applicable
348]		(EcuM does not define standard types)
[BSW00	Platform specific type header	not applicable
353]		(EcuM is specified platform independent)
[BSW00	Compiler specific language extension	not applicable
361]	header	(EcuM does not define language extensions)
[BSW00	Limited import information	8.1 Imported Types
301]		
[BSW00	Limited export information	8 API specification
302]		
[BSW00	Avoid duplication of code	8 API specification
328]		7 Functional Specification
[BSW00	Shared code shall be re-entrant	8 API specification
312]		7 Functional Specification
[BSW00 6]	Platform independency	8 API specification
[BSW00	Declaration of interrupt handlers and	Not applicable
439]	ISRs	
[BSW00	Module SWS shall not contain	See chapter 1- 10
448]	requirements from Other Modules	
[BSW00	BSW Service APIs used by Autosar	Not applicable
449]	Application Software shall return a	
	Std_ReturnType	
[BSW00	Standard API return type	8 API specification
357]		
[BSW00	Module specific API return types	8 API specification
377]		
[BSW00	AUTOSAR integer data types	8 API specification
304]		
[BSW00	Do not redefine AUTOSAR integer	8 API specification
355]	data types	
[BSW00	AUTOSAR boolean type	8 API specification
378]		
[BSW00	Avoid direct use of compiler and	8 API specification
306]	platform specific keywords	
[BSW00	Defintion of global data	Not applicable
308]	011111	(EcuM does not specify global data.)
[BSW00	Global data with read-only constraints	
309]	B	O A DI VIII VI
[BSW00 371]	Do not pass function pointers via API	8 API specification
[BSW00 358]	Return type of init() functions	EcuM2811
[BSW00	Parameter of init function	1
414]	. a.a.motor or micromotion	
[BSW00	Return type and parameters of main	8.4.1 EcuM_MainFunction
110000		57.7.7 Eddin_Main andidit
	processing functions	
376] [BSW00	processing functions Return type of callback functions	8.5 Callback Definitions



359]		
[BSW00	Parameters of callback functions	8.5 Callback Definitions
360]		
[BSW00	Function prototype for callback	8.5 Callback Definitions
440]	functions of AUTOSAR Services	
[BSW00	Avoidance of generic interfaces	8 API specification
329]		·
[BSW00	Usage of macros/inline functions	not applicable
330]	instead of functions	(Requirement to implementation)
[BSW00	Separation of error and status values	8.2 Type definitions
331]		
[BSW00	Enabling / disabling defensive behavior	EcuM196_Conf
443]	of BSW	
[BSW00	Error reporting and logging for	[
444]	defensive behavior of BSW	
[BSW00	Protection against untimely call of BSW	Table 7 - Error Classification
445]	initialization	
[BSW00	Protection against untimely call of BSW	not applicable
446]	de-initialization	
[BSW00	Module user documentation	Fulfilled by usage of template/formal review
9]		
[BSW00	Documentation of multiple instances of	10 Configuration specification
401]	configuration parameters	F. 140000
[BSW17	Compatibility and documentation of	EcuM2836
2]	scheduling strategy	
[BSW01	Memory resource documentation	not applicable
0]		(requirement to implementation)
[BSW00	Documentation of callback function	8.5 Callback Definitions
333]	context	F. M0700 F. M0700
[BSW00	Module vendor identification	EcuM2728, EcuM2729
374]	Mandada (dantification	FM0700 FM0700
[BSW00	Module identification	EcuM2728, EcuM2729
379]	Manaian identification	TN4004
[BSW00	Version identification	EcuM4034
3]	Format of module version numbers	EcuM4034
[BSW00	roimat of module version numbers	EGUIVI4U34
318] [BSW00	Enumeration of module version	EcuM4034
321]	numbers	Ecuivi4034
[BSW00	Microcontroller compatibility	not applicable
341]	documentation	riot applicable (requirement to implementation)
[BSW00	Provision of XML file	not applicable
334]	FIOVISION OF AIVIL IIIE	(provided by system team)
الحور		(provided by System team)

Document: Requirements on Mode Management [4]

Requirement		Satisfied by
[BSW09	Configuration of users of the ECU	<u>EcuM487</u> ,
122]	Manager	
[BSW09	Selection of wakeup sources shall be	EcuM2389, EcuMWakeupSource
100]	configurable	(EcuM150_Conf)
[BSW09	Requesting and releasing the RUN	not applicable
116]	state	
[BSW09	Starting/invoking the shutdown process	EcuM2818, EcuM2822, EcuM624, EcuM2185,
114]		EcuM2585
[BSW09	ECU Manager shall take over control	EcuM2952, EcuM2953



104]	after OS shutdown	
[BSW09 113]	Initialization of Basic Software modules	Table 2 – StartPostOS Sequence
[BSW09 127]	De-initialization of BSW	7.4 SHUTDOWN Phase
[BSW09 128]	Support of several shutdown targets	EcuM2822, EcuM2824, EcuM2825 EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget (EcuM105_Conf)
[BSW09 119]	Support of several sleep modes	EcuMSleepMode (EcuM131 Conf), 7.5 SLEEP Phase
[BSW09 102]	API for selecting the sleep mode	not applicable
[BSW09 072]	Force ECU shutdown	7.1.3 SHUTDOWN Phase, 8.3.3 Shutdown Management
[BSW09 017]	Provide ECU state information	not applicable
[BSW09 136]	Centralized Wakeup Management	EcuMWakeupSource (EcuM150_Conf), 8.3.4 Wakeup Handling
[BSW09 098]	Registration of wakeup reasons	9.2 Wakeup Sequences, EcuM2826
[BSW09 097]	Validation of physical channel wakeup	9.2 Wakeup Sequences
[BSW09 126]	Provide an API for querying of wakeup reason	EcuM2827, EcuM2828, EcuM2830, EcuM2831
[BSW09 101]	Provide an API to query the reset reason	not applicable
[BSW09 234]	Initialization of Basic Software modules	EcuMDriverInitListZero (EcuM114_Conf) EcuMDriverInitListOne (EcuM111_Conf) EcuMDriverRestartList (EcuM115_Conf) EcuMDriverInittItem (EcuM110_Conf) EcuM2559, EcuM2730, EcuM2947
[BSW09 235]	Support of several shutdown targets	8.3.3 Shutdown Management; EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget (EcuM105_Conf)
[BSW09 227]	Configuration of privileged users	EcuMUserConfig (EcuM147_Conf)
[BSW09 185]	Provide a persistent Alarm Clock to be used by local SW-Cs	7.6.1 Alarm Clock Handling, EcuMAlarmClock (EcuM184 Conf)
[BSW09 186]	Alarm Clock shall be active while the ECU is powered	[, [, [, [, [, [, [
[BSW09 187]	Cancellation of Alarms in Case of wakeup	
[BSW09 188]	Cancellation of Alarms in Case of startup	
[BSW09 189]	Consideration of the earliest expiring Wakeup only	7.8 Alarm Clock
[BSW09 190]	Provision of an Interface to set relative Alarms	
[BSW09 199]	Provision of an Interface to set absolute Alarms	
[BSW09 194]	Provision of an Interface to set the Clock	
[BSW09 195]	Protection against untimely Call of EcuM_Init	not applicable
[BSW09 197]	Protection against erroneous Call of EcuM_KillAllRUNRequests	not applicable
[BSW09 198]	Protection against erroneous Call of EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget	not applicable



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[BSW09 236]	Distinguish cores	7.9 MultiCore
[BSW09 237]	Starting of RTE	not applicable
[BSW09 238]	State changes are ECU global	7.9 MultiCore
[BSW09 239]	Synchronized Shutdown	7.9 MultiCore



7 Functional Specification

Chapter 1 introduced the new, more flexible approach to ECU state management.

However, this flexibility comes at the price of responsibility. There are no standard ECU modes, or states. The integrator of an ECU must decide which states are needed and also configure them.

Note that neither neither the BSW nor SW-Cs will be able to rely on certain ECU modes or states, although previous versions of the BSW have largely not relied on them..

This document only specifies the functionality that remains in the ECU Manager module. For a complete picture of ECU State Management, refer to the specifications of the other relevant modules, i.e., RTE and BSW Scheduler module [14] and BSW Mode Manager module [21].

Refer to the Guide to Mode Management [23] for some example use cases for ECU states and the interaction between the involved BSW modules.

The ECU Manager module manages the state of wakeup sources in the same way as it has in the past. The APIs to set/clear/validate wakeup events remain the same – with the notable difference that these APIs are Callbacks.

It was always intended that wakeup source handling take place not only during wakeup but continuously, in parallel to all other EcuM activities. This functionality is now fully decoupled from the rest of ECU management via mode requests.



7.1 Phases of the ECU Manager Module

Previous versions of the ECU Manager Module specification have differentiated between ECU states and ECU modes.

ECU modes were longer-lasting periods of operational ECU activities that were visible to applications and provided orientation to them, i.e. starting up, shutting down, going to sleep and waking up.

The ECU Manager states were generally continuous sequences of ECU Manager Module operations terminated by waiting until external conditions were fulfilled. Startup1, for example, contained all BSW initialization before the OS was started and terminated when the OS returned control to the ECU Manager module.

For the current Flexible ECU Manager there exist *States*, *Modes* and *Phases* which are defined in *Definitions and Acronyms*.

Here the ECU state machine is implemented as general modes under the control of the BSW Mode Manager module. This creates a terminology problem as the old ECU *States* now become *Modes* that are visible through the RTE_Mode port interface and the old ECU *Modes* become *Phases*.

Because *Modes* as defined by the VFB and used in the RTE are only available in the UP phase (where the ECU Manager is passive) the change of terminology from *Modes* to *Phases* got necessary.

Figure 2 shows an overview over the the phases of the Flexible ECU Manager module.

The STARTUP phase lasts until the mode management facitliies are running. Basically the STARTUP phase consists of the minimal activities needed to start mode management: initializing low-level drivers, starting the OS and initializing the BSW Scheduler and the BSW Mode Manager modules. Similarly the SHUTDOWN phase is the reverse of the STARTUP phase is where mode management is deinitialized.

The UP phase consists of all states that are not highlighted. During that phase, the ECU goes from *State* to *State* and from *Mode* to *Mode*, as dictated by the Integrator-defined state machine.

Note that the UP phase contains some former sleep states. The mode management facilities do not operate from the point where the OS Scheduler has been locked to prevent other tasks from running in sleep to the point where the MCU mode that puts the ECU to sleep has been exited. The ECU Manager module provides wakeup handling support at this time.



A diagram which maps the new *Phases* to the old *States* of the ECU Manager of AUTOSAR 3 and to the *States* of the ECU Manager Fixed of AUTOSAR 4 can be found in the "Guide to Mode Management" [23].

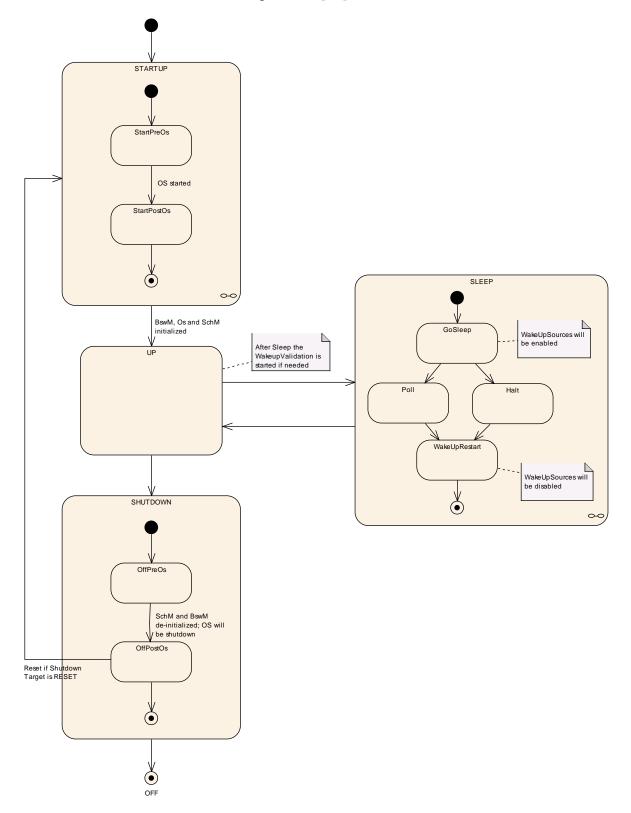


Figure 2 - Phases of the ECU Manager



7.1.1 STARTUP Phase

The purpose of the STARTUP phase is to initialize the basic software modules to the point where Generic Mode Management facilities are operational. For more details about the initialization see chapter 7.3.

7.1.2 UP Phase

Essentially, the UP phase starts when the BSW Scheduler has started and BswM_Init has been called. At that point, memory management is not initialized, there are no communication stacks, no SW-C support (RTE) and the SW-Cs have not started. Processing starts in a certain mode (the next one configured after Startup) with corresponding runnables, i.e. the BSW MainFunctions, and continues as an arbitrary combination of mode changes which cause the BswM to execute actions as well as triggering and disabling corresponding runnables.

From the ECU Manager Module perspective, the ECU is "up", however. The BSW Mode Manager Module then starts mode arbitration and all further BSW initialization, starting the RTE and (implicitly) starting SW-Cs becomes code executed in the BswM's action lists or driven by mode-dependent scheduling, effectively under the control of the integrator.

Initializing the NvM and calling NvM_Readall therefore also becomes integration code. This means that the integrator is responsible for triggering the initialization of Com, DEM and FIM at the end of NvM_ReadAll. The NvM will notify the BswM when NvM_ReadAll has finished.

Note that the RTE can be started after NvM and COM have been initialized. Note also that the communication stack need not be fully initialized before COM can be initialized.

These changes initialize BSW modules as well as starting SW-Cs in arbitrary order until the ECU reaches full capacity and the changes continue to determine the ECU capabilities thereafter as well.

Ultimately mode switches stop SW-Cs and de-initialize the BSW so that the Up phase ends when the ECU reaches a state where it can be powered off.

So, as far as the ECU Manager module is concerned, the BSW and SW-Cs run until they are ready for the ECU to be shut down or put to sleep.

Refer to the Guide to Mode Management [23] for guidance on how to design modedriven ECU management and for configuring the BSW Mode Manager accordingly.



7.1.3 SHUTDOWN Phase

[EcuM3022] [The SHUTDOWN phase handles the controlled shutdown of basic software modules and finally results in the selected shutdown target OFF or RESET. I (BSW09072)

7.1.4 SLEEP Phase

The ECU saves energy in the SLEEP phase. Typically, no code is executed but power is still supplied, and if configured accordingly, the ECU is wakeable in this state². The ECU Manager module provides a configurable set of (hardware) sleep modes which typically are a trade off between power consumption and time to restart the ECU.

The ECU Manager module wakes the ECU up in response to intended or unintended wakeup events. Since unintended wakeup events should be ignored, the ECU Manager module provides a protocol to validate wakeup events. The protocol specifies a cooperative process between the driver which handles the wakeup source and the ECU Manager (see section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence).

7.1.5 OFF Phase

The ECU enters the OFF state when it is powered down. The ECU may be wakeable in this state but only for wakeup sources with integrated power control. In any case the ECU must be startable (e.g. by reset events).

_

² Some ECU designs actually do require code execution to implement a SLEEP state (and the wakeup capability). For these ECUs, the clock speed is typically dramatically reduced. These could be implemented with a small loop inside the SLEEP state.



7.2 Structural Description of the ECU Manager

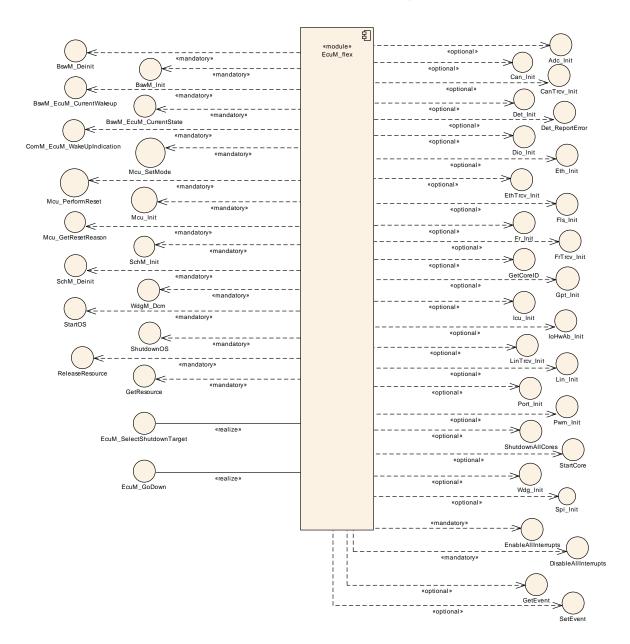


Figure 3 - ECU Manager Module Relationships

Figure 3 illustrates the ECU Manager module's relationship to the interfaces of other BSW modules. In most cases, the ECU Manager module is simply responsible for initialization³. There are however some modules that have a functional relationship with the ECU Manager module, which is explained in the following paragraphs.

_

³ To be precise, "initialization" could also mean de-initialization.



7.2.1 Standardized AUTOSAR Software Modules

Some Basic Software driver modules are initialized, shut down and re-initialized upon wakeup by the ECU Manager module.

The OS is initialized and shut down by the ECU Manager.

After the OS initialization, additional initialization steps are undertaken by the ECU Manager module before passing control to the BswM. The BswM hands execution control back to the ECU Manager module immediately before OS shutdown. Details are provided in the chapters 7.3 STARTUP and 7.4 SHUTDOWN.

7.2.2 Software Components

SW-Components contain the AUTOSAR ECU's application code.

A SW-C interacts with the ECU Manager module using AUTOSAR ports.



7.3 STARTUP Phase

See Chapter 7.1.1 for an overview description of the STARTUP phase.

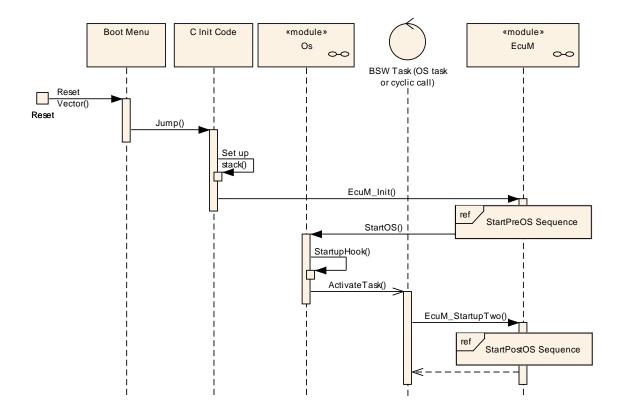


Figure 4: STARTUP Phase

Figure 4 shows the startup behavior of the ECU. When invoked through EcuM_Init, the ECU Manager module takes control of the ECU startup procedure. With the call to Startos, the ECU Manager module temporarily relinquishes control. To regain control, the Integrator has to implement an OS task that is automatically started and calls EcuM StartupTwo as its first action.

7.3.1 Activities before EcuM Init

The ECU Manager module assumes that before EcuM_Init (see <u>EcuM2811</u>) is called a minimal initialization of the MCU has taken place, so that a stack is set up and code can be executed, also that C initialization of variables has been performed.

7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence



[EcuM2411]|Table 1 shows the activities in StartPreOS Sequence and the order in which they shall be executed in EcuM_Init (see EcuM2811).

Star	StartPreOS Sequence		
	Initialization Activity	Comment	Opt.4
	Callout EcuM_AL_SetProgrammablel nterrupts	On ECUs with programmable interrupt priorities, these priorities must be set before the OS is started.	yes
	Callout EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero	Init block 0 This callout may only initialize BSW modules that do not use post-build configuration parameters. The callout may not only contain driver initialization but also any kind of pre-OS, low level initialization code. See 7.3.5 Driver Initialization	yes
	Callout EcuM_DeterminePbConfigura tion	This callout is expected to return a pointer to a fully initialized EcuM_ConfigType structure containing the post-build configuration data for the ECU Manager module and all other BSW modules.	no
	Check consistency of configuration data	If check fails the EcuM_ErrorHook is called. See 7.3.4 Checking Configuration Consistency for details on the consistency check.	no
	Callout EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne	Init block I The callout may not only contain driver initialization but any kind of pre-OS, low level initialization code. See 7.3.5 Driver Initialization	yes
	Get reset reason	The reset reason is derived from a call to Mcu_GetResetReason and the mapping defined via the EcuMWakeupSource configuration containers. See 8.5.1.2 EcuM_SetWakeupEvent and 8.3.4.3 EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents (see EcuM2830)	no
	Select default shutdown target	See EcuM2181	no
	Start OS	Start the AUTOSAR OS, see <u>EcuM2603</u> and <u>EcuM2141</u>	no

Table 1 - StartPreOS Sequence

|()

[EcuM2623] [The ECU Manager module shall remember the wakeup source resulting from the reset reason translation (see table 1).]()

Rationale for <u>EcuM2623</u>: The wakeup sources must be validated by the EcuM_MainFunction (see section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence).

[EcuM2684] [When activated through the EcuM_Init (see <u>EcuM2811</u>) function, the ECU Manager module shall perform the actions in the StartPreOS Sequence (see Table 1 – StartPreOS Sequence).]()

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⁴ Optional activities can be switched on or off by configuration. See section 10.2 Common Containers and configuration parameters for details.



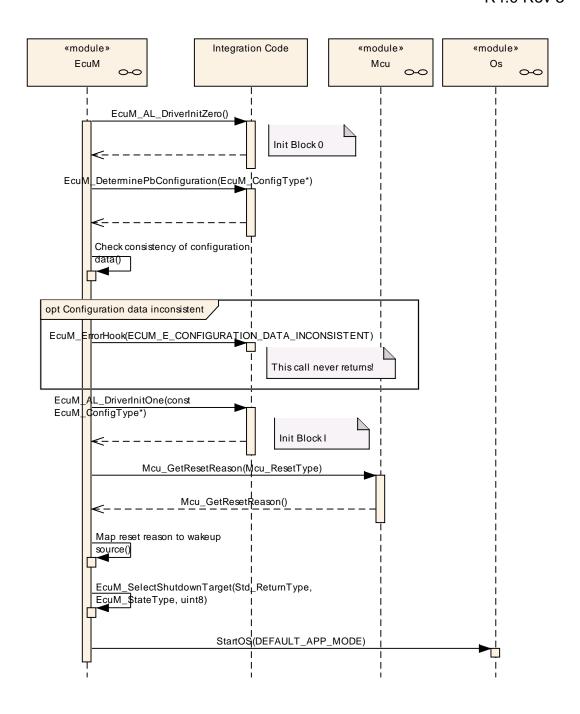


Figure 5 - StartPreOS Sequence

The StartPreOS Sequence is intended to prepare the ECU to initialize the OS and should be kept as short as possible. Drivers should be initialised in the UP phase when possible and the callouts should also be kept short. Interrupts should not be used during this sequence. If interrupts have to be used, only category I interrupts are allowed in the StartPreOS Sequence 1⁵.

_

⁵ Category II interrupts require a running OS while category I interrupts do not. AUTOSAR OS requires each interrupt vector to be exclusively put into one category.



Initialization of drivers and hardware abstraction modules is not strictly defined by the ECU Manager. Two callouts EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero (see <u>EcuM2905</u>) and <u>EcuM2907</u>) are provided to define the init blocks 0 and I. These blocks contain the initialization activities associated with the StartPreOS sequence.

MCU_Init does not provide complete MCU initialization. Additionally, hardware dependent steps have to be executed and must be defined at system design time. These steps are supposed to be taken within the EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero (see 8.6.2.2 EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero, <u>EcuM2905</u>) or EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne callouts (see 8.6.2.4 EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne, <u>EcuM2907</u>). Details can be found in the Specification of MCU Driver [9].

[EcuM2181] [The ECU Manager module shall call EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget (see <u>EcuM2822</u>) with the configured default shutdown target (see section 7.7 Shutdown Targets and EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget <u>EcuM105_Conf</u>).]()

[EcuM2603] [The StartPreOS Sequence shall initialize all basic software modules that are needed to start the OS.]()

7.3.3 Activities in the StartPostOS Sequence

St	StartPostOS Sequence		
	Initialization Activity	Comment	Opt.6
	Init BSW Scheduler	Initialize the semaphores for critical sections used by BSW modules	no
	Init BSW Mode Manager		no

Table 2 - StartPostOS Sequence

[EcuM2932] [When activated through the EcuM_StartupTwo (see <u>EcuM2838</u>) function, the ECU Manager module shall perform the actions in StartPostOS Sequence (see Table 2 – StartPostOS Sequence).](BSW09113)

⁶ Optional activities can be switched on or off by configuration. See section 10.2 Common Containers and configuration parameters for details.



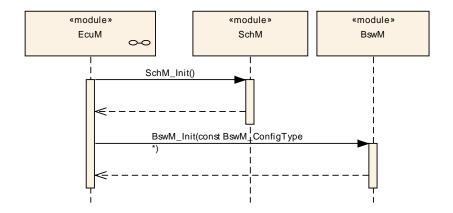


Figure 6 - StartPostOS Sequence

7.3.4 Checking Configuration Consistency

7.3.4.1 The Necessity for Checking Configuration Consistency in the ECU Manager

In an AUTOSAR ECU several configuration parameters are set and put into the ECU at different times. Pre-compile parameters are set, inserted into the generated source code and compiled into object code. When the source code has been compiled, link-time parameters are set, compiled, and linked with the previously configured object code into an image that is put into the ECU. Finally, post-build parameters are set, compiled, linked, and put into the ECU at a different time. All these parameters must match to obtain a stable ECU.



The configuration tool can check the consistency of configuration time parameters itself. The compiler may detect parameter errors at compilation time and the linker may find additional errors at link time. Unfortunately, finding configuration errors in post-build parameters is very difficult. This can only be achieved by checking that

• the pre-compile and link-time parameter settings used when compiling the code

are exactly the same as

• the pre-compile and link-time parameter settings used when configuring and compiling the post-build parameters.

This can only be done at run-time.

Explanation for <u>EcuM2796</u>: The ECU Manager module checks the consistency once before initializing the first BSW module to avoid multiple checks scattered over the different BSW modules.

This also implies that:

[EcuM2796] [The ECU Manager module shall not only check the consistency of its own parameters but of all post-build configurable BSW modules before initializing the first BSW module.]()

The ECU Manager Configuration Tool must compute a hash value over all precompile and link-time configuration parameters of all BSW modules and store the value in the link-time <code>ECUM_CONFIGCONSISTENCY_HASH</code> (see <code>ECUM102_Conf</code>) configuration parameter. The hash value is necessary for two reasons. First, the precompile and link-time parameters are not accessible at run-time. Second, the check must be very efficient at run-time. Comparing hundreds of parameters would cause an unacceptable delay in the ECU startup process.

The ECU Manager module Configuration Tool must in turn put the computed ECUM_CONFIGCONSISTENCY_HASH value into the field in the EcuM_ConfigType structure which contains the root of all post-build configuration parameters.

[EcuM2798] [The ECU Manager module shall check in EcuM_Init (see <u>EcuM2811</u>) that the field in the structure is equal to the value of ECUM_CONFIGCONSISTENCY_HASH. /()

By computing hash values at configuration time and comparing them at run-time the EcuM code can be very efficient and is furthermore independent of a particular hash computation algorithm. This allows the use of complex hash computation algorithms, e.g. cryptographically strong hash functions.

Note that the same hash algorithm can be used to produce the value for the post-build configuration identifier in the EcuM_ConfigType structure. Then the hash algorithm is applied to the post-build parameters instead of the pre-compile and link-time parameters.

[EcuM2799] [The hash computation algorithm used to compute a hash value over all pre-compile and link-time configuration parameters of all BSW modules shall always



produce the same hash value for the same set of configuration data regardless of the order of configuration parameters in the XML files. I()

7.3.4.2 Example Hash Computation Algorithm

Note: This chapter is not normative. It describes one possible way to compute hash values.

A simple CRC over the values of configuration parameters will not serve as a good hash algorithm. It only detects global changes, e.g. one parameter has changed from 1 to 2. But if another parameter changed from 2 to 1, the CRC might stay the same.

Additionally, not only the values of the configuration parameters but also their names must be taken into account in the hash algorithm. One possibility is to build a text file that contains the names of the configuration parameters and containers, separate them from the values using a delimiter, e.g. a colon, and putting each parameter as a line into a text file.

If there are multiple containers of the same type, each container name can be appended with a number, e.g. "_0", "_1" and so on.

To make the hash value independent of the order in which the parameters are written into the text file, the lines in the file must now be sorted lexicographically.

Finally, a cryptographically strong hash function, e.g. MD5, can be run on the text file to produce the hash value. These hash functions produce completely different hash values for slightly changed input files.

7.3.5 Driver Initialization

A driver's location in the initialization process depends strongly on its implementation and the target hardware design.

Drivers can be initialized by the ECU Manager module in Init Block 0 or Init Block 1 of the STARTUP phase or re-initialized in the EcuM_AL_DriverRestart callout of the WakeupRestart Sequence. Drivers can also be initialized or re-initialized by the BswM during the UP phase.

This chapter applies to those AUTOSAR Basic Software drivers, other than SchM and BswM, whose initialization and re-initialization is handled by the ECU Manager module and not the BswM.

[EcuM2559] [The configuration of the ECU Manager module shall specify the order of initialization calls inside init block 0 and init block 1. (see EcuMDriverInitListZero EcuM114 Conf and EcuMDriverInitListOne EcuM111 Conf).](BSW00416,BSW09234)

[EcuM2730] [The ECU Manager module shall call each driver's init function with the parameters derived from the driver's EcuMModuleService configuration container (see EcuM124 Conf).1(BSW09234)



[EcuM2947] [For re-initialization during WakeupRestart, the integrator shall integrate a restart block into the integration code for EcuM_AL_DriverRestart (see <u>EcuM2923</u>) using the <u>EcuMDriverRestartList</u> (see <u>EcuM115_Conf</u>)](BSW09234)

[EcuM2562] [EcuMDriverRestartList (see <u>EcuM115 Conf</u>) may contain drivers that serve as wakeup sources. EcuM_AL_DriverRestart (see <u>EcuM2923</u>) shall rearm the trigger mechanism of these drivers' 'wakeup detected' callback (see Section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence).|()

[EcuM2563] [When hardware has been put into a sleep mode during SHUTDOWN then this hardware must be restarted by its driver. The ECU Manager module shall invoke in the WakeupRestart Sequence (see Section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence).]()

[EcuM2561] [The ECU Manager module shall initialize the drivers in EcuMDriverRestartList in the same order as in the combined list of init block 0 and init block 1.]()

Hint for <u>EcuM2561</u>: EcuMDriverRestartList will typically only contain a subset of the combined list of init block 0 and init block 1 drivers.

Table 3 shows one possible (and recommended) sequence of activities for the Init Blocks 0 and I. Depending on hardware and software configuration, BSW modules may be added or left out and other sequences may also be possible.

Rec	Recommended Init Block		
	Init Activity	Comment	
Init Block 0 ⁷			
	Development Error Tracer	This should always be the first module to be initialized, so that other modules can report development errors.	
	Diagnostic Event Manager	Pre-Initialization	
	Any drivers needed to access post-build configuration data	These drivers shall not depend on the post-build configuration or on OS features.	
Init I	Block I ⁸		
	MCU Driver		
	General Purpose Timer		
	Watchdog Driver	Internal watchdogs only, external ones may need SPI	
	Watchdog Manager		
	ADC Driver		
	ICU Driver		
	PWM Driver		

Table 3 - Driver Initialization Details, Sample Configuration

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⁷ Drivers in Init Block 0 are listed in the *EcuMDriverInitListZero* configuration container.

⁸ Drivers in Init Block I are listed in the *EcuMDriverInitListOne* configuration container.



7.3.6 DET Initialization

The Development Error Tracer module is a BSW module which contains software used for debugging. The DET must be both initialized (by calling <code>Det_Init</code>) and started (by calling <code>Det_Start</code>) before becoming operational. Refer to [17] Specification of Development Error Tracer for details.

In production environments, the DET module must not be compiled in and in development environments, at least one module must use the DET before its initialization is relevant to the system.

[EcuM2783] [If at least one module is configured to track development errors, the ECU Manager module shall initialize the DET before all other drivers during the StartPreOS sequence (see Section 7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence).]()

Rational for <u>EcuM2783</u>: Other modules cannot report development errors before the DET is initialized.

[EcuM2634] [The ECU Manager module shall not start the DET by default. |()

Rationale for <u>EcuM2634</u>: The system designer has to configure the point where DET is started, preferably into the EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne callout (see <u>EcuM2907</u>). The best point for starting DET depends on its implementation and behavior.



7.4 SHUTDOWN Phase

Refer to Section 7.1.3 SHUTDOWN Phase for an overview of the SHUTDOWN phase. EcuM GoOff initiates the SHUTDOWN Phase.

[EcuM2756][When a wakeup event occurs during the shutdown phase, the ECU Manager module shall complete the shutdown and restart immediately thereafter.

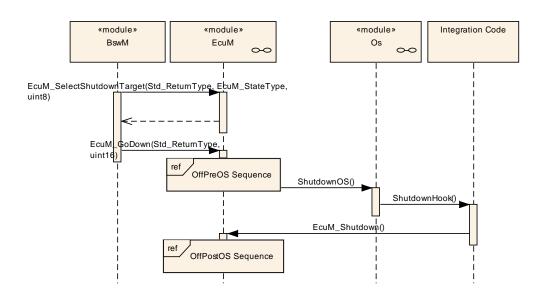


Figure 8 - SHUTDOWN Phase

7.4.1 Activities in the OffPreOS Sequence

[EcuM3021] [

OffF	PreOS Sequence		
	Shutdown Activity	Comment	Opt. ⁹
	De-init BSW Mode Manager		no
	De-init BSW Scheduler		no
	Check for pending wakeup events	Purpose is to detect wakeup events that occurred during shutdown	no
	Set RESET as shutdown target, if wakeup events are pending	This action shall only be carried out when pending wakeup events were detected to allow an immediate startup	no
	ShutdownOS	Last operation in this OS task	no

Table 4 - OffPreOS Sequence

(BSW09127)

ShutdownOS function. | (BSW09104)

[EcuM2952] [As its last activity, the ECU Manager module shall call the

⁹ Optional activities can be switched on or off by configuration. It shall be the system designers choice if a module is compiled in or not for an ECU design. See chapter . See section 10.2 Common Containers and configuration parameters for details.



The OS calls the shutdown hook at the end of its shutdown.

[EcuM2953] [The shutdown hook shall call EcuM_Shutdown (see <u>EcuM2812</u>) to terminate the shutdown process. EcuM_Shutdown (see <u>EcuM2812</u>) shall not return but switch off the ECU or issue a reset. (BSW09104)

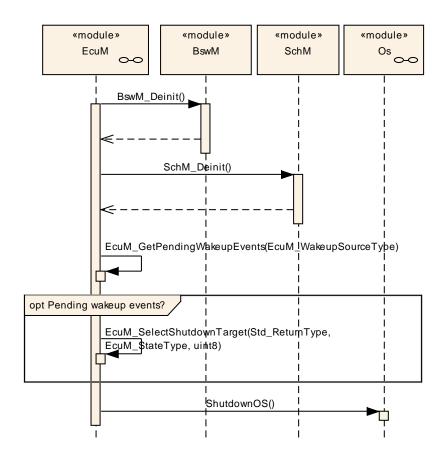


Figure 9 - OffPreOS Sequence

7.4.2 Activities in the OffPostOS Sequence

The OffPostOS sequence implements the final steps to reach the shutdown target after the OS has been shut down. EcuM_Shutdown (see <u>EcuM2812</u>) initiates the sequence.

The shutdown target can be either ECUM_STATE_RESET or ECUM_STATE_OFF, whereby the specific reset modality is determined by the reset mode. See section 7.7 Shutdown Targets for details.



OffPostOS Sequence			
	Shutdown Activity	Comment	Opt. 10
	Callout EcuM_OnGoOffTwo		no
	Callout EcuM_AL_Reset or Callout EcuM_AL_SwitchOff	Depends on the selected shutdown target (RESET or OFF)	no

Table 5 - OffPostOS Sequence

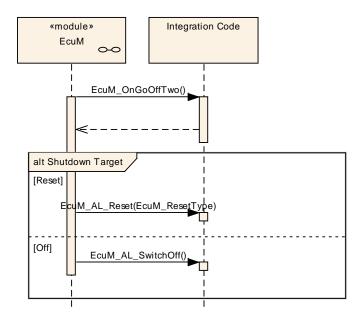


Figure 10 - OffPostOS Sequence

[EcuM4074] [When the shutdown target is RESET, the ECU Manager module shall call the EcuM_AL_Reset callout. See section 8.6.3.4 EcuM_AL_Reset (<u>EcuM4065</u>) for details.|()

[EcuM4075] [When the shutdown target is OFF, the ECU Manager module shall call the EcuM_AL_SwitchOff callout. See section 8.6.3.3 EcuM_AL_SwitchOff (EcuM2920) for details.]()

7.5 SLEEP Phase

Refer to Section 7.1.4 SLEEP Phase for an overview of the SLEEP phase. EcuM_GoHalt or EcuM_GoPoll initiate the SLEEP phase.

EcuM_GoHalt and EcuM_GoPoll initiate two control streams that differ structurally in the mechanisms used to realize sleep. They share the sequences for preparing for and recovering from sleep, however.

¹⁰ Optional activities can be switched on or off by configuration. It shall be the system designers choice if a module is compiled in or not for an ECU design. See chapter. See section 10.2 Common Containers and configuration parameters for details.



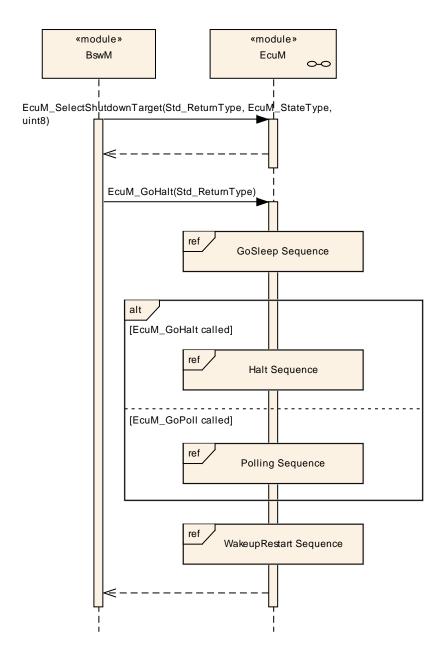


Figure 11 - SLEEP Phase

Another module, presumably the BswM, although it could be an SW-C as well, must ensure that an appropriate ECUM_STATE_SLEEP shutdown target has been selected before calling either EcuM_GoHalt or EcuM_GoPoll.

7.5.1 Activities in the GoSleep Sequence

In the GoSleep sequence the ECU Manager module configures hardware for the upcoming sleep phase and sets the ECU up for the next wakeup event.

[EcuM2389][To set the wakeup sources up for the next sleep mode, the ECU Manager module shall execute the EcuM_EnableWakeupSources callout (see



EcuM2546) for each wakeup source that is configured in EcuMWakeupSourceMask (see EcuM152 Conf) for the target sleep mode. I(BSW09100)

[EcuM2951] [In contrast to the SHUTDOWN phase, the ECU Manager module shall not shut down the OS when entering the SLEEP phase. The sleep mode, i.e. combination of the EcuM SLEEP phase and the Mcu Mode, shall be transparent to the OS.I()

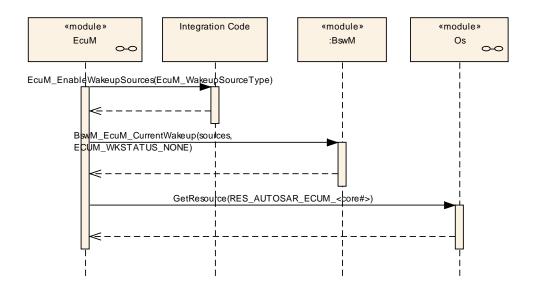


Figure 12 - GoSleep Sequence

[EcuM3010] [When operating on a multicore ECU ECUM shall reserve a dedicated resource (RES_AUTOSAR_ECUM) for each core, which is allocated during GoSleep.]()

7.5.2 Activities in the Halt Sequence

[EcuM2960] [The ECU Manager module shall execute the Halt Sequence in sleep modes that halt the microcontroller. In these sleep modes the ECU Manager module does not execute any code.]()

[EcuM2863] [The ECU Manager module shall invoke the EcuM_GenerateRamHash (see EcuM2919) callout before halting the microcontroller the EcuM_CheckRamHash (see EcuM2921) callout after the processor returns from halt.

In case of applied multi core and existence of "slave" EcuM(s) this check should be executed on the "master" EcuM only. The "master" EcuM generates the hash out of all data that lie within its reach. Private data of "slave" EcuMs are out of scope. I()

Rationale for <u>EcuM2863</u>: Ram memory may become corrupted when an ECU is held in sleep mode for a long time. The RAM memory's integrity should therefore be checked to prevent unforeseen behavior. The system designer may choose an adequate checksum algorithm to perform the check.



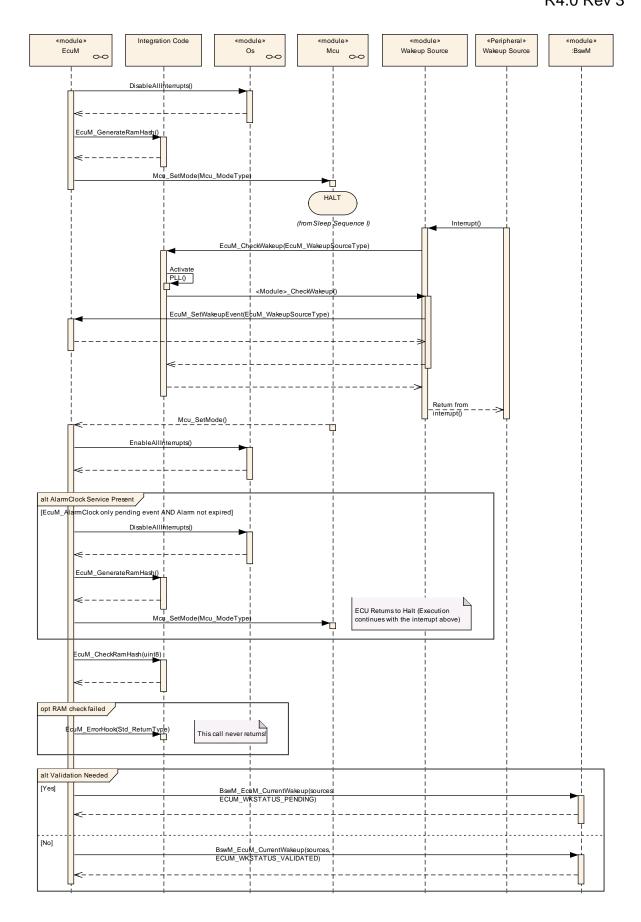


Figure 13 - Halt Sequence



[EcuM2961] [The ECU Manager module shall invoke the EcuM_GenerateRamHash (see EcuM2919) where the system designer can place a RAM integrity check. (()

7.5.3 Activities in the Poll Sequence

[EcuM2962] [The ECU Manager module shall execute the Poll Sequence in sleep modes that reduce the power consumption of the microcontroller but still execute code.]()

[EcuM3020] [In the Poll sequence the EcuM shall call the callouts EcuM_SleepActivity() and EcuM_CheckWakeup() in a blocking loop until a pending wakeup event is reported.]()



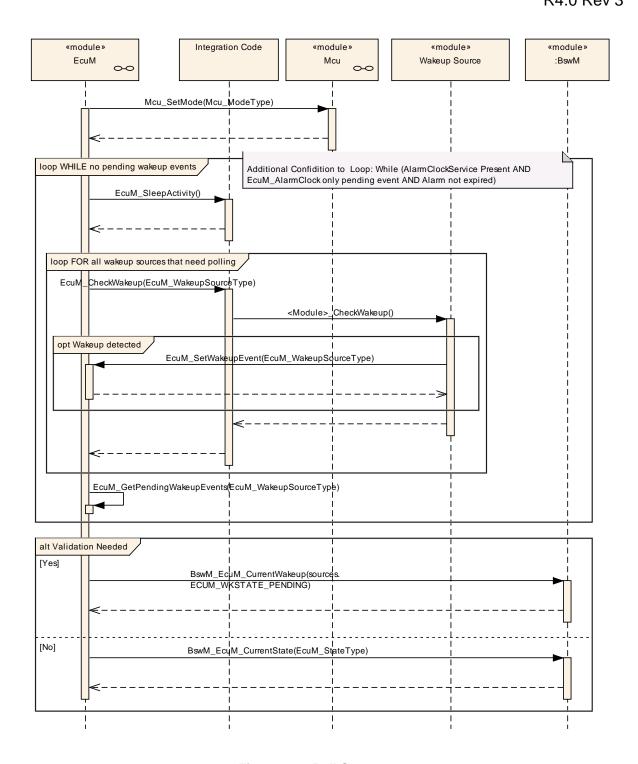


Figure 14 - Poll Sequence

7.5.4 Leaving Halt or Poll

[EcuM2963] [If a wakeup event (e.g. toggling a wakeup line, communication on a CAN bus etc.) occurs while the ECU is in Halt or Poll, then the ECU Manager module shall regain control and exit the SLEEP phase by executing the WakeupRestart sequence (see section 7.5.5 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence).



An ISR may be invoked to handle the wakeup event, but this depends on the hardware and the driver implementation. |()

[EcuM4001] [If irregular events (a hardware reset or a power cycle) occur while the ECU is in Halt or Poll, the ECU Manager module shall restart the ECU in the STARTUP phase.]()

7.5.5 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence

Wak	keupRestart ¹¹		
	Wakeup Activity	Comment	Opt.
	Restore MCU normal mode	Selected MCU mode is configured in the configuration parameter EcuMNormalMcuModeRef	
	Get the pending wakeup sources		
	Callout EcuM_DisableWakeupSources	Disable currently pending wakeup source but leave the others armed so that later wakeups are possible.	
	Callout EcuM_AL_DriverRestart	Initialize drivers that need restarting	
	Unlock Scheduler	From this point on, all other tasks may run again.	

Table 6 - WakeupRestart Activities

The ECU Manager module invokes the EcuM_AL_DriverRestart (see <u>EcuM2923</u>) callout which is intended for re-initializing drivers. Among others, drivers with wakeup sources typically require re-initialization. For more details on driver initialization refer to section 7.3.5 Driver Initialization.

During re-initialization, a driver must check if one of its assigned wakeup sources was the reason for the previous wakeup. If this test is true, the driver must invoke its 'wakeup detected' callback (see the Specification of CAN Transceiver Driver [18] for an example), which in turn must call the EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) function.

The driver implementation should only invoke the wakeup callback once. Thereafter it should not invoke the wakeup callback again until it has been re-armed by an explicit function call. The driver must thus be re-armed to fire the callback again.

[EcuM2539] [If the ECU Manager module has a list of wakeup source candidates when the WakeupRestart Sequence has finished, the ECU Manager module shall validate these wakeup source candidates in EcuM_MainFunction. See section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence./()

¹¹ Rows marked with × are conditional.



[EcuM4066

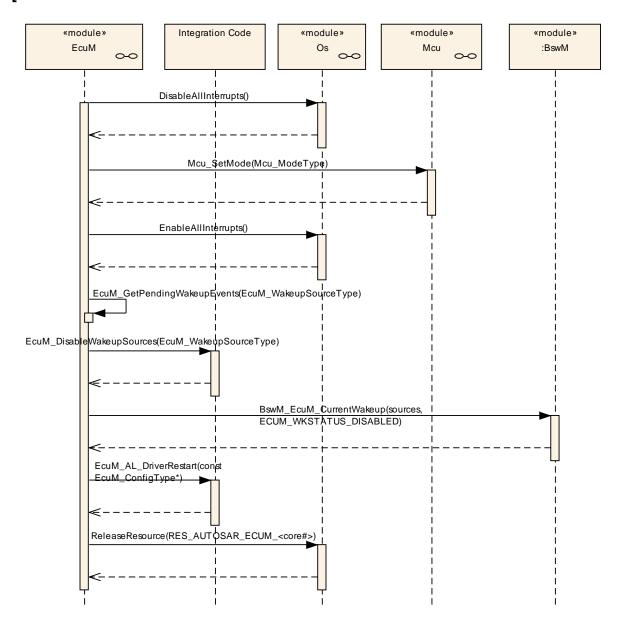


Figure 15 - WakeupRestart Sequence

7.6 UP Phase

In the UP Phase, the EcuM_MainFunction is executed regularly and it has two major functions:

- To check if wakeup sources have woken up and to initiate wakeup validation, if necessary (see 7.6.4 Activities in the Wakeup Validation Sequence)
- To update the Alarm Clock timer.

7.6.1 Alarm Clock Handling

See section 7.8.2.1 EcuM Clock Time in the UP Phase for implementation details.



[EcuM4002] [When the Alarm Clock service is present (see EcuMAlarmClockPresent EcuM199 Conf) the EcuM_MainFunction shall update the Alarm Clock Timer ()

7.6.2 Wakeup Source State Handling

Wakeup source are not only handled during wakeup but continuously, in parallel to all other EcuM activities. This functionality runs in the EcuM_MainFunction fully decoupled from the rest of ECU management via mode requests.

Wakeup sources can be in the following states:

- NONE no wakeup event detected or wakeup event cleared,
- PENDING wakeup event detected but not yet validated,
- VALIDATED wakeup event detected and validated
- EXPIRED wakeup event detected and validation failed
- DISABLED the wakeup source has been disabled and will currently not be processed.

Figure 16 illustrates the relationship between the wakeup source states and the conditions functions that evoke state changes.

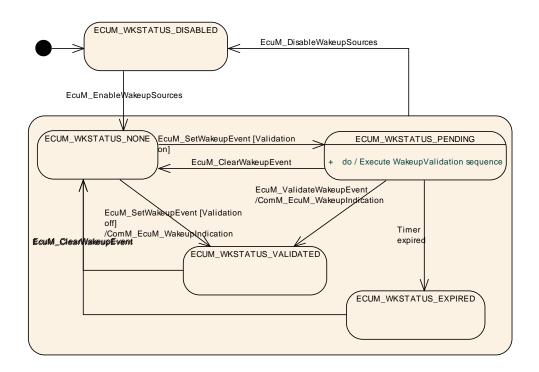


Figure 16 - Wakeup Source States

[EcuM4003] [When an ECU Manager action causes the state of a wakeup source to change, the ECU Manager module shall issue a mode request to the BswM to change the wakeup source's mode to the new the wakeup source state.]()



When the ECU Manager module is in the UP phase, wakeup events do not usually trigger state changes. They trigger the end of the Halt and Poll Sub-Phases, however. The ECU Manager module then executes the WakeupRestart Sequence automatically and returns thereafter to the UP phase.

It is up to the integrator to configure rules in the BswM so that the ECU reacts correctly to the wakeup events, as the reaction depends fully on the current ECU (not ECU Management) state.

If the wakeup source is valid, the BswM returns the ECU to its RUN state. If all wakeup events have gone back to NONE or EXPIRED, the BswM prepares the BSW for SLEEP or OFF again and invokes to EcuM_GoPoll or EcuM_GoHalt or EcuM_GoDown depending on the last shutdown target.

Summarizing: every pending event is validated independently (if configured) and the EcuM publishes the result as a mode request to the BswM, which in turn can trigger state changes in the EcuM.

7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States

The EcuM manager module offers the following interfaces to ascertain the state of those wakeup sources:

- EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents
- EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents
- EcuM_GetExpiredWakeupEvents

and manipulates the state of the wakeup sources through the following interfaces

- EcuM ClearWakeupEvent
- EcuM SetWakeupEvent
- EcuM ValidateWakeupEvent
- EcuM CheckWakeup
- EcuM_DisableWakeupSources
- EcuM EnableWakeupSources
- EcuM_CheckWakeup
- EcuM_StartWakeupSources
- EcuM StopWakeupSources

The ECU Manager module can manage up to 32 wakeup sources. The state of the wakeup sources is typically represented at the EcuM interfaces named above by means of an EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask where the individual wakeup sources correspond to a fixed bit position. There are 5 predefined bit positions and the rest can be assigned by configuration. See section 8.2.4 EcuM WakeupSourceType for details.

On the one hand, the ECU Manager module manages the modes of each wakeup source. On the other hand, the ECU Manager module presupposes that there are "internal variables" (i.e. EcuM_WakeupSourceType instances) that track which wakeup sources are in a particular state (especially NONE (i.e. cleared), PENDING, VALIDATED and EXPIRED). The ECU Manager module uses these "internal"



variables" in the respective interface definitions to define the semantics of the interface.

Whether these "internal variables" are indeed implemented is therefore of secondary importance. They are simply used to explain the semantics of the interfaces.

7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence

Since wakeup events can be generated unintentionally (e.g. EVM spike on CAN line), it is necessary to validate wakeups before the ECU resumes full operation.

The validation mechanism is the same for all wakeup sources. When a wakeup event occurs, the ECU is woken up from its SLEEP state and execution resumes within the MCU_SetMode service of the MCU driver¹². When the WakeupRestart Sequence has finished, the ECU Manager module will have a list of pending wakeup events to be validated (see EcuM2539). The ECU Manager module then releases the BSW Scheduler and all BSW MainFunctions; most notably in this case, the EcuM MainFunction can resume processing.

Implementation hint: Since SchM will be running at the end of the StartPostOS and WakeupRestart sequences, there is the possibility that the EcuM_MainFunction will initiate validation for a source whose stack has not yet been initialized. The integrator should configure appropriate modes which indicate that the stack is not available and disable the EcuM_MainFunction accordingly (see [14]).

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¹² Actually, the first code to be executed may be an ISR, e.g. a wakeup ISR. However, this is specific to hardware and/or driver implementation.



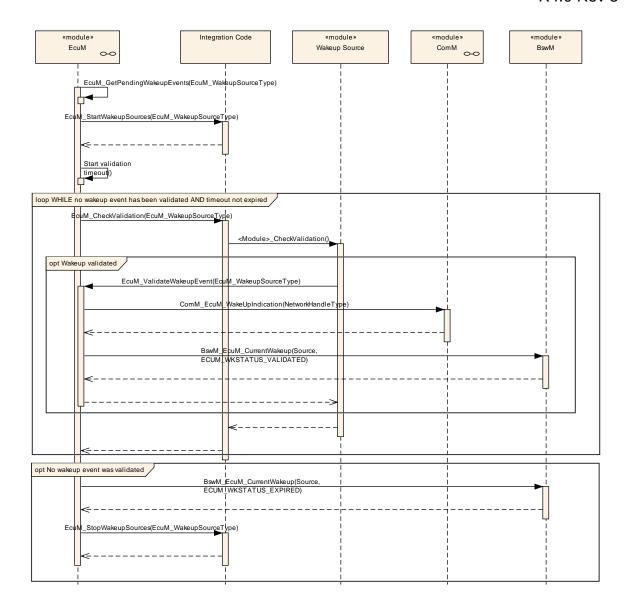


Figure 17 - The WakeupValidation Sequence

[EcuM2566] [The ECU Manager module shall only invoke wakeup validation on those wakeup sources where it is required by configuration. If the validation protocol is not configured (see <code>EcuMValidationTimeout EcuM150 Conf</code>), then a call to <code>EcuM_SetWakeupEvent</code> (see <code>EcuM2826</code>) shall also imply a call to <code>EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent</code> (see <code>EcuM2829</code>).]()

[EcuM2565] [The ECU Manager module shall start a validation timeout for each pending wakeup event that should be validated. The timeout shall be event-specific (see EcuMValidationTimeout EcuM150 Conf).]()

Implementation hint for <u>EcuM2565</u>: It is sufficient for an implementation to provide only one timer, which is prolonged to the largest timeout when new wakeup events are reported.



[EcuM4081][When the validation timeout expires for a pending wakeup event, the EcuM_MainFunction sets (OR-operation) set the bit in the internal expired wakeup events variable (see section 7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States).]()

[EcuM4082] [When the validation timeout expires for a pending wakeup event, the EcuM_MainFunction shall invoke BswM_EcuM_CurrentWakeup with an EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask parameter with the bit corresponding to the wakeup event set and state value parameter set to ECUM_WKSTATUS_EXPIRED.]()

The BswM will be configured to monitor the wakeup validation through mode switch requests coming from the EcuM as the wakeup sources are validated or the timers expire. If the last validation timeout (see <u>EcuM2565</u>) expires without validation then the BswM shall consider wakeup validation to have failed. If at least one of the pending events is validated then the entire validation shall have passed.

Pending events are validated with a call of EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent (see EcuM2829). This call must be placed in the driver or the consuming stack on top of the driver (e.g. the handler). The best place to put this depends on hardware and software design. See also section 7.6.4.4 Requirements for Drivers with Wakeup Sources .

7.6.4.1 Wakeup of Communication Channels

If a wakeup occurs on a communication channel, the corresponding bus transceiver driver must notify the ECU Manager module by invoking EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) function. Requirements for this notification are described in section 5.2 Peripherals with Wakeup Capability.

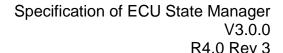
[EcuM2479] [The ECU Manager module shall execute the Wakeup Validation Protocol upon the EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) function call according to 7.6.4.2 Interaction of Wakeup Sources and the ECU Manager later in this chapter. I()

7.6.4.2 Interaction of Wakeup Sources and the ECU Manager

The ECU Manager module shall treat all wakeup sources in the same way. The procedure shall be as follows:

When a wakeup event occurs, the corresponding driver shall notify the ECU Manager module of the wakeup. The most likely modalities for this notification are:

- After exiting the Halt or Poll sequences. In this scenario, the ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_AL_DriverRestart (see <u>EcuM2923</u>) to re-initialize of the relevant drivers, which in turn get a chance to scan their hardware e.g. for pending wakeup interrupts.
- If the wakeup source is actually in sleep mode, the driver must scan autonomously for wakeup events; either by polling or by waiting for an interrupt.





[EcuM2975] [If a wakeup event requires validation then the ECU Manager module shall invoke the validation protocol]()

[EcuM2976] [If a wakeup event does not require validation, the ECU Manager module shall issue a mode switch request to set the event's mode to ECUM_WKSTATUS_VALIDATED.|()

[EcuM2496] [If the wakeup event is validated (either immediately or by the wakeup validation protocol), the ECU Manager module shall make the information that it is a source of the current ECU wakeup through the EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents (see <u>EcuM2830</u>) function.]()

7.6.4.3 Wakeup Validation Timeout

[EcuM4004] [The ECU Manager Module shall either provide a single wakeup validation timeout timer or one timer per wakeup source.]()

The following requirements apply:

[EcuM2709] [The ECU Manager module shall start the wakeup validation timeout timer when EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see EcuM2826) is called.]()

[EcuM2710] [EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent shall stop the wakeup validation timeout timer (see <u>EcuM2829</u>).|()

[EcuM2712] [If EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) is called subsequently for the same wakeup source, the ECU Manager module shall not restart the wakeup validation timeout.]()

If only one timer is used, the following approach is proposed:

If EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) is called for a wakeup source that did not yet fire during the same wakeup cycle then the ECU Manager module should prolong the validation timeout of that wakeup source.

Wakeup timeouts are defined by configuration (see EcuM148_Conf).

7.6.4.4 Requirements for Drivers with Wakeup Sources

The driver must invoke EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) once when the wakeup event is detected and supply a EcuM_WakeupSourceType parameter identifying the source of the wakeup (see <u>EcuM2165</u>, <u>EcuM2166</u>) as specified in the configuration (see <u>EcuMWakeupSourceId</u>, <u>EcuM151_Conf</u>).

[EcuM2572] [The ECU Manager module shall detect wakeups that occurr prior to driver initialization, both from Halt/Poll or from OFF.]()

The driver must provide an API to configure the wakeup source for the SLEEP state, to enable or disable the wakeup source, and to put the related peripherals to sleep. This requirement only applies if hardware provides these capabilities.



The driver should enable the callback invocation in its initialization function.

7.6.5 Requirements for Wakeup Validation

If the wakeup source requires validation, this may be done by any but only by one appropriate module of the basic software. This may be a driver, an interface, a handler, or a manager.

Validation is done by calling the EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2829</u>) function.

[EcuM2601] [If hardware cannot detect a specific wakeup source, then the ECU Manager module shall report an ECUM_WKSOURCE_RESET instead.]()

7.6.6 Wakeup Sources and Reset Reason

The ECU Manager module API only provides one type (EcuM_WakeupSourceType, see 8.2.4 EcuM_WakeupSourceType), which can describe all reasons why the ECU starts or wakes up.

[EcuM2625] [The ECU Manager module shall never invoke validation for the following wakeup sources:

- ECUM WKSOURCE POWER
- ECUM WKSOURCE RESET
- ECUM WKSOURCE INTERNAL RESET
- ECUM_WKSOURCE_INTERNAL_WDG
- ECUM WKSOURCE EXTERNAL WDG.

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7.6.7 Wakeup Sources with Integrated Power Control

SLEEP can be realized by a system chip which controls the MCU's power supply. Typical examples are CAN transceivers with integrated power supplies which switch power off at application request and switch power on upon CAN activity.

The consequence is that SLEEP looks like OFF to the ECU Manager module on this type of hardware. This distinction is rather philosophical and not of practical importance.

The practical impact is that a passive wakeup on CAN looks like a power on reset to the ECU. Hence, the ECU will continue with the STARTUP sequence after a wakeup event. Wakeup validation is required nonetheless and the system designer must consider the following topics:

 The CAN transceiver is initialized during one of the driver initialization blocks (under BswM control by default). This is configured or generated code, i.e. code which is under control of the system designer.



• The CAN transceiver driver API provides functions to find out if it was the CAN transceiver which started the ECU due to a passive wakeup. It is the system designer's responsibility to check the CAN transceiver for wakeup reasons and pass this information on to the ECU Manager module by using the EcuM_SetWakeupEvent (see <u>EcuM2826</u>) and EcuM2828) functions.

These principles can be applied to all wakeup sources with integrated power control. The CAN transceiver only serves as an example.

7.7 Shutdown Targets

"Shutdown Targets" is a descriptive term for all states ECU where no code is executed. They are called shutdown targets because they are the destination states where the state machine will drive to when the UP phase is left. The following states are shutdown targets:

- Off¹³
- Sleep
- Reset

Note that the time at which a shutdown target is or can be determined is not necessarily the start of the shutdown. Since the BswM now controls most ECU resources, it will determine the time at which the shutdown target should be set and will set it, either directly or indirectly. The BswM must therefore ensure that, for example, the shutdown target must be changed from its default to ECUM_STATE_SLEEP before calling EcuM_GoHalt or EcuM_GoPoll.

In previous versions of the ECU Manager module, sleep targets were treated specially, as the sleep modes realized in the ECU depended on the capabilities of the ECU. These sleep modes depend on hardware and differ typically in clock settings or other low power features provided by the hardware. These different features are accessible through the MCU driver as so-called MCU modes (see [9]).

There are also various modalities for performing a reset which are controlled, or triggered, by different modules:

- Mcu_PerformReset
- WdgM_PerformReset
- Toggle I/O Pin via DIO / SPI

The ECU Manager module offers a facility to manage these reset modalities by to tracking the time and cause of previous resets. The various reset modalities will be treated as reset modes, using the same mode facitlities as sleep.

Refer to section 8.3.3 Shutdown Management for the shutdown management facility's interface definitions.

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¹³ The OFF state requires the capability of the ECU to switch off itself. This is not granted for all hardware designs.



7.7.1 Sleep

[EcuM2188] [No wakeup event shall be missed after entering the SLEEP phase. If a valid wakeup event occurs while the ECU is in transition to SLEEP the ECU Manager module shall proceed as quickly as possible to the WakeupReaction Sequence and shall not enter the Halt or Poll Sequences.]()

[EcuM2957] [The ECU Manager module may define a configurable set of sleep modes (see *EcuMSleepMode* <u>EcuM131_Conf</u>) where each mode itself is a shutdown target.]()

[EcuM2958] [The ECU Manager module shall allow mapping the MCU sleep modes to ECU sleep modes and hence allow them to be addressed as shutdown targets.]()

[EcuM2959] [The ECU Manager module shall allow aliases to be defined for shutdown targets (see EcuM180_Conf).]()

Rationale for <a><u>EcuM2959</u>: This is to simplify portability of code across different ECUs.

7.7.2 Reset

[EcuM4005] [The ECU Manager module shall define a configurable set of reset modes (see <code>EcuMResetMode EcuM172_Conf</code> and section 8.2.7 EcuM_ResetType <code>EcuM4044</code>), where each mode itself is a shutdown target. The set will minimally contain targets for

- Mcu_PerformReset
- WdgM PerformReset
- Toggle I/O Pin via DIO / SPIJ()

[EcuM4006] [The ECU Manager module shall allow defining aliases for reset targets (See EcuM180_Conf).]()

[EcuM4007] [The ECU Manager module shall define a configurable set of reset causes (see *EcuMShutdownCause* <u>Ecum175_Conf</u> and section 8.2.8 EcuM_ShutdownCauseType EcuM4045). The set shall minimally contain targets for

- ECU state machine entered a shutdown state
- WdgM detected a failure
- DCM requests shutdownl

and the time of the reset. ()

[EcuM4008] [The ECU Manager Module shall offer facilities (see section 8.3.3 Shutdown Management) to BSW modules and SW-Cs to

- Record a shutdown cause
- Get a set of recent shutdown causes ()



7.8 Alarm Clock

The ECU Manager module provides an optional persistent clock service which remains "active" even during sleep. It thus guarantees that an ECU will be woken up at a certain time in the future (assuming that the hardware does not fail) and provides clock services for long-term activities (i.e. measured in hours to days, even years).

Generally, this service will be realized with timers in the ECU that can induce wakeups. In some cases, external devices can also use a regular interrupt line to periodically wake the ECU up, however. Whatever the mechanism used, the service uses one wakeup source privately.

The ECU Manager module maintains a master alarm clock whose value determines the time at which the ECU will be woken up. Moreover the ECU manager manages an internal clock, the EcuM clock, which is used to compare with the master alarm.

Note that the alarm wakeup mechanisms are only relevant to the SLEEP phase. SW-Cs and BSW modules can set and retrieve alarm values during the UP phase (and only during the UP phase), which will be respected during the SLEEP phase, however.

Compared to other timing/wakeup mechanisms that could be implemented using general ECU Manager module facilities, the Alarm Clock service will not initiate the WakeupRestart Sequence until the timer expires. When the ECU Module detects that its timer has caused a wakeup event, it increments its timer and returns immediately to sleep unless the clock time has exceeded the alarm time.

[EcuM4069] [When the Alarm Clock service is present (see EcuMAlarmClockPresent EcuM199 Conf) the EcuM Manager module shall maintain an EcuM clock whose time shall be the time in seconds since battery connect.]()

[EcuM4086] [The EcuM clock shall track time in the UP and SLEEP phases.]()

[EcuM4087] [Hardware permitting, the EcuM clock time shall not be reset by an ECU reset.]()

[EcuM4088] [There shall be one and only one wakeup source assigned to the EcuM Clock (see EcuMAlarmWakeupSource EcuM200_Conf).]()

7.8.1 Alarm Clocks and Users

SW-Cs and BSW modules can each maintain an alarm clock (user alarm clock). Each user alarm clock (see EcuMAlarmClock <u>EcuM184 Conf</u>) is associated with an EcuMUser (see <u>EcuM195 Conf</u>) which identifies the respective SW-C or BSW module.

[EcuM4070] [Each EcuM User shall have at most one user alarm clock.]()



[EcuM4071] [An EcuM User shall not be able to set the value of another user's alarm clock.]()

[EcuM4072] [The ECU Manager module shall set always the master alarm clock value to the value of the earliest user alarm clock value.]()

This means as well that when an EcuM User issues an abort on its alarm clock and that user alarm clock determines the current master alarm clock value, the ECU Manager module shall set the master alarm clock value to the next earliest user alarm clock value.

[EcuM4073] [Only authorized EcuM Users can set the EcuM clock time (see EcuM197 Conf, a user list in EcuM168 Conf]()

Rationale for <u>EcuM4073</u>: Generally EcuM Users shall not be able to set the EcuM clock time. The EcuM clock time can be set to an arbitrary time to allow testing alarms that take days to expire.

7.8.2 EcuM Clock Time

[EcuM4089] [If the underlying hardware mechanism is tick based, the ECUM shall "correct" the time accordingly|()

7.8.2.1 EcuM Clock Time in the UP Phase

The EcuM_MainFunction increments the EcuM clock during the UP Phase. It uses standard OS mechanisms (alarms / counters) to derive its time. Note the difference in granularity between the counters and EcuM time, which is measured in seconds (EcuM4069).

7.8.2.2 EcuM Clock Time in the Sleep Phase

There are two alternatives to increment the EcuM clock during sleep depending on whether EcuM_GoHalt or EcuM_GoPoll were called.

Within the Halt Sequence (see 7.5.2 Activities in the Halt Sequence) the GPT Driver must be put in to a GPT_MODE_SLEEP to only configure those timer channels required for the time base. It also requires the GPT to enable the timer based wakeup channel using the Gpt_EnableWakeup API. Preferably the Gpt_StartTimer API will be set to 1 sec but if this value is not reachable the EcuM will need to be woken up more often to accumulate several timer wakeups until 1 sec has been accumulated to increment the clock value.

Within the Poll Sequence (see 7.5.3 Activities in the Poll Sequence) the EcuM clock can be periodically updated during the EcuM_SleepActivity function using the EcuM_SetClock function, assuming a notion of time is still available. The clock must only be incremented when 1 sec of time has been accumulated.



In both situations after the clock has been incremented during Sleep the ECU Manager module must evaluate if the master alarm has expired. If so the BswM will initiate a full startup or set the ECU in Sleep again.

[EcuM4009] [When leaving the Sleep state the ECU Manager Module will abort any active user alarm clock and the master alarm clock. This means that both clock induced and wakeups due to other events will result in clearing all alarms.](BSW09187)

[EcuM4010] [User alarms and the master alarm shall be cancelled during the StartPreOS Sequence, in the WakeupReaction Sequence and the OffPreOS Sequence.](BSW09188)

7.9 MultiCore

In its current release, the MultiCore OS only supports communication with SW-Cs and CDDs on the slave cores.

The bulk of the BSW is placed on a single core: the master core. Only the set of BSW modules needed to support the OS and SW-Cs runs on slave cores. ECU management on the slave cores must therefore also only support that subset of the BSW.

It is assumed, at least for the current release that all modules are instantiated as a single image, that is there are not separate module variants for the master and slave cores. In the case of the ECU Manager module, this means that there is only one ECU Manager Module image on the ECU that is executed on every core.

This has the effect that code that is superfluous on slave cores is not compiled out and that at points where the ECU manager behavior differs on the different cores, that the ECU Manager must first test whether it is on a master or a slave core and act appropriately.

This also has the effect that the EcuM services that implement the EcuM AUTOSAR services (i.e. the ShutdownTarget, BootTarget and AlarmClock interfaces) are also available on all cores. See section 7.10.1 Overview of the EcuM AUTOSAR Service for a discussion about this is handled.

The ECU Manager module supports the same phases on a MultiCore ECU as are available on conventional ECUs (i.e. STARTUP, UP, SHUTDOWN and SLEEP).

This section uses previous ECU Manager terms for various ECU states, notably Run/PostRun. With flexible ECU management, the system integrator determines the ECU's states' names and semantics. Methods to ensure a de-initialization phase must be upheld, however. The names used here are therefore not normative.



7.9.1 Master Core

The master core contains the set of BSW modules that would constitute the entire set of BSW modules on a single-core system. Most notably for ECU management, there is only one BswM on the ECU, and that on the master core.

There is a "master" ECU Manager module located on the master core, which performs the actions initiated by the BswM: GoOff, GoHalt and GoPoll as well as the startup and initialization routines. The remaining port and external interfaces as outlined in section 7.10 AUTOSAR Ports are also located on the master core.

7.9.2 Slave Core

Only the Startup I drivers for the hardware controlled by the core, a "slave" ECU Manager module, the OS (+IOC), SchM, RTE, SW-Cs and CDDs run on the slave cores.

7.9.3 Master Core – Slave Core Signalling

This section discusses the general mechanisms with which BSW can communicate over cores. It presupposed general knowledge of the IOC, which is described and specified in the "Specification of Operating System".

7.9.3.1 BSW Level

The Multi-Core Operating System provides a basic mechanism for synchronizing the starts of the operating systems on the master and slave cores. The BSW Mode Manager on the master core is responsible for starting and stopping the RTE, using a task that starts or stops the RTE on the slave cores.

Refer to the Guide to Mode Management [23] for a more complete description of the solution approaches and for a discussion of the considerations in choosing between them.

7.9.3.2 EcuM Level

Before calling ShutdownAllCores, the "master" ECU Manager Module must start the shutdown of all "slave" ECU Manager Modules and has to wait until all modules have de-initialized the BSW modules for which they are responsible and successfully shutdown.

Therefore the master ECU Manager Module sets a shutdown flag which can be read by all slave modules. After that the master calls the main routine $EcuM_MainFunction()$ of every slave ECU Manager Module. The slave modules read the flag inside the main routine and shutdown if requested.

The Multi-Core Operating System extends the OSEK SetEvent function across cores. A task on one core can wait for an event set on another core. Figure 18 illustrates



how this applies to the problem of synchronizing the cores before calling ShutdownAllCores (whereby the de-intialization details have been omitted). The Set/WaitEvent functions accept a bitmask which can be used to indicate shutdown-readiness on the individual slave cores. Each SetEvent call from a "slave" ECU Manager module will stop the "master" ECU Manager module's wait. The "master" ECU Manager module must therefore track the state of the individual slave cores and set the wait until all cores have registered their readiness.

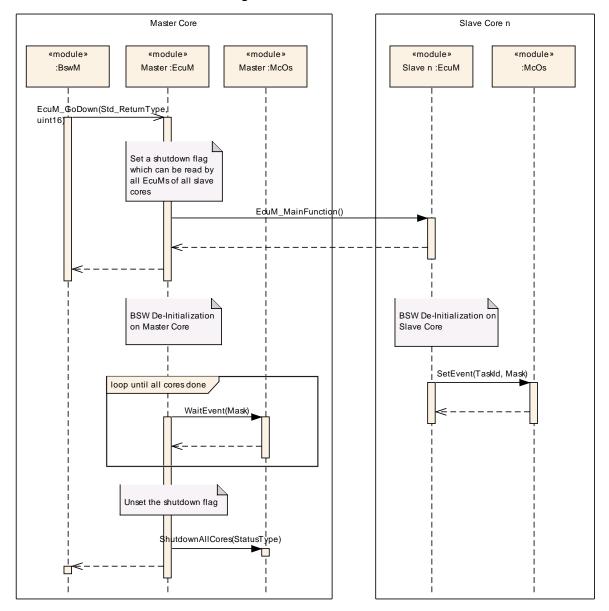


Figure 18: Master / Slave Core Shutdown Synchronization

7.9.4 UP Phase

From the hardware perspective, it is possible that wakeup interrupts could occur on all cores. Wakeup sources are nonetheless restricted to the master core in the current release.

[EcuM4011] [The EcuM_MainFunction shall only run on the master core]()



[EcuM4012] [The ECU Manager module shall only process wakeup events on the master core.]()

Rationale for <u>EcuM4012</u>: Otherwise the message must be relayed from the slave cores to the master core. Additionally, the communication stack software is on the master core.

As in the single-core case, the BswM (as configured by the integrator) has the responsibility for controlling ECU resources, establishing that the ECU must be powered down or halted as well as de-initializing the appropriate applications and BSW before handing control over to the EcuM on the master core. The BswM is located on the master core so that mode requests from slave cores must be routed over the IOC.

7.9.5 STARTUP Phase

The ECU Manager module functions nearly identically on all cores. That is, as for the single-core case, the ECU Manager module performs the steps specified for Startup; most importantly starting the OS and initializing the SchM.

The "master" EcuM activates all slave cores after calling InitBlock 1 and doing the reset / wakeup housekeeping. After being activated, the slave cores execute their "main" programs, which call EcuM_Init on their core.

After each EcuM has called StartOs on its core, the MultiCore Os synchronizes the cores before executing the core-individual startup hooks and synchronizes the cores again before executing the first tasks on each core.

StartPostOS is executed on each core and the SchM is initialized on each core. The BswM is initialised on the master core.

There is a (configurable) mode for the ECU (which is known globally). Control will pass to the BswM on the main core and startup will continue using modes as designed and configured by the integrator. The integrator is responsible for configuring a mode change after Com_Init and NvM_Init have been called on the master core. After that, the RTE can be started on the slave cores (and the master core for that matter).

Note that COM, DEM and FIM only run on the master core, so that handling their initialization after the NvM_ReadAll has finished is just a problem for the master core.

[EcuM4013] [There shall be a single, common EcuMDriveInitListZero (see EcuM114_Conf) and EcuMDriverInitListOne (see EcuM111_Conf) for all slave cores. EcuMDriverInitListZero_slave and EcuMDriverInitListOne_slave shall be empty.]()

Rationale for <u>EcuM4013</u>: All BSW drivers shall run on the master core. SW-Cs or CDDs on slave cores can use IOC mechanisms to communicate with drivers or other BSW modules located on the master core.



Implementation hint. Custom initialization required by a CDD running on a slave core can be executed in the "main" before the call to EcuM_Init or in the StartupHook.

[EcuM4014] [The ECU Manager module shall not call BswM_Init on slave cores.]()

7.9.5.1 Master Core STARTUP [EcuM4015][

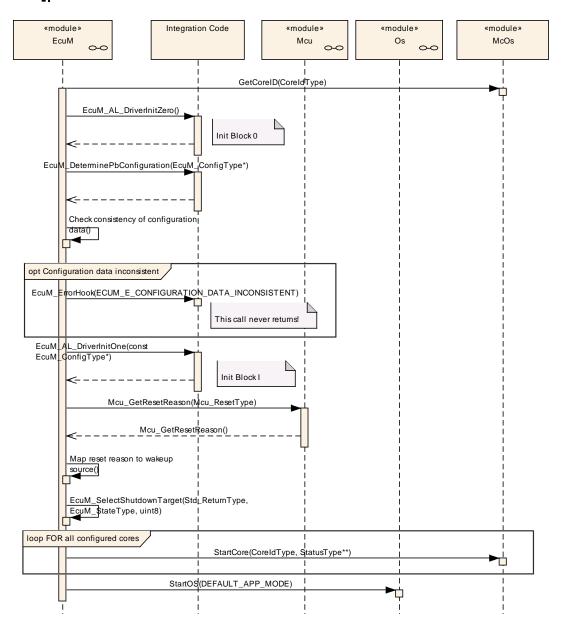


Figure 19 - Master Core StartPreOS Sequence

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[EcuM4016][

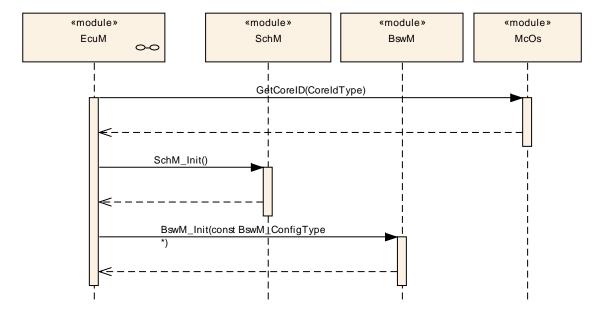


Figure 20 - Master Core StartPostOS Sequence

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7.9.5.2 Slave Core STARTUP

[EcuM4017][

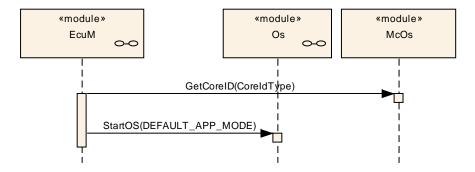


Figure 21 - Slave Core StartPreOS Sequence

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[EcuM4018][

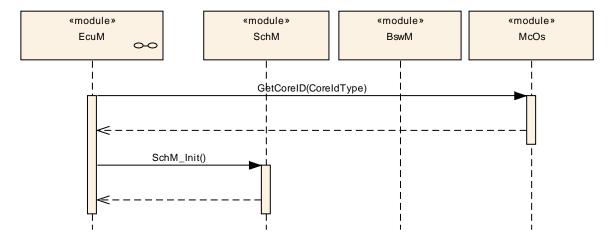


Figure 22 - Slave Core StartPostOS Sequence

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7.9.6 SHUTDOWN Phase

Individual core shutdown (i.e. while the rest of the ECU continues to run) is currently not supported. All cores are shut down simultaneously. The way the master ECU Manager requests the shutdown of all slave ECU Manager Modules is described in 7.9.3.2 EcuM Level.

The "master" ECU Manager module calls a single ShutdownAllCores rather than somehow calling ShutdownOs on the individual cores. The ShutdownAllCores stops the OS on all cores and stops all cores as well.

Since the master core could issue the ShutdownAllCores before all slave cores are finished processing, the cores must be synchronized before entering SHUTDOWN..

The BswM (which is (only) on the master core) ascertains that the ECU should be shut down and distributes an appropriate mode switch to each core (see section 7.9.3 Master Core – Slave Core Signalling for details). The SW-Cs and CDDs on the slave cores must catch this mode switch, de-initialize appropriately and send appropriate signals to the BswM to indicate their readiness.

The BswM continues with SW-C and BSW de-initialization on the master core as appropriate until it ultimately calls GoOff on the master core and on the slave cores. The "master" EcuM de-initializes the BswM, and the SchM. The EcuMs on the slave cores de-initialize their SchMs and then send a signal to indicate that the core is ready for ShutdownOS (again, see section 7.9.3 Master Core – Slave Core Signalling for details). Note that in a Multi-Core environment, neither "master" nor "slave" ECU Managers call ShutdownOS at the end of the OffPreOS Sequence.

The "master" EcuM waits for the "signal" from each slave core EcuM and then initiates shutdown as usual on the master core (the "master" EcuM calls ShutdownAllCores, and the ECU is put to bed with the global shutdown hook)



7.9.6.1 Master Core SHUTDOWN

[EcuM4019][

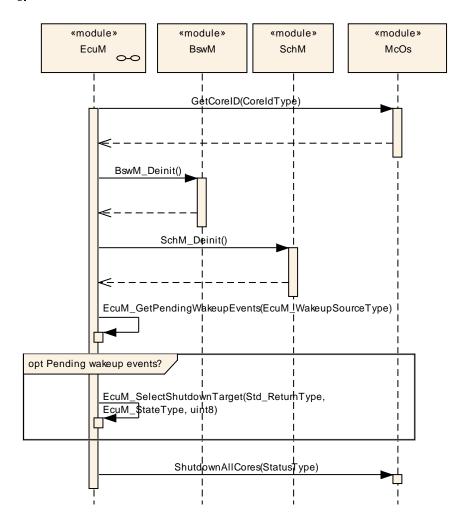


Figure 23 - Master Core OffPreOS Sequence



[EcuM4020][

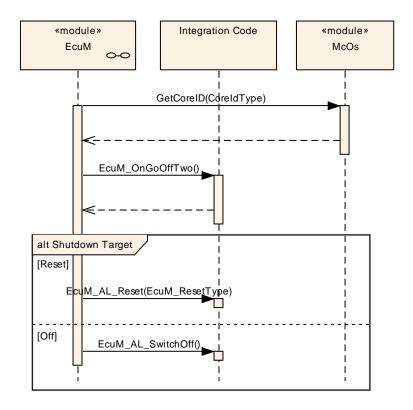


Figure 24 - Master Core OffPostOS Sequence

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7.9.6.2 Slave Core SHUTDOWN

[EcuM4021][

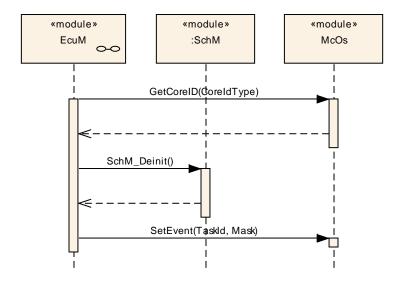


Figure 25 - Slave Core OffPreOS Sequence



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[EcuM4022][

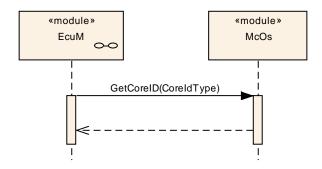


Figure 26 - Slave Core OffPostOS Sequence

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7.9.7 SLEEP Phase

Individual core sleep (while the rest of the ECU continues to run) is currently not supported.

All cores are put to sleep simultaneously. The MCU must issue a halt for each core. As task timing and priority are local to a core in the MultiCore OS, neither the scheduler nor the RTE must be synchronized after a halt. Because the master core could issue the MCU halt before all slave cores are finished processing, the cores must be synchronized before entering GoHalt.

The BswM on the master core ascertains that sleep should be initiated and distributes an appropriate ECU mode to each core. The SW-Cs and CDDs on the slave cores must catch this mode switch, de-initialize appropriately and send appropriate mode requests to the BswM to indicate their readiness.

The slave cores must be halted so that they cannot generate interrupts (which disturb the state of the RAM). The "halt"s must be synchronized so that all slave cores are halted before the master core computes the checksum. The ECU Manager module on the master core uses the same "signal" mechanism as for synchronizing cores on GoOff.

Similarly, the ECU Manager module on the master core must validate the checksum before releasing the slave cores from the "halt" state



7.9.7.1 Master Core SLEEP [EcuM4023][

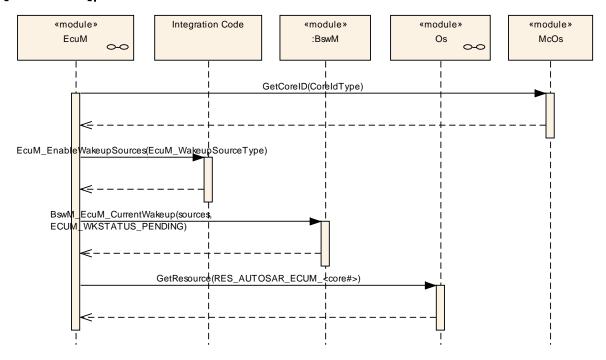
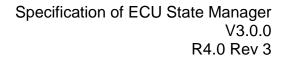


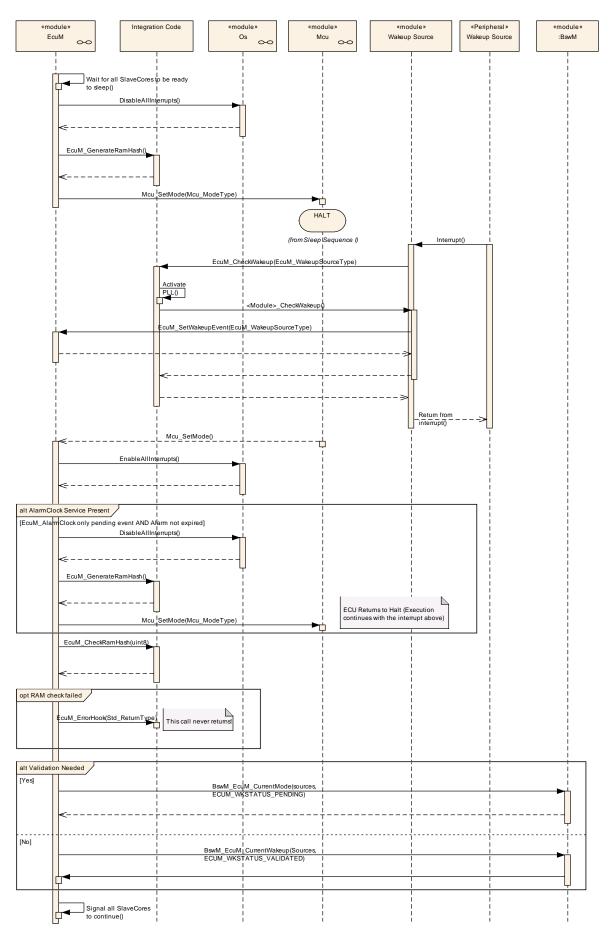
Figure 27 - Master Core GoSleep Sequence





[EcuM4024][







(BSW09239)

[EcuM4025][

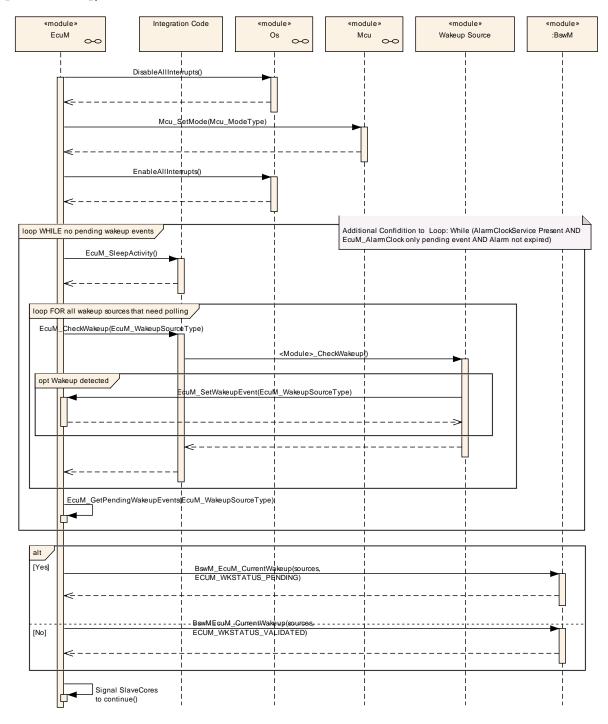


Figure 29 - Master Core Poll Sequence



[EcuM4026][

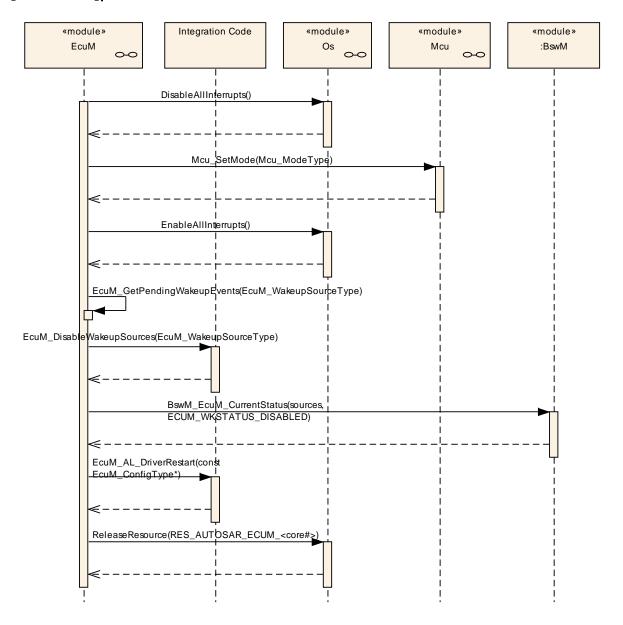


Figure 30 - Master Core WakeupRestart Sequence



7.9.7.2 Slave Core SLEEP [EcuM4027][

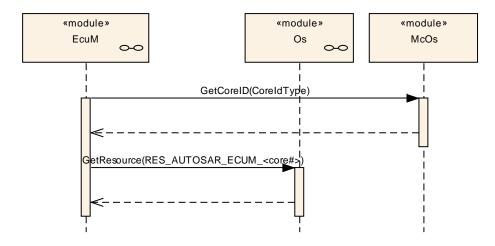


Figure 31 - Slave Core GoSleep Sequence

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[EcuM4028][

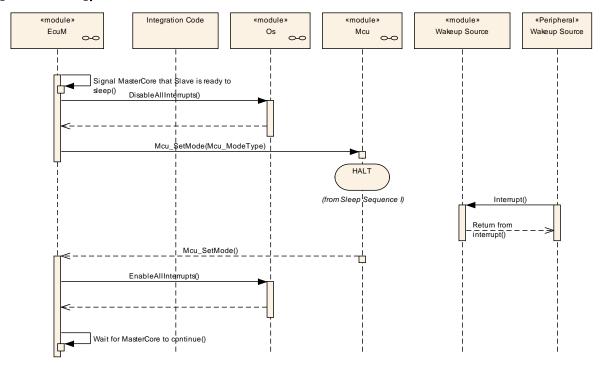


Figure 32 - Slave Core Halt Sequence



[EcuM4029][

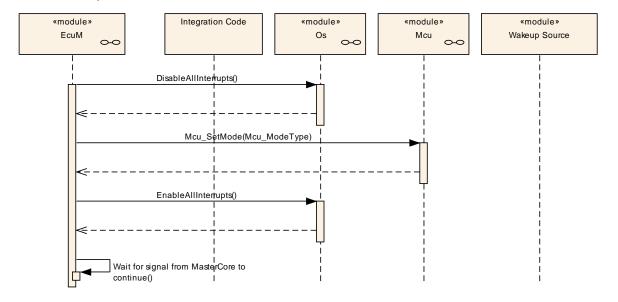


Figure 33 - Slave Core Poll Sequence

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[EcuM4030][

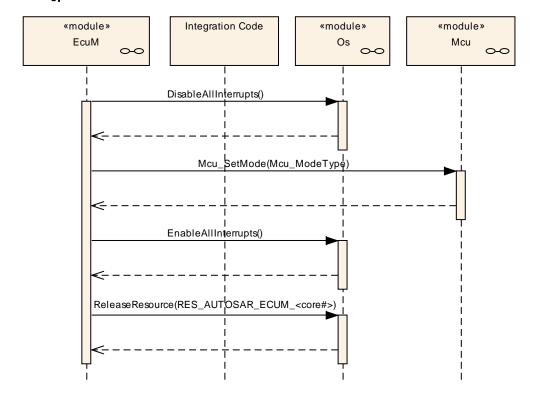


Figure 34 - Slave Core WakeupRestart Sequence



7.10 AUTOSAR Ports

Here are the Autosar Ports described.

7.10.1 Overview of the EcuM AUTOSAR Service

[EcuM2977] [The overall architecture of the ECU Manager module service shall be as depicted in Figure 35:

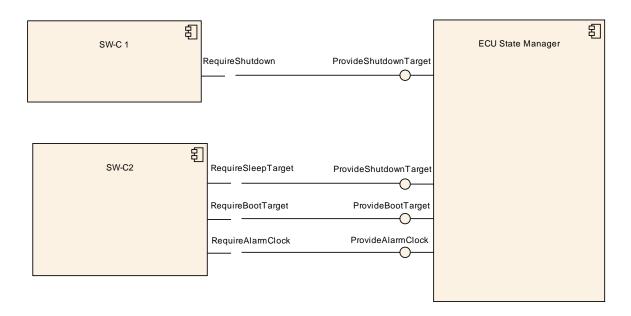


Figure 35 - ARPackage of the ECU Manager module

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In the case of a MultiCore ECU, the EcuM AUTOSAR service should only be offered on the master core – the core that contains the rest of the BSW modules.

Although the EcuM service interfaces are available on every core (see section 7.9 MultiCore for details), the EcuC allows the provided ports to be bound to the interface on a particular partition, and therefore to a particular core (see the Specification of ECU Configuration [5]) and only that port will be visible to the VFB. In the case of Multi-Core, this should be bound to the master core. SW-Cs and CDDs on the ECU that need to access EcuM Services can access the master core via the IOC as generated by the RTE.

[EcuM2763] [The ECU Manager module shall provide AUTOSAR ports to:

- Manage sleep and shutdown modalities
 - select the shutdown target (mode) and get the current and last sleep targets
 - select and get the reset modality
 - o get the time and cause of previous resets
- select and get the boot target
- set, reset and retrieve alarm clock values. ()



7.10.2 Specification of the Port Interfaces

This chapter specifies the port interfaces needed to access the ECU Manager module over the VFB. The ports implementing the Port Interfaces described in this chapter are defined in chapter 7.10.3.

7.10.2.1 Ports and Port Interface for EcuM ShutdownTarget Interface

7.10.2.1.1 General Approach

The EcuM_ShutdownTarget client-server interface allows an SW-C to select a shutdown target which will be respected during the next shutdown phase.

Note that the ECU Manager module does not offer a port interface to allow a SW-C to initiate shutdown, however.

7.10.2.1.2 Data Types

This data type represents the states of the ECU Manager module and thus includes the shutdown targets.

```
ImplementationDataType EcuM_StateType {
     0x10 -> ECUM_STATE_STARTUP
     0x11 -> ECUM STATE STARTUP ONE
     0x12 -> ECUM STATE STARTUP TWO
     0x20 -> ECUM STATE WAKEUP
     0x21 -> ECUM STATE WAKEUP ONE
     0x22 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_VALIDATION
     0x23 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_REACTION
     0x24 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_TWO
     0x25 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_WAKESLEEP
     0x26 -> ECUM STATE WAKEUP TTII
     0x30 -> ECUM STATE RUN
     0x32 -> ECUM STATE APP RUN
     0x33 -> ECUM STATE APP POST RUN
     0x40 -> ECUM_STATE_SHUTDOWN
     0x44 -> ECUM_STATE_PREP_SHUTDOWN
     0x49 -> ECUM_STATE_GO_SLEEP
     0x4d -> ECUM_STATE_GO_OFF_ONE
     0x4e -> ECUM_STATE_GO_OFF_TWO
     0x50 -> ECUM STATE SLEEP
     0x80 -> ECUM STATE OFF
     0x90 -> ECUM_STATE_RESET
};
```

This data type represents the modes of the ECU Manager module.

```
ImplementationDataType EcuM_ModeType {
    category TYPE_REFERENCE
    ImplementationDataType uint8
};
```



This data type represents the time of the ECU Manager module.

```
ImplementationDataType EcuM_TimeType {
      category TYPE_REFERENCE
      ImplementationDataType uint32
};
```

This data typre represents the cause for the shutdown of the ECU. Concrete values for implementation can be found in chapter 8.2.8.

```
ImplementationDataType EcuM_ShutdownCauseType;
```

Most states pertain to the ECU Manager Fixed and are kept for compatibility purposes. Only the shutdown targets are relvant the ECU Manager Flexible's port interface:

- ECUM STATE SLEEP
- ECUM_STATE_RESET
- ECUM STATE OFF

7.10.2.1.3 Port Interface

[EcuM3011] [The ClientServerInterface EcuM_ShutdownTarget shall look as follows ClientServerInterface EcuM_ShutdownTarget // The SW-C can select a shutdown target when it requires // this interface PossibleErrors { $E_NOT_OK = 1 /*$ The new shutdown target was not set */ // The SW-C selects a shutdown target SelectShutdownTarget(IN EcuM_StateType target, IN EcuM_ModeType mode, ERR{E NOT OK}); // The SW-C gets the currently selected shutdown target GetShutdownTarget(OUT EcuM_StateType target, OUT EcuM_ModeType mode); // The SW-C gets the shutdown target of the previous shutdown process GetLastShutdownTarget(OUT EcuM_StateType target, OUT EcuM_ModeType mode); // The SW-C selects the cause corresponding to the next shutdown // target PossibleErrors { $E_NOT_OK = 1 /*$ The new shutdown cause was not set */ SelectShutdownCause(IN EcuM_ShutdownCauseType target, ERR{E_NOT_OK}); // The SW-C gets the cause corresponding to the next shutdown target PossibleErrors { $E_NOT_OK = 1 /*$ The shutdown cause has not been set */ };



```
GetShutdownCause(OUT EcuM_ShutdownCauseType target, ERR{E_NOT_OK});

// The SW-C gets the cause data from the previous shutdown process
PossibleErrors {
    E_NOT_OK = 1 /* No shutdown causes */
    };
    GetMostRecentShutdown(OUT EcuM_StateType target, OUT EcuM_ModeType
mode, OUT
    EcuM_ShutdownCauseType cause, OUT EcuM_TimeType time, ERR{E_NOT_OK});

// The SW-C gets the cause data from the previous shutdown process
PossibleErrors {
    E_NOT_OK = 1 /* No more shutdown causes */
    };
    GetNextRecentShutdown(OUT EcuM_StateType target, OUT EcuM_ModeType
mode, OUT
    EcuM_ShutdownCauseType cause, OUT EcuM_TimeType time, ERR{E_NOT_OK});
};]()
```

[EcuM2979] [The mode parameter shall determine the specific sleep or reset mode (see EcuM132_Conf) relevant to SelectShutdownTarget, GetShutdownTarget, and GetShutdownTarget, Mode parameter is if the target parameter is equal to ECUM_STATE_SLEEP or ECUM_STATE_RESET, otherwise it shall be ignored.]()

7.10.2.2 Port Interface for EcuM_BootTarget Interface

7.10.2.2.1 General Approach

A SW-C that wants to select a boot target must require the client-server interface EcuM_BootTarget.

7.10.2.2.2 Data Types

The following data type represents the boot targets the ECU Manager module can be configured with.

```
ImplementationDataType EcuM_BootTargetType {
    0 -> ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_APP
    1 -> ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_OEM_BOOTLOADER
    2 -> ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_SYS_BOOTLOADER

    // ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_APP: The ECU will boot into the application
    // ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_OEM_BOOTLOADER: The ECU will boot into the OEM bootloader
    // ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_SYS_BOOTLOADER: The ECU will boot into the system supplier bootloader
};
```

7.10.2.2.3 Port Interface

[EcuM3012] [The ClientServerInterface EcuM BootTarget shall look as follows



```
ClientServerInterface EcuM_BootTarget
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* The new boot target was not accepted by EcuM */
      // The SW-C selects a boot target
     SelectBootTarget (IN EcuM_BootTargetType target, ERR{E_NOT_OK});
      // The SW-C gets informed of the current boot target
     GetBootTarget(OUT EcuM BootTargetType target);
};
|()
```

7.10.2.3 Port Interface for EcuM_AlarmClock Interface

7.10.2.3.1 General Approach

A SW-C that wants to select a boot target must require the client-server interface EcuM AlarmClock.

The EcuM_AlarmClock interface uses port-defined argument values to identify the user that manages its alarm clock. See [rte sws 1350] in the Specification of RTE [14] for a description of port-defined argument values.

7.10.2.3.2 Data Types

The EcuM AlarmClock service does not have any specific data types.

7.10.2.3.3 Port Interface

[EcuM3013] [The ClientServerInterface EcuM_AlarmClock shall look as follows

```
ClientServerInterface EcuM_AlarmClock
      // The SW-C selects its alarm relative to the current time
      PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
      E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      E_EARLIER_ACTIVE = 3 /* An earlier alarm is already set */
      SelectRelWakeupAlarm (IN EcuM_UserType user, IN EcuM_TimeType time,
            ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED, E_EARLIER_ACTIVE});
      // The SW-C selects its alarm to an absolute point in time
      PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
      E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      E EARLIER ACTIVE = 3 /* An earlier alarm is already set */
      E PAST = 4 /* The desired point in time has already passed */
      SelectAbsWakeupAlarm (IN EcuM UserType user, IN EcuM TimeType time,
            ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED, E_EARLIER_ACTIVE, E_PAST});
      // The SW-C cancels its alarm
      PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
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                                                 Document ID 078: AUTOSAR_SWS_ECUStateManager
```



```
E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
     E_NOT_ACTIVE = 5 /* No active alarm found */
     AbortWakeupAlarm (IN EcuM_UserType user,
           ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED, E_NOT_ACTIVE});
      // The SW-C gets the current (EcuM clock) time
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      };
     GetCurrentTime (OUT EcuM TimeType time, ERR{E NOT SUPPORTED});
      // The SW-C gets the absolute time in seconds of the next wakeup
      // (master alarm)
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
     GetWakeupTime (OUT EcuM TimeType time, ERR{E NOT SUPPORTED});
      // The SW-C sets Ecum Clock (the absolute time since battery connect)
     PossibleErrors {
      E NOT OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
      E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      E_NOT_ALLOWED = 6 /* Service is privileged (BSW only) */
      };
     SetClock (IN EcuM_TimeType time, ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED,
                E NOT ALLOWED });
};
I()
```

7.10.3 Summary of ports

7.10.3.1 Definitions of interfaces

```
ImplementationDataType EcuM_StateType {
      0x10 -> ECUM STATE STARTUP
      0x11 -> ECUM STATE STARTUP ONE
      0x12 -> ECUM STATE STARTUP TWO
      0x20 -> ECUM STATE WAKEUP
      0x21 -> ECUM STATE WAKEUP ONE
      0x22 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_VALIDATION
      0x23 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_REACTION
      0x24 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_TWO
      0x25 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_WAKESLEEP
      0x26 -> ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_TTII
      0x30 -> ECUM_STATE_RUN
      0x32 -> ECUM_STATE_APP_RUN
      0x33 -> ECUM_STATE_APP_POST_RUN
      0x40 -> ECUM_STATE_SHUTDOWN
      0x44 -> ECUM_STATE_PREP_SHUTDOWN
      0x49 -> ECUM_STATE_GO_SLEEP
      0x4d -> ECUM_STATE_GO_OFF_ONE
      0x4e -> ECUM_STATE_GO_OFF_TWO
      0x50 -> ECUM STATE SLEEP
      0x80 -> ECUM STATE OFF
      0x90 -> ECUM STATE RESET
};
```



```
{
      // The SW-C can select a shutdown target when it requires
      // this interface
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* The new shutdown target was not set */
      // The SW-C selects a shutdown target
     SelectShutdownTarget(IN EcuM_StateType target, IN EcuM_ModeType mode,
     ERR{E NOT OK});
      // The SW-C gets the currently selected shutdown target
     GetShutdownTarget(OUT EcuM StateType target, OUT EcuM ModeType mode);
      // The SW-C gets the shutdown target of the previous shutdown process
     GetLastShutdownTarget(OUT EcuM_StateType target, OUT EcuM_ModeType
mode);
      // The SW-C selects the cause corresponding to the next shutdown
      // target
     PossibleErrors {
     E NOT OK = 1 / * The new shutdown cause was not set */
      SelectShutdownCause(IN EcuM_ShutdownCauseType target,
     ERR{E_NOT_OK});
      // The SW-C gets the cause corresponding to the next shutdown target
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* The shutdown cause has not been set */
      };
     GetShutdownCause(OUT EcuM_ShutdownCauseType target, ERR{E_NOT_OK});
      // The SW-C gets the cause data from the previous shutdown process
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* No shutdown causes */
      };
     GetMostRecentShutdown(OUT EcuM_StateType target, OUT EcuM_ModeType
mode, OUT
      EcuM ShutdownCauseType cause, OUT EcuM TimeType time, ERR{E NOT OK});
      // The SW-C gets the cause data from the previous shutdown process
      PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_OK = 1 /* No more shutdown causes */
      };
      GetNextRecentShutdown(OUT EcuM StateType target, OUT EcuM ModeType
mode, OUT
      EcuM_ShutdownCauseType cause, OUT EcuM_TimeType time, ERR{E_NOT_OK});
};
ImplementationDataType EcuM_BootTargetType {
      0 -> ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_APP
      1 -> ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_OEM_BOOTLOADER
      2 -> ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_SYS_BOOTLOADER
      // OEM Bootloader, system supplier bootloader and application are
      // separate program images which in many cases even can be flashed
      // separately. The only way to get from one image to another is
      // through reset. The boot menu will branch into the one or other
      // image depending on the selected boot target
};
ClientServerInterface EcuM_BootTarget
```



```
{
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* The new boot target was not accepted by EcuM */
      // The SW-C selects a boot target
     SelectBootTarget (IN EcuM_BootTargetType target, ERR{E_NOT_OK});
      // The SW-C gets informed of the current boot target
     GetBootTarget(OUT EcuM BootTargetType target);
};
ClientServerInterface EcuM AlarmClock
{
      // The SW-C selects its alarm relative to the current time
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
     E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      E EARLIER ACTIVE = 3 /* An earlier alarm is already set */
      };
      SelectRelWakeupAlarm (IN EcuM UserType user, IN EcuM TimeType time,
            ERR { E NOT OK, E NOT SUPPORTED, E EARLIER ACTIVE } );
      // The SW-C selects its alarm to an absolute point in time
     PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
     E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
     E_EARLIER_ACTIVE = 3 /* An earlier alarm is already set */
     E_PAST = 4 /* The desired point in time has already passed */
      };
     SelectAbsWakeupAlarm (IN EcuM_UserType user, IN EcuM_TimeType time,
            ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED, E_EARLIER_ACTIVE, E_PAST});
      // The SW-C cancels its alarm
     PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
     E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
     E NOT ACTIVE = 5 /* No active alarm found */
      };
     AbortWakeupAlarm (IN EcuM UserType user,
           ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED, E_NOT_ACTIVE});
      // The SW-C gets the current (EcuM clock) time
      PossibleErrors {
      E NOT SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      };
     GetCurrentTime (OUT EcuM TimeType time, ERR{E NOT SUPPORTED});
      // The SW-C gets the absolute time in seconds of the next wakeup
      // (master alarm)
     PossibleErrors {
      E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
      };
     GetWakeupTime (OUT EcuM_TimeType time, ERR{E_NOT_SUPPORTED});
      // The SW-C sets Ecum Clock (the absolute time since battery connect)
     PossibleErrors {
     E_NOT_OK = 1 /* Service failed, e.g. a NULL pointer was passed*/
     E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2 /* Service not supported by this hardware */
     E_NOT_ALLOWED = 6 /* Service is privileged (BSW only) */
      SetClock (IN EcuM_TimeType time, ERR{E_NOT_OK, E_NOT_SUPPORTED,
```



```
E_NOT_ALLOWED});
};
```

7.10.3.2 Definition of the ECU Manager Service

This section provides guidance on the definition of the ECU Manager module Service. Note that these definitions can only be completed during ECU configuration (since certain ECU Manager module configuration parameters determine the number of ports provided by the ECU Manager module service). Also note a SW-C's implementation does not depend on these definitions.

In an AUTOSAR system, there are ports both above and below the RTE. The ECU Manager module service description defines ports provided to the RTE and the descriptions of every SW-C that uses this service must contain "service ports" which required these ECU Manager module ports from the RTE.

[EcuM3017] [The following pseudo code defines the interface of the ECU Manager Service

```
/* This is the definition of the ECU Manager module as a service. This is
the external view of the ECU Manager module, which is visible to the SW-Cs
/ ECU-integrator */
Service EcuStateManager {
    ProvidePort EcuM_ShutdownTarget shutdownTarget;
    ProvidePort EcuM_BootTarget bootTarget;

    ProvidePort EcuM_AlarmClock alarmClock
};
[()
```

7.10.4 Runnables and Entry points

7.10.4.1 Internal behavior

[EcuM3018] [The definition of the internal behavior of the ECU Manager module shall be as follows. This detailed description is only needed for the configuration of the local RTE.

```
InternalBehavior EcuStateManager {
    // Runnable entities of the EcuStateManager
    RunnableEntity SelectShutdownTarget
        symbol "EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget"
        canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
    RunnableEntity GetShutdownTarget
        symbol "EcuM_GetShutdownTarget"
        canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
    RunnableEntity GetLastShutdownTarget
        symbol "EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget"
        canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
    RunnableEntity GetMostRecentShutdown
        symbol "EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown"
        canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
```



```
RunnableEntity GetNextRecentShutdown
      symbol "EcuM_NextRecentShutdown"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity SelectShutdownCause
      symbol "EcuM_SelectShutdownCause"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity GetShutdownCause
      symbol "EcuM_GetShutdownCause"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity SelectBootTarget
      symbol "EcuM SelectBootTarget"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity GetBootTarget
      symbol "EcuM_GetBootTarget"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity SetRelWakeupAlarm
      symbol "EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity SetAbsWakeupAlarm
      symbol "EcuM SetAbsWakeupAlarm"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity AbortWakeupAlarm
      symbol "EcuM AbortWakeupAlarm"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity GetCurrentTime
      symbol "EcuM_GetCurrentTime"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity GetWakeupTime
      symbol "EcuM GetWakeupTime"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
RunnableEntity SetClock
      symbol "EcuM_SetClock"
      canbeInvokedConcurrently = TRUE
```

```
shutDownTarget.SelectShutdownTarget -> SelectShutdownTarget
shutDownTarget.GetShutdownTarget -> GetShutdownTarget
shutDownTarget.GetLastShutdownTarget -> GetLastShutdownTarget
shutDownTarget.GetMostRecentShutdown -> GetMostRecentShutdown
shutDownTarget.GetNextRecentShutdown -> GetNextRecentShutdown
shutDownTarget.SelectShutdownCause -> SelectShutdownCause
shutDownTarget.GetShutdownCause -> GetShutdownCause
bootTarget.SelectBootTarget -> SelectBootTarget
bootTarget.GetBootTarget -> GetBootTarget
alarmClock.SetRelWakeupAlarm-> SetRelWakeupAlarm
alarmClock.SetAbsWakeupAlarm -> SetAbsWakeupAlarm
alarmClock.AbortWakeupAlarm -> AbortWakeupAlarm
alarmClock.GetCurrentTime -> GetCurrentTime
alarmClock.GetWakeupTime -> GetWakeupTime
alarmClock.SetClock -> SetClock
```

} ; [()



7.11 Advanced Topics

7.11.1 Relation to Bootloader

The Bootloader is not part of AUTOSAR. Still, the application needs an interface to activate the bootloader. For this purpose, two functions are provided: EcuM_SelectBootTarget (see <u>EcuM2835</u>) and <u>EcuM2835</u>).

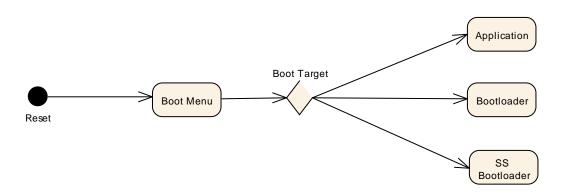


Figure 36 - Selection of Boot Targets

Bootloader, system supplier bootloader and application are separate program images, which in many cases even can be flashed separately. The only way to get from one image to another is through reset. The boot menu will branch into the one or other image depending on the selected boot target.

7.11.2 Relation to Complex Drivers

If a complex driver handles a wakeup source, it must follow the protocol for handling wakeup events specified in this document.

7.11.3 Handling Errors during Startup and Shutdown

[EcuM2980] [The ECU Manager module shall ignore all types of errors that occur during initialization, e.g. values returned by init functions]()

Initialization configuration is а issue (see EcuMDriverInitListZero (EcuM114 Conf), EcuMDriverListOne (EcuM111 Conf) and EcuMDriverRestartList (EcuM115 Conf)) and therefore cannot be standardized.

BSW modules are responsible themselves for reporting errors occurring during their initialization directly to the DEM module or the DET module, as specified in their SWSs. The ECU Manager module does not report the errors. The BSW module is



also responsible for taking any special measures to react to errors occurring during their initialization.

7.12 Error Classification

[EcuM4031] [Values for production code Event Ids are assigned externally by the configuration of the Dem. They are published in the file <code>Dem_IntErrId.h</code> and included via <code>Dem.h</code>. These values shall be different from the values of the development errors specified in Table 7.](BSW00386)

[EcuM2982] [Development error values are of type uint8.]()

[EcuM4032][

Type or error	Relevance	Related error code	Value
A service was called prior to initialization	Development	ECUM_E_UNINIT	0x10
A function was called which was disabled by configuration	Development	ECUM_E_SERVICE_DISABLED	0x11
A null pointer was passed as an argument	Development	ECUM_E_NULL_POINTER	0x12
A parameter was invalid (unspecific)	Development	ECUM_E_INVALID_PAR	0x13
A state, passed as an argument to a service, was out of range (specific parameter test)	Development	ECUM_E_STATE_PAR_OUT_OF_RANGE	0x16
An unknown wakeup source was passed as a parameter to an API	Development	ECUM_E_UNKNOWN_WAKEUP_SOURCE	0x17
The RAM check during wakeup failed (see section 7.5.2 Activities in the Halt Sequence	Production	ECUM_E_RAM_CHECK_FAILED	Assigned by the DEM
Postbuild configuration data is inconsistent (see section 7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence)	Production	ECUM_E_CONFIGURATION_DATA_INCONSISTENT	Assigned by the DEM
Defensive behavior checks have detected	Production	ECUM_E_IMPROPER_CALLER	Assigned by the DEM



improper use of the module (see section 8.3.2 Initialization and Shutdown Sequences)			
API service called with a NULL pointer. In case of this error, the API service shall return immediately without any further action, beside reporting this development error.	Developmen t	ECUM_E_PARAM_POINTER	0x03

Table 7 - Error Classification

[(BSW00327, BSW00337,BSW00338,BSW00350,BSW00385,BSW00445)

7.13 Error detection

[EcuM2759] [The ECU Manager Module shall report all errors as events. |()

[EcuM2757] [The ECU Manager shall treat all errors immediately as errors.]() [EcuM2758] [The ECU Manager shall not recover from an error.]()

[EcuM4033] [In the unrecoverable error situations defined in the first column of Table 7, the ECU Manager module shall call the EcuM_ErrorHook callout with the parameter value set to the corresponding related error code.]()

[EcuM2983] [The detection of development errors is configurable (ON / OFF) at precompile time. The switch ECUM_DEV_ERROR_DETECT (see Chapter 10) shall activate or deactivate the detection of all development errors.](BSW00338)

[EcuM2984] [If the ECUM_DEV_ERROR_DETECT switch is enabled, the ECU Manager module shall check API parameters. The detailed description of the detected errors can be found in Section 7.12 Error Classification and in Chapter 8.1(BSW00338)

[EcuM2985] [The ECU Manager module shall not switch the detection of production code errors off.]()



7.14 Error notification

[EcuM2986] [If the pre-processor switch ECUM_DEV_ERROR_DETECT is set (see chapter 10), the ECU Manager module shall report detected development errors to the Det_ReportError function of the Development Error Tracer (DET)|(BSW00369)

[EcuM2987] [The ECU Manager module shall report production errors to the Diagnostic Event Manager (DEM). When the RAM check fails on wakeup (see section 7.5.2 Activities in the Halt Sequence) the ECU Manager module shall invoke EcuM_ErrorHook with the parameter ECUM_E_RAM_CHECK_FAILED. It is left integrator's discretion to allow EcuM_ErrorHook to relay the error to the DEM when he judges that the DEM will not write damaged NVRAM blocks.](BSW00339)

7.15 Version Check

[EcuM4034] [The ECUM module shall perform Inter Module Checks to avoid integration of incompatible files.

The imported included files shall be checked by preprocessing directives

The following version numbers shall be verified:

- <MODULENAME> AR RELEASE MAJOR VERSION
- <MODULENAME> AR RELEASE MINOR VERSION

Where <MODULENAME> is the module short name of the other (external) modules which provide header files included by the ECUM module.

If the values are not identical to the expected values, an error shall be reported. J(BSW004,BSW003,BSW00318,BSW00321)

7.16 Debug Support

In order to support debugging AUTOSAR implementations must publish information which can be used for debugging purpose. As start-up and shut-down are crucial system phases, sufficient information to track the current state of the ECU Manager module needs to be provided by implementations.

[EcuM4035] [Each variable that shall be accessible by AUTOSAR Debugging shall be defined as global variable.](BSW00442)

[EcuM4036] [All type definitions of variables which shall be debugged shall be accessible by the header file EcuM.h.]()

[EcuM4037] [The declaration of variables in the header file shall be such that it is possible to calculate the size of the variables by C-"sizeof". I()



8 API specification

8.1 Imported Types

This section lists all types imported by the ECU Manager module from the corresponding AUTOSAR modules.

[EcuM2810][

Module	Imported Type
BswM	BswM_ConfigType

(BSW00301)

8.2 Type definitions

8.2.1 EcuM_ConfigType

[EcuM40381[

Name:	EcuM_ConfigType		
Туре:	Structure		
Range:		The content of this structure depends on the post-build configuration of EcuM.	
Description:		A pointer to such a structure shall be provided to the ECU State Manager initialization routine for configuration.	

1()

[EcuM2801] [The structure defined by type <code>EcuM_ConfigType</code> shall hold the post-build configuration parameters for the ECU Manager module as well as pointers to all ConfigType structures of modules that are initialized by the ECU Manager module.]()

The ECU Manager module Configuration Tool must generate the structure defined by the EcuM_ConfigType type specifically for a given set of basic software modules that comprise the ECU configuration. The set of basic software modules is derived from the corresponding EcuM parameters

[EcuM2794] [The structure defined in the <code>EcuM_ConfigType</code> type shall contain an additional post-build configuration variant identifier (uint8/uint16/uint32 depending on algorithm to compute the identifier). See also Chapter 7.3.4 Checking Configuration Consistency.]()

[EcuM2795] [The structure defined by the EcuM_ConfigType type shall contain an additional hash code that is tested against the configuration parameter EcuMConfigConsistencyHash (see EcuM102_Conf) for checking consistency of the configuration data. See also section 7.3.4 Checking Configuration Consistency.]()

For each given ECU configuration, the ECU Manager module Configuration Tool must generate an instance of this structure that is filled with the post-build configuration parameters of the ECU Manager module as well as pointers to instances of configuration structures for the modules mentioned above. The pointers are derived from the corresponding EcuM parameters.



8.2.2 EcuM_StateType

[EcuM4039][

Name:	EcuM StateType	EcuM_StateType		
Туре:	uint8			
Range:	ECUM_SUBSTATE_MASK	0x0f		
J	ECUM_STATE_STARTUP	0x10		
	ECUM_STATE_STARTUP_ONE	0x11		
	ECUM_STATE_STARTUP_TWO	0x12		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP	0x20		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_ONE	0x21		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_VALIDATION	0x22		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_REACTION	0x23		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_TWO	0x24		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_WAKESLEEP	0x25		
	ECUM_STATE_WAKEUP_TTII	0x26		
	ECUM_STATE_RUN	0x30		
	ECUM_STATE_APP_RUN	0x32		
	ECUM_STATE_APP_POST_RUN	0x33		
	ECUM_STATE_SHUTDOWN	0x40		
	ECUM_STATE_PREP_SHUTDOWN	0x44		
	ECUM_STATE_GO_SLEEP	0x49		
	ECUM_STATE_GO_OFF_ONE	0x4d		
	ECUM_STATE_GO_OFF_TWO	0x4e		
	ECUM_STATE_SLEEP	0x50		
	ECUM_STATE_OFF	0x80		
	ECUM_STATE_RESET	0×90		
Description:	ECU State Manager states.		•	

J(BSW00331)

[EcuM507] [The EcuM_StateType shall encode states and sub-states of the ECU Manager module. States shall be encoded in the high-nibble, sub-states in the low-nibble.

Hint for $\underline{\text{EcuM507}}$: The sub-state encoded in $\underline{\text{EcuM_StateType}}$ can be determined by applying a bitwise AND to the state value and $\underline{\text{ECUM_SUBSTATE_MASK}}$ (first entry in the range section, above).](BSW00335)

[EcuM2664] [The ECU Manager module shall define all states as listed in the EcuM_StateType.]()

8.2.3 EcuM_UserType

[EcuM4067][

<u> </u>	
Name:	EcuM_UserType
Type:	uint8
Description:	Unique value for each user.

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[EcuM487], [The integrator shall define a unique value for each user at system generation time. See EcuM147_Conf (BSW09122)

8.2.4 EcuM_WakeupSourceType

[EcuM4040][

Name:	EcuM_WakeupSourceType	
Туре:	uint32	
Range:	ECUM_WKSOURCE_POWER	Power cycle (bit 0)
	ECUM_WKSOURCE_RESET	Hardware reset (bit 1).
	(default)	If hardware cannot distinguish between a
		power cycle and a reset reason, then this
		shall be the default wakeup source.
	ECUM_WKSOURCE_INTERNAL_RESET	ΓInternal reset of μC (bit 2)
		The internal reset typically only resets the
		μC core but not peripherals or memory
		controllers. The exact behavior is
		hardware specific.
		This source may also indicate an
		unhandled exception.
	ECUM_WKSOURCE_INTERNAL_WDG	Reset by internal watchdog (bit 3)
	ECUM_WKSOURCE_EXTERNAL_WDG	Reset by external watchdog (bit 4), if
		detection supported by hardware
Description:	EcuM_WakeupSourceType defines a	bitfield with 5 pre-defined positions (see
	Range). The bitfield provides one bit	for each wakeup source.
	In WAKEUP, all bits cleared indicates	s that no wakeup source is known.
		s that no reason for restart or reset is known.
	In this case, ECUM_WKSOURCE_R	ESET shall be assumed.

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[EcuM2165] [Additional wakeup sources (to the pre-defined sources) shall be assigned individually to bitfield positions 5 to 31 by configuration. The bit assignment shall be done by the configuration tool.]()

[EcuM2166] [The EcuMWakeupSourceId (see <u>EcuM151_Conf</u>) field in the EcuMWakeupSource container shall define the position corresponding to that wakeup source in all instances the EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitfield.]()

8.2.5 EcuM_WakeupStateType

[EcuM4041][

[
Name:	EcuM_WakeupStatusType
Туре:	uint8
Range:	ECUM_WKSTATUS_NONE 0 No pending wakeup event was detected
	ECUM_WKSTATUS_PENDING 1 The wakeup event was detected but not yet validated
	ECUM_WKSTATUS_VALIDATED2The wakeup event is valid
	ECUM_WKSTATUS_EXPIRED 3 The wakeup event has not been validated and has
	expired therefore
	ECUM_WKSTATUS_DISABLED 4 The wakeup source is disabled and does not detect
	wakeup events.
Description:	The type describes the possible states of a wakeup source.

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NOTE: This declaration has to be changed to a mode. The name has to be changed.



8.2.6 EcuM_BootTargetType

[EcuM4042][

EcuM_BootTargetType
uint8
ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_APP 0 The ECU will boot into the application
ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_OEM_BOOTLOADER 1 The ECU will boot into the OEM bootloader
ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_SYS_BOOTLOADER 2 The ECU will boot into the system supplier bootloader
This type represents the boot targets the ECU Manager module can be configured with. The default boot target is ECUM_BOOT_TARGET_OEM_BOOTLOADER.

]()

8.2.7 EcuM_ResetType

[EcuM4044][

[
Name:	EcuM_ResetType
Туре:	uint8
Range:	ECUM_RESET_MCU 0 Microcontroller reset via Mcu_PerformReset
	ECUM_RESET_WDG 1 Watchdog reset via WdgM_PerformReset
	ECUM_RESET_IO 2 Reset by toggeling an I/O line.
Description:	This type describes the reset mechanisms supported by the ECU State Manager.
	It can be extended by configuration.

]()

8.2.8 EcuM_ShutdownCauseType

[EcuM4045][

Name:	EcuM_ShutdownCauseTy	pe
Туре:	uint8	
Range:	ECUM_CAUSE_UNKNOWN	⁰ No cause was set.
	ECUM_CAUSE_ECU_STATE	1ECU state machine entered a state for shutdown
	ECUM_CAUSE_WDGM	2Watchdog Manager detected a failure
	ECUM_CAUSE_DCM	3 Diagnostic Communication Manager requests a
		shutdown due to a service request
Description:	This type describes the cau	se for a shutdown by the ECU State Manager. It can be
	extended by configuration.	

]()

8.3 Function Definitions

This is a list of functions provided for upper layer modules.

8.3.1 General

8.3.1.1 EcuM_GetVersionInfo

[EcuM28131[

[
Service name:	EcuM_GetVersionInfo



Syntax:	void EcuM_GetVersionInfo(
	Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo		
Service ID[hex]:	0x00		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	versioninfo Pointer to where to store the version information of this module.		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Returns the version information of this module.		

(BSW00407,BSW00411)

[EcuM2728] [The function EcuM_GetVersionInfo shall return the version information of this module. The version information includes:

- Module Id
- Vendor Id
- Vendor-specific version numbers (BSW00407)](BSW00407,BSW00374,BSW00379)

[EcuM2729] [The EcuM_GetVersionInfo function shall be configurable to ON/OFFat pre compile time through the ECUM_VERSION_INFO_API configuration parameter (see EcuM149_Conf).](BSW00374,BSW00379)

[EcuM2935] [If source code for caller and callee of EcuM_GetVersionInfo is available, the ECU Manager module should realize EcuM_GetVersionInfo as a macro, defined in the module's header file.]()

8.3.2 Initialization and Shutdown Sequences

8.3.2.1 EcuM_GoDown

[EcuM4046][

Service name:	EcuM_GoDown		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GoDown(
	uint16 ca	ller	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x1f		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	caller	Module ID of the calling module. Only special modules are allowed to call this function.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
	Std_ReturnType	E_NOT_OK: The shutdown request was not accepted.	
Return value:		E_OK: This cannot occur because if the request was accepted,	
		this call will not return.	
Description:		State Manager module to perform a power off or a reset	
	depending on the	selected shutdown target.	



[EcuM4047] [If defensive behavior is enabled, the EcuM_GoDown shall check if the given CallerID is in the list of allowed CallerIDs. If the check fails, EcuM_GoDown shall report the error status ECUM_E_IMPROPER_CALLER to the DEM and return without any effect.](BSW00444)

8.3.2.2 EcuM_GoHalt

[EcuM4048][

Service name:	EcuM GoHalt		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GoHalt(void		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x20		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType E_NOT_OK: The request was not accepted, e.g. due to a wrong shutdown target.		
ncium value.	E_OK: If the call successfully returns, the ECU has left the sleep again.		
Description:	Instructs the ECU State Manager module to go into a sleep mode where the microcontroller is halted, depending on the selected shutdown target.		

8.3.2.3 EcuM_GoPoll

[EcuM4049][

LCUIVITOT3]			
Service name:	EcuM_GoPoll		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GoPoll(void		
Comica IDIbavi	0.24		
Service ID[hex]:	0x21		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType		
Notarri varac.	E_OK: If the call successfully returns, the ECU has left the sleep again.		
Description:	Instructs the ECU State Manager module to go into a polling sleep mode depending on the selected shutdown target.		
()			

8.3.2.4 **EcuM_Init**

[EcuM2811] [

Service name:	EcuM_Init
Syntax:	void EcuM_Init(
	void



Service ID[hex]:	0x01	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
	None	
	Initializes the ECU state manager and carries out the startup procedure. The	
	function will never return (it calls StartOS)	

(BSW00358,BSW00414,BSW101)

8.3.2.5 EcuM_StartupTwo

[EcuM28381 [

<u> </u>		
Service name:	EcuM_StartupTwo	
Syntax:	<pre>void EcuM_StartupTwo(</pre>	
	void	
Service ID[hex]:	0x1a	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This function implements the STARTUP II state.	

(()

[EcuM2806] [Caveats of EcuM_StartupTwo: This function must be called from a task, which is started directly as a consequence of StartOS. I.e. either the EcuM_StartupTwo function must be called from an autostart task or the EcuM_StartupTwo function must be called from a task, which is explicitly started.]()

Clarification to EcuM2806: The OS offers different mechanisms to activate a task on startup. Normally EcuM_StartupTwo would be configured as an autostart task in the default application mode.

The integrator can configure the OS to activate the EcuM_StartupTwo task by any mechanism, as long as it is started immediately after StartOS is called. The task can also be activated from within another task and this other task could be an autostart task.

Starting EcuM_StartupTwo as an autostart task is an implicit activation. The other mechanisms would be an explicit activation.

8.3.2.6 EcuM_Shutdown

[EcuM2812][

[
Service name:	EcuM_Shutdown	



Syntax:	void EcuM_Shutdown(
	void		
Service ID[hex]:	0x02		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	None		
Description:	Typically called from the shutdown hook, this function takes over execution control		
	and will carry out GO OFF II activities.		

I(BSW0036,BSW09114)

8.3.3 Shutdown Management

8.3.3.1 EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget

[EcuM2822] [

Service name:	EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget(
	EcuM_Sta	teType target,	
	uint8 mo	de	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x06		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	target	The selected shutdown target.	
Parameters (in):		The identifier of a sleep mode (if target is ECUM_STATE_SLEEP)	
, ,		or a reset mechanism (if target is ECUM_STATE_RESET) as defined by configuration.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Poturn volusi	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The new shutdown target was set	
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: The new shutdown target was not set	
Description:	EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget selects the shutdown target.		
-	EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget is part of the ECU Manager Module port inter		

[(BSW09114,BSW09128,BSW09235)

[EcuM624] [The EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget function shall set the shutdown target to the value of the mode parameter. Only the following subset of the EcuM_StateType values are valid mode parameter values:

- ECUM STATE RESET
- ECUM_STATE_SLEEP
- ECUM_STATE_OFF

If the mode parameter is not a valid value, the <code>EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget</code> function shall not change the shutdown target and if Development Error Reporting is turned on, the <code>EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget</code> function shall additionally send an <code>ECUM_E_STATE_PAR_OUT_OF_RANGE</code> error message to the DET module.](BSW09114,BSW09235)



[EcuM2185] [The parameter mode of the function <code>EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget</code> shall be the identifier of a sleep or reset mode. The mode parameter shall only be used if the target parameter equals <code>ECUM_STATE_SLEEP</code> or <code>ECUM_STATE_RESET</code>. In all other cases, it shall be ignored. Only sleep or reset modes that are defined at configuration time and are stored in the <code>EcuMCommonConfiguration</code> container (see <code>EcuM181_Conf</code>) are allowed as parameters. I(BSW09114)

[EcuM2585] [EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget shall not initiate any setup activities but only store the value for later use in the SHUTDOWN or SLEEP phase.](BSW09114)

Implementation hint: The ECU Manager module does not define any mechanism to resolve conflicts arising from requests from different sources. The shutdown target is always the last value set.

8.3.3.2 EcuM_GetShutdownTarget

[EcuM2824] [

ECUM2824]			
Service name:	EcuM_GetShutdownTarget		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetShutdownTarget(
	<pre>EcuM_StateType* shutdownTarget,</pre>		
	uint8* sleepMode		
Service ID[hex]:	0x09		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	shutdownTarget One of these values is returned:		
Return value:	Std_ReturnTypeE_OK: The service has succeeded E_NOT_OK: The service has failed, e.g. due to NULL pointer being passed		
Description:	EcuM_GetShutdownTarget returns the currently selected shutdown target as set by EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget. EcuM_GetShutdownTarget is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.		

I(BSW09128,BSW09235)

[EcuM2788] [If the pointer to the sleepMode parameter is NULL, EcuM_GetShutdownTarget shall simply ignore the sleepMode parameter. If Development Error Detection is activated, EcuM_GetShutdownTarget shall send the ECUM_E_NULL_POINTER development error to the DET module.]()



8.3.3.3 EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget

[EcuM2825] [

<u> </u>			
Service name:	EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget(
	<pre>EcuM_StateType* shutdownTarget,</pre>		
	uint8* si	leepMode	
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x08		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	sleepMode	One of these values is returned: • ECUM_STATE_SLEEP • ECUM_STATE_RESET • ECUM_STATE_OFF If the out parameter "shutdownTarget" is ECUM_STATE_SLEEP, sleepMode tells which of the configured sleep modes was actually chosen. If "shutdownTarget" is ECUM_STATE_RESET, sleepMode tells which of the configured reset modes was actually chosen.	
Return value:	,,	E_OK: The service has succeeded E_NOT_OK: The service has failed, e.g. due to NULL pointer being passed	
Description:	EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget returns the shutdown target of the previous shutdown process. EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.		

I(BSW09128,BSW09235)

[EcuM2156] [EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget shall return the ECU state from which the last wakeup or power up occurred in the shutdownTarget parameter. EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget shall always return the same value until the next shutdown.](BSW09235)

[EcuM2336] [If the call of <code>GetLastShutdownTarget()</code> passes <code>ECU_STATE_SLEEP</code> in the parameter <code>shutdownTarget()</code> in the parameter <code>sleepMode</code> it returns which of the configured sleep modes was actually chosen. If the call of <code>GetLastShutdownTarget()</code> passes <code>ECU_STATE_RESET</code> in the parameter <code>shutdownTarget()</code> in the parameter <code>sleepMode</code> it returns which of the configured reset modes was actually chosen.]()

[EcuM2337] [If the pointer to the sleepMode parameter is NULL, EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget shall simply ignore the sleepMode parameter and return the last shutdown target regardless of whether it was SLEEP or not. If Development Error Detection is activated, EcuM_GetShutdownTarget shall send the ECUM_E_NULL_POINTER development error to the DET module.]()

[EcuM2157] [EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget may return a shutdown target in a STARTUP phase that set late in a previous SHUTDOWN phase. If so, implementation specific limitations shall be clearly documented.]()



Rationale for <a>EcuM2157

The EcuM_GetLastShutdownTarget function is intended primarily for use in the ECU STARTUP or RUN states. To simplify implementation, it is acceptable if the value is set in late shutdown phase for use during the next startup.

8.3.3.4 EcuM_SelectShutdownCause

[EcuM4050][

[EGGINI-1000]			
Service name:	EcuM_SelectShutdownCause		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_SelectShutdownCause(
	EcuM_ShutdownCauseType target		
Service ID[hex]:	0x1b		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	target The selected shutdown cause.		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	Std_ReturnType		
	E_NOT_OK: The new shutdown cause was not set		
Description:	EcuM_SelectShutdownCause elects the cause for a shutdown. EcuM_SelectShutdownCause is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.		

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8.3.3.5 EcuM_GetShutdownCause

[EcuM4051][

Service name:	EcuM_GetShutdownCause		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetShutdownCause(
	EcuM_ShutdownCauseType* shutdownCause		
Service ID[hex]:	0x1c		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	shutdownCause The selected cause of the next shutdown.		
	Std_ReturnType E_OK: The service has succeeded		
Return value:	E_NOT_OK: The service has failed, e.g. due to NULL pointer		
	being passed		
Description:	EcuM_GetShutdownCause returns the selected shutdown cause as set by		
-	EcuM_SelectShutdownCause.		
	EcuM_GetShutdownCause is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface		
()	•		
V			

8.3.3.6 EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown

[EcuM4052][

[]			
Service name:	EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown(
Syntax:			
	<pre>EcuM_StateType* target,</pre>		
	uint8* mode,		
	<pre>EcuM_ShutdownCauseType* cause,</pre>		



uint32*	time		
)			
0x1d			
Synchronous			
Reentrant			
None			
None			
target	One of these values is returned:		
	• ECUM_STATE_SLEEP		
	• ECUM_STATE_RESET		
	• ECUM_STATE_OFF		
mode	This parameter tells which of the configured sleep modes (target		
	is ECUM_STATE_SLEEP) or which of the reset mechanisms		
	(target is ECUM_STATE_RESET) was actually chosen.		
cause	The selected shutdown cause		
time	Absolute time of the shutdown if supported by hardware.		
Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The service has succeeded		
	E_NOT_OK: The service has failed, e.g. due to NULL pointer		
	being passed, or no information is available		
EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown returns information about the most recent			
shutdown operation. EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown is part of the ECU Manager Module port			
) 0x1d Synchronous Reentrant None None target mode cause time Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetMostl shutdown opera EcuM_GetMostl		

]()

8.3.3.7 EcuM_GetNextRecentShutdown

[EcuM4053][

Service name:	EcuM_GetNextRecentShutdown				
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetNextRecentShutdown(
	<pre>EcuM_StateType* target,</pre>				
	uint8* mode,				
	<pre>EcuM_ShutdownCauseType* cause,</pre>				
	uint32* time				
)				
Service ID[hex]:	0x1e				
Sync/Async:	Synchronous				
Reentrancy:	Reentrant				
Parameters (in):	None				
Parameters	None				
(inout):					
	target	One of these values is returned:			
		• ECUM_STATE_SLEEP			
		• ECUM_STATE_RESET			
		• ECUM_STATE_OFF			
Parameters (out):	mode	This parameter tells which of the configured sleep modes (target			
		is ECUM_STATE_SLEEP) or which of the reset mechanisms			
		(target is ECUM_STATE_RESET) was actually chosen.			
	cause	The selected shutdown cause			
	time	Absolute time of the shutdown if supported by hardware.			
		E_OK: The service has succeeded			
Return value:		E_NOT_OK: The service has failed, e.g. due to NULL pointer			
		being passed, or no information is available			
Description:	EcuM_GetNextRecentShutdown returns information about the next recent				
	shutdown operation. All stored shutdown information can be read by first ca				
	EcuM_GetMostRecentShutdown and then looping over				
	EcuM_GetNextRecentShutdown until an error is returned.				



	EcuM_GetNextRecentShutdown is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.
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8.3.4 Wakeup Handling

8.3.4.1 EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents

[EcuM2827][

<u> </u>			
Service name:	EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents		
Syntax:	EcuM_WakeupSourceType EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents(
	void		
Service ID[hex]:	0x0d		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non-Reentrant, Non-Interruptible		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	EcuM_WakeupSourceType All wakeup events		
Description:	Gets pending wakeup events.		
(50)1100100			

I(BSW09126)

[EcuM1156] [EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents shall return wakeup events which have been set to pending but not yet validated as bits set in a EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask.]()

[EcuM2172] [EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents shall be callable from interrupt context, from OS context and an OS-free context.]()

[EcuM3003] [Caveat of EcuM_GetPendingWakeupEvents: This function only returns the wakeup events with status ECUM_WKSTATUS_PENDING.|()

8.3.4.2 EcuM_ClearWakeupEvent

[EcuM2828] [

Service name:	EcuM_ClearWakeupEvent			
Syntax:	void EcuM_ClearWakeupEvent(
	EcuM_WakeupSou	EcuM_WakeupSourceType sources		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x16			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Non-Reentrant, Non-Inte	Non-Reentrant, Non-Interruptible		
Parameters (in):	sources	Events to be cleared		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
Return value:	None			
Description:	Clears wakeup events.			

I(BSW09126)



[EcuM2683] [EcuM_ClearWakeupEvent clears (NAND-operation) all pending events passed as a bit set in the sources in parameter (EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask) from the internal pending wakeup events variable, the internal validated events variable and the internal expired events variable (see section 7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States).|()

[EcuM2807] [EcuM_ClearWakeupEvent shall be callable from interrupt context, from OS context and an OS-free context.]()

8.3.4.3 EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents

[EcuM2830][

[
Service name:	EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents		
Syntax:	EcuM_WakeupSourceType EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents(
	void		
Service ID[hex]:	0x15		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non-Reentrant, Non-Interruptible		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
Return value:	EcuM_WakeupSourceType All wakeup events		
Description:	Gets validated wakeup events.		

J(BSW09126)

[EcuM2533] [EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents shall return wakeup events which have been set to validated in the internal validated events variable (see section 7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States) as bits set in a EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask.J()

[EcuM2532] [EcuM_GetValidatedWakeupEvents shall be callable from interrupt context, from OS context and an OS-free context.]()

8.3.4.4 EcuM_GetExpiredWakeupEvents

[EcuM2831][

Service name:	EcuM_GetExpiredWakeupEvents		
Syntax:	<pre>EcuM_WakeupSourceType EcuM_GetExpiredWakeupEvents(</pre>		
	void		
Service ID[hex]:	0x19		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Non-Reentrant, Non-Interruptible		
Parameters (in):	None		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		
	EcuM_WakeupSourceTypeAll wakeup events: Returns all events that have been		
Return value:	set and for which validation has failed. Events which		
	do not need validation must never be reported by this		



	function.	
Description:	Gets expired wakeup events.	

I(BSW09126)

[EcuM4076] [EcuM_GetExpiredWakeupEvents shall return wakeup events which have been set to validated in the internal expired events variable (see section 7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States) as bits set in a EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask. I()

[EcuM2589] [EcuM_GetExpiredWakeupEvents shall be callable from interrupt context, from OS context and an OS-free context.]()

8.3.5 Alarm Clock

8.3.5.1 EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm

[EcuM4054][

[LCUIVI4034]				
Service name:	EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm			
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm(
	EcuM_UserType user,			
	uint32 t	ime		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x22			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous			
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Paramatara (in)	user	The user that wants to set the wakeup alarm.		
Parameters (in):	time	Relative time from now in seconds.		
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	None			
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The service has succeeded		
		E_NOT_OK: The service failed		
Return value:		E_NOT_SUPPORTED: The service is not supported by this		
		hardware		
		E_EARLIER_ACTIVE: An earlier alarm is already set		
Description:	EcuM_SetRelWa	akeupAlarm sets a user's wakeup alarm relative to the current		
	point in time.	point in time.		
	EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.			
(DOM/OOAOC DO)	1100100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

I(BSW09186,BSW09190)

[EcuM4055] [If the relative time from now is earlier than the current wakeup time, EcuM SetRelWakeupAlarm shall update the wakeup time.](BSW09186)

[EcuM4056] [If the relative time from now is later than the current wakeup time, EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm shall not update the wakeup time and shall return E_EARLIER_ACTIVE.](BSW09186)

8.3.5.2 EcuM_SetAbsWakeupAlarm

[EcuM4057][

[===1]		
Service name:	EcuM_SetAbsWakeupAlarm	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_SetAbsWakeupAlarm(



	EcuM_UserType user,		
	uint32 time		
)		
Service ID[hex]:	0x23		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
	user	The user that wants to set the wakeup alarm.	
Parameters (in):	time	Absolute time in seconds. Note that, absolute alarms use	
		knowledge of the current time.	
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
	None		
Std_ReturnTypeE_OK: The service has succeeded			
		E_NOT_OK: The service failed	
Return value:		E_NOT_SUPPORTED: The service is not supported by this	
rtotarri varao.		hardware	
		E_EARLIER_ACTIVE: An earlier alarm is already set	
		E_PAST: The given point in time has already passed	
Description:	EcuM_SetAbsWakeupAlarm sets the user's wakeup alarm to an absolute point in		
	time.		
	EcuM_SetAbsW	akeupAlarm is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.	

(BSW09186,BSW09199)

[EcuM4058] [If the time parameter earlier than the current wakeup time, EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm shall update the wakeup time.](BSW09186)

[EcuM4059] [If the time parameter is later than the current wakeup time, $EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm$ shall not update the wakeup time and shall return $E_EARLIER_ACTIVE.]$ (BSW09186)

[EcuM4060] [If the time parameter is earlier than now, EcuM_SetRelWakeupAlarm shall not update the wakeup time and shall return E_PAST.|(BSW09186)

[EcuM3019] [E_EARLIER_ACTIVE and E_NOT_SUPPORTED shall be of type Std_ReturnType and represent the following values

- E_NOT_SUPPORTED = 2
- E_EARLIER_ACTIVE = 3

1()

8.3.5.3 EcuM_AbortWakeupAlarm

[EcuM4061][

Service name:	EcuM_AbortWakeupAlarm		
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType		
	EcuM_UserType user		
Service ID[hex]:	0x24		
Sync/Async:	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant		
Parameters (in):	user The user that wants to cancel the wakeup alarm.		
Parameters	None		
(inout):			
Parameters (out):	None		



	Std_ReturnTypeE_OK: The service has succeeded	
	E_NOT_OK: The service failed	
Return value:	E_NOT_SUPPORTED: The service is not supported by this	
	hardware	
	E_NOT_ACTIVE: No owned alarm found	
Description:	Ecum_AbortWakeupAlarm aborts the wakeup alarm previously set by this user.	
-	EcuM_AbortWakeupAlarm is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.	
1/\		

]()

8.3.5.4 EcuM_GetCurrentTime

[EcuM4062][

[ECGIVITOUZ]				
Service name:	EcuM_GetCurrentTime			
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_GetCurrentTime(
	uint32* ti	uint32* time		
)			
Service ID[hex]:	0x25			
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	Synchronous		
Reentrancy:	Reentrant			
Parameters (in):	None			
Parameters	None			
(inout):				
Parameters (out):	time	Absolute time in seconds since battery connect.		
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The service has succeeded		
Return value:		E_NOT_SUPPORTED: The service is not supported by this		
		hardware		
Description:	EcuM_GetCurrentTime returns the current value of the EcuM clock (i.e. the time			
	since battery connect).			
	EcuM_GetCurrentTime is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.			
()				

]()

8.3.5.5 EcuM_GetWakeupTime

[EcuM4063][

Service name:	EcuM_GetWakeup	Time
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType	e EcuM_GetWakeupTime(
	uint32* ti	me
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x26	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	time	Absolute time in seconds for next wakeup. 0xFFFFFFF means no active alarm.
	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The service has succeeded
Return value:		E_NOT_SUPPORTED: The service is not supported by this hardware
Description:	EcuM_GetWakeupTime returns the current value of the master alarm clock (the	
	minimum absolute time of all user alarm clocks).	
	EcuM_GetWakeup	Time is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.
/\	·	

]()

8.3.5.6 EcuM_SetClock



[EcuM4064][

EcuM_SetClock	
Std_ReturnType EcuM_SetClock(
EcuM_UserTyp	pe user,
uint32 time	
)	
0x27	
Synchronous	
Reentrant	
user	User that wants to set the clock
time	Absolute time in seconds since battery connect.
None	
None	
Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The service has succeeded
	E_NOT_OK: The service failed
	E_NOT_SUPPORTED: The service is not supported by this
	hardware
	E_NOT_ALLOWED: This service is is privileged (BSW only)
EcuM_SetClock sets the EcuM clock time to the provided value. This API is useful	
for testing the alarm s	services; Alarms that take days to expire can be tested.
EcuM_SetClock is pa	ort of the ECU Manager Module port interface.
	Std_ReturnType F

(BSW09194)

8.3.6 Miscellaneous

8.3.6.1 EcuM_SelectBootTarget

[EcuM2835][

Service name:	EcuM_SelectBootTarget
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType EcuM_SelectBootTarget(
	EcuM_BootTargetType target
Service ID[hex]:	0x12
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant
Parameters (in):	target The selected boot target.
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	Std_ReturnType E_OK: The new boot target was accepted by EcuM
	E_NOT_OK: The new boot target was not accepted by EcuM
Description:	EcuM_SelectBootTarget selects a boot target.
	EcuM_SelectBootTarget is part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.

]()

[EcuM2247] [The service EcuM_SelectBootTarget shall store the selected target in a way that is compatible with the boot loader.]()

Explanation for <a><u>EcuM2247</u>: This may mean format AND location. The implementer must ensure that the boot target information is placed at a safe location which then can be evaluated by the boot manager after a reset.



[EcuM3000] [Caveat for the function EcuM_SelectBootTarget: This service may depend on the boot loader used. This service is only intended for use by SW-C's related to diagnostics (boot management).]()

8.3.6.2 EcuM_GetBootTarget

[EcuM2836][

<u>[====]</u>		
Service name:	EcuM_GetBootTarget	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType Ecul	<pre>I_GetBootTarget(</pre>
	EcuM_BootTarget	Type * target
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x13	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	target	The currently selected boot target.
Return value:	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The service always succeeds.
Description:	EcuM_GetBootTarget ret	urns the current boot target - see
	EcuM_SelectBootTarget.	
	EcuM_GetBootTarget is p	part of the ECU Manager Module port interface.

I(BSW172)

8.4 Scheduled Functions

These functions are directly called by Basic Software Scheduler. The following functions shall have no return value and no parameter. All functions shall be non reentrant.

8.4.1 EcuM_MainFunction

[EcuM2837][

Service name:	EcuM_MainFunction
Syntax:	void EcuM_MainFunction(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x18
Timing:	VARIABLE_CYCLIC
Description:	The purpose of this service is to implement all activities of the ECU State Manager
-	while the OS is up and running.

I(BSW00425,BSW00373,BSW00376)

EcuM_MainFunction should be called on a periodic basis from an appropriate BSW task (i.e. a task under control of the BSW scheduler).

To determine the period, the system designer should consider:

• The function will perform wakeup validation (see 7.8 Wakeup Validation Protocol). The shortest validation timeout typically should limit the period.



• As a rule of thumb, the period of this function should be approximately half as long as the shortest validation timeout.

EcuM_MainFunction should not be called from tasks that may invoke runnable entities.

Terms and definitions:

Fixed cyclic:

Fixed cyclic means that one cycle time is defined at configuration and shall not be changed because functionality is requiring that fixed timing (e.g. filters).

Variable cyclic:

Variable cyclic means that the cycle times are defined at configuration, but might be mode dependent and therefore vary during runtime.

On pre condition:

On pre condition means that no cycle time can be defined. The function will be called when conditions are fulfilled. Alternatively, the function may be called cyclically however the cycle time will be assigned dynamically during runtime by other modules.



8.5 Callback Definitions

8.5.1 Callbacks from Wakeup Sources

8.5.1.1 EcuM_CheckWakeup

See 8.6.4.4 EcuM_CheckWakeup (<u>EcuM2929</u>) for a description of the EcuM_CheckWakeup function.

This service EcuM_CheckWakeup is a Callout of the ECU Manager module as well as a Callback that wakeup sources invoke when they process wakeup interrupts.

8.5.1.2 EcuM_SetWakeupEvent

[EcuM2826[:

Service name:	EcuM_SetWakeupEvent	
Syntax:	<pre>void EcuM_SetWakeupEvent(</pre>	
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType sou	rces
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x0c	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non-Reentrant, Non-Interruptible	
Parameters (in):	sources	Value to be set
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	Sets the wakeup event.	

I(BSW00359,BSW00360,BSW00440,BSW09098)

[EcuM1117] [EcuM_SetWakeupEvent sets (OR-operation) all events passed as a bit set in the sources in parameter (EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask) in the internal pending wakeup events variable (see section 7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States).|()

[EcuM2707] [EcuM_SetWakeupEvent shall start the wakeup validation timeout timer according to section 7.6.4.3 Wakeup Validation Timeout.|()

[EcuM2867] [If Development Error Reporting is turned on and parameter "sources" contains an unknown (unconfigured) wakeup source, EcuM_SetWakeupEvent shall not update its internal variable and shall send the ECUM_E_UNKNOWN_WAKEUP_SOURCE error message to the DET module instead.]()

[EcuM2171] [EcuM_SetWakeupEvent must be callable from interrupt context, from OS context and an OS-free context.](BSW00333)



8.5.1.3 EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent

[EcuM2829][

Service name:	EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent
Syntax:	<pre>void EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent(</pre>
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType sources
Service ID[hex]:	0x14
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Reentrant
Parameters (in):	sources Events that have been validated
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	After wakeup, the ECU State Manager will stop the process during the WAKEUP
	VALIDATION state/sequence to wait for validation of the wakeup event. This API
	service is used to indicate to the ECU Manager module that the wakeup events
	indicated in the sources parameter have been validated.

I(BSW00359,BSW00360,BSW00440)

[EcuM4078] [EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent sets (OR-operation) all events passed as a bit set in the sources in parameter (EcuM_WakeupSourceType bitmask) in the internal validated wakeup events variable (see section 7.6.3 Internal Representation of Wakeup States).]()

[EcuM4079] [EcuMValidateWakeupEvent shall invoke BswM_EcuM_CurrentWakeup with its sources parameter and state value ECUM_WKSTATUS_VALIDATED.]()

[EcuM2645] [EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent shall invoke ComM_EcuM_WakeUpIndication for each wakeup event if the EcuMComMChannelRef parameter (see EcuM101_Conf) in the EcuMGeneral configuration container for the corresponding wakeup source is configured. I()

[EcuM2868] [If Development Error Reporting is turned on and the sources parameter contains an unknown (unconfigured) wakeup source, EcuM ValidateWakeupEvent shall ignore the call and send the ECUM E UNKNOWN WAKEUP SOURCE error message to the DET module. |()

[EcuM2345] [EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent shall be callable from interrupt context, from OS context, and an OS-free context.](BSW00333)

[EcuM2790] [EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent shall return without effect for all sources except communication channels when called while the ECU Manager module is in the UP Phase (see section 7.1.2 UP Phase).|()

[EcuM2791] [EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent shall have full effect in any ECU Phase for those sources that correspond to a communication channel (see <u>EcuM2645</u>),.]()



8.6 Callout Definitions

Callouts are code fragments that must be added to the ECU Manager module during ECU integration. The content of most callouts is hand-written code. The ECU Manager module configuration tool generates a default implementation for some callouts which is edited manually by the integrator. Conceptually, these callouts belong to the ECU integration code.

Since callouts are not ECU Manager module functions they do not have an assigned Service ID.

8.6.1 Generic Callouts

8.6.1.1 EcuM_ErrorHook

[EcuM2904] [

<u></u>	
Service name:	EcuM_ErrorHook
Syntax:	void EcuM_ErrorHook(
	Std_ReturnType reason
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	reason Reason for calling the error hook
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	The ECU State Manager will call the error hook if the error codes
	"ECUM_E_RAM_CHECK_FAILED" or
	"ECUM_E_CONFIGURATION_DATA_INCONSISTENT" occur. In this situation it
	is not possible to continue processing and the ECU must be
	stopped. The integrator may choose the modality how the ECU is stopped, i.e.
	reset, halt, restart, safe state etc.
	4

1()

The ECU Manager module can invoke EcuM ErrorHook: in all phases

Class of EcuM_ErrorHook: Mandatory

EcuM_ErrorHook is integration code and the integrator is free to define additional individual error codes to be passed as the reason parameter. These codes shall not conflict with the development and production error codes as defined in Table 1 and Table 7 nor with the standard error codes, i.e. E_OK, E_NOT_OK, etc.

8.6.2 Callouts from the STARTUP Phase



8.6.2.1 EcuM_AL_SetProgrammableInterrupts

[EcuM4085][

Service name:	EcuM_AL_SetProgrammableInterrupts
Syntax:	void EcuM_AL_SetProgrammableInterrupts(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	EcuM_AL_SetProgrammableInterrupts shall set the interrupts on ECUs with
	programmable interrupts.

|()

8.6.2.2 EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero

[EcuM2905] [

[<u></u>	
Service name:	EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero
Syntax:	void EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This callout shall provide driver initialization and other hardware-related startup
	activities for loading the post-build configuration data. Beware: Here only pre-
	compile and link-time configurable modules may be used.
·	

<u>J()</u>

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero early in the PreOS Sequence (see section 7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence)

The ECU Manager module configuration tool must generate a default implementation of the EcuM_AL_DriverInitZero callout (EcuM2905) from the sequence of modules defined in the EcuMDriverInitListZero configuration container (see EcuM114_Conf). See also EcuM2559 and EcuM2730.

8.6.2.3 EcuM_DeterminePbConfiguration

[EcuM2906] [

Service name:	EcuM_DeterminePbConfiguration
Syntax:	EcuM_ConfigType* EcuM_DeterminePbConfiguration(



	void	
)	
Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	None	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
	EcuM_ConfigType*	Pointer to the EcuM post-build configuration which
Return value:		contains pointers to all other BSW module post-build
		configurations.
Description:		uate some condition, like port pin or NVRAM value, to
		uild configuration shall be used in the remainder of the
		load this configuration data into a piece of memory that is
		modules and shall return a pointer to the EcuM post-build
	configuration as a base	for all BSW module post-build configrations.

(()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_DeterminePbConfiguration early in the PreOS Sequence (see section 7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence)

Content is written manually.

8.6.2.4 EcuM AL DriverInitOne

[EcuM2907] [

[_Cam_cor_]	
Service name:	EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne
Syntax:	void EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne(
	const EcuM_ConfigType* ConfigPtr
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	ConfigPtrPointer to the EcuM post-build configuration which contains pointers to all other BSW module post-build configurations.
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This callout shall provide driver initialization and other hardware-related startup
	activities in case of a power on reset.

]()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne in the PreOS Sequence (see section 7.3.2 Activities in StartPreOS Sequence)

The ECU Manager module configuration tool must generate a default implementation of the EcuM_AL_DriverInitOne callout from the sequence of modules defined in the EcuMDriverInitListOne configuration container (see EcuM111_Conf). See also EcuM2559 and EcuM2730.



Besides driver initialization, the following initialization sequences should be considered in this block: MCU initialization according to AUTOSAR_SWS_Mcu_Driver chapter 9.1.

8.6.3 Callouts from the SHUTDOWN Phase

8.6.3.1 EcuM_OnGoOffOne

[EcuM2916] [

1 ₀ .	E 11 0 0 000
Service name:	EcuM_OnGoOffOne
Syntax:	void EcuM_OnGoOffOne(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This call allows the system designer to notify that the GO OFF I state is about to
	be entered.

]()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_OnGoOffOne on entry to the OffPreOS Sequence (see section 7.4.1 Activities in the OffPreOS Sequence).

8.6.3.2 EcuM_OnGoOffTwo

[EcuM2917] [

Service name:	EcuM OnGoOffTwo
Syntax:	void EcuM_OnGoOffTwo(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This call allows the system designer to notify that the GO OFF II state is about to
	be entered.

]()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_OnGoOffTwo on entry to the OffPostOS Sequence (see section 7.4.2 Activities in the OffPostOS Sequence).



8.6.3.3 EcuM AL SwitchOff

[EcuM2920] [

Service name:	EcuM_AL_SwitchOff
Syntax:	void EcuM_AL_SwitchOff(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This callout shall take the code for shutting off the power supply of the ECU. If the ECU cannot unpower itself, a reset may be an adequate reaction.

J()
The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_AL_SwitchOff as the last activity in the OffPostOS Sequence (see section 7.4.2 Activities in the OffPostOS Sequence).

Note: In some cases of HW/SW concurrency, it may happen that during the power down in EcuM_AL_SwitchOff (endless loop) some hardware (e.g. a CAN transceiver) switches on the ECU again. In this case the ECU may be in a deadlock until the hardware watchdog resets the ECU. To reduce the time until the hardware watchdog fixes this deadlock, the integrator code in EcuM_AL_SwitchOff as last action can limit the endless loop and after a sufficient long time reset the ECU using Mcu_PerformReset().

8.6.3.4 EcuM_AL_Reset

[EcuM4065][

Service name:	EcuM_AL_Reset
Syntax:	void EcuM_AL_Reset(
	<pre>EcuM_ResetType reset</pre>
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	reset Type of reset to be performed.
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This callout shall take the code for resetting the ECU.

]()

8.6.4 Callouts from the SLEEP Phase

8.6.4.1 EcuM_EnableWakeupSources



[EcuM2918] [

Service name:	EcuM_EnableWakeupSources
Syntax:	void EcuM_EnableWakeupSources(
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType wakeupSource
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	wakeupSource
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	The ECU Manager Module calls EcuM_EnableWakeupSource to allow the system
	designer to notify wakeup sources defined in the wakeupSource bitfield that
	SLEEP will be entered and to adjust their source accordingly.

]()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_EnableWakeupSources in the GoSleep Sequence (see section 7.5.1 Activities in the GoSleep Sequence)

[EcuM2546] [The ECU Manager module shall derive the wakeup sources to be enabled (and used as the wakeupSource parameter) from the EcuMWakeupSource (see ECUM152 Conf) bitfield configured for the current sleep mode.]()

8.6.4.2 EcuM GenerateRamHash

[EcuM2919] [

Service name:	EcuM_GenerateRamHash
Syntax:	void EcuM_GenerateRamHash(
	void
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	see EcuM_CheckRamHash

(()

IThe ECU Manager module invokes <code>EcuM_GenerateRamHash</code>: in the Halt Sequence just before putting the ECU physically to sleep (see section 7.5.2 Activities in the Halt Sequence).

8.6.4.3 EcuM_SleepActivity

[EcuM2928] [

Service name:	EcuM_SleepActivity
Syntax:	void EcuM_SleepActivity(
	void



Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This callout is invoked periodically in all reduced clock sleep modes. It is explicitely allowed to poll wakeup sources from this callout and to call wakeup notification functions to indicate the end of the sleep state to the ECU State Manager.

(()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_SleepActivity periodically during the Poll Sequence (see section 7.5.3 Activities in the Poll Sequence) if the MCU is not halted (i.e. clock is reduced).

Note: If called from the Poll sequence the EcuMcalls this callout functions in a blocking loop at maximum frequency. The callout implementation must ensure by other means if callout code shall be executed with a lower period. The integrator may choose any method to control this, e.g. with the help of OS counters, OS alarms, or Gpt timers.

8.6.4.4 EcuM_CheckWakeup

[EcuM2929] [

<u> </u>	
Service name:	EcuM_CheckWakeup
Syntax:	void EcuM_CheckWakeup(
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType wakeupSource
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	wakeupSource
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	None
Description:	This callout is called by the EcuM to poll a wakeup source. It shall also be called
	by the ISR of a wakeup source to set up the PLL and check other wakeup sources
	that may be connected to the same interrupt.

1()

The ECU Manager module invokes EcuM_CheckWakeup periodically during the Poll Sequence (see section 7.5.3 Activities in the Poll Sequence) if the MCU is not halted, or when handling a wakeup interrupt.

Note: If called from the Poll sequence the EcuMcalls this callout functions in a blocking loop at maximum frequency. The callout implementation must ensure by other means if callout code shall be executed with a lower period. The integrator may choose any method to control this, e.g. with the help of OS counters, OS alarms, or Gpt timers.



[EcuM4080] [The ECU Manager module shall derive the wakeup sources to be checked (and used as the wakeupSource parameter) from the EcuMWakeupSource (see ECUM152 Conf) bitfield configured for the current sleep mode. The integration code used for this callout must determine which wakeup sources must be checked.]()

8.6.4.5 EcuM_CheckRamHash

[EcuM2921] [

[EcuM2921]	
Service name:	EcuM_CheckRamHash
Syntax:	uint8 EcuM_CheckRamHash(
	void
)
Service ID[hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in):	None
Parameters	None
(inout):	
Parameters (out):	None
Return value:	uint8 0: RAM integrity test failed
	else: RAM integrity test passed
Description:	This callout is intended to provide a RAM integrity test. The goal of this test is to
	ensure that after a long SLEEP duration, RAM contents is still consistent. The
	check does not need to be exhaustive since this would consume quite some
	processing time during wakeups. A well designed check will execute quickly and
	detect RAM integrity defects with a sufficient probability.
	This specification does not make any assumption about the algorithm chosen for a
	particular ECU.
	The areas of RAM which will be checked have to be chosen carefully. It depends
	on the check algorithm itself and the task structure. Stack contents of the task
	executing the RAM check e.g. very likely cannot be checked. It is good practice to
	have the hash generation and checking in the same task and that this task is not
	preemptible and that there is only little activity between hash generation and hash
	check.
	The RAM check itself is provided by the system designer.
	In case of applied multi core and existence of Satellite-EcuM(s): this API will be
	called by the Master-EcuM only.
I/\	

]()

The ECU Manager module invokes $EcuM_CheckRamHash$ early in the WakeupRestart Sequence (see section 7.5.5 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence)

8.6.4.6 EcuM_DisableWakeupSources

[EcuM2922] [

Service name:	EcuM_DisableWakeupSources	
Syntax:	void EcuM_DisableWakeupSources(
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType wakeupSource	
Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	



Parameters (in):	wakeupSource	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
•	The ECU Manager Module calls EcuM_DisableWakeupSources to set the wakeup source(s) defined in the wakeupSource bitfield so that they are not able to wake the ECU up.	

10

The ECU Manager module invokes <code>EcuM_DisableWakeupSources</code> in the WakeupRestart Sequence (see section 7.5.5 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence)

[EcuM4084] [The ECU Manager module shall derive the wakeup sources to be checked (and used as the wakeupSource parameter) from the internal pending events variable (NOT operation). The integration code used for this callout must determine which wakeup sources must be checked.]()

8.6.4.7 EcuM_AL_DriverRestart

[EcuM2923] [

Service name:	EcuM_AL_DriverRestart	
Syntax:	void EcuM_AL_DriverRestart(
	const EcuM_ConfigType* ConfigPtr	
Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	ConfigPtrPointer to the EcuM post-build configuration which contains pointers to all other BSW module post-build configurations.	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This callout shall provide driver initialization and other hardware-related startup activities in the wakeup case.	

]()

The ECU Manager module invokes <code>EcuM_EcuM_AL_DriverRestart</code> in the WakeupRestart Sequence (see section 7.5.5 Activities in the WakeupRestart Sequence)

The ECU Manager module Configuration Tool shall generate a default implementation of the EcuM_AL_DriverRestart callout from the sequence of modules defined in the EcuMDriverRestartList configuration container (see EcuM2561, EcuM2569, and EcuM2730.

8.6.5 Callouts from the UP Phase

8.6.5.1 EcuM_StartWakeupSources



[EcuM2924] [

Service name:	EcuM_StartWakeupSources	
Syntax:	void EcuM_StartWakeupSources(
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType wakeupSource	
Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	wakeupSource	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The callout shall start the given wakeup source(s) so that they are ready to perform wakeup validation.	

]()

The EcuM Manager module invokes EcuM_StartWakeupSources in the WakeupValidation Sequence (see section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence).

8.6.5.2 EcuM_CheckValidation

[EcuM2925] [

Service name:	EcuM_CheckValidation	
Syntax:	void EcuM_CheckValidation(
	EcuM_WakeupSourceType wakeupSource	
Service ID[hex]:	0x00	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	wakeupSource	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	This callout is called by the EcuM to validate a wakeup source. If a valid wakeup	
	has been detected, it shall be reported to EcuM via	
	EcuM_ValidateWakeupEvent().	
Λ		

]()

The EcuM Manager module invokes EcuM_CheckValidation in the WakeupValidation Sequence (see section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence).

8.6.5.3 EcuM_StopWakeupSources

[EcuM2926] [

Service name:	EcuM_StopWakeupSources
Syntax:	void EcuM_StopWakeupSources(EcuM WakeupSourceType wakeupSource
)
Service ID[hex]:	0x00



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Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Reentrancy:	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in):	wakeupSource -	
Parameters	None	
(inout):		
Parameters (out):	None	
Return value:	None	
Description:	The callout shall stop the given wakeup source(s) after unsuccessful wakeup	
	validation.	

]()

The EcuM Manager module invokes <code>EcuM_StopWakeupSources</code> in the WakeupValidation Sequence (see section 7.6.4 Activities in the WakeupValidation Sequence).



8.7 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

8.7.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[EcuM2858][

Description
Deinitializes the BSW Mode Manager.
Function called by EcuM to indicate the current ECU Operation Mode.
Function called by EcuM to indicate the current state of a wakeup
source.
Initializes the BSW Mode Manager.
Notification of a wake up on the corresponding channel.
The service reads the reset type from the hardware, if supported.
This service initializes the MCU driver.
The service performs a microcontroller reset.
This service activates the MCU power modes.
Function for de-initialization of the SchM module.
Function for initialization of the SchM module.
Instructs the Watchdog Manager to cause a watchdog reset.

Table 8 - Mandatory interfaces

]()

8.7.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[EcuM2859][

[
API function	Description
Adc_Init	Initializes the ADC hardware units and driver.
CanTrcv_Init	Initializes the CanTrcv module.
Can_Init	This function initializes the module.
Det_Init	Service to initialize the Development Error Tracer.
Det_ReportError	Service to report development errors.
Dio_Init	Initializes the module.
EthTrcv_Init	Initializes the Ethernet Transceiver Driver
Eth_Init	Initializes the Ethernet Driver
Fls_Init	Initializes the Flash Driver.
FrTrcv_Init	This service initializes the FrTrcv.



Fr_Init	Initalizes the Fr.
GetCoreID	The function returns a unique core identifier.
GetEvent	
Gpt_Init	Initializes the hardware timer module.
lcu_Init	This function initializes the driver.
loHwAb_Init <init_id></init_id>	Initializes either all the IO Hardware Abstraction software or is a part of
	the IO Hardware Abstraction.
LinTrcv_Init	Initializes the Lin Transceiver Driver module.
Lin_Init	Initializes the LIN module.
Port_Init	Initializes the Port Driver module.
Pwm_Init	Service for PWM initialization.
SetEvent	
ShutdownAllCores	After this service the OS on all AUTOSAR cores is shut down. Allowed
	at TASK level and ISR level and also internally by the OS. The function
	will never return. The function will force other cores into a shutdown.
Spi_Init	Service for SPI initialization.
StartCore	It is not supported to call this function after StartOS(). The function starts
	the core specified by the parameter CoreID. The OUT parameter allows
	the caller to check whether the operation was successful or not. If a core
	is started by means of this function StartOS shall be called on the core.
Wdg_Init	Initializes the module.

Table 9 - Optional Interfaces

]()

8.7.3 Configurable interfaces

There are no configurable interfaces.

8.8 API Parameter Checking

[EcuM3009] [If development error detection is enabled for this module, then all functions shall test input parameters and running conditions and use the following error codes in an adequate way:

- ECUM_E_UNINIT
- ECUM E SERVICE DISABLED
- ECUM_E_NULL_POINTER
- ECUM E INVALID PAR

Specific development errors are listed in the functions, where they apply. I(BSW00323)



9 Sequence Charts

9.1 State Sequences

Sequence charts showing the behavior of the ECU Manager module in various states are contained in the flow of the specification text. The following list shows all sequence charts presented in this specification.

- Figure 4: STARTUP Phase
- Figure 5 StartPreOS Sequence
- Figure 6 StartPostOS Sequence
- Figure 8 SHUTDOWN Phase
- Figure 9 OffPreOS Sequence
- Figure 10 OffPostOS Sequence
- Figure 11 SLEEP Phase
- Figure 12 GoSleep Sequence
- Figure 13 Halt Sequence
- Figure 14 Poll Sequence
- Figure 15 WakeupRestart Sequence
- Figure 17 The WakeupValidation Sequence



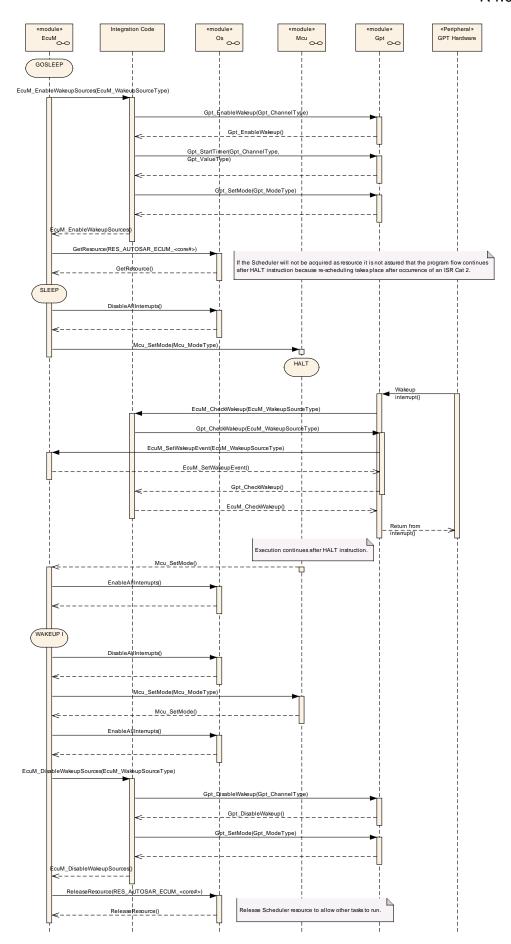
9.2 Wakeup Sequences

The Wake-up Sequences show how a number of modules cooperate to put the ECU into a sleep state to be able to wake up and startup the ECU when a wake up event has occurred.

9.2.1 GPT Wakeup Sequences

The General Purpose Timer (GPT) is one of the possible wake up sources. Usually the GPT is started before the ECU is put to sleep and the hardware timer causes an interrupt when it expires. The interrupt wakes the microcontroller, and executes the interrupt handler in the GPT module. It informs the ECU State Manager module that a GPT wake up has occurred. In order to distinguish different GPT channels that caused the wake up, the integrator can assign a different wake up source identifier to each GPT channel. Figure 37 shows the corresponding sequence of calls.





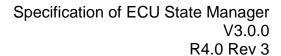




Figure 37 – GPT wake up by interrupt

If the GPT hardware is capable of latching timer overruns, it is also possible to poll the GPT for wake ups as shown in Figure 38.



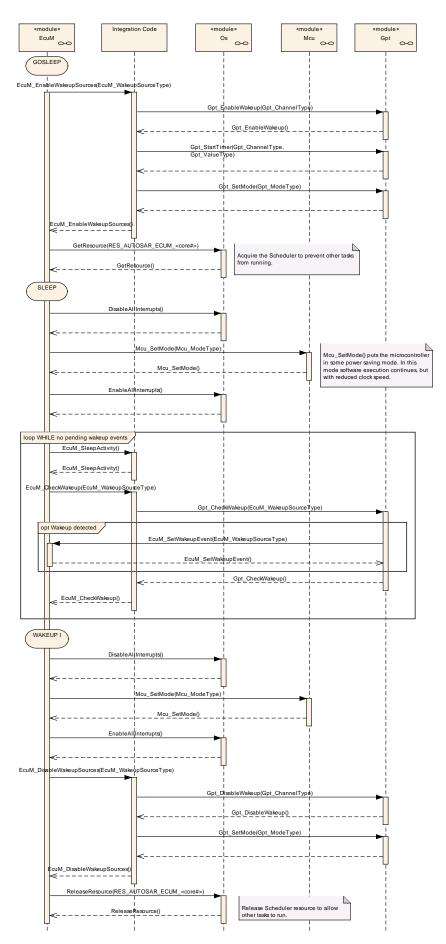




Figure 38 – GPT wake up by polling



9.2.2 ICU Wakeup Sequences

The Input Capture Unit (ICU) is another wake up source. In contrast to GPT, the ICU driver is not itself the wake up source. It is just the module that processes the wake up interrupt. Therefore, only the driver of the wake up source can tell if it was responsible for that wake up. This makes it necessary for EcuM_CheckWakeup (see EcuM2929) to ask the module that is the actual wake up source. In order to know which module to ask, the ICU has to pass the identifier of the wake up source to EcuM_CheckWakeup.

For shared interrupts the Integration Code may have to check multiple wake up sources within EcuM_CheckWakeup (see EcuM2929). To this end, the ICU has to pass the identifiers of all wake up sources that may have caused this interrupt to EcuM_CheckWakeup. Note that, EcuM_WakeupSourceType (see 8.2.4 EcuM_WakeupSourceType) contains one bit for each wake up source, so that multiple wake up sources can be passed in one call.

Figure 39 shows the resulting sequence of calls.

Since the ICU is only responsible for processing the wake up interrupt, polling the ICU is not sensible. For polling the wake up sources have to be checked directly as shown in Figure 14 – Poll Sequence.



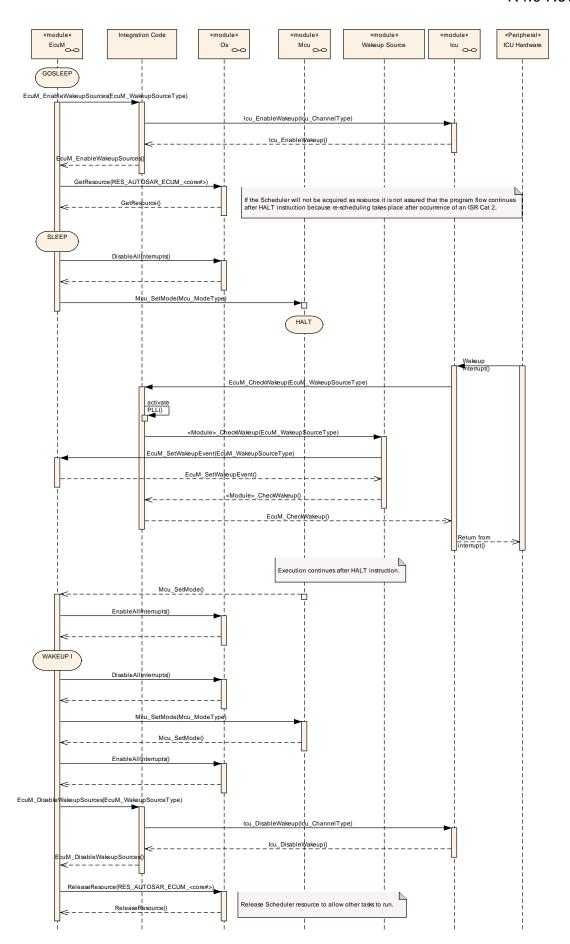




Figure 39 – ICU wake up by interrupt



9.2.3 CAN Wakeup Sequences

On CAN a wake up can be detected by the transceiver or the communication controller using either an interrupt or polling. Wake up source identifiers should be shared between transceiver and controller as the ECU State Manager module only needs to know the network that has woken up and passes that on to the Communication Manager module.

In interrupt case or in shared interrupt case it is not clear which specific wake up source (CAN controller, CAN transceiver, LIN controller etc.) detected the wake up. Therefore the integrator has to assign the derived wakeupSource of EcuM_CheckWakeup(wakeupSource), which could stand for a shared interrupt or just for a interrupt channel, to specific wake up sources which are passed to Canlf_CheckWakeup(WakeupSource). So here the parameters wakeupSource from EcuM_CheckWakeup() could be different to WakeupSource of Canlf_CheckWakeup or they could equal. It depends on the hardware topology and the implementation in the integrator code of EcuM_CheckWakeup().

During CanIf_CheckWakeup(WakeupSource) the CAN Interface module (CanIf) will check if any device (CAN communication controller or transceiver) is configured with the value of "WakeupSource". If this is the case, the device is checked for wake up via the corresponding device driver module. If the device detected a wake up, the device driver informs EcuM via EcuM_SetWakeupEvent(sources). The parameter "sources" is set to the configured value at the device. Thus it is set to the value CanIf_CheckWakeup() was called with.

Multiple devices might be configured with the same wake up source value. But if devices are connected to different bus medium and they are wake-able, it makes sense to configure them with different wake up sources.

The following CAN Wake-up Sequences are partly optional, because there is no specification for the "Integration Code". Thus it is implementation specific if e.g. during EcuM_CheckWakeup() the CanIf is called to check the wake up source.



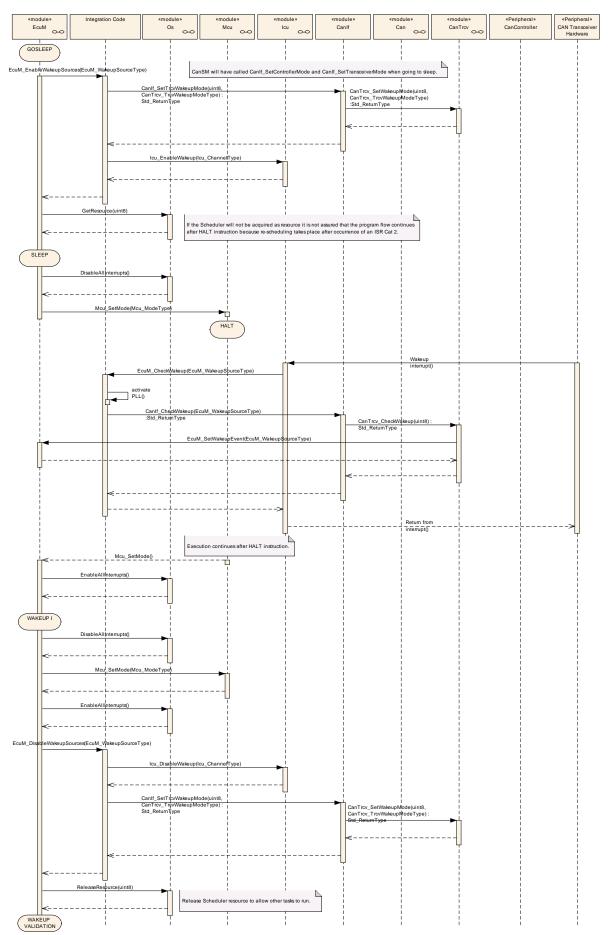




Figure 40 - CAN transceiver wake up by interrupt

Figure 40 shows the CAN transceiver wakeup via interrupt. The interrupt is usually handled by the ICU Driver as described in Chapter 9.2.2.

A CAN controller wakeup by interrupt works similar to the GPT wakeup. Here the interrupt handler and the CheckWakeup functionality are both encapsulated in the CAN Driver module, as shown in Figure 41.

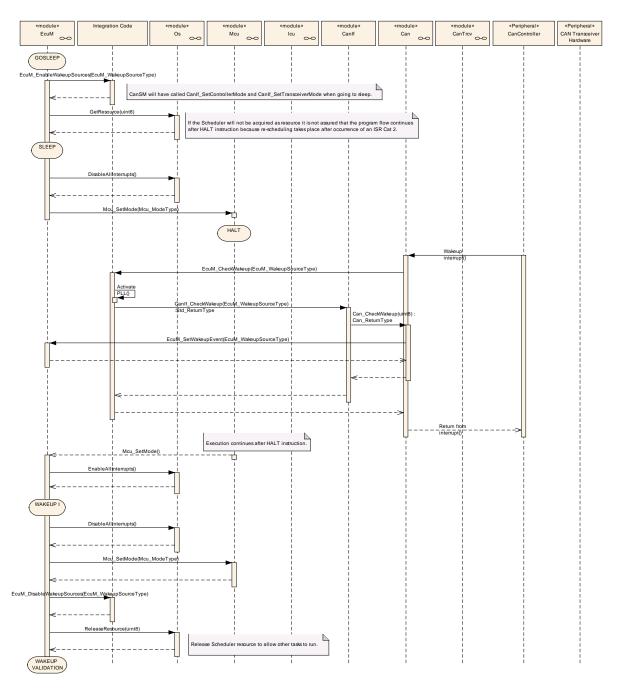


Figure 41 – CAN controller wake up by interrupt

Wake up by polling is possible both for CAN transceiver and controller. The ECU State Manager module will regularly check the CAN Interface module, which in turn asks either the CAN Driver module or the CAN Transceiver Driver module depending

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on the wake up source parameter passed to the CAN Interface module, as shown in Figure 42.

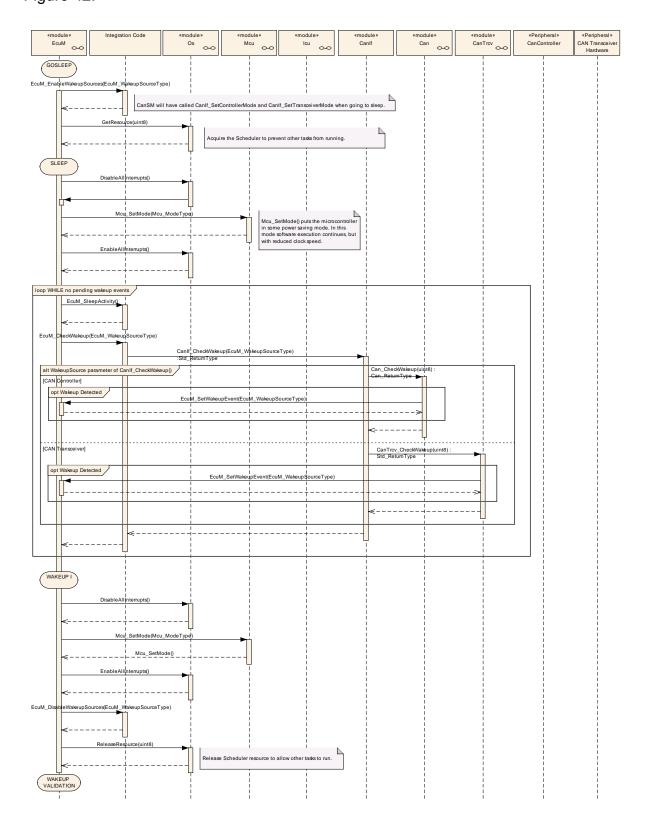


Figure 42 - CAN controller or transceiver wake up by polling

After the detection of a wake up event from the CAN transceiver or controller by either interrupt or polling, the wake up event can be validated (see <u>EcuM2566</u>). This



is done by switching on the corresponding CAN transceiver and controller in EcuM_StartWakeupSources (see EcuM2924). It depends on the used CAN transceivers and controllers, which function calls in Integrator Code EcuM_StartWakeupSource are necessary. In Figure 43 e.g. the needed function calls to start and stop the wake up sources from CAN state manager module are mentioned.

Note that, although controller and transceiver are switched on, no CAN message will be forwarded by the CAN interface module (CanIf) to any upper layer module.

Only when the corresponding PDU channel modes of the Canlf are set to "Online", it will forward CAN messages.

The Canlf recognizes the successful reception of at least one message and records it as a successful validation. During validation the ECU State Manager module regularly checks the Canlf in Integrator Code EcuM_CheckValidation (see <u>EcuM2925</u>).

The ECU State Manager module will, after successful validation, continue the normal startup of the CAN network via the Communication Manager module.

Otherwise, it will shutdown the CAN controller and transceiver in EcuM_StopWakeupSources (see EcuM2926) and go back to sleep.

The resulting sequence is shown in Figure 43.



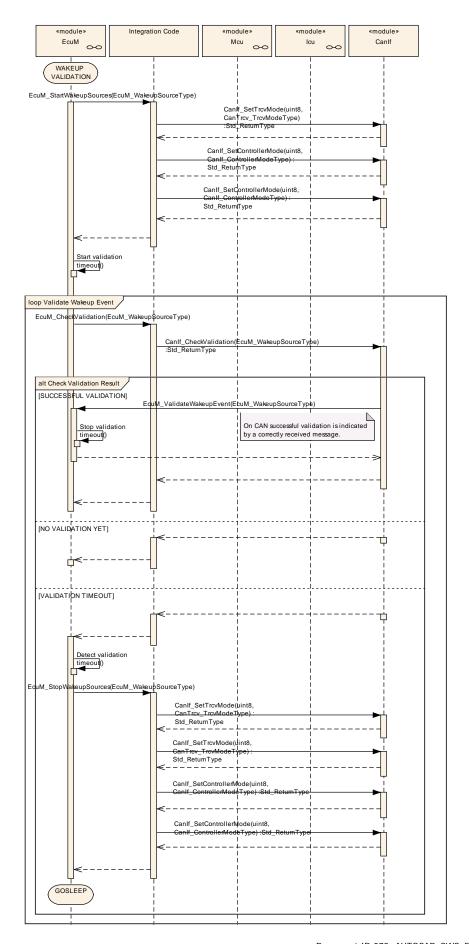




Figure 43 – CAN wake up validation



9.2.4 LIN Wakeup Sequences

Figure 44 shows the LIN transceiver wakeup via interrupt. The interrupt is usually handled by the ICU Driver as described in Chapter 9.2.2.



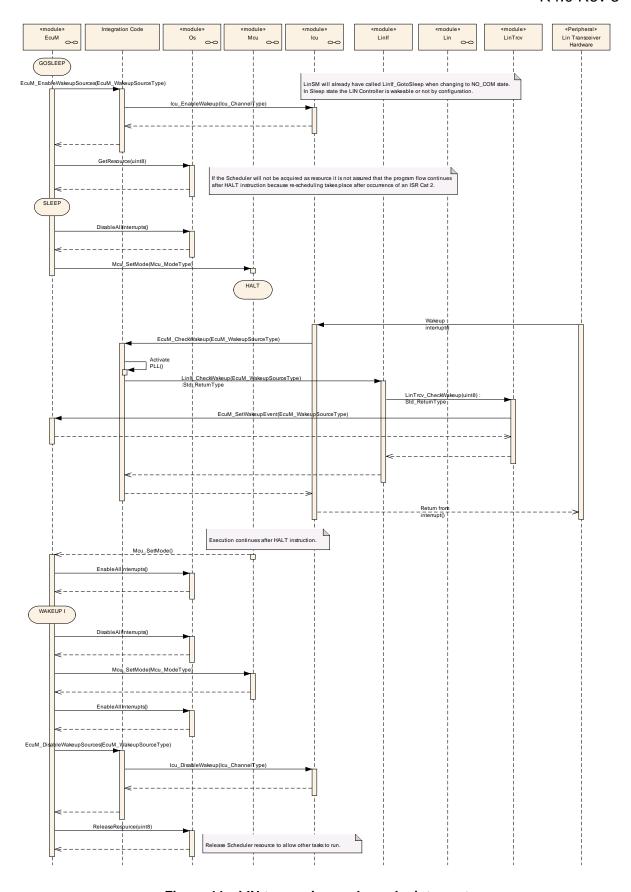


Figure 44 – LIN transceiver wake up by interrupt



As shown in Figure 46, the LIN controller wake up by interrupt works similar to the CAN controller wake up by interrupt. In both cases the Driver module encapsulates the interrupt handler.

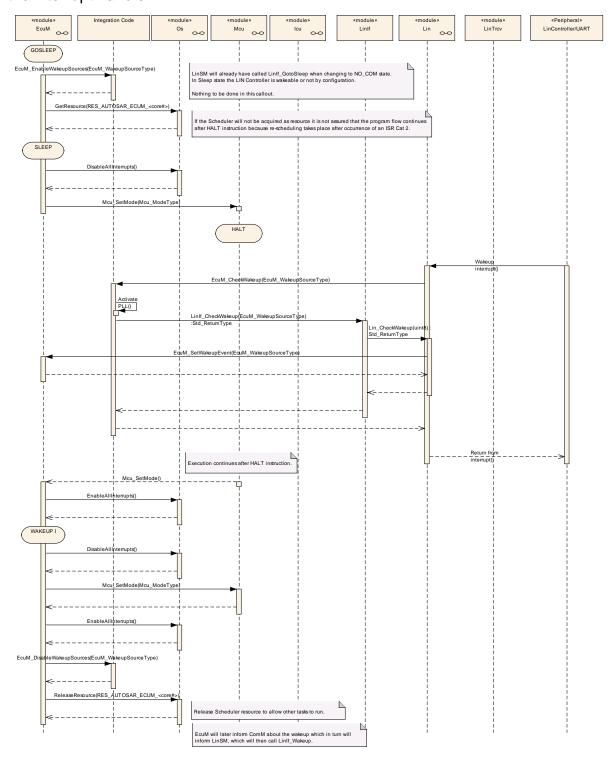


Figure 45 – LIN controller wake up by interrupt



Wake up by polling is possible for LIN transceiver and controller. The ECU State Manager module will regularly check the LIN Interface module, which in turn asks either the LIN Driver module or the LIN Transceiver Driver module, as shown in Figure 46.

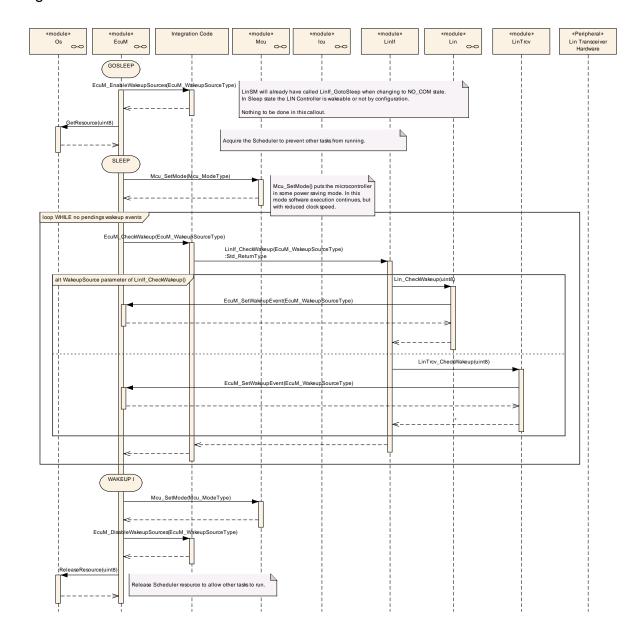


Figure 46 - LIN controller or transceiver wake up by polling

Note that LIN does not require wakeup validation.



9.2.5 FlexRay Wakeup Sequences

For FlexRay a wake up is only possible via the FlexRay transceivers. There are two transceivers for the two different channels in a FlexRay cluster. They are treated as belonging to one network and thus, there should be only one wake up source identifier configured for both channels.

Figure 47 shows the FlexRay transceiver wakeup via interrupt. The interrupt is usually handled by the ICU Driver as described in Chapter 9.2.2.



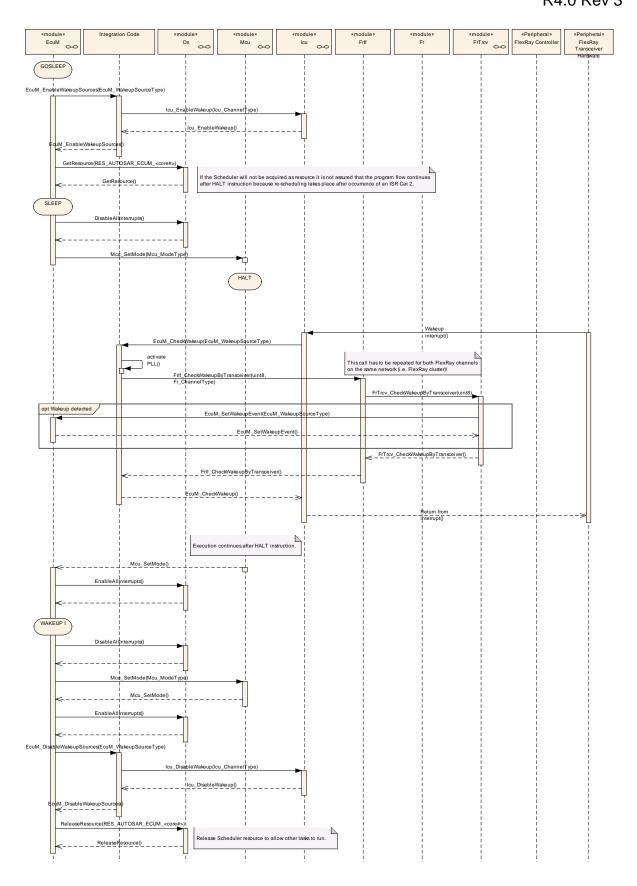


Figure 47 – FlexRay transceiver wake up by interrupt

Note that in EcuM_CheckWakeup (see <u>EcuM2929</u>) there need to be two separate calls to FrIf_WakeupByTransceiver, one for each FlexRay channel.



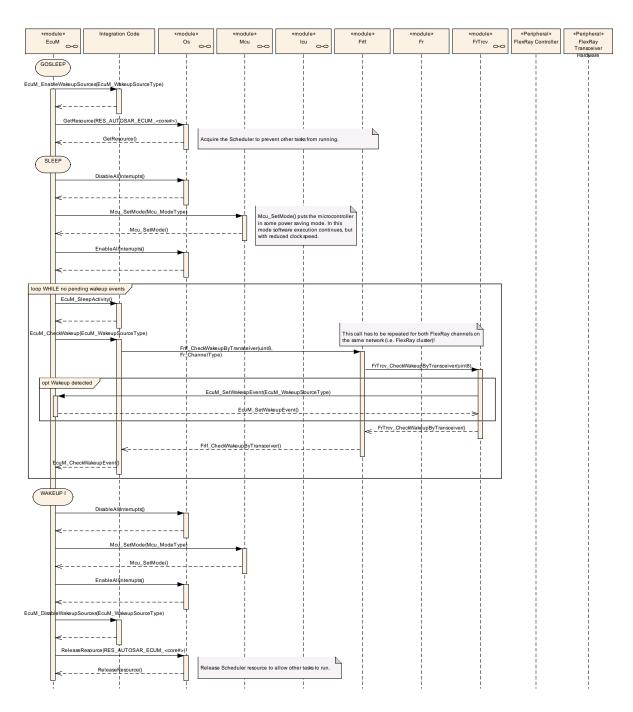


Figure 48 - FlexRay transceiver wake up by polling

9.2.6 TCP/IP Wakeup Sequences

With TCP/IP there can be no wake up from the bus. There is a wake up line connected to the ICU. All TCP/IP wake ups are therefore handled as normal ICU wake ups. Refer to section 9.2.1 GPT Wakeup Sequences for details.



10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification. We intend to leave Chapter 10.1 in the specification to guarantee comprehension.

Chapters 10.2 and 10.3 specify the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module ECU Manager.

Chapter 10.4 specifies published information of the module ECU State Manager.

10.1 How to read this chapter

In addition to this section, it is highly recommended to read the documents:

- AUTOSAR Layered Software Architecture [2]
- AUTOSAR ECU Configuration Specification [5]
 This document describes the AUTOSAR configuration methodology and the AUTOSAR configuration metamodel in detail.

The following is only a short survey of the topic and it will not replace the ECU Configuration Specification document.

10.1.1 Configuration and configuration parameters

Configuration parameters define the variability of the generic part(s) of an implementation of a module. This means that only generic or configurable module implementation can be adapted to the environment (software/hardware) in use during system and/or ECU configuration.

The configuration of parameters can be achieved at different times during the software process: before compile time, before link time or after build time. In the following, the term "configuration class" (of a parameter) shall be used in order to refer to a specific configuration point in time.

10.1.2 Variants

[EcuM3007] [The ECU State Manager shall support the configuration variant VARIANT-POST-BUILD: This configuration variant contains a mix of pre-compile time, link time and post-build time parameters J(BSW00344, BSW00404,BSW00405,BSW00345)

The configuration class of each parameter is defined in chapters 10.2 and 10.3.

10.1.3 Containers

Containers structure the set of configuration parameters. This means:

• all configuration parameters are kept in containers.



(sub-) containers can reference (sub-) containers. It is possible to assign a
multiplicity to these references. The multiplicity then defines the possible
number of instances of the contained parameters.

Specification template for configuration parameters

The following tables consist of three sections:

- the general section
- the configuration parameter section
- the section of included/referenced containers

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
<reference (sub)container="" a="" by="" cancontroller="" e.g.,="" its="" name,="" valid=""></reference>	<specifies and="" configuration="" contained="" container="" instances="" its="" number="" of="" p="" parameters.<="" possible="" referenced="" the=""></specifies>	<describe of="" referenced="" scope="" sub-<br="" the="">container if known or mark it as "". The scope describes the impact of the configuration parameter: Does the setting affect only one instance of the module (instance), all instances of this module (module), the ECU or a network.</describe>		
	Possible values: <multiplicity> <min_multiplicity max_multiplicity> ></min_multiplicity </multiplicity>	Possible values of scope : instance, module, ECU, network> <describe "".="" as="" dependencies="" if="" it="" known="" mark="" ot="" respect="" scope="" the="" to="" with=""></describe>		

Possible configuration times

Pre-compile time

 specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Pre-compile time* or not

Lak	oel	Description
x		The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Pre-compile time.
		The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class Precompile time.

Link time

- specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Link time* or not

Label	Description
Х	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Link time.
	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class Link time.



Post Build

 specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Post Build or not

Label	Description
х	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Post Build and
	no specific implementation is required.
1.	Loadable - the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Post
-	Build and only one configuration parameter set resides in the ECU.
	Multiple - the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class Post
M	Build and is selected out of a set of multiple parameters by passing a
	dedicated pointer to the init function of the module.
	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class Post
	Build.

10.2 Common Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe Chapters 7 and Chapter 8.

The following containers contain various references to initialization structures of BSW modules. NULL shall be a valid reference meaning 'no configuration data available' but only if the implementation of the initialized BSW module supports this.

10.2.1 EcuM

Module Name	EcuM		
IVIOQUIE DESCRIPTION	Configuration of the EcuM (ECU State Manager) module.		

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
EcuMConfiguration	1	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the ECU State Manager.		
EcuMFixedGenera I		This container holds the general, pre-compile configuration parameters for the EcuMFixed. Only applicable if EcuMFixed is implemented.		
EcuMFlexGeneral		This container holds the general, pre-compile configuration parameters for the EcuMFlex. Only applicable if EcuMFlex is implemented.		
EcuMGeneral	1	This container holds the general, pre-compile configuration parameters.		

10.2.2 EcuMGeneral

SWS Item	ECUM116_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMGeneral
Description	This container holds the general, pre-compile configuration parameters.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM108_Conf:		
Name	EcuMDevErrorDetect {ECUM_DEV_ERROR_DETECT}		
	If false, no debug artifacts (e.g. calls to DET) shall remain in the executable object. Initialization of DET, however is controlled by		



	configuration of optional	configuration of optional BSW modules.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDe	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM117_Conf :	ECUM117_Conf:		
Name	EcuMIncludeDem {EC	EcuMIncludeDem {ECUM_INCLUDE_DEM}		
Description		If enabled, the according BSW module will be included to the ECU State Manager.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDo	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Link time	Link time		
	Post-build time	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM118_Conf :	ECUM118_Conf:		
Name	EcuMIncludeDet {ECl	EcuMIncludeDet {ECUM_INCLUDE_DET}		
Description		If defined, the according BSW module will be initialized by the ECU State Manager		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamD	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM121_Conf:			
Name	EcuMMainFunctionPeriod {	EcuMMainFunctionPeriod {ECUM_MAIN_FUNCTION_PERIOD}		
Description	This parameter defines the schedule period of EcuM_MainFunction. Unit: [s]			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 INF	0 INF		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	dependency: EcuM2594			

SWS Item	ECUM149_Conf:				
Name	EcuMVersionInfoApi	EcuMVersionInfoApi			
Description	Switches the version in	Switches the version info API on or off			
Multiplicity	1	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDe	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time				
	Post-build time				



Scope / Dependency	
No Included Containers	

10.2.3 EcuMConfiguration

SWS Item	ECUM103_Conf:	
Container Name	EcuMConfiguration{EcuM_Configuration} [Multi Config Container]	
Description This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the ECU State Manager.		
Configuration Parameters		

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
EcuMCommonConfiguratio	1	This container contains the common configuration (parameters)
n	I	of the ECU State Manager.
EcuMFixedConfiguration		This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the
EculvirixedConfiguration	01	EcuMFixed. Only applicable if EcuMFixed is implemented.
For MElay Configuration	01	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the
EcuMFlexConfiguration	01	EcuMFlex. Only applicable if EcuMFlex is implemented.

10.2.4 EcuMCommonConfiguration

SWS Item	ECUM181_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMCommonConfiguration
Description	This container contains the common configuration (parameters) of the ECU State Manager.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM102_Conf:			
Name	EcuMConfigConsistencyHash			
	{ECUM_CONFIGCONSISTENCY_HASH}			
Description	A hash value generated across all pre-compile	an	d link-time	
	parameters of all BSW modules. This hash val			
	a field in the EcuM_ConfigType and hence allo	ws	checking the	
	consistency of the entire configuration.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 18446744073709551615			
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time			
	Link time X VARIANT-POST-			
	BUILD			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM104_Conf:		
Name	EcuMDefaultAppMode {ECUM_DEFAULT_APP_MODE}		
	The default application mode loaded when the ECU comes out of reset.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	Reference to [OsAppMode]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time		



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	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	ECUM183_Conf:	ECUM183_Conf:			
Name	EcuMOSResource				
Description	which is used to bring the ECU into sleep r	This parameter is a reference to a OS ressource which is used to bring the ECU into sleep mode. In case of multi core each core shall have an own OsResource.			
Multiplicity	1*	1*			
Type	Reference to [OsResource]	Reference to [OsResource]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST	-BUILD			
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget	1	This container describes the default shutdown target to be selected by EcuM. The actual shutdown target may be overridden by the EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget service.	
EcuMDemEventParameterRef s	01	Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_ReportErrorStatus in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId value. The standardized errors are provided in this container and can be extended by vendor specific error references.	
EcuMDriverInitListOne	01	Container for Init Block I. This container holds a list of module IDs that will be initialised. Each module in the list will be called for initialisation in the list order. All modules in this list are initilialised before the OS is started and so these modules require no OS support.	
EcuMDriverInitListZero	01	Container for Init Block 0. This container holds a list of module IDs that will be initialised. Each module in the list will be called for initialisation in the list order. All modules in this list are initilialised before the post-build configuration has been loaded and the OS is initialized. Therefore, these modules may not use post-build configuration.	
EcuMDriverRestartList	01	List of module IDs. EcuM2719: A configuration tool shall fill the callout EcuM_AL_DriverRestart with initialization calls to the listed drivers in the order in which they occur in the list. EcuM2720: Entries in this list must appear in the same order as in the combined list of EcuM_DriverInitListOne and EcuM_DriverInitListTwo. This list may be a real subset though. In all other cases, the generation tool shall report an error. The included container has the same structure as EcuM_DriverInitItem	
EcuMSleepMode	1*	These containers describe the configured sleep modes. The names of these containers specify the symbolic names of the different sleep modes.	
EcuMWakeupSource	1*	These containers describe the configured wakeup sources.	



10.2.5 EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget

SWS Item	ECUM105_Conf:	
Container	EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget{ECUM_DEFAULT_SHUTDOWN_TARGET}	
Name	Ecombeladicondidown algericoom_bet Abet_bride bown_tArcoety	
	This container describes the default shutdown target to be selected by EcuM. The actual	
Description	shutdown target may be overridden by the EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget service.	
Configuration Parameters		

SWS Item	ECUM107_Conf:	ECUM107_Conf:			
Name	EcuMDefaultState {ECUM_	EcuMDefaultState {ECUM_DEFAULT_SHUTDOWN_TARGET}			
Description	selected when the ECU con	This parameter describes the state part of the default shutdown target selected when the ECU comes out of reset. If EcuMStateSleep is selected, the parameter EcuMDefaultSleepModeRef selects the specific			
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	EcuMStateOff	ECL Ecu	Corresponds to ECUM_STATE_OFF in EcuM_StateType. Corresponds to ECUM_STATE_RESET in EcuM_StateType. This literal is only be applicable for EcuMFlex.		
	EcuMStateReset	ECL Ecu			
	EcuMStateSleep	ECL	Corresponds to ECUM_STATE_SLEEP in EcuM_StateType.		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time				
	Link time				
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	ECUM205_Conf:			
Name	EcuMDefaultResetMod	EcuMDefaultResetModeRef		
Description	If EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget is EcuMStateReset, this parameter selects the default reset mode. Otherwise this parameter may be ignored.			
Multiplicity	01	01		
Туре	Reference to [EcuMR	Reference to [EcuMResetMode]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM106_Conf:		
Name	EcuMDefaultSleepModeRef		
Description	If EcuMDefaultShutdownTarget is EcuMStateSleep, this parameter selects the default sleep mode. Otherwise this parameter may be ignored.		
Multiplicity	01		
Type	Reference to [EcuMSleepMode]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time		
	Link time		
	Post-build time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency		_	

No Included Containers



10.2.6 EcuMDemEventParameterRefs

SWS Item	ECUM160_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMDemEventParameterRefs
Description	Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_ReportErrorStatus in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId value. The standardized errors are provided in this container and can be extended by vendor specific error references.
Configuration Parameters	3

SWS Item	ECUM162_Conf:	ECUM162_Conf:	
Name	ECUM_E_ALL_RUN_REQI	JESTS.	_KILLED
Description		Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "ECUM_E_ALL_RUN_REQUESTS_KILLED" has occured.	
Multiplicity	01	01	
Type	Reference to [DemEventPa	Reference to [DemEventParameter]	
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
-	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	ECUM163_Conf:		
Name	ECUM_E_CONFIGURATION_I	DATA	_INCONSISTENT
Description	Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "ECUM_E_CONFIGURATION_DATA_INCONSISTENT" has occured.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	Reference to [DemEventParam	Reference to [DemEventParameter]	
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	ECUM161_Conf:		
Name	ECUM_E_RAM_CHEC	ECUM_E_RAM_CHECK_FAILED	
Description		Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "ECUM_E_RAM_CHECK_FAILED" has occured.	
Multiplicity	01	01	
Туре	Reference to [DemEver	Reference to [DemEventParameter]	
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

No Included Containers

10.2.7 EcuMDriverInitListOne

SWS Item	ECUM111_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMDriverInitListOne
Description	Container for Init Block I.



	This container holds a list of module IDs that will be initialised. Each module in the list will be called for initialisation in the list order. All modules in this list are initilialised before the OS is started and so these modules require no OS support.
Configuration Parameters	

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
EcuMDriverInitIte m	1*	These containers describe the entries in a driver init list.

10.2.8 EcuMDriverInitListZero

SWS Item	ECUM114_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMDriverInitListZero
Description	Container for Init Block 0. This container holds a list of module IDs that will be initialised. Each module in the list will be called for initialisation in the list order. All modules in this list are initilialised before the post-build configuration has been loaded and the OS is initialized. Therefore, these modules may not use post-build configuration.
Configuration Parameters	

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
EcuMDriverInitIte m	1*	These containers describe the entries in a driver init list.

10.2.9 EcuMDriverRestartList

SWS Item	ECUM115_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMDriverRestartList
Description	List of module IDs. EcuM2719: A configuration tool shall fill the callout EcuM_AL_DriverRestart with initialization calls to the listed drivers in the order in which they occur in the list. EcuM2720: Entries in this list must appear in the same order as in the combined list of EcuM_DriverInitListOne and EcuM_DriverInitListTwo. This list may be a real subset though. In all other cases, the generation tool shall report an error. The included container has the same structure as EcuM_DriverInitItem
Configuration Parameters	

Included Containers			
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency	
EcuMDriverInitIte m	1*	These containers describe the entries in a driver init list.	

10.2.10 EcuMDriverInitItem

SWS Item	ECUM110_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMDriverInitItem
Description	These containers describe the entries in a driver init list.
Configuration Parameters	



SWS Item	ECUM123_Conf:				
Name	EcuMModuleID {ModuleID}				
Description	Short name of the module to be initialized, e.g. Mcu, Gpt etc.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucStringParamDef				
Default value					
maxLength					
minLength					
regularExpression					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	ECUM124_Conf:			
Name	EcuMModuleService			
Description	The service to be called to initialize that module, e.g. Init, Prelnit, Start etc. If the service is Init and the parameter EcuMModuleConfigurationRef has been set for that module, the corresponding pointer to the init structure (<module>_ConfigType) and in case of multiple instantiation an uint8 value to identify the instance of the module(<msn>_Ctrlldx) shall be passed as arguments.</msn></module>			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucStringParamDef			
Default value				
maxLength				
minLength				
regularExpression				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

		*
No Included Contail	nore	
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10.2.11 EcuMSleepMode

SWS Item	ECUM131_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMSleepMode
Description	These containers describe the configured sleep modes. The names of these containers specify the symbolic names of the different sleep modes.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM132_Conf:
Name	EcuMSleepModeld
Description	This ID identifies this sleep mode in services like EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget.
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)
Range	0 255



Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	ECUM136_Conf:	ECUM136_Conf:				
Name	EcuMSleepModeSusp	EcuMSleepModeSuspend				
Description	powered off in the sle	Flag, which is set true, if the CPU is suspended, halted, or powered off in the sleep mode. If the CPU keeps running in this sleep mode, then this flag must be set to false.				
Multiplicity	1	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamD	EcucBooleanParamDef				
Default value						
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
	Link time	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency						

SWS Item	ECUM133_Conf:	ECUM133_Conf:		
Name	EcuMSleepModeMcuM	EcuMSleepModeMcuModeRef {SleepModeConfiguration}		
Description		This parameter is a reference to the corresponding MCU mode for this sleep mode.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	Reference to [McuMoo	Reference to [McuModeSettingConf]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM152_Conf:				
Name	EcuMWakeupSourceMa	EcuMWakeupSourceMask			
Description	These parameters are references to the wakeup sources that shall be enabled for this sleep mode.				
Multiplicity	1*				
Туре	Reference to [EcuMWa	Reference to [EcuMWakeupSource]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency					

No Included Containers

10.2.12 EcuMWakeupSource

SWS Item	ECUM150_Conf:	
Container Name	EcuMWakeupSource{EcuM_WakupSource}	
Description	These containers describe the configured wakeup sources.	
Configuration Parameters		

SWS Item	ECUM148_Conf:	
Name	EcuMValidationTimeout {ValidationTimeout}	
Description	The validation timeout (period for which the ECU State	
	Manager will wait for the validation of a wakeup event)	



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	can be defined for each wakeup source independently. The timeout is specified in seconds. When the timeout is not instantiated, there is no validation routine and the ECU Manager shall not validate the wakeup source.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef		
Range	0 INF		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Link time			
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

SWS Item	ECUM151_Conf:	ECUM151_Conf:		
Name	EcuMWakeupSource	EcuMWakeupSourceId {WakeupSourceName}		
Description	This parameter define source.	This parameter defines the identifier of this wakeup source.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDe this parameter)	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 31	031		
Default value		ļ		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM153_Conf:	ECUM153_Conf:		
Name	EcuMWakeupSourceF	EcuMWakeupSourcePolling		
Description	This parameter descri polling.	This parameter describes if the wakeup source needs polling.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDo	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
	Link time	Link time		
	Post-build time	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM101_Conf:	ECUM101_Conf:			
Name	EcuMComMChannelRef (ComChannel)	EcuMComMChannelRef {ComChannel}			
Description					
Multiplicity	01	01			
Type	Reference to [ComMChannel]	Reference to [ComMChannel]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-I	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	ECUM128_Conf:
Name	EcuMResetReasonRef {ResetReason}
Description	This parameter describes the mapping of reset
	reasons detected by the MCU driver into wakeup



	sources.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	Reference to [McuResetReasonConf]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

No Included Containers

10.3 EcuM-Flex Containers and configuration parameters

10.3.1 EcuMFlexGeneral

SWS Item	ECUM168_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMFlexGeneral
Description	This container holds the general, pre-compile configuration parameters for the EcuMFlex. Only applicable if EcuMFlex is implemented.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM199_Conf:			
Name	EcuMAlarmClockPresent {ECUM_ALARM_CLOCK_PRESENT}			
Description	This flag indicates whether the optional AlarmClock feature is present.			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM196_Conf:	ECUM196_Conf:			
Name	EcuMEnableDefBehavio	EcuMEnableDefBehaviour {ECUM_DEF_BEHAVIOUR_ENABLED}			
Description	Switches the defensive	Switches the defensive behaviour on or off.			
Multiplicity	01	01			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	ECUM171_Conf:	ECUM171_Conf:			
Name	EcuMResetLoopDetection	EcuMResetLoopDetection {ECUM_RESET_LOOP_DETECTION}			
Description	If false, no reset loop dete	If false, no reset loop detection is performed.			
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value					
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency		•			



SWS Item	ECUM200_Conf:	ECUM200_Conf:			
Name	EcuMAlarmWakeupSour	EcuMAlarmWakeupSource			
Description		This parameter describes the reference to the EcuMWakeupSource being used for the EcuM AlarmClock.			
Multiplicity	01	·			
Туре	Reference to [EcuMWak	Reference to [EcuMWakeupSource]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency					

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10.3.2 EcuMFlexConfiguration

SWS Item	ECUM167_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMFlexConfiguration
Description	This container contains the configuration (parameters) of the EcuMFlex. Only applicable if EcuMFlex is implemented.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM182_Conf:	ECUM182_Conf:			
Name	EcuMFlexModuleConfig	urationF	Ref {InitConfiguration}		
Description		These parameters contain references to the init structure of the corresponding BSW module.			
Multiplicity	0*				
Туре	DemConfigSet , FlsConfigSet , LinGloba PortConfigSet , PwmCh	Choice reference to [AdcConfigSet , CanConfigSet , DemConfigSet , FlsConfigSet , GptChannelConfigSet , IcuConfigSet , LinGlobalConfig , McuModuleConfiguration , PortConfigSet , PwmChannelConfigSet , SpiDriver , WdgMConfigSet , WdgSettingsConfig]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Pre-compile time			
	Link time	Link time			
	Post-build time	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD			
Scope / Dependency					

SWS Item	ECUM204_Conf:	ECUM204_Conf:				
Name	EcuMNormalMcuModeF	EcuMNormalMcuModeRef				
Description		This parameter is a reference to the normal MCU mode to be restored after a sleep.				
Multiplicity	1	1				
Type	Reference to [McuMode	eSetting	Conf]			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants			
	Link time	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency						

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
EcuMAlarmClock	0*	These containers describe the configured alarm clocks. The name of these conatiners allows giving a symbolic name to one alarm clock.
EcuMFlexUserConfig	1*	These containers describe the identifiers that are needed to



		refer to a software component or another appropriate entity in the system which uses the EcuMFlex Interfaces.
EcuMGoDownAllowedUsers	01	This container describes the collection of allowed users which are allowed to call the EcuM_GoDown API.
EcuMResetMode	1*	These containers describe the configured reset modes. The name of these containers allows one of the following symbolic names to be given to the different reset modes: - ECUM_RESET_MCU - ECUM_RESET_WDGM - ECUM_RESET_IO.
EcuMSetClockAllowedUser s	01	This container describes the collection of allowed users which are allowed to call the EcuM_SetClock API.
EcuMShutdownCause	1*	These containers describe the configured shut down or reset causes. The name of these containers allows to give one of the following symbolic names to the different shut down causes: - ECUM_CAUSE_ECU_STATE - ECU state machine entered a state for shutdown, - ECUM_CAUSE_WDGM - WdgM detected failure, - ECUM_CAUSE_DCM - Dcm requests shutdown (split into UDS services?), - and values from configuration.
EcuMShutdownTarget	1*	These containers describe the configured shut down targets. The name of these containers allows to give symbolic names to the different shut down targets.

10.3.3 EcuMAlarmClock

SWS Item	ECUM184_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMAlarmClock
	These containers describe the configured alarm clocks. The name of these conatiners allows giving a symbolic name to one alarm clock.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM186_Conf:	ECUM186_Conf:				
Name	EcuMAlarmClockId	EcuMAlarmClockId				
Description	This ID identifies this al	This ID identifies this alarmclock.				
Multiplicity	1	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (this parameter)	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)				
Range	0 255	0 255				
Default value						
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants			
	Link time	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency						

SWS Item	ECUM188_Conf:	ECUM188_Conf:				
Name	EcuMAlarmClockTime(EcuMAlarmClockTimeOut				
Description	This parameter allows t clock.	This parameter allows to define a timout for this alarm clock.				
Multiplicity	1	1				
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef	EcucFloatParamDef				
Range	0 INF	0 INF				
Default value						
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Х	All Variants			
	Link time	Link time				
	Post-build time	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency						



SWS Item	ECUM195_Conf:				
Name	EcuMAlarmClockUser {AlarmClockUser}				
Description	This parameter allows an alarm to be assigned to a user.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	Reference to [EcuMFlexUserConfig]				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants		
	Link time				
	Post-build time				
Scope / Dependency					

No	Inaliida	d Containers	
INO I	incivae	a Containers	

10.3.4 EcuMFlexUserConfig

SWS Item	ECUM201_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMFlexUserConfig{EcuM_Flexed_User}
•	These containers describe the identifiers that are needed to refer to a software component or another appropriate entity in the system which uses the EcuMFlex Interfaces.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM146_Conf:			
Name	EcuMFlexUser {User}	EcuMFlexUser {User}		
Description	Parameter used to ide	Parameter used to identify one user.		
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDe this parameter)	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 255			
Default value				
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

SWS Item	ECUM203_Conf:			
Name	EcuMFlexEcucPartitionRe	EcuMFlexEcucPartitionRef		
Description	Denotes in which "EcucPa executed.	Denotes in which "EcucPartition" the user of the EcuM is executed.		
Multiplicity	01	01		
Туре	Reference to [EcucPartition	Reference to [EcucPartition]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers	
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10.3.5 EcuMGoDownAllowedUsers

SWS Item	ECUM206_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMGoDownAllowedUsers
Description	This container describes the collection of allowed users which are



	allowed to call the EcuM_GoDown API.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM207_Conf:			
Name	EcuMGoDownAllowedU	EcuMGoDownAllowedUserRef		
Description		These parameters describe the references to the users which are allowed to call the EcuM_GoDown API.		
Multiplicity	1*	1*		
Туре	Reference to [EcuMFlex	Reference to [EcuMFlexUserConfig]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X All Variants		
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers

10.3.6 EcuMSetClockAllowedUsers

SWS Item	ECUM197_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMSetClockAllowedUsers
Description	This container describes the collection of allowed users which are allowed to call the EcuM_SetClock API.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM198_Conf:			
Name	EcuMSetClockAllowedL	EcuMSetClockAllowedUserRef		
Description		These parameters describe the references to the users which are allowed to call the EcuM_SetClock API.		
Multiplicity	1*	1*		
Туре	Reference to [EcuMFle	Reference to [EcuMFlexUserConfig]		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency				

No Included Containers

10.3.7 EcuMResetMode

SWS Item	ECUM172_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMResetMode
Description	These containers describe the configured reset modes. The name of these containers allows one of the following symbolic names to be given to the different reset modes: - ECUM_RESET_MCU - ECUM_RESET_WDGM - ECUM_RESET_IO.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM173_Conf:	
Name	EcuMResetModeId	
	This ID identifies this reset mode in services like EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget.	
Multiplicity	1	
• •	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)	



Range	0 255	
Default value		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X All Variants
	Link time	
	Post-build time	
Scope / Dependency		

No Included Containers

10.3.8 EcuMShutdownCause

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SWS Item	ECUM175_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMShutdownCause
Description	These containers describe the configured shut down or reset causes. The name of these containers allows to give one of the following symbolic names to the diffenrent shut down causes: - ECUM_CAUSE_ECU_STATE - ECU state machine entered a state for shutdown, - ECUM_CAUSE_WDGM - WdgM detected failure, - ECUM_CAUSE_DCM - Dcm requests shutdown (split into UDS services?), - and values from configuration.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM176_Conf:		
Name	EcuMShutdownCauseId		
Description	This ID identifies this shut down cause.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 255		
Default value			
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency			

No Included Containers

10.3.9 EcuMShutdownTarget

SWS Item	ECUM178_Conf:
Container Name	EcuMShutdownTarget
Description	These containers describe the configured shut down targets. The name of these containers allows to give symbolic names to the different shut down targets.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUM179_Conf:
Name	EcuMShutdownTargetId
•	This ID identifies this shut down target in services like EcuM_SelectShutdownTarget.
Multiplicity	1
	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)



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Range	0 255	
Default value		
ConfigurationClass	Pre-compile time	X All Variants
	Link time	
	Post-build time	
Scope / Dependency		

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No Included Containers	
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10.4 Published Information

[EcuM001_PI:[The standardized common published parameters as required by BSW00402 in the General Requirements on Basic Software Modules [3] shall be published within the header file of this module and need to be provided in the BSW Module Description. The according module abbreviation can be found in the List of Basic Software Modules [1]. |(BSW00402)

Additional module-specific published parameters are listed below if applicable.



11 Not applicable requirements

[EcuM9999] [These requirements are not applicable to this specification.] (BSW159,BSW167,BSW00406,BSW00437,BSW168,BSW00426,BSW 00427,BSW00432,BSW00434,BSW00417,BSW00422,BSW161,BSW162,BSW005,BSW00415,BSW00325,BSW164,BSW00326,BSW160,BSW00453,BSW00413,BSW00347,BSW00307,BSW00450,BSW00410,BSW00314,BSW00348,BSW00353,BSW00361,BSW00439,BSW00449,BSW00308,BSW00309,BSW00330,BSW00446,BSW010,BSW00341,BSW00334,BSW09116,BSW09102,BSW09017,BSW09101,BSW09195,BSW09197,BSW09198,BSW09237)