

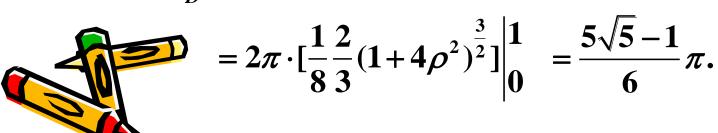
七、求平面曲线  $\begin{cases} z = 1 - x^2 \\ y = 0 \end{cases}$  形成的曲面面积.

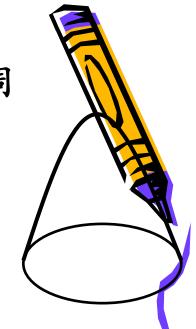
解: 旋转曲面方程为: 
$$z=1-x^2-y^2$$
 该曲面在 $xoy$ 面上的投影为:

$$D = \{(x, y) | x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$$

所以曲面面积为: 
$$S = \iint_D \sqrt{1 + (z_x)^2 + (z_y)^2} dxdy$$

$$= \iint_{D} \sqrt{1 + (-2x)^{2} + (-2y)^{2}} dxdy = \int_{0}^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1 + (-2x)^{2} \rho d\rho}$$



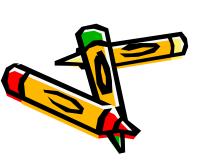


解 从z轴上方往下方看依次得交线为 $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 9 \\ z = 4 \end{cases}$  依次截得曲面面积记为 $S_1, S_2, S_3$ .

$$S_1 = \iint_{D_1} \sqrt{1 + (\frac{x}{z})^2 + (\frac{y}{z})^2} dxdy = \iint_{D_1} \frac{5}{\sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}} dxdy$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^3 \frac{5}{\sqrt{25 - \rho^2}} \rho d\rho = 10\pi$$

$$S_3 = \iint_{D_3} \frac{5}{\sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}} dx dy = \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^4 \frac{5}{\sqrt{25 - \rho^2}} \rho d\rho = 20\pi$$



$$S_2 = S_{sk} - S_1 - S_3 = 70\pi,$$

$$\therefore S_1:S_2:S_3=1:7:2.$$