用户界面开发进阶

字节跳动 Android 工程师 刘成 (liucheng@bytedance.com)

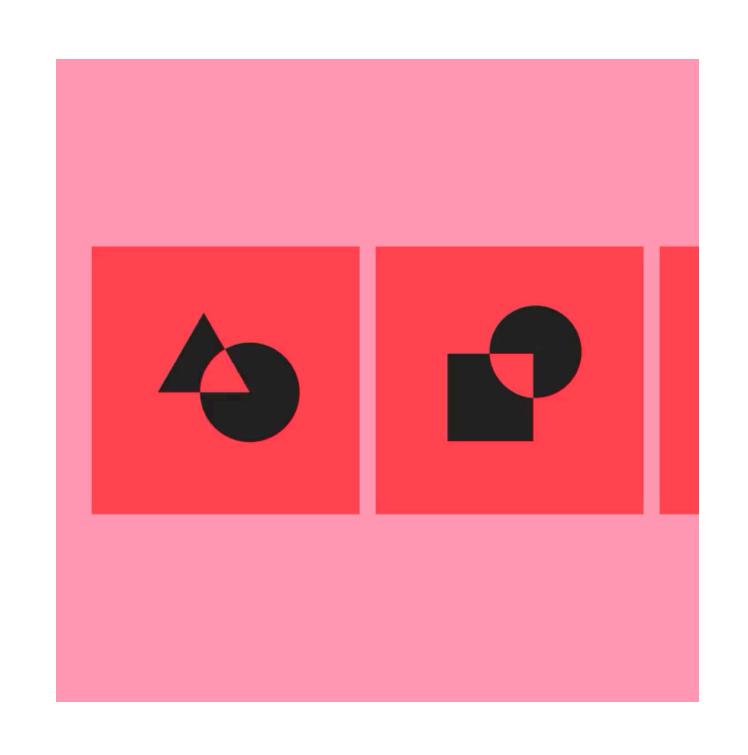


Animation

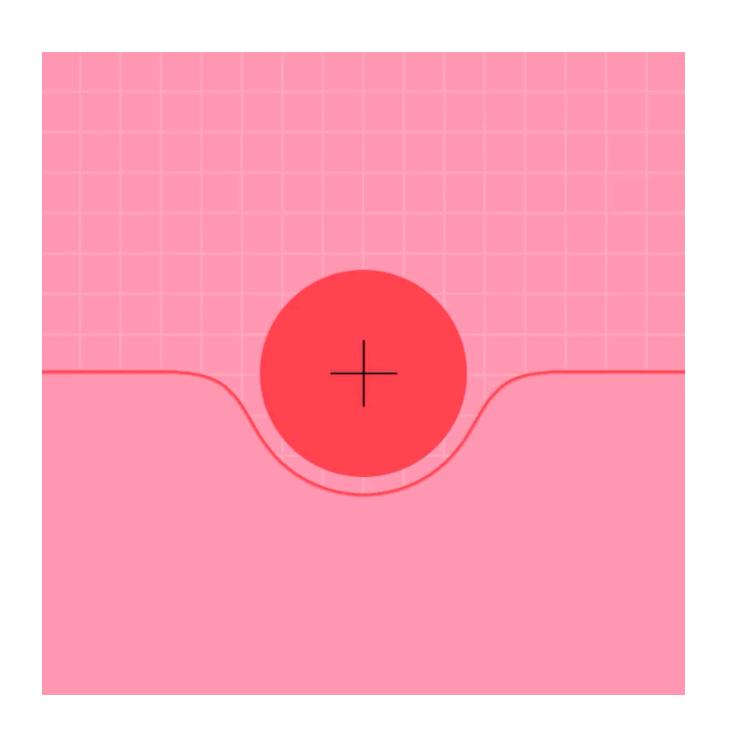
Animation

- 意义
- 属性动画
- Activity 切换动画
- Drawable 动画

意义



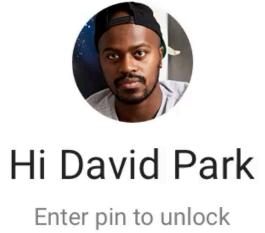


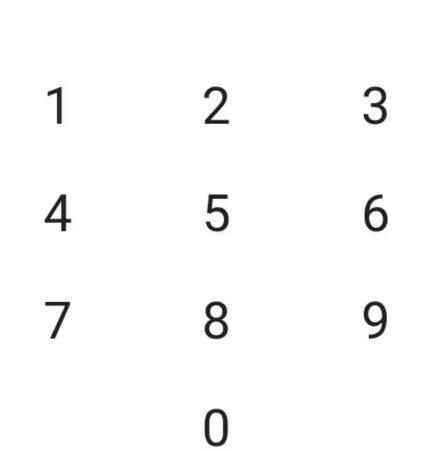


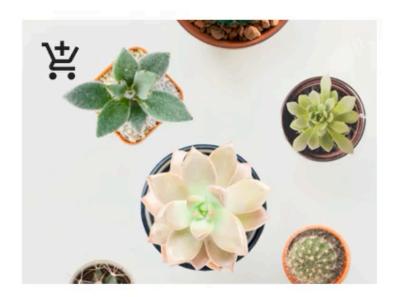
Informative Focused Expressive

意义









Succulent Plants - \$36



Bamboo Turntables - \$134



OK Glow Lam

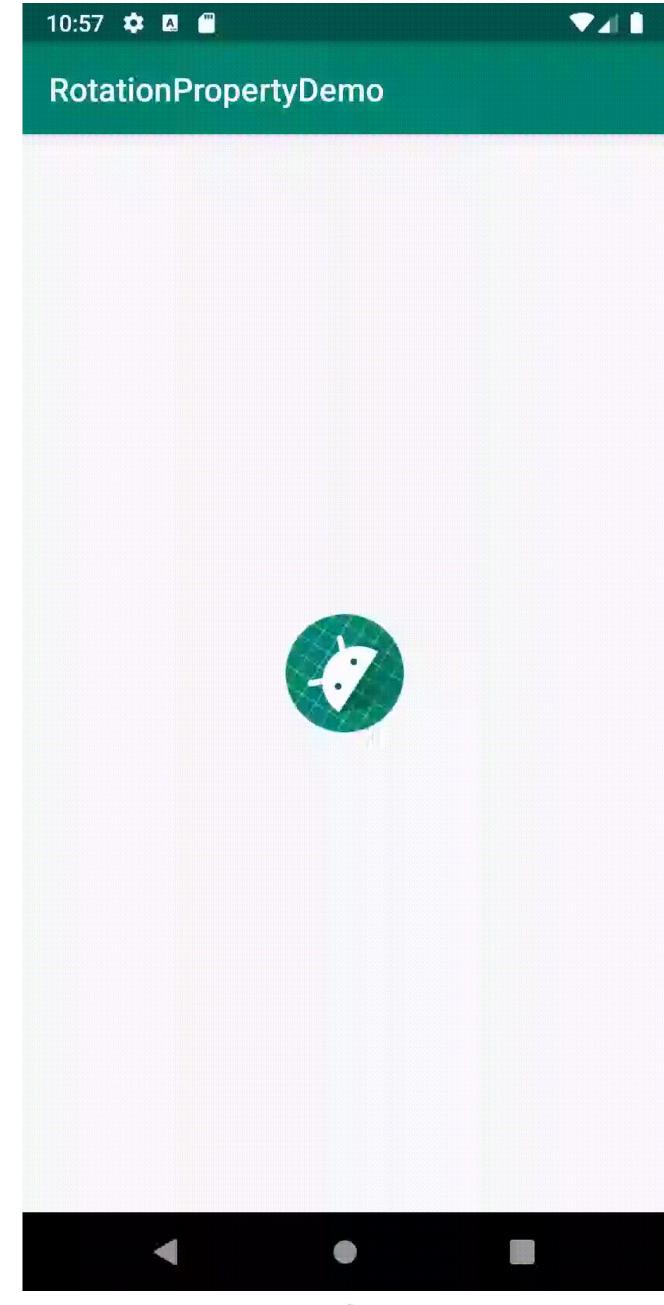
Feedback

User Education



IN Byte Dance 字节跳动

属性动画 - 示例,旋转封面,Code



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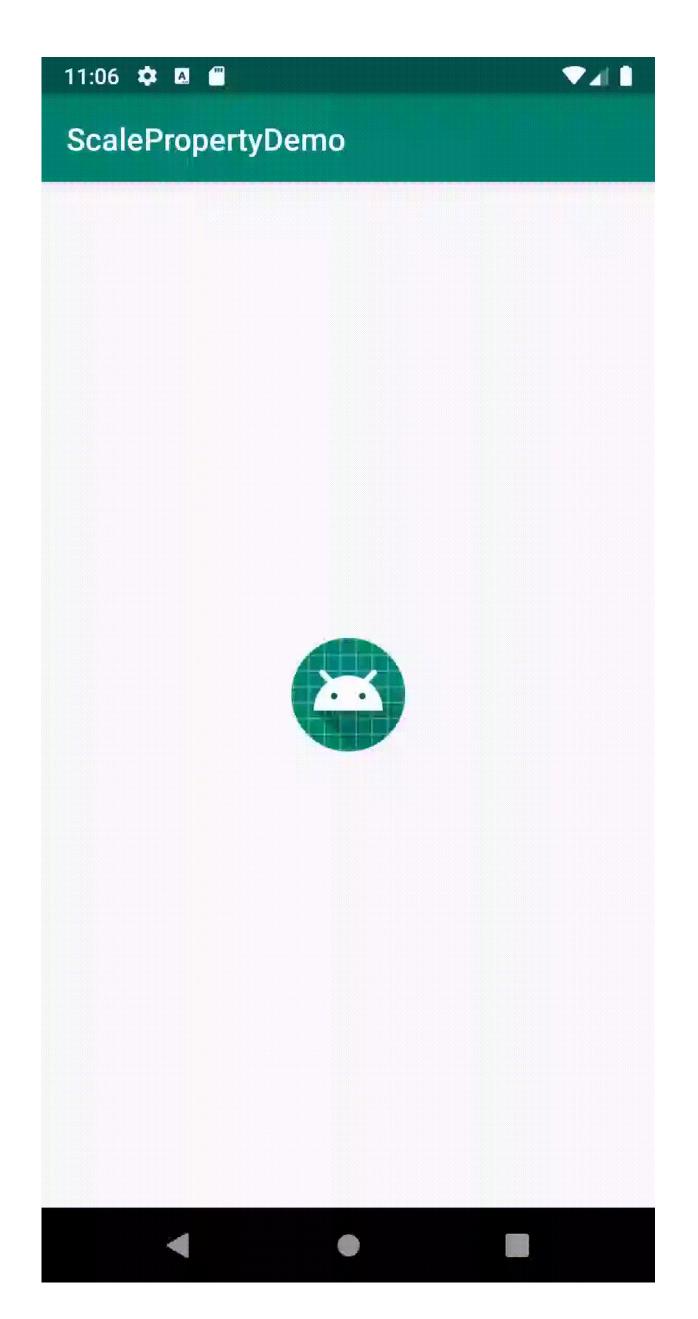
属性动画 - 示例,旋转封面,XML

```
<!- animator/rotate.xml ->
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<objectAnimator xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:duration="8000"
    android:propertyName="rotation"
    android:interpolator="@android:anim/linear_interpolator"
    android:repeatCount="infinite"
    android:repeatMode="restart"
    android:valueFrom="0"
    android:valueTo="360" />

Animator animator = AnimatorInflater.loadAnimator(this, R.animator.rotate);
animator.setTarget(findViewById(R.id.image_view));
animator.start();
```

属性动画 - 示例,呼吸,Code

```
View imageView = findViewById(R.id.image_view);
ObjectAnimator scaleXAnimator = ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(imageView,
        "scaleX", 1.1f, 0.9f);
scaleXAnimator.setRepeatCount(ValueAnimator.INFINITE);
scaleXAnimator.setInterpolator(new LinearInterpolator());
scaleXAnimator.setDuration(1000);
scaleXAnimator.setRepeatMode(ValueAnimator.REVERSE);
ObjectAnimator scaleYAnimator = ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(imageView,
        "scaleY", 1.1f, 0.9f);
scaleYAnimator.setRepeatCount(ValueAnimator.INFINITE);
scaleYAnimator.setInterpolator(new LinearInterpolator());
scaleYAnimator.setDuration(1000);
scaleYAnimator.setRepeatMode(ValueAnimator.REVERSE);
AnimatorSet animatorSet = new AnimatorSet();
animatorSet.playTogether(scaleXAnimator, scaleYAnimator);
animatorSet.start();
```



属性动画 - 示例,呼吸,XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<set xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
    <objectAnimator</pre>
        android:duration="1000"
        android:valueFrom="1.1"
        android:valueTo="0.9"
        android:propertyName="scaleX"
        android:interpolator="@android:anim/linear_interpolator"
        android:repeatMode="reverse"
        android:repeatCount="infinite" />
   <objectAnimator</pre>
        android:duration="1000"
        android:valueFrom="1.1"
        android:valueTo="0.9"
        android:propertyName="scaleY"
        android:interpolator="@android:anim/linear_interpolator"
        android:repeatMode="reverse"
        android:repeatCount="infinite" />
</set>
```

属性动画 - 特点

- Property: alpha, scaleX, scaleY, rotation, rotationX, rotationY, translationX, translationY, ...
- ObjectAnimator
 - Duration
 - Interpolator: Linear/AccelerateDecelerate/...
 - Repeat Count and Behavior: Infinite, Restart/Reverse
- AnimatorSet: play together or sequentially

属性动画 - 特点, XML 语法

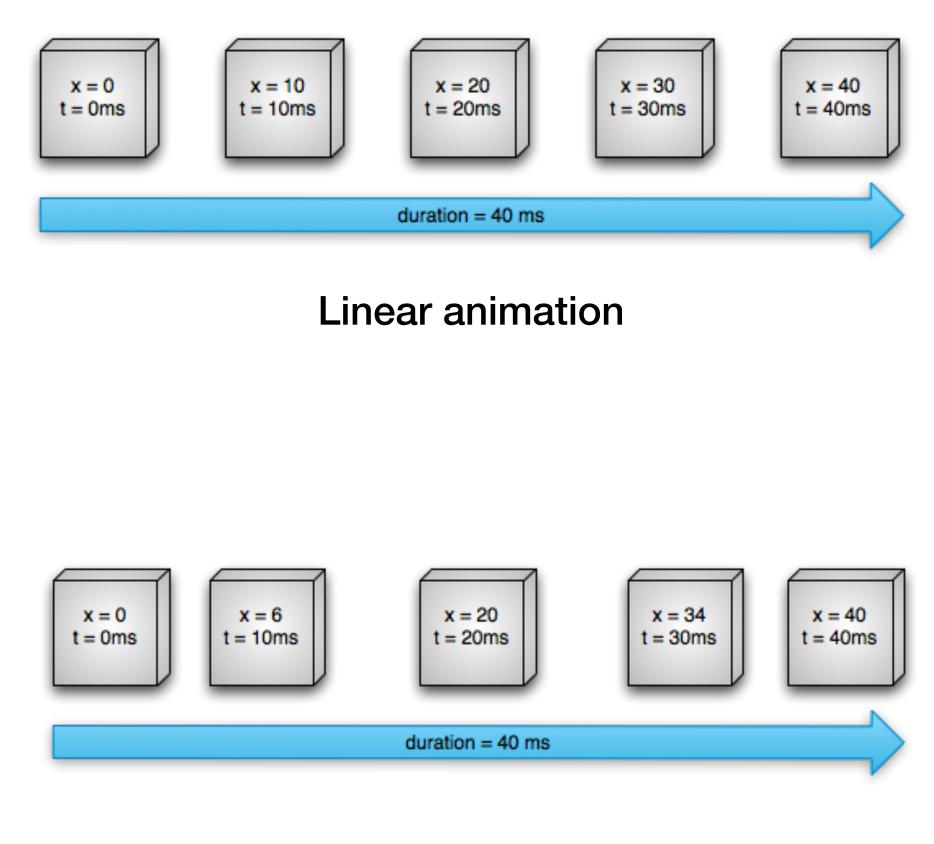
```
<set
android:ordering=["together" | "sequentially"]>

<objectAnimator
    android:propertyName="string"
    android:duration="int"
    android:interpolator="@[package:]anim/interpolator_resource"
    android:valueFrom="float | int | color"
    android:valueTo="float | int | color"
    android:startOffset="int"
    android:repeatCount="int"
    android:repeatMode=["repeat" | "reverse"]
    android:valueType=["intType" | "floatType"]/>
</set>
```

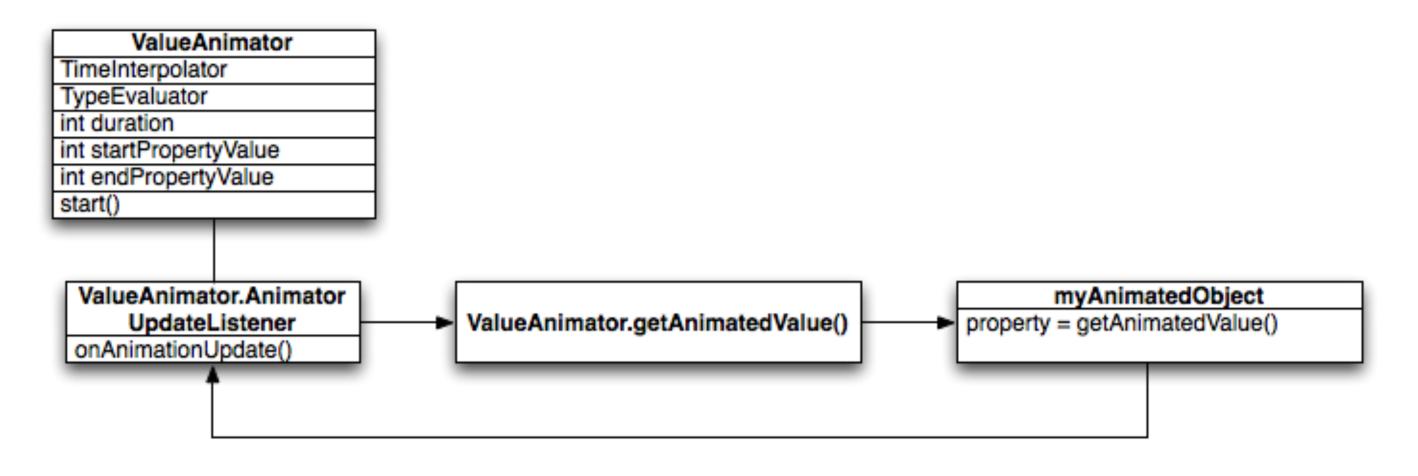
背后 - ValueAnimator, 旋转封面

```
final View v = findViewById(R.id.image_view);
ValueAnimator valueAnimator = ValueAnimator.ofFloat(0, 360);
valueAnimator.setRepeatCount(ValueAnimator.INFINITE);
valueAnimator.setInterpolator(new LinearInterpolator());
valueAnimator.setRepeatMode(ValueAnimator.RESTART);
valueAnimator.setDuration(8000);
valueAnimator.addUpdateListener(new ValueAnimator.AnimatorUpdateListener() {
    @Override
    public void onAnimationUpdate(ValueAnimator animation) {
        v.setRotation((float) animation.getAnimatedValue());
    }
});
valueAnimator.start();
```

属性动画 - 原理



Nonlinear animation

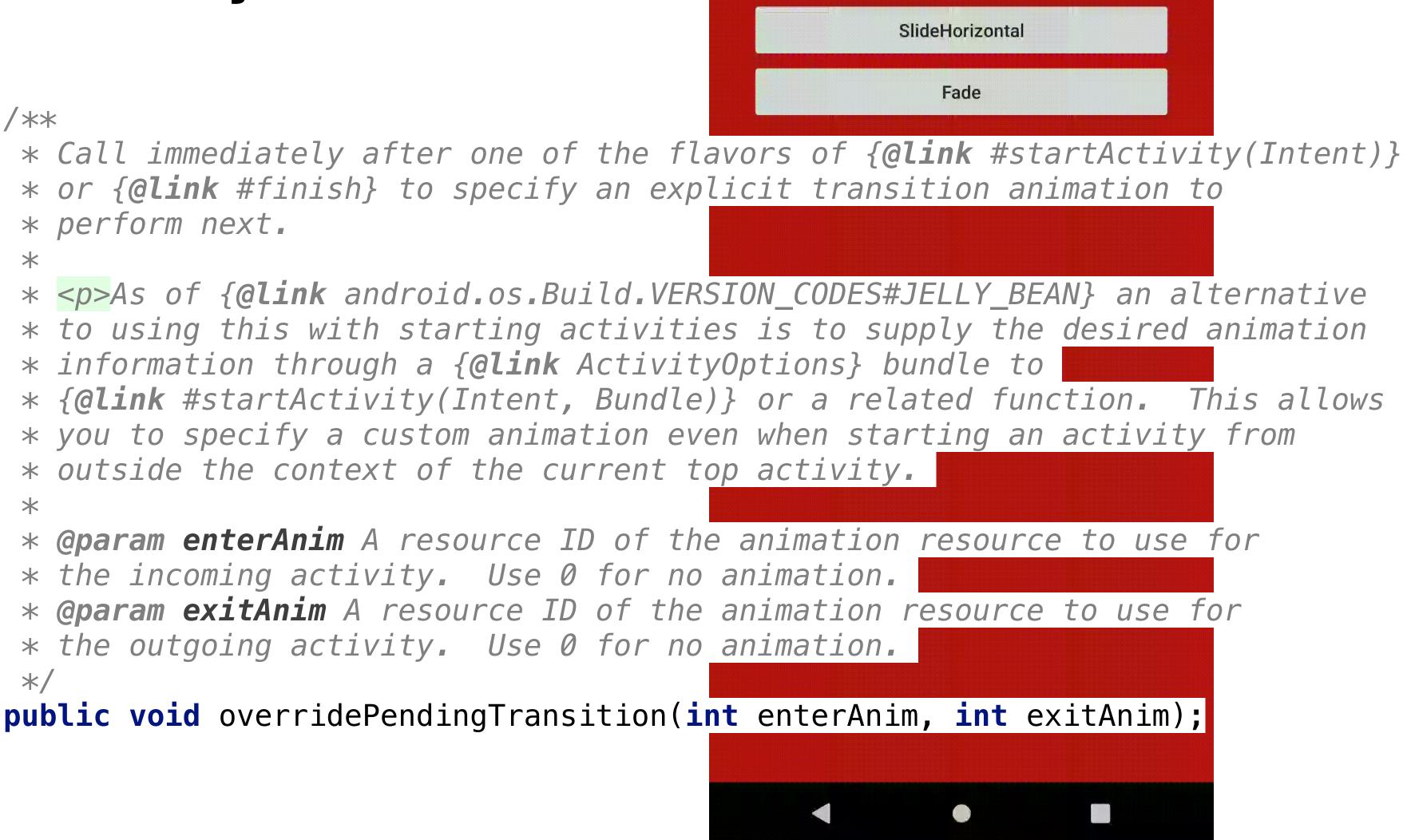


How animations are calculated

属性动画 vs 视图动画

- · 属性动画: android.animation
- 视图动画: android.view.animation
 - · 只能对 View 做动画
 - · 只能对 View 的某些属性做动画
 - 只是视觉效果

Activity 切换动画



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ActivityTransition

SlideVertical

V/1

Activity 切换动画 - 示例

```
// 进入动画
startActivity(new Intent(MainActivity.this, activityClass));
overridePendingTransition(android.R.anim.fade_in, android.R.anim.fade_out);
// 退出动画
@Override
public void finish() {
    super.finish();
    overridePendingTransition(android.R.anim.fade_in, android.R.anim.fade_out);
// anim/fade_in
alpha xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
        android:interpolator="@interpolator/decelerate_quad"
        android:fromAlpha="0.0" android:toAlpha="1.0"
        android:duration="@android:integer/config_longAnimTime" />
// anim/fade_out
<alpha xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:interpolator="@interpolator/accelerate_quad"
    android:fromAlpha="1.0"
    android:toAlpha="0.0"
    android:duration="@android:integer/config_mediumAnimTime"
/>
```

Drawable 动画

- AnimationDrawable
- AnimationVectorDrawable
- Lottie

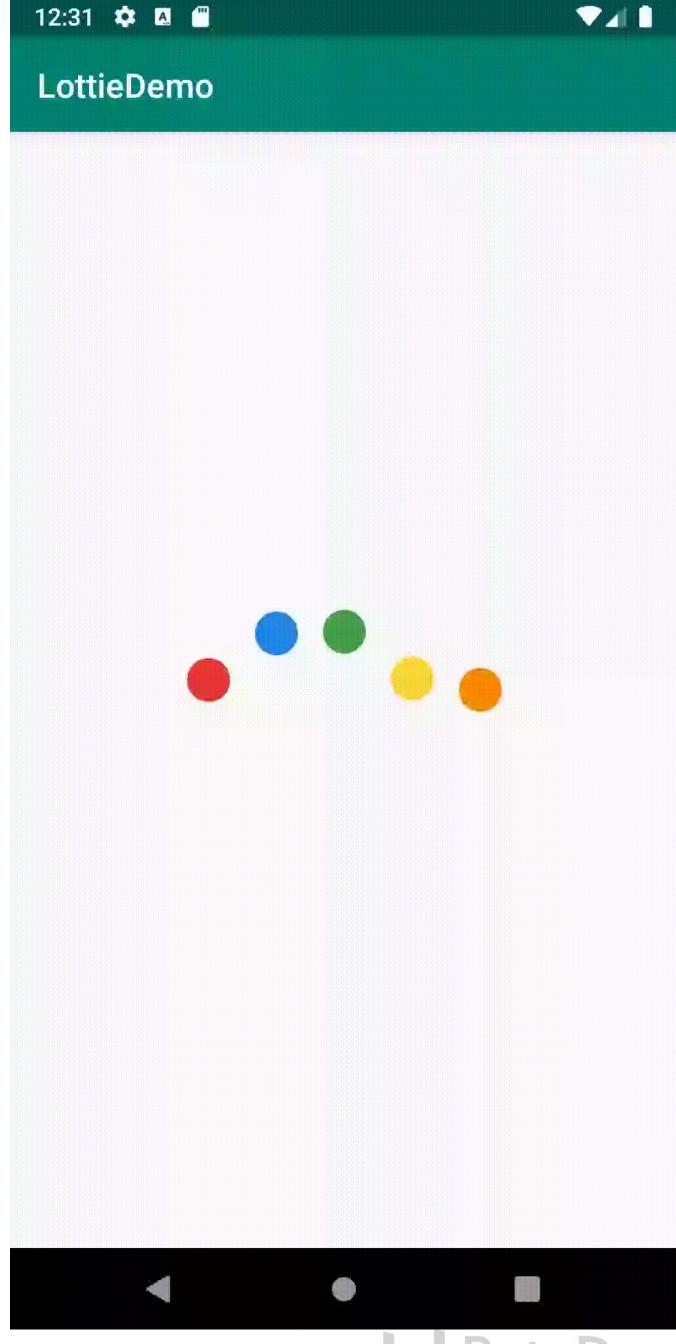
示例 - AnimationDrawable

```
// res/drawable/rocket.xml
<animation-list xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:oneshot="true">
        <item android:drawable="@drawable/rocket_thrust1" android:duration="200" />
        <item android:drawable="@drawable/rocket_thrust2" android:duration="200" />
        <item android:drawable="@drawable/rocket_thrust3" android:duration="200" />
        </animation-list>

// activity
ImageView rocketImage = (ImageView) findViewById(R.id.rocket_image);
rocketImage.setBackgroundResource(R.drawable.rocket_thrust);
rocketAnimation = (AnimationDrawable) rocketImage.getBackground();
rocketAnimation.start();
```

示例 - Lottie

```
// app/build.gradle, 添加依赖
dependencies {
    implementation 'com.airbnb.android:lottie:2.7.0'
<com.airbnb.lottie.LottieAnimationView</pre>
    android:id="@+id/animation_view"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_gravity="center"
    app:lottie_autoPlay="true"
    app:lottie_loop="true"
    app:lottie_rawRes="@raw/material_wave_loading" />
```

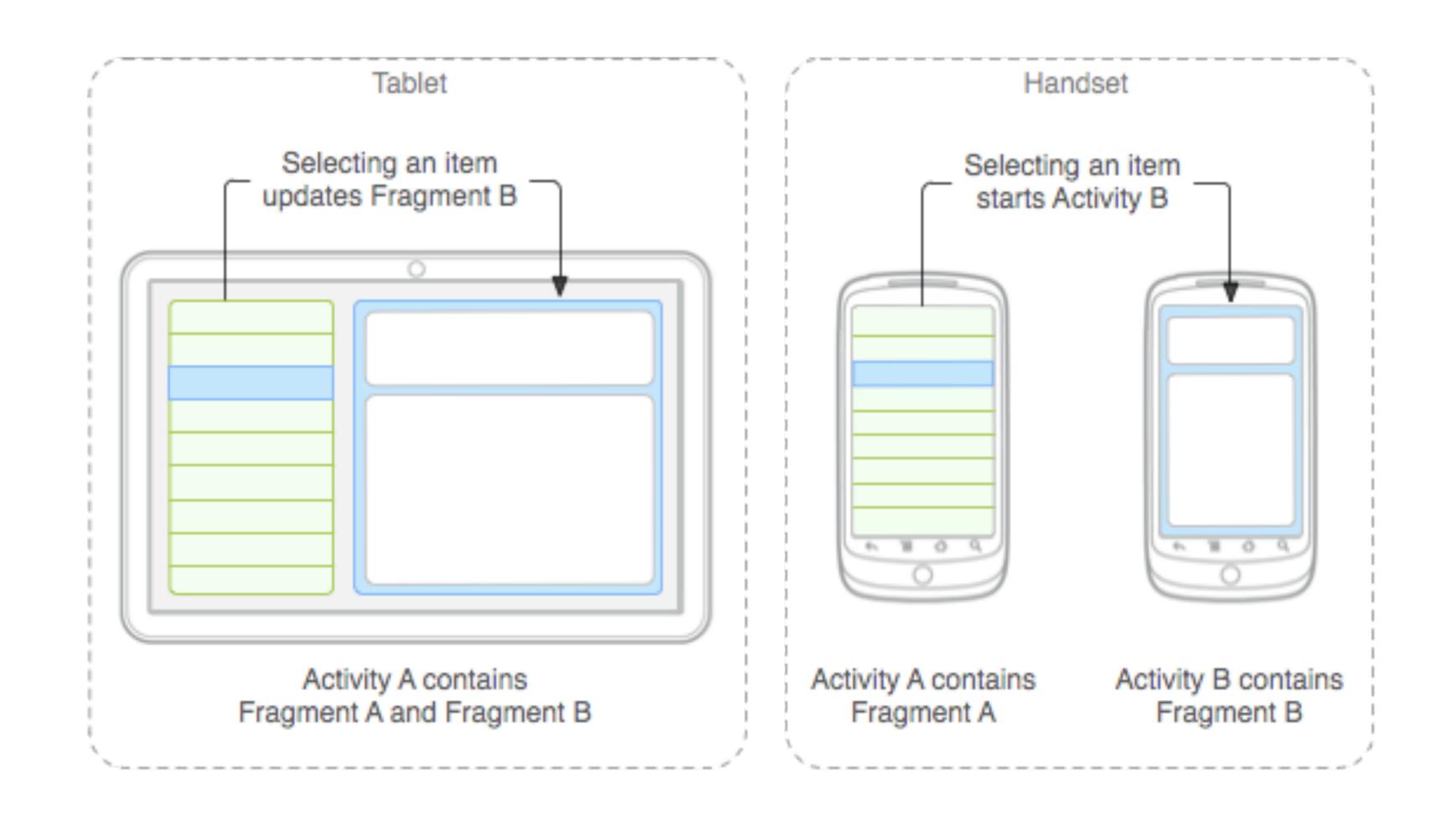


Fragment

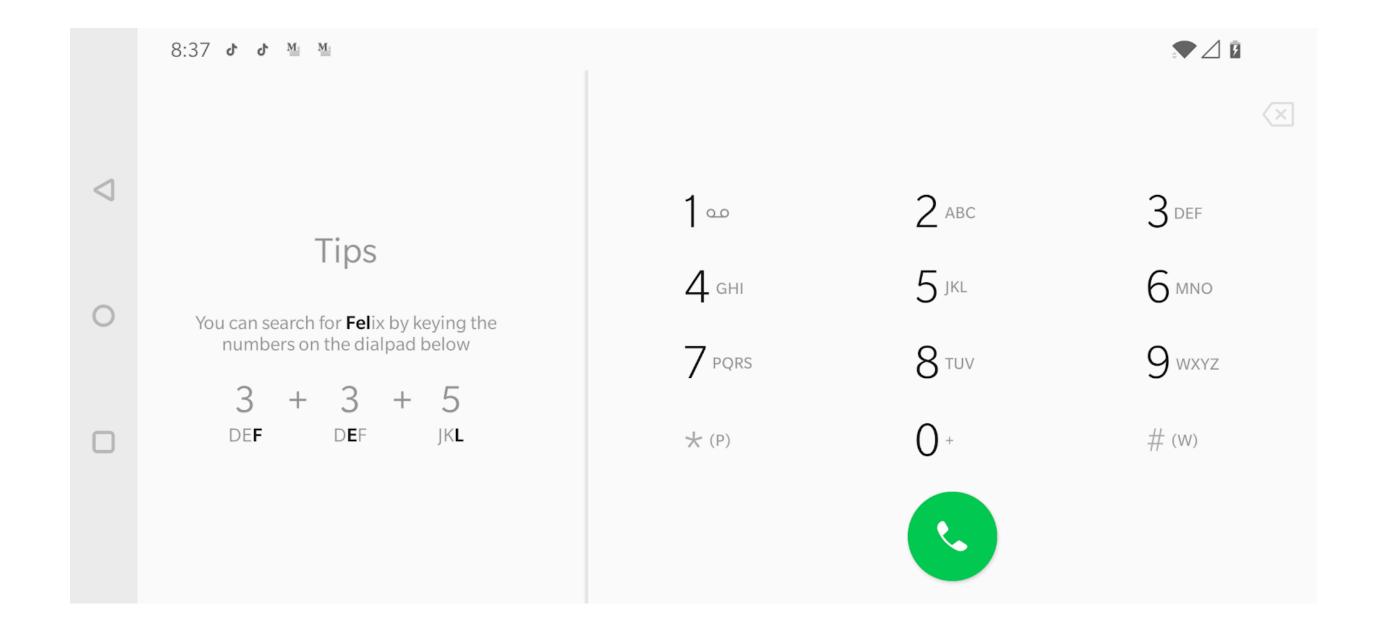
Fragment

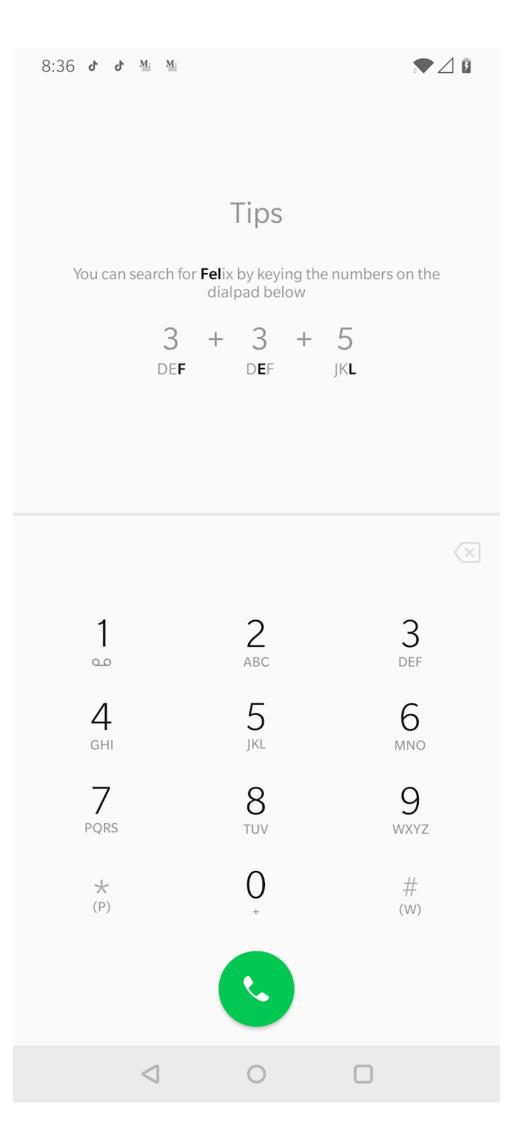
- 概念和作用
- 生命周期和基本用法
- · 结合 ViewPager 创建多 Tab 界面
- 如何和 Activity 通信

Fragment - UI 重用



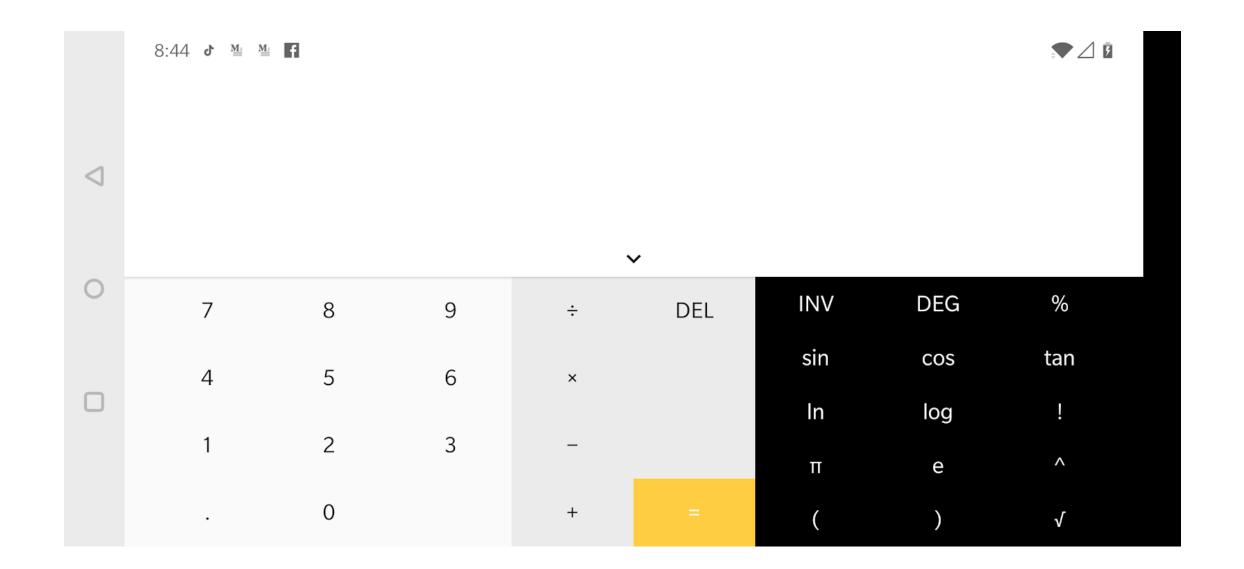
Fragment - Responsive Design





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Fragment - Responsive Design



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Fragment - Why

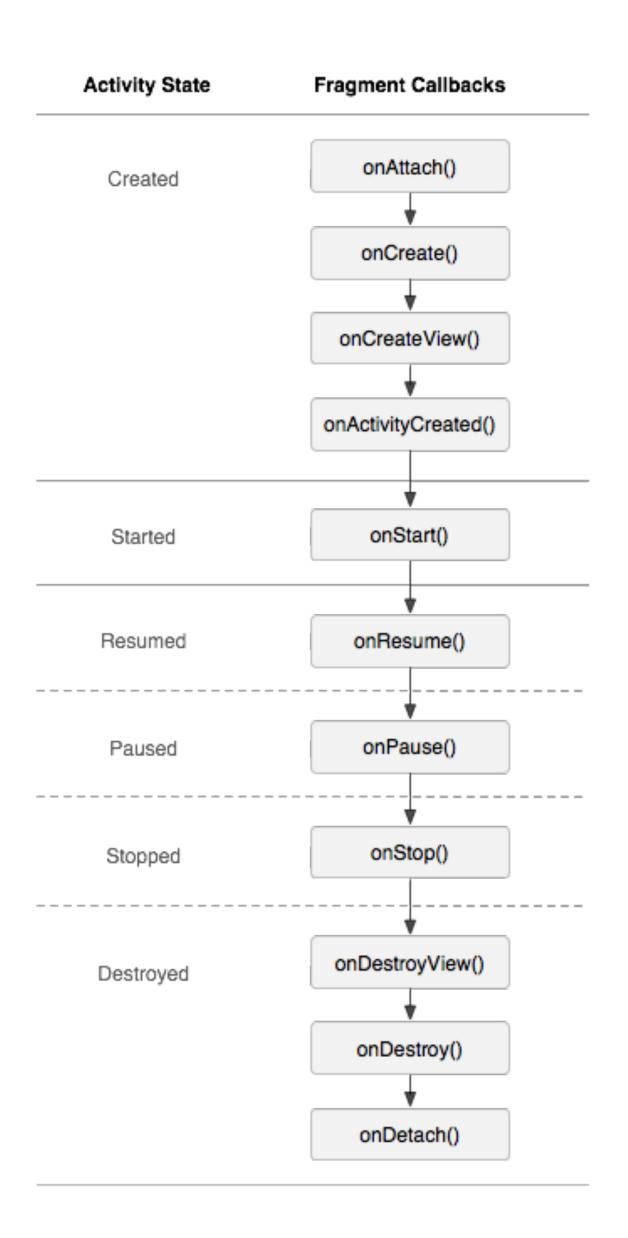
- · Activity 模块化
- · 相比 View,带有生命周期管理
- 可重用,灵活

使用哪个?

Library	Package
Support Library	android.support.v4.app.Fragment
AndroidX Library	androidx.fragment.app.Fragment
Native	android.app.Fragment

生命周期

- onAttach/onDetach
- onCreate/onDestroy
- onCreateView/onDestroyView
- onActivityCreated
- onStart/onStop
- onResume/onPause



示例 - Lifecycle

- · 定义 fragment 布局文件
- 定义 fragment 类
- 在 activity 布局文件中嵌入 fragment

示例 - Lifecycle - 1

fragment_hello.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<FrameLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical">

    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_gravity="center"
        android:text="@string/hello_fragment" />
</FrameLayout>
```

示例 - Lifecycle - 2

HelloFragment.java

示例 - Lifecycle - 3

activity_fragment.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<FrameLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical">

    <fragment
        android:id="@+id/hello_fragment"
        android:name="com.example.chapter3.demo.fragment.HelloFragment"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="match_parent" />
</FrameLayout>
```

动态添加/删除 Fragment

- Fragment 容器
 - · 定义 Fragment 的位置和大小
- FragmentManager
 - · 动态添加/替换/删除 Fragment
 - FragmentTransaction

示例 - 动态修改 Fragment - 1

• 在 activity 布局文件中定义 fragment 容器

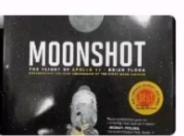
示例 - 动态修改 Fragment - 2

• 使用 FragmentManager 添加 Fragment

ViewPager + Fragment

- 常用于实现可滑动的多个视图
- · 容器,类似于 ListView/RecyclerView
- · 需要通过 Adapter 配置内容
- · 内容一般通过 Fragment 来实现
- 可配合 TabLayout 或三方库添加 Title





5 如何评价日剧《轮到你了 反

击篇》第一集?

907 万热度

684 万热度



6 有哪些文艺到爆炸的句子?







示例 - ViewPager - 1

· 在布局 xml 中添加 ViewPager

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

<FrameLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent">

    <android.support.v4.view.ViewPager
        android:id="@+id/view_pager"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="match_parent" />

</FrameLayout>
```

示例 - ViewPager - 2

· 通过 Adapter 配置页面的 Fragment

```
public class ViewPagerActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_view_pager);
        ViewPager pager = findViewById(R.id.view_pager);
        pager.setAdapter(new FragmentPagerAdapter(getSupportFragmentManager()) {
            @Override
            public Fragment getItem(int i) {
                return new HelloFragment();
            @Override
            public int getCount() {
                return 3;
        });
```

示例 - ViewPager + TabLayout - 1

· 在布局 xml 中继续添加 TabLayout

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android.support.design.widget.TabLayout
        android:id="@+id/tab_layout"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="40dp" />

        <android.support.v4.view.ViewPager
            android:id="@+id/view_pager"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="match_parent" />

        </LinearLayout>
```

示例 - ViewPager + TabLayout - 2

· 在代码中对 ViewPager 和 TabLayout 建立关联

```
ViewPager pager = findViewById(R.id.view_pager);
TabLayout tabLayout = findViewById(R.id.tab_layout);
pager.setAdapter(new FragmentPagerAdapter(getSupportFragmentManager()) {
    @Override
    public Fragment getItem(int i) {
        return new HelloFragment();
    @Override
    public int getCount() {
        return PAGE_COUNT;
    @Override
    public CharSequence getPageTitle(int position) {
        return "Hello " + position;
});
tabLayout.setupWithViewPager(pager);
```

Fragment/Activity 之间的通信

- · 构造 Fragment 时传递参数 (setArguments/getArguments)
- 通过接口和回调

示例 - 通信 - 传参

```
public final class ColorFragment extends Fragment {
    private static final String KEY_EXTRA_COLOR = "extra_color";
   public static ColorFragment newInstance(int color) {
        ColorFragment cf = new ColorFragment();
        Bundle args = new Bundle();
        args.putInt(KEY_EXTRA_COLOR, color);
        cf.setArguments(args);
        return cf;
   @Override
    public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater,
            @Nullable ViewGroup container,
            @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        int color = Color.BLUE;
        Bundle args = getArguments();
        if (args != null) {
            color = args.getInt(KEY_EXTRA_COLOR, Color.BLUE);
        View view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_color, container, false);
        view.setBackgroundColor(color);
        return view;
```

示例 - 通信 - Listener - 1

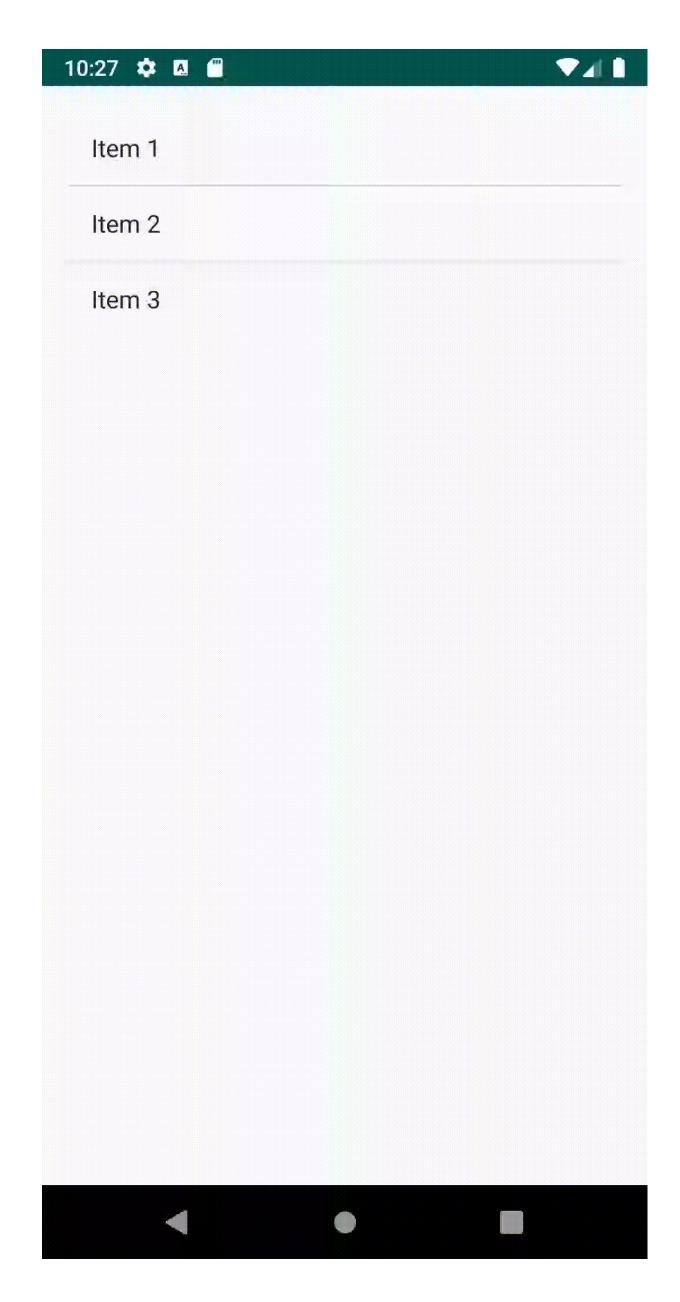
```
public final class ColorPlusFragment extends Fragment {
    public interface Listener {
        void onCollectColor(int color);
    private Listener mListener;
    @Override
    public void onAttach(Context context) {
        super.onAttach(context);
        if (context instanceof Listener) {
            mListener = (Listener) context;
    @Override
    public View onCreateView(@NonNull LayoutInflater inflater,
            @Nullable ViewGroup container,
            @Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        // fire event when needed
        if (mListener != null) {
            mListener.onCollectColor(color);
        return view;
```

示例 - 通信 - Listener - 2

```
public class ViewPagerCommunicationActivity extends AppCompatActivity
    implements ColorPlusFragment.Listener {
    ...
    @Override
    public void onCollectColor(int color) {
        mCollectAdapter.addColor(color);
    }
    ...
}
```

示例 - Master Detail

- Portrait
 - Master Activity: Item List
 - Detail Activity: Item Detail
- Landscape
 - One Activity: List & Detail

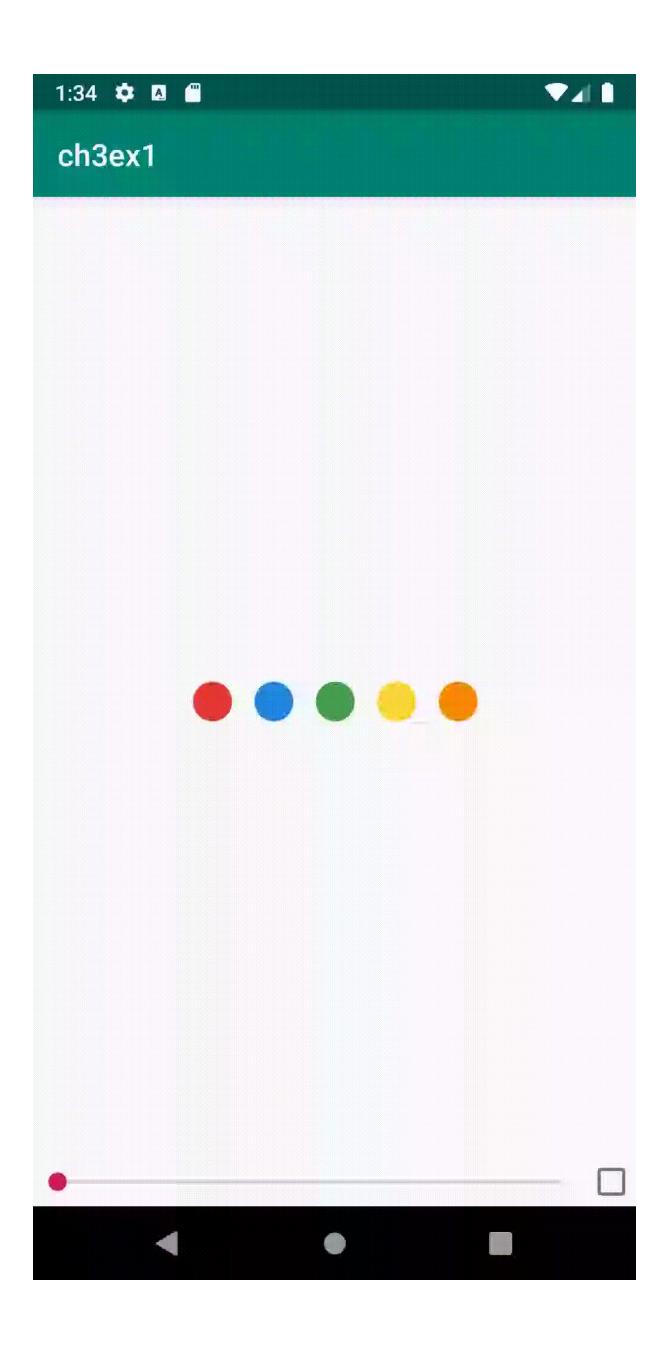


Exercise

练习1 - ch3ex1

- · 引入 Lottie 库实现简单的图标动画
- 1. 在 activity_main.xml 中添加 LottieAnimationView
- 2. 在 SeekBar 的回调中修改 LottieAnimationView 的进度

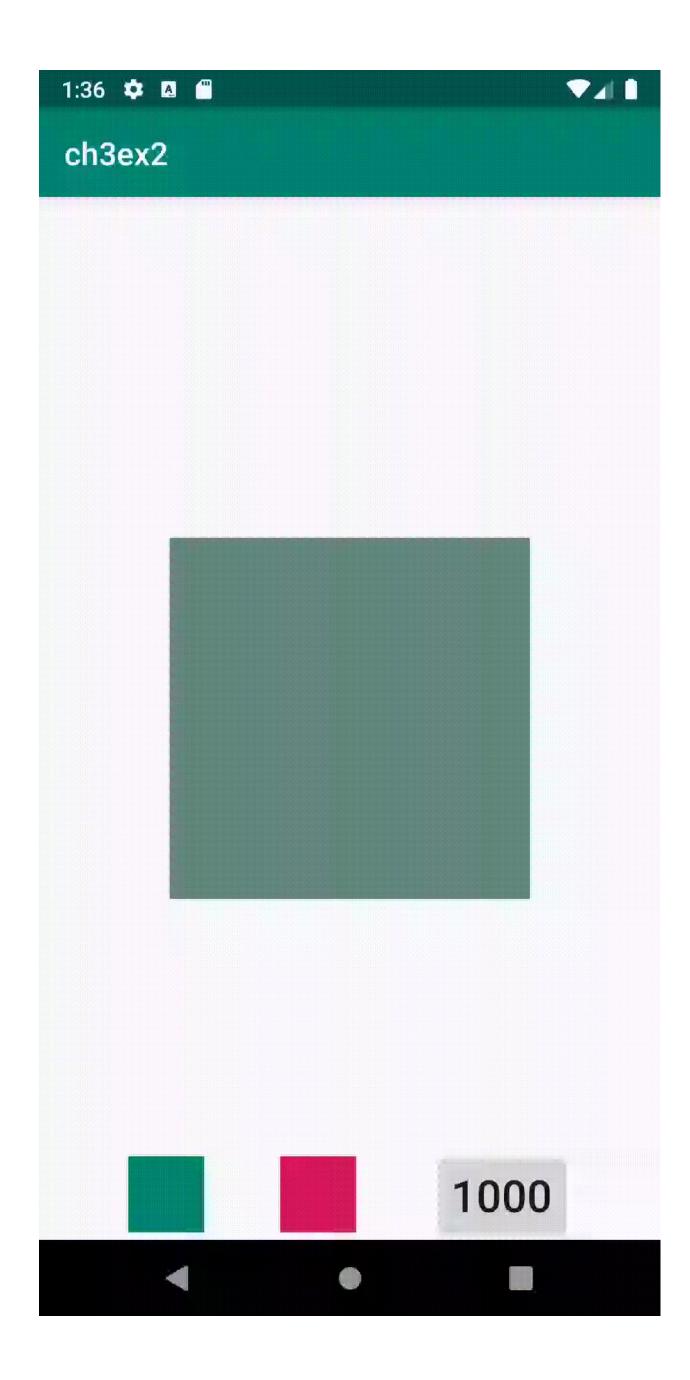
练习1 - ch3ex1



练习2 - ch3ex2

- 使用属性动画,练习 AnimatorSet 和 scale/fade 等基本 动画样式
- 1. 添加 scale 动画
- 2. 添加 alpha 动画
- 3. 组合到 AnimatorSet 中

练习2 - ch3ex2





Byte Dance 字节跳动

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