## --数据库实验3交互式SQL(三)查询操作(A)

```
create database test
use test
--1. 用Create Table建表Exam
create table Exam
Id varchar (17),
Name varchar (10),
Sex varchar(2),
Age integer,
score numeric (6, 2),
address varchar (50),
Memo varchar (100),
go
--2. 用Insert Into语句向Exam表中添加6条记录
insert into Exam values
    ('A0001', '赵一', '男', 20, 580.00, '宿舍-3-5', '学习委员'),
    ('A0002','钱二','女',19,540.00,'南福苑-2-9','班长'),
    ('A0003','孙三','男',21,555.50,'学生新区-5-15','优秀共青团员'),
    ('A0004','李四','男',22,480.00,'宿舍-2-22','暂无相关信息'),
    ('A0005','周五','女',20,495.50,'学生新区-4-8','暂无相关信息'),
    ('A0006', '吴六', '男', 19, 435. 00, '南福苑-5-12', '暂无相关信息')
--3. 对表Exam的Score字段建立一个名为IndexScore的升序索引。
create index IndexScore on Exam(Score asc)
--4. 建立视图ViewExam,字段ViewExam1和ViewExam2分别对应表Exam的Name和Address字段。
create view ViewExam(ViewExam1, ViewExam2)
select Name, address
from Exam
go
--5. 某电信局计费部门
create table Jm(
Jmbm varchar(20) primary key,
Jmhz varchar (50),
Jmbz image,
create table Zjm(
Zjmbm varchar(20) primary key,
Zjmhz varchar(50),
Jmbm varchar (20),
Zjmbz image,
constraint c1 foreign key (Jmbm) references Jm(Jmbm)
```

```
)
create table Dhshow(
Dhh varchar (20),
S11 numeric (6, 2),
S13 numeric (6, 2),
S139 varchar (20),
S140 varchar (20),
constraint c2 foreign key (S140) references Zjm(Zjmbm)
)
insert into Jm values
    ('01','电信局1', null),
    ('02','电信局2',null),
    ('03','电信局3',null)
insert into Zjm values
    ('0001','电信局1子局1','01',null),
    ('0002', '电信局1子局2', '01', null),
    ('0003','电信局2子局1','02',null)
insert into Dhshow values
    ('123456789', 2.03, 1.24, '001', '0001'),
    ('234567891', 1.57, 0.65, '001', '0002'),
    ('345678912', 1.78, 0.99, '002', '0001'),
    ('456789123', 2.90, 0.64, '002', '0003'),
    ('567891234', 2.90, 10.94, '002', '0001'),
    ('678912345', 0, 10, 64, '003', '0001'),
    ('789123456', 5. 23, 10. 64, '003', '0002')
--6. 用SELECT语句, 求某一地区长话消费平均是多少分人民币。
select S139 地区, AVG(S11) 长话费用
from Dhshow
group by S139 having S139='001'
--7. 用SELECT语句, 求某一地区市话消费总额大于10元人民币并且长话消费不为零的电话号码。
select S139 地区, Dhh 电话号码
from Dhshow
where S13>1000 and S11 !=0 and S139='003'
--8. 用SELECT语句,查询每一电话局各包含哪些子局?
select Jmbm, Zjmbm
from Zjm
--9. 用SELECT语句,查询每一子局的长话费总额?
select S140, sum(S11) sum
from Dhshow
group by S140
--10. 用SELECT语句,查询每一电话局的长话费总额?
create view D(sd, sum1)
select S140, sum(S11)
```

```
from Dhshow group by S140
select Zjm. Jmbm '电信局编码', SUM(D. sum1) '电话局的长话费总额' from D, Zjm where D. sd=Zjm. Zjmbm group by Zjm. Jmbm
```