提高练习二 参考答案

一、填空题:

1.
$$-\frac{1}{2}f'(0)$$

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 2. $f''(1+\sin x)\cos^2 x - f'(1+\sin x)\sin x$

3.
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

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 4. $2x^2\sin(2x^4)$ 5. $(1+2t)e^{2t}$

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二、选择题:

1.A 2.D 3.A

三、计算:

$$1. \quad y = e^{\sin^2 \frac{1}{x}}, \quad \Re dy$$

解:
$$dy = -\frac{1}{x^2} \sin \frac{2}{x} e^{\sin^2 \frac{1}{x}} dx$$

解:
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'_t}{x'_t} = 3t^3$$
, $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{9t^2}{1/t} = 9t^3$,

$$\left| \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \right|_{x=1} = 9$$

3.
$$x + \arctan y = y$$
, $\Re \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$

解:
$$1 + \frac{1}{1 + y^2}y' = y'$$
, $y' = \frac{1 + y^2}{y^2} = \frac{1}{y^2} + 1$, $y'' = -\frac{2}{y^3}y' = -\frac{2}{y^3}(\frac{1}{y^2} + 1) = -\frac{2(1 + y^2)}{y^5}$

4.
$$y = (2x-1)^n$$
, $\Re y^{(50)}$.

解:
$$n < 50$$
时, $y^{(50)} = 0$,

5.
$$y = \left(\frac{x}{1+x}\right)^x$$
, $\Re y'$.

解:
$$y' = \left(e^{x[\ln x - \ln(1+x)]}\right)' = \left(\frac{x}{1+x}\right)^x \left(\ln \frac{x}{1+x} + \frac{1}{1+x}\right)$$

6.
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + x|x|$$
, $\Re f'(x)$.

$$\text{#:} \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x < 0 \\ 3x^2, & x \ge 0 \end{cases}, \quad f'(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & x < 0 \\ 6x, & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

7.
$$f(x) = (x-a)\varphi(x)$$
, $\varphi(x)$ 在 $x = a$ 处有连续的一

阶导数,求
$$f'(a)$$
、 $f''(a)$ 。

解:
$$f'(x) = \varphi(x) + (x - a)\varphi'(x), \ f'(a) = \varphi(a)$$

 $f''(a) = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f'(x) - f'(a)}{x - a} = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{\varphi(x) + (x - a)\varphi'(x) - \varphi(a)}{x - a},$
 $f''(a) = \varphi'(a) + \lim_{x \to a} \varphi'(x) = 2\varphi'(a)$

8. 设 f(x)在 x = 1 处有连续的一阶导数,且 f'(1) = 2,求 $\lim_{x \to 1+0} \frac{d}{dx} f(\cos \sqrt{x-1})$ 。

解:
$$\lim_{x \to 1+0} \frac{d}{dx} f(\cos \sqrt{x-1}) = \lim_{x \to 1+0} f'(\cos \sqrt{x-1}) \cdot \frac{-\sin \sqrt{x-1}}{2\sqrt{x-1}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}) = -1$$

四、若函数 f(x)在 x = 0处可导,又 f(0) = 0 求 $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(1-\cos x)}{\tan(x^2)}$

$$\text{#: } \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(1 - \cos x)}{\tan(x^2)} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(1 - \cos x) - f(0)}{1 - \cos x} \cdot \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}$$
$$= f'(0) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{f'(0)}{2}$$

五、试确定常数a、b之值,使函数

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b(1 + \sin x) + a + 2, x \ge 0 \\ e^{ax} - 1, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$
 处处可导。

解: f(x)在x = 0可导,则f(x)在x = 0连续

由
$$f(x)$$
在 $x = 0$ 连续, $f(0-0) = f(0+0) = f(0)$,

$$\therefore 0 = b + a + 2, \qquad \therefore b = -a - 2,$$

由
$$f(x)$$
在 $x = 0$ 可导, $f'_{-}(0) = f'_{+}(0)$,

$$f'_{-}(0) = \lim_{x \to -0} \frac{e^{ax} - 1 - 0}{x - 0} = a,$$

$$f'_{+}(0) = \lim_{x \to +0} \frac{b(1+\sin x) + a + 2 - 0}{x} = \lim_{x \to +0} \frac{b\sin x}{x} = b,$$

 $\therefore a = b, \quad \therefore a = b = -1$

六、证明曲线 $x^2 - y^2 = a = 5xy = b$ (a,b为常数) 在交点处切线相互垂直。

解: 设两曲线交点为 $M(x_0, y_0)$

由
$$xy = b, y = \frac{b}{x}, y' = -\frac{b}{x^2},$$

 $\therefore xy = b$ 在 M 处切线的斜率为 $k_1 = -\frac{b}{x_0^2},$
由 $x^2 - y^2 = a, y' = \frac{x}{y}$
 $\therefore x^2 - y^2 = a$ 在 M 处切线的斜率为 $k_2 = \frac{x_0}{y_0},$
 $k_1 \cdot k_2 = -\frac{b}{x_0^2} \cdot \frac{x_0}{y_0} = -\frac{b}{x_0 y_0} = -1$

 $x^2 - y^2 = a$ 与xy = b在交点处切线相互垂直。