Operators

- Arithmetic
- Relational
- Assignment
- Logical
- Bitwise
- Membership
- Identity

4

```
In [1]:
# Arithmatic Operators (+,-,*,/,%,//,**)
4+5
Out[1]:
9
In [2]:
9-5
Out[2]:
In [3]:
2*2
Out[3]:
4
In [4]:
8/2
Out[4]:
4.0
In [5]:
8//2
Out[5]:
```

```
In [6]:
2%2
Out[6]:
0
In [7]:
2**1
Out[7]:
2
In [8]:
2**2
Out[8]:
In [9]:
a=6
b=8
In [10]:
a+b
Out[10]:
14
In [11]:
a-b
Out[11]:
-2
In [12]:
a/b
Out[12]:
0.75
In [13]:
# Relational(Comparison) Operators (==,!=,>,<,>=,>=)
Out[13]:
```

False

```
In [14]:
2!=2
Out[14]:
False
In [15]:
41>89
Out[15]:
False
In [16]:
4>2
Out[16]:
True
In [17]:
56<4
Out[17]:
False
In [18]:
1<2
Out[18]:
True
In [19]:
6>=4
Out[19]:
True
In [20]:
6>=6
Out[20]:
```

True

```
In [21]:
7<=2
Out[21]:
False
In [22]:
a<=b
Out[22]:
True
In [23]:
# Assignment Oprerators (=,+=,-=,*=,/=,*=,//=,**=)
b=3
c=a
In [24]:
c
Out[24]:
5
In [25]:
а
Out[25]:
5
In [26]:
a+=2#a+2
In [27]:
а
Out[27]:
7
In [28]:
b-=1
```

```
In [29]:
b
Out[29]:
2
In [30]:
a*=5
In [31]:
Out[31]:
35
In [32]:
a/=2
In [33]:
а
Out[33]:
17.5
In [34]:
a<mark>%=</mark>2
In [35]:
а
Out[35]:
1.5
In [36]:
c=9
In [37]:
c//=3
In [38]:
C
Out[38]:
3
```

In [39]:		
In [39]: c**=3		
In [40]:		
С		
Out[40]:		

In [42]:

```
# Bitwise Operators (&, |, ^, ~, <<,>>)
a= 7 # 0111
b= 6 # 0110
# Logical AND (&)
# 0111
# 0110
# ----
# 0110
# 0/P: 6
# Logical OR (|)
# 0111
# 0110
# ----
# 0111
# O/P:- 7
# Logical XOR (^)
# 0111
# 0110
#----
# 0001
# O/P:- 1
# Complement ~
# 0111
#----
# 1000
# O/P:- 8
# Left Shift (<<)
# 5 -> 0101
# 5<<1
# 0101
# -----
# 01010
# O/P:- 10
# Right Shift (>>)
# 5 -> 0101
# 5>>1
# 0101
#----
# 0010
#0/P:2
```

```
In [43]:
# Membership Operators (in,not in)
temp="string"
'a' in temp
Out[43]:
False
In [44]:
'g' in temp
Out[44]:
True
In [45]:
'z' not in temp
Out[45]:
True
In [46]:
'i' not in temp
Out[46]:
False
In [52]:
# Identity Operators (is, is not)
a=5
b=6
print(id(a))
print(id(b))
print(a is b)
print(a is not b)
140718760671136
140718760671168
False
True
In [53]:
c=5
d=5
c is d
Out[53]:
True
```

```
In [54]:
# Logical Operators (and, or , not)
print(a,b)
5 6
In [56]:
a >b and a>b
Out[56]:
False
In [57]:
4 and 0
Out[57]:
0
In [58]:
87 and 45
Out[58]:
45
In [59]:
0 and 12
Out[59]:
0
In [60]:
2 or 3
Out[60]:
2
In [61]:
0 or 5
Out[61]:
```

5

```
In [62]:
False or 0
Out[62]:
0
In [63]:
not False
Out[63]:
True
In [64]:
not 0
Out[64]:
True
In [41]:
# single line comment in python
""" This is a multi line comment in python"""
''' This is also a multi line comment in python
Out[41]:
' This is also a multi line comment in python
In [65]:
# Input and Output
In [ ]:
# C Language
# scanf() # I/p
# printf() #o/p
# Python
# input() # i/p
# print() # o/p
In [1]:
# Input() in python
#temp= input() # default string datatype is String
# string input
name =input()
```

satyanarayana

```
In [2]:
name
Out[2]:
'satyanarayana'
In [3]:
type(name)
Out[3]:
str
In [4]:
# inter input
a =input()
b=int(a)
45
In [5]:
print(type(a))
print(type(b))
<class 'str'>
<class 'int'>
In [8]:
temp =int(input())
abcd
ValueError
                                            Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-8-d2524d9c2a36> in <module>
----> 1 temp =int(input())
ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'abcd'
In [7]:
temp
Out[7]:
85
```

```
In [9]:
# Float value
t =float(input())
56.56
In [10]:
print(type(t))
<class 'float'>
In [11]:
temp1= int(input())
45.23
                                           Traceback (most recent call last)
ValueError
<ipython-input-11-e90432ee23f3> in <module>
----> 1 temp1= int(input())
ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: '45.23'
In [12]:
temp1= int(float(input()))
452.36
In [13]:
temp1
Out[13]:
452
In [14]:
a=input("Enter Something")
Enter Somethinghello
In [15]:
b=input(123456)
123456999
```

```
In [16]:
b
Out[16]:
'999'
In [17]:
# print() 0/P
In [18]:
print("I am Print function")
I am Print function
In [19]:
print('I am print func')
I am print func
In [20]:
print(45)
45
In [21]:
print(63.89)
63.89
In [22]:
print("first line")# \n excuted default at end of print
print('second line')
first line
second line
In [23]:
# print() have 2 keyword arguments (end, sep)
print('one',end=' ')
print('two')
one two
In [25]:
print(1,2,3,4,5,6,sep=',') #when min 2 arguments have in print then only sep is excuted
1,2,3,4,5,6
```

```
In [26]:
print(1,sep=',')
1
In [27]:
print(1,2,sep='<--->')
1<--->2
In [28]:
print(sep=',',1,2,3)
 File "<ipython-input-28-6c745bd55374>", line 1
    print(sep=',',1,2,3)
SyntaxError: positional argument follows keyword argument
In [29]:
print(1,2,3,sep=',',4,5,6)
  File "<ipython-input-29-5c6b22e07607>", line 1
    print(1,2,3,sep=',',4,5,6)
SyntaxError: positional argument follows keyword argument
In [30]:
print(end='\t', "hello")
  File "<ipython-input-30-d65a574efeee>", line 1
    print(end='\t',"hello")
SyntaxError: positional argument follows keyword argument
In [32]:
print("ramu",'srinu','kiran',sep='<-sep->',end='\t')
print('sitha')
ramu<-sep->srinu<-sep->kiran
                                 sitha
```

Conditional Statments

- if
- · if else
- if elif

· Nested If

```
In [ ]:
...
# if syntax
if condition: # {
    statment1
    statment2
              # }
    . . .
statemt
1.1.1
In [34]:
if 5<6:
    print('Highest number is 6')
    print("This is a if block because I have tab spce & :")
Highest number is 6
This is a if block because I have tab spce & :
In [36]:
# if else Example
temp = int(input("Enter Number: "))
if temp>0:
    print("Given Number is Positive Number")
else:
    print("Negative Number")
```

Enter Number: -1 Negative Number