

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Subject: Operating System	Subject Code:22516
Semester:5 th Semester	Course: Computer Engineering
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Experiment No:	10	
Title of Experiment	Execute shell script by using if statement	

SETS QUESTIONS

1) Write shell script to display square of two numbers.

>

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter the first number:"
read num1
echo "Enter the second number:"
read num2
square1=$((num1 * num1))
square2=$((num2 * num2))
echo "The square of $num1 is: $square1"
echo "The square of $num2 is: $square2"
```

Output:-

```
Enter the first number:
12
Enter the second number:
11
The square of 12 is: 144
The square of 11 is: 121
```

2) Write a shell script for menu driven program.

→

#!/bin/bash while true; do echo "1. Add two numbers" echo "2. Subtract two numbers" echo "3. Multiply two numbers" echo "4. Divide two numbers" echo "5. Exit" echo "Enter your choice:" read choice case \$choice in 1) echo "Enter the first number:" read num1 echo "Enter the second number:" read num2 result=\$((num1 + num2))echo "The result of addition is: \$result" ;; 2) echo "Enter the first number:" read num1 echo "Enter the second number:" read num2 result=\$((num1 - num2)) echo "The result of subtraction is: \$result" ;; 3) echo "Enter the first number:" read num1 echo "Enter the second number:" read num2 result=\$((num1 * num2)) echo "The result of multiplication is: \$result"

```
4)
   echo "Enter the first number:"
   read num1
   echo "Enter the second number:"
   read num2
   if [ $num2 -ne 0 ]; then
    result=$((num1 / num2))
    echo "The result of division is: $result"
   else
    echo "Error: Division by zero is not allowed!"
   fi
   ;;
  5)
   exit 0
  *)
   echo "Invalid choice!"
   ;;
 esac
done
```

Output:-

```
1. Add two numbers
2. Subtract two numbers
3. Multiply two numbers
4. Divide two numbers
5. Exit
Enter your choice:
Enter the first number:
Enter the second number:
The result of multiplication is: 1056
1. Add two numbers
2. Subtract two numbers
3. Multiply two numbers
4. Divide two numbers
5. Exit
Enter your choice:
Enter the first number:
Enter the second number:
Error: Division by zero is not allowed!
1. Add two numbers
2. Subtract two numbers
3. Multiply two numbers
4. Divide two numbers
5. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

XII. PRACTRICAL RELATED QUESTIONS.

1) Write and execute script for nested if statement.

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter a number:"
read number
if [ $number -gt 0 ]; then
  echo "The number is positive."
  if [ $number -gt 100 ];
  then
     echo "The number is greater than 100."
  else
     echo "The number is less than or equal to 100."
  fi
  elif [ $number -lt 0 ];
  then
        echo "The number is negative."
  else
        echo "The number is zero."
```

Output:-

fi

→

```
Enter a number:
90
The number is positive.
The number is less than or equal to 100.
```

2) Write difference between

- i. if [condition]
- ii. if ((condition))

→

if[condition]	If((condition))
The single brackets [] is the command	The double parentheses (()) is the format for bash arithmetic expansion.
It is used to create commands in statements.	It is used to test an arithmetic operation.
Syntax:-	Syntax:-
if [condition]	if ((condition))
then	then
### series of code	Statement goes here
fi	fi
Example:-	Example:-
if ["X" -lt "0"]	if ((\$num -eq 42))
then	then
echo "X is less than zero"	echo "num is actually equal to 42"
fi	else
	echo "num is not equal to 42"
	fi

3) Write script for finding greatest number among the given numbers.

→

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter number1: "
read num1
echo "Enter number2: "
read num2
echo "Enter number3: "
read num3
if [ "$num1" -ge "$num2" ] && [ "$num1" -ge "$num3" ]
then
echo "$num1 is greatest among 3 numbers."
elif [ "$num2" -ge "$num1" ] && [ "$num2" -ge "$num3" ]
then
echo "$num2 is greatest among 3 numbers."
else
echo "$num2 is greatest among 3 numbers."
fi
```

Output:-

XIII. EXERCISE.

- 1) Correct the following script and write its output.
 - i. if [! -r "\$l"] then echo "File \$l is not readable-skipping."; fi
 - ii. if ["\$X" -nt "/etc/passwd"]; then
 echo "X is a file which is newer than/etc/passwd"
 fi

>

a) if [!-r"\$1"] then echo "File \$1 is not readable-skipping."; fi

Error:-

```
utkarsha@utkarsha-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Shell$ chmod ugo+x sam.sh
utkarsha@utkarsha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop/Shell$ ./sam.sh
File is not readable - skipping.
utkarsha@utkarsha-VirtualBox:-/Desktop/Shell$
```

Correct code:

```
read l
if [! -r "$l"]
then
echo "File $l is not readable-skipping."
fi
```

```
osboxes@osboxes:~$ ./sam.sh
ex.txt
"File ex.txt is not readable – skipping."
```

b) if ["\$X" -nt "/etc/passwd"]; then echo "X is a file which is newer than/etc/passwd" fi

ans:-

Error:-

```
osboxes@o:khoxes:~$ ./sam.sh
./sam.sh: line 5: syntax error: unexpected end of file
```

Correct code:-

read x

if [\$X -nt "/etc/passwd"]; then

echo "\$X is a file which is newer than/etc/passwd"

fi

```
osboxes@osboxes:~$ ./sam.sh
ex.txt
ex.txt is file which is newer than /etc/passwd 🕨
```

CONCLUSION:

We successfully executed shell script by using if statement (Single decision, Double decision, Multiple if conditions)