思考练习:

1、定解问题 $\begin{cases} u_t - a^2 u_{xx} - b u_x - c u = 0, & x \in R, t > 0 \\ u(x,0) = \phi(x), & x \in R \end{cases}$

其中a,b,c是常数,关于x施行Fourier变换,原定解问题可转化 为 $\begin{cases} \hat{u}_t(\lambda, t) + (a^2\lambda^2 - ib\lambda - c)\hat{u}(\lambda, t) = 0\\ \hat{u}(\lambda, 0) = \hat{\phi}(\lambda) \end{cases}$

2、对于积分 $\frac{1}{2a\sqrt{\pi t}}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}e^{-\frac{(x-y)^2}{4a^2t}}ydy$,可令 $\frac{x-y}{2a\sqrt{t}}=\eta$,积分可化为

$$\frac{1}{2a\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(x-y)^2}{4a^2t}} y dy = \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} e^{-\eta^2} (x - 2a\sqrt{t}\eta)(-2a\sqrt{t}) d\eta$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\eta^2} (x - 2a\sqrt{t}\eta) d\eta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} [\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\eta^2} x d\eta + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\eta^2} (-2a\sqrt{t}\eta) d\eta]^{\text{Page 1 of }} = x + 0 = x$$



Home Page





Go Back

Full Screen

Close

Quit