中山大学软件学院 2008 级-2006 级软件工程专业(2009春季学期)

《多媒体技术》期末试题 (B卷)

(考试形式:闭卷 考试时间:2小时)



《中山大学授予学士学位工作细则》第六条

考试作弊不授予学士学位

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方向:	姓名:	学号:
the pages. Enter all you make sure your name i Unless indicated other simply written down. I	or work and your ans is on all sheets. All sk wise, answers must b For all the problems,	3. Please make sure you have all aswers on the answer sheets. Please setches must be adequately labeled. De derived or explained, not just you can answer in either English or ue to your mark. This examination is
Part I Fill in the blank	s (15%)	
 Broadcast analog TV sy The Nyquist Theorem s frequency component 	ystems usually are divided states that a signal must be tof the signal to accurately	ich are; linto, and SECAM; e sampled at a rate greater than twice by reconstruct the waveform.
		d into two kinds:; es, and Lossless Mode;
Part II Choose the best	answer from the ch	oices (15%)
1. Which software tool is use A , FLASH B , pres		,
2. Light is an electromagneticA. wavelength of the wave;C. types of the wave;	c wave. Its color is charact B. amplitude of D. frequency of	of the wave;
3. A 640*480 , 256 color ima A. 921.6 kB B. 307.2k	-) storage without any compression. D. 36.9kB
4. Which color model doseA. YUV B.CMYK	use PAL? () C. RGB D. YIC	Q

5. If a set of ear protectors reduces the noise level by 20 dB, how much do they reduce the intensity (the power)? ()

A. 100 B. 20 C. 40 D. 1000

Part III Answer the following questions: (35 %)

- 1. What are the advantages and disadvantages of digital audio?
- 2. Describe differences between vector and bitmapped graphics.
- 3. Color inkjet printers (彩色喷墨打印机) use the CMY model. When the cyan ink color is sprayed onto a sheet of white paper, why does it look cyan under daylight?
- 4. Is it true that any color can be produced by mixing red, green and blue light in variable proportions? Why?
- 5. What is the difference between a character and a glyph?
- 6. The R, G and B components of each pixel can be stored as separate value. The three arrays of values can be treated as greyscale images, called channels. Suppose a pixel with RGB(225,128,90), give its red channel, green channel and blue channel.

Part IV Calculation & Disscussion (35%):

- 1. a) Show the main steps of audio are digitization (5%);
 - b) What is sampling? What is quantization? (4%)
 - c) Suppose a sampling rate of 44.1 kHz and sample size of 16 bits, Stereo signal for one minute, without compression, the audio signal will occupy Kbytes? (6%)
- 2. JPEC uses the Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT) for image compression. In JPEG, the Discrete Cosine Transform is applied to 8 *8 blocks in an image. DCT-8 is defined as:

$$\begin{array}{lcl} F_N(u,v) & = & \frac{2C(u)C(v)}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \sum_{j=0}^{N-1} \cos \frac{(2i+1)u\pi}{2N} \cos \frac{(2j+1)v\pi}{2N} f(i,j) \\ \\ C(\xi) & = & \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \text{for } \xi = 0 \\ 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{array}$$

Given f(i,j) as below, show your work for deriving all pixel values of F(u,v). (7%)

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200 202 189 188 189 175 175 175 200 203 198 188 189 182 178 175 203 200 200 195 200 187 185 175 200 200 200 200 197 187 187 187 200 205 200 200 195 188 187 175 200 200 200 200 200 190 187 175 205 200 199 200 191 187 187 175 210 200 200 200 200 188 185 187 186
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- 3. a) Show the main steps of JPEG Image Compression (8%);
 - b) What are the advantages and disadvantage of JPEG compression standards? (5%);