MA 6011 (Cryptographic Mathematics)

Solve Problems 1–4 **before** the tutorial/lab on Tuesday, 24 November.

Problem 1: Use Fermat Factorisation to factorise

- (i) n = 4717
- (ii) n = 17363
- (iii) n = 29651

Problem 2: Use Pollard's rho method to factorise n = 10349. Use starting value $x_0 = 2$ and iterate the function $f(x) = x^2 + 1$.

Problem 3: Let E be the elliptic curve given by the equation $y^2 = x^3 + x - 1$. The point P = (1,1) is on E. All calculations will be carried out modulo n = 77437. We have chosen $k = 7776000 = 2^8 \, 3^5 \, 5^3$ and during our calculation of kP we found that $Q = 2^8 \cdot 3^5 \cdot P = (29373, 8488)$. In order to calculate 5Q we found that 4Q = (21666, 35552).

Use this information and Lenstra's elliptic curve method to factorise n = 77437.

Problem 4: Use Pollard's p-1 method to factorise n=10057. Use B=5 and work with $a=2,3,\ldots,20$.