## 《C/C++ 程序设计》2019-2020 考试卷\*

https://github.com/sikouhjw/jxust-Learning-database https://gitee.com/sikouhjw/jxust-Learning-database

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## 1 选择题

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## Examples Prepare for your exam (Section I)

1) Which escape cl	haracter can be used to	begin a new line in	C?
A) \a	B) \b	C) \m	D) \n
2) What will be the	e maximum size of a fl	oat variable?	
A) 1 byte	B) 2 bytes	C) 4 bytes	D) 8 bytes
3) The address ope	erator in C is		
A) &	B) ->	C) *	D) add
4) The operator / c	an be applied to		
A) integer values	B) float values	C) double valu	es D) All of these
5) What is the out	tput of printf ("%#o", 1	10) ?	
A) 010	B) 012	C) 10	D) 12
6) The operator a+	=4 means:		
A) $a = a + 4$	B) $a + 4 = a$	C) $a = 4$	D) $a = 4 + 4$
7) When the ++ op	erator appears before a	a variable (++a), it is	s called a operator.
A) basic	B) post increment	C) standard	D) pre increment
8) uses the po	ointer and then increme	ents it.	
A) *ptNum	B) *ptNum++	C) *ptNum	D) *++ptNum
9) The term ι	uniquely identifies the	element in row 1, co	olumn 3.
A) val[3][1]	B) val[1][3]	C) val[3,1]	D) val[1,3]
10) In a one-dimen	nsional array in C, the	first element has an i	index of
A) NULL	B) 0	C) -1	D) 1

11) refers to the	e first grade stored in the	e grades array.		
A) grades[0]	B) grades(0)	C) grades[1]	D) grades {1}	
12) To use a stored a	ddress, C provides us w	ith an indirection operat	or,	
A) %	B) &	C) ^	D) *	
13) is a high-sp	peed storage area physic	ally located in the comp	uter's processing unit.	
A) A reserved variab	ble B) A register	C) RAM D	) A stack	
14) The declaration s the address of an inte	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	milesAddr to be a point	er variable that can store	
A) int milesAddr&;	B) int	*milesAddr;		
C) int milesAddr*;	D) int	&milesAddr		
15) Scaling a randon expression	n number as an integer v	ralue between 1 and N is	accomplished using the	
A) 1 + (int)rand() / N	B) (in	t)rand() / N		
C) 1 + (int)rand() %	N D) (in	t)rand() % N		
16) The portion of the as a	e function header that c	ontains the function nan	ne and parameters is known	
A) function body	B) function declarate	ory C) prototype	D) stub	
17) The logical AND operator is				
A)	B)! C) &&	D) %%		
	in a C program will resu	alt in a compiler error.  C) if $(40 = age)$	D) if $(40 = age)$	
/ ( <del>"5"</del> 'V)	-) ( <b>"5"</b> (")	-) ( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- / ( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
19) The second loop	of a nested loop is calle	d the loop.		
A) Inner	B) Slave	C) Outer	D) Conditioned	

20) If nums is a tr	wo-dimensional integ	er array, refers to	element nums[0][0].			
A) *nums	B) *(&nums)	C) *(*nums)	D) &(*nums)			
21) The incremen	at operator is					
A) +=	B) + +	C) = +	D) –			
22) What is the v	22) What is the value returned by strcmp() function when two strings are the equal?					
A) 2	B) 1	C) 0	D) Error			
23) If the size of	the array is less than t	he number of initialize	ers then,			
A) Extra values a	re being ignored	B) Generates an en	rror message			
C) Size of Array	is increased	D) Size is neglected	ed when values are given			
A) The loop is im B) The program of	statement is encount nmediately terminated control resumes at the ions from beginning o	next statement follow	ing the loop			
25) %x for data in	nput or output means	that the data item is:				
A) An unsigned of	lecimal integer	B) A short	integer			
C) A hexadecima	l integer	D) An Oct	al integer			
26) Consider the declarations int nums[100]; int *nPtr;						
The statement	produces the same	result as nPtr = nums;				
A) $nPtr = &nums$	[0];	B) $nPtr = *nums$	[0];			
C) $nPtr = nums[0]$	];	D) nPtr = #	ns;			

27) Identify the in	valid pointer arithmeti	ic	
A) Addition a floa	at value to a pointer		
B) Addition an int	teger value to a pointer	r	
C) Subtracting an	integer from a pointer		
D) Assigning the	value 0 to a pointer va	riable	
28) Pointers are of	f		
A) integer data typ	pe	B) character of	data type
C) unsigned integ	er data types	D) None of the	nese
29) The conversion	on character %u for dat	ta input means that th	ne data item is
A) An unsigned ir	nteger	B) A short in	iteger
C) A hexadecimal integer D) A string followed by when the desired Distribution of the desired Distribution Di		followed by white space	
30) Which pair of	functions below are u	sed for single charac	ter I/O.
A) getchar() and p	outchar()	B) Scanf() and j	printf()
C) Input() and out	eput()	D) None of thes	e
31) Which escape	character can be used	to beep from speake	r in C?
A) \a	B) \b	C) \t	D) \n
32) What will be t	the maximum size of a	double variable?	
A) 1 byte	B) 4 bytes	C) 8 bytes	D) 16 bytes
33) Which operate	or has the highest prior	rity?	
A) ++	B) %	C) +	D)
34) The equality o	operator is represented	by	
A) :=	B) .EQ.	C) =	D) = =

35) Continue sta	tement is used		
A) To go to the	next iteration in a loop		
B) Come out of	a loop		
C) Exit and return	rn to the main function		
D) Restarts itera	tions from beginning o	floop	
36) Null charact	er is represented by		
A) \n	B) \0	C) \o	D) \e
37) When the +-	operator appears after	a variable (a++), it is ca	alled a increment operator.
A) basic E	B) post increment	C) standard	D) pre increment
38) is a co	errect statement.		
A) int grades[5]	= {98, 87, 92, 79, 85};		
B) int grades[5]	= 98, 87, 92, 79, 85;		
C) int grades[5]	= (98, 87, 92, 79, 85);		
D) int grades[5]	= [98, 87, 92, 79, 85];		
39) is a list or	f values of the same da	ta type that is stored using	ng a single group name.
A) One-dimensi	onal array	B) Pointer	
C) Variable		D) Matrix	
40) declare	es an array of three row	s and four columns.	
A) int val[3,4];	B) int val[3][4];	C) int val[4,3];	D) int val[4][3];
41) The expressi	som = som + 10 can	n be written as	
A) $sum = +10$	B) $sum = sum ++$	-10 C) sum $+=10$	0 D) sum ++ 10

	e that is declared as _ hen the function that		am to keep the variable and its nexecuting.	
A) auto	B) extern	C) static	D) register	
43) A variable that	can store an address	is known as a(n)	_ variable.	
A) register	B) static	C) pointer	D) extern	
	the storage classes into another source		ope of a global variable declared in	
A) auto	B) extern	C) static	D) register	
A) void funcA();	type of a function that B) int funcA(); ion can be used to ge	C) funcA();	D) null funcA();	
·	B) random()			
	ntor is used to change B)!			
48) The function _	returns the absolu	ate value of its double	e-precision argument.	
A) double ceil(double ceil(dou	ole)	B) double	e fabs(double)	
C) double fmod(do	uble)	D) double	e abs(double)	
	nathematical function nent in your program:		t, you must include the following	
A) #define <mather< td=""><td>matical.h&gt;</td><td>B) #defin</td><td>e <math.h></math.h></td></mather<>	matical.h>	B) #defin	e <math.h></math.h>	
C) #include <mathematical.h></mathematical.h>		D) #inclu	D) #include <math.h></math.h>	

50) is a vali	d statement in C.				
A) $a = 10 = c = 2$	5;	B) 2	= b;		
C) $a = b = c = 25$ ;	,	D) a	-1 = c;		
51) In C, the	symbol is called the	ne assignment o	perator.		
A) =	B)	C) ++	D)()	)	
52) The expression	on price *= rate + 1	is equivalent to	the expression	on	
A) price = price *	(rate + 1)	B)	price = (pric	e * rate) + 123	
C) price = price *	rate + 1	D)	price = price	e ^ (rate + 1)	
53) Maximum nu	mber of elements ir	the array decla	ration int a[2	][3][4] is	
A) 18	B) 24	C) 60	D) N	None of these	
54) %s for data in	nput or output mean	s that the data it	em is:		
A) An unsigned d	lecimal integer	Е	B) A short into	eger	
C) A hexadecima	l integer	D	D) None of these		
55) What is the o	utput of printf ( "%.	2f" fmod (12.5	4))?		
A) 0.60	B) 0.55	C) 0.50		D) 0.65	
56) Which of the	following header fi	le is required fo	r strcpy() fun	ction?	
A) string.h	B) strings.h	C) files	s.h	D) strcpy()	
57) The expression A) *(gPtr + 3)	on adds 3 to "t B) gPtr + 3	•	ited to by gPt Ptr + 3		

58) The cast op	erator has the syntax	·		
A) (dataType expression)		B) (dataType) expression		
C) (expression dataType)		D) expression (dat	caType)	
59) %o for data	input or output means the	hat the data item is:		
A) An unsigned	d decimal integer	B) A short	integer	
C) A hexadecir	nal integer	D) An Octa	al integer	
*	the address of grade[0] in 0];), then, the expression	•	Ptr (using the assignment statement ade[0].	
A) gPtr(0)	B) &gPtr	C) gPtr	D) *gPtr	
61) Which esca	pe character can be used	to make a free spac	e within line in C?	
A) \a	B) \b	C) \t	D) \n	
62) The size of	a Char variable is			
A) 1 byte	B) 8 bytes	C) 16 bytes	D) None	
63) In Window pressed simulta	s operating systems, the ineously.	EOF mark is genera	ted whenever the keys are	
A) Ctrl and D	B) Ctrl and F	C) Ctrl and E	D) Ctrl and Z	
64) Operators h	nave precedence. A Prece	edence determines w	hich operator is	
A) faster	B) takes less memory	C) evaluated	D) takes no arguments	
65) Which amo	ong the following is an ur	nconditional control	structure?	
A) do-while	B) if –else	C) goto	D) for	

A) 1	B) 0	C) -1	D) 2			
67) Which of the fo	ollowing description	on is correct?				
A) If at least one op	perand is true, the	expression containing	&& operator is true.			
B) If at least one op	3) If at least one operand is true, the expression containing    operator is true.					
C) There must be a	default statement	in the switch statement	structure.			
D) The structure of	if statement must	have else statement.				
68) shows a c	correct array initial	ization statement.				
A) char codes[6] =	['s', 'a', 'm', 'p', 'l',	[e'];				
B) char codes[] =	('s', 'a', 'm', 'p', 'l', 'e	e');				
C) char codes[] = '	"sample";					
D) char codes[*] =	{'s', 'a', 'm', 'p', 'l',	'e'};				
69) All arrays			r calling and completing	g their		
A) global	B)auto	C) static	D) extern			
70) The initialization	on of a two-dimen	sional array is done in	order.			
A) ascending	B) row	C) descending	D) column			
71) Coding a funct other functions in a		makes sense when	the function is used by a	number of		
A) private	B) local	C) global	D) void			
72) The expression variable.	can also be	written as numPtr[i], If	numPtr is declared as a	pointer		
A) *numPtr + i	B) *numPtr	C) $(numPtr + i)$	D) $*(numPtr + i)$			

66) What should be the expression return value for a do-while to terminate?

73) can on	ly be members of the	auto, static, or registe	er storage classes.
A) Constants	B) Local variables	C) int variables	D) Global variables
74) When the fu	unction returns control	to its calling function	n, its variables "die".
A) local static	B) local extern	C) extern	D) local auto
75) The function	n converts an AS	CII string to an integ	ger.
A) string itoa(in	t) B) int atoi(string)	C) double atof(st	ring) D) int toupper(int)
76) is the co	orrect way to include a	header file in your p	orogram.
A) #include <he< td=""><td>eader-file-name&gt;</td><td>B) #includ</td><td>e <header-file-name>;</header-file-name></td></he<>	eader-file-name>	B) #includ	e <header-file-name>;</header-file-name>
C) #include hea	der-file-name	D) #includ	e header-file-name;
77) Which keyw	word is used to transfer	control from a funct	tion back to the calling function?
A) return	B) go back	C) switch	D) goto
78) In a switch sif-else chain.	statement, the word	is optional and op	perates the same as the last else in an
A) if	B) case	C) break	D) default
79) The operato	r used to force the con	version of a value to	another type is the operator.
A) conversion	B) assignment	C) cast	D) increment
80) The function	n yields the result	of a value raised to the	he power of another value.
A) pow	B) abs	C) exp	D) sqrt

2 程序题 12

## 2 程序题

- 1. 输入一个数判断是偶数还是奇数;
- 2. 输入一个数判断是质数还是合数;
- 3. 缺。