

1、顺序查找和折半查找，对初始线性表有什么样的要求。

1) 答:顺序查找是针对以顺序表或者链式表表示的静态查找表;

2) 折半查找是针对有序表表示的静态查找表,且限于顺序存储结构。

2、折半查找的效率如何?

答:一般情况下,表长为 n 的折半查找的判定树的深度和含有 n 个结点的完全二叉树的深度相同。假设 $n=2^h-1$ 并且查找概率相等

则

$$ASL_{bs} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n C_i = \frac{1}{n} \left[\sum_{j=1}^h j \times 2^{j-1} \right] = \frac{n+1}{n} \log_2(n+1) - 1$$

在 $n>50$ 时,可得近似结果 $ASL_{bs} \approx \log_2(n+1) - 1$

3、二叉排序树或者是一棵空树;或者是具有什么样特性的二叉树?

答:(1) 若它的左子树不空,则左子树上所有结点的值均小于根结点的值

(2) 若它的右子树不空,则右子树上所有结点的值均大于根结点的值;

(3) 它的左、右子树也都分别是二叉排序树。

4、二叉平衡树是二叉查找树的另一种形式,其特点是什么?

答:树中每个结点的左、右子树深度之差的绝对值不大于 1。

```
#define KeyType int
#define InfoType char

#define SSTABLE_INIT_SIZE 100

typedef struct{
    KeyType key;
    InfoType info;
}ElemType;

typedef struct{
    ElemType *elem;
    int length;
}SSTable;

int Search_Seq(SSTable ST,KeyType kval)
{
    int i;

    ST.elem[0].key=kval;
```

```

    for(i=ST.length;i>=0;i--)
    {
        if(ST.elem[i].key==_____ kval _____)
            break;
    }
    return_____ i _____;
}/*Search_Seq*/

main()
{
    SSTable ST;
    KeyType kval;
    int k;

    ST.elem=(ElemType*)malloc(sizeof(ElemType)*SSTABLE_INIT_SIZE);

    ST.elem[0].key=0;
    ST.elem[1].key=64;
    ST.elem[2].key=80;
    ST.elem[3].key=13;
    ST.elem[4].key=56;
    ST.elem[5].key=37;
    ST.elem[6].key=92;
    ST.elem[7].key=19;
    ST.elem[8].key=05;
    ST.elem[9].key=88;
    ST.elem[10].key=21;
    ST.elem[11].key=75;

    ST.length=11;

    printf("\n\n");

    printf("input the value to be searched:");
    scanf("%d",&kval);

    k=Search_Seq( _____ ST _____,kval);

    printf("\n\n");

    if(k==0)
        printf("sorry,not searched!");
    else

```

```

        printf("searched and the position is:%d",k);
    }

```

附 2：原程序

```

#define KeyType int
#define InfoType char

#define SSTABLE_INIT_SIZE 100

typedef struct{
    KeyType key;
    InfoType info;
}ElemType;

typedef struct{
    ElemType *elem;
    int length;
}SSTable;

int Search_Bin(SSTable ST,KeyType kval)
{
    int low,high,mid;

    low=1;
    high=ST.length;

    while(low<=high){
        mid=(____ low+high ____)/2;
        if(kval==ST.elem[mid].key) return mid;
        else
            if(kval<ST.elem[mid].key)
                high=mid-1;
            else
                low=____ mid+1 ____;
    }/*while*/
    return 0;
}/*Search_bin*/

main()
{
    SSTable ST;

```

```

KeyType kval;
int k;

ST.elem=(ElemType*)malloc(sizeof(ElemType)*SSTABLE_INIT_SIZE);

ST.elem[0].key=0;
ST.elem[1].key=05;
ST.elem[2].key=13;
ST.elem[3].key=19;
ST.elem[4].key=21;
ST.elem[5].key=37;
ST.elem[6].key=56;
ST.elem[7].key=64;
ST.elem[8].key=75;
ST.elem[9].key=80;
ST.elem[10].key=88;
ST.elem[11].key=92;

ST.length=11;

printf("\n\n");

printf("input the value to be searched:");
scanf("%d",&kval);

k=Search_Bin(ST,kval);

printf("\n\n");

if(k==0)
printf("sorry,not searched!");
else
printf("searched and the position is:%d",k);
}

```